

KEK 理論センター JPARC 分室、JAEA 先端基礎研究センター共催研究会  
「ストレンジネス核物理の発展方向」

Aug. 3–7, 2015

**$^{19}F$  を標的とする  $sd$  殻ハイパー核の生成断面積  
(*Productions of sd-shell hypernuclei*)**

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## Introduction

$S = -1$  sector ( $\Lambda$  hypernuclei,  $\Lambda N$  interaction)

$(\pi^+, K^+)$  reaction (for wide-mass region)

**O. Hashimoto and H. Tamura, Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys. 57, 564 (2006).**

$\gamma$  spectroscopy (for  $p$ -shell hypernuclei)

**H. Tamura, Nucl. Phys. A827, 153c (2009).**

**Effective  $\Lambda N$  interaction** (for  $s$ - and  $p$ -shell hypernuclei)

$$V_{\Lambda N}^{\text{eff}} = V_0 + V_{\sigma\sigma} \sigma_N \cdot \sigma_\Lambda + V_{\text{SLS}} \ell_{\Lambda N} \cdot (s_\Lambda + s_N) + V_{\text{ALS}} \ell_{\Lambda N} \cdot (s_\Lambda - s_N) + V_{\text{Tensor}} S_{12}$$

- $p$ -shell model **D.J. Millener, Nucl. Phys. A 804, 84 (2008).**
- Few-body **E. Hiyama, Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys. 63, 339 (2009).**

Next stage of hypernuclear studies

- $sd$ -shell region **← This study**
- $S = -2$  sector ( $\Xi$  hypernuclei)
- $\Lambda N$ - $\Sigma N$  coupling interaction,  $\Xi N$ - $\Lambda\Lambda$  coupling interaction

## $\Lambda$ hypernuclei in $sd$ -shell region

- The level structures of  $sd$ -shell nuclei are richer and more complex than those of  $p$ -shell nuclei.

### For example

- Parity doublet  $E(^{19}\text{Ne}, 1/2^-) - E(^{19}\text{Ne}, 1/2_{\text{g.s.}}^+) = 0.275\text{MeV}$
- Rotational band

### Effects of hyperon addition for these core nuclei?

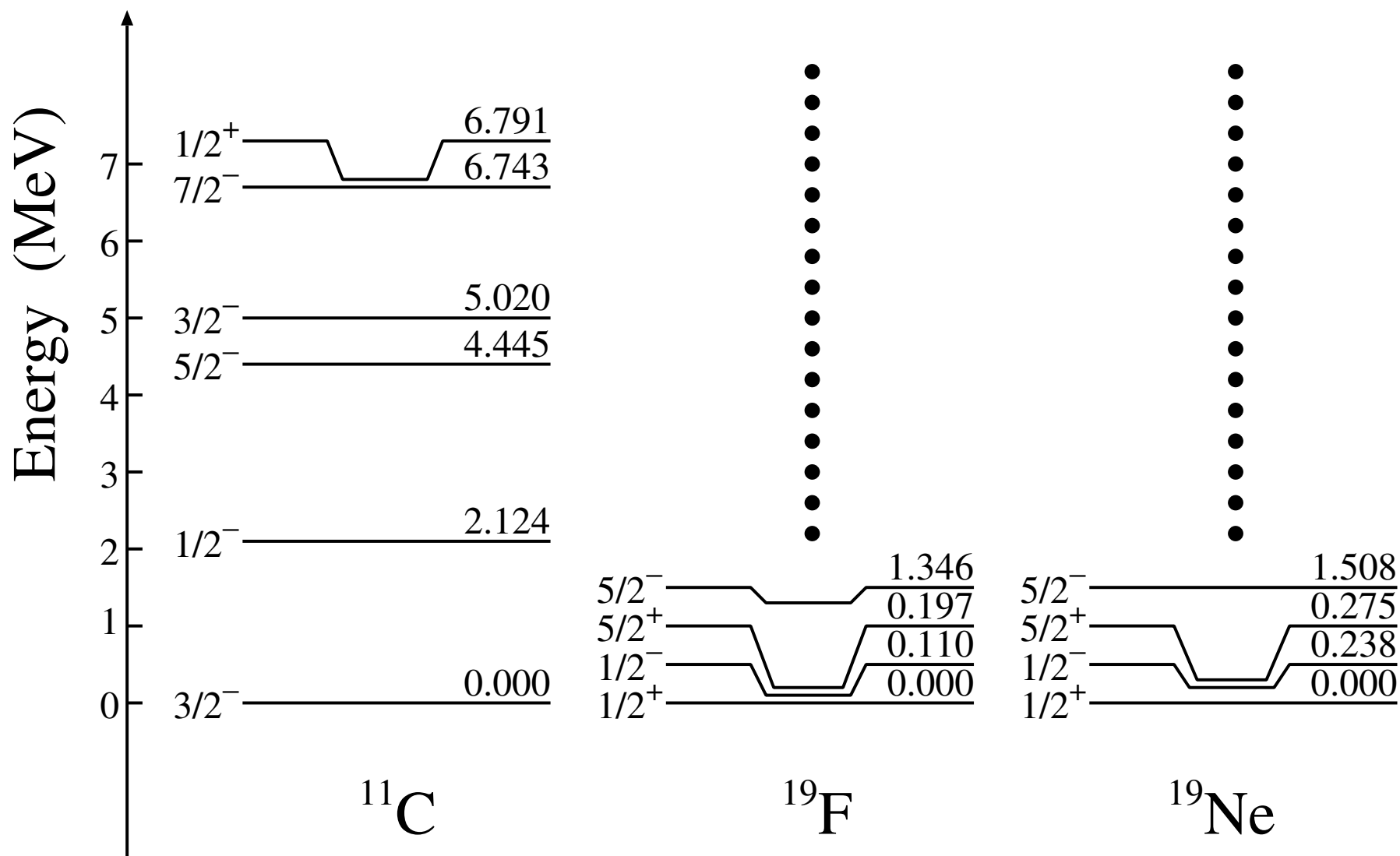
- Even the  $\Lambda$  single-particle energies are not well known experimentally.

### Production experiments

- $(K^-, \pi^-)$  reaction — J-PARC E13 (Production of  ${}_{\Lambda}^{19}\text{F}$ ,  $\gamma$  spectroscopy)
- $(e, e' K^+)$  reaction — JLab, MAMI

### This study

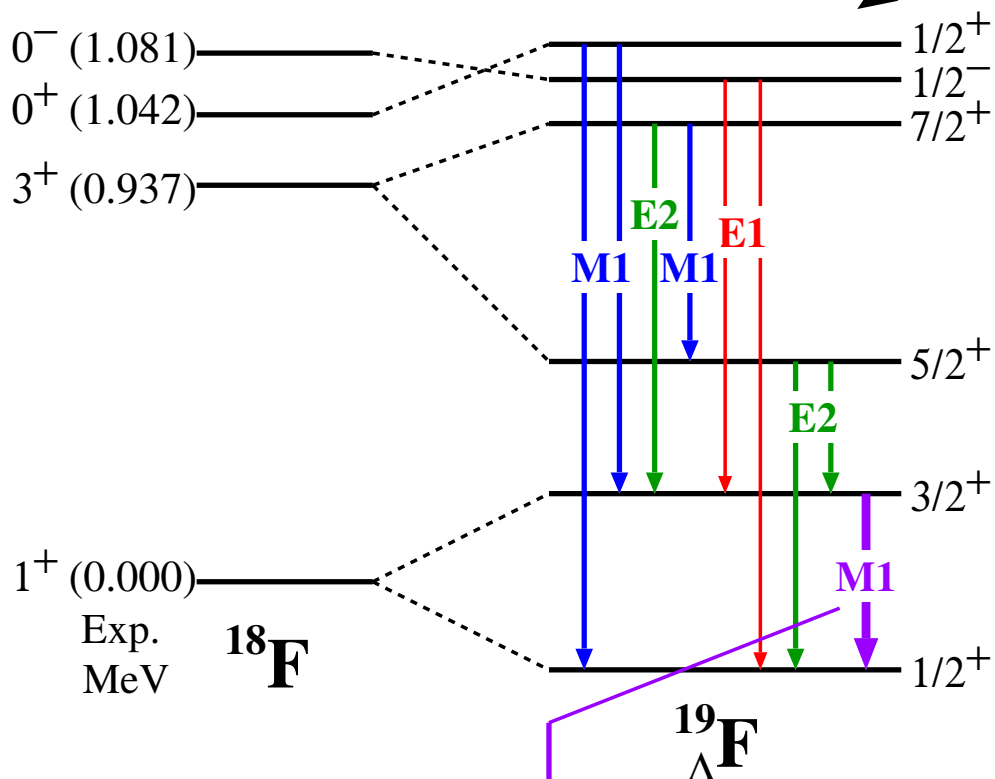
Energy levels, production cross-sections and electro-magnetic transitions of  ${}_{\Lambda}^{19}\text{F}$  (balance  $2N$  in  $sd$ -shell)

Energy levels of  $^{11}\text{C}$ ,  $^{19}\text{F}$ ,  $^{19}\text{Ne}$ 

## J-PARC E13 Experiment

**E13 :  $^{19}_{\Lambda}\text{F}$  spectroscopy**

The first study of sd-shell hypernuclei

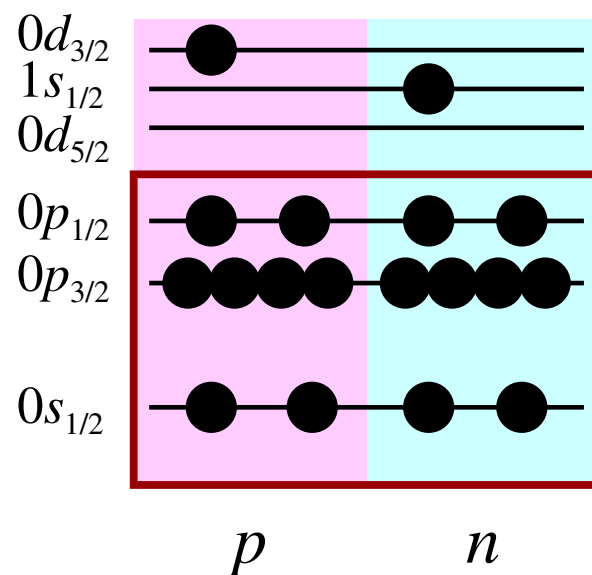
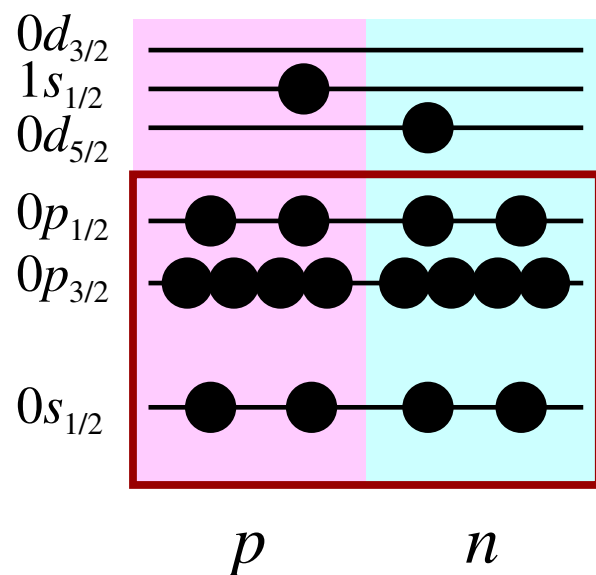
**AN spin-spin interaction** $^{19}\text{F} (K^-, \pi^-)$ **J-PARC E13** $\gamma$  spectroscopy

(E1, M1, E2 transitions)

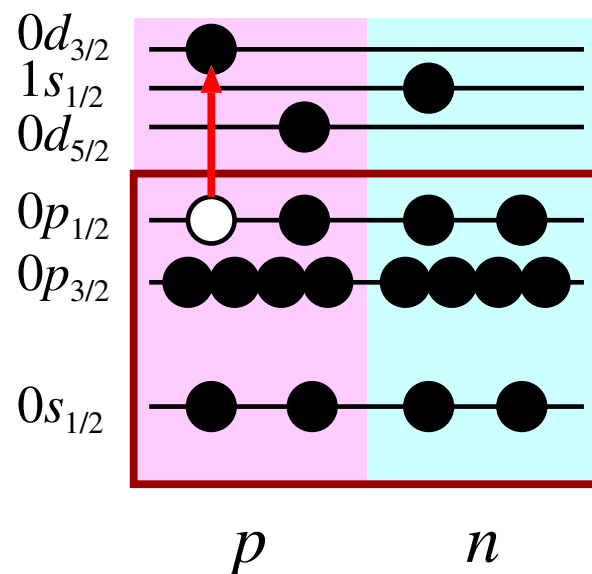
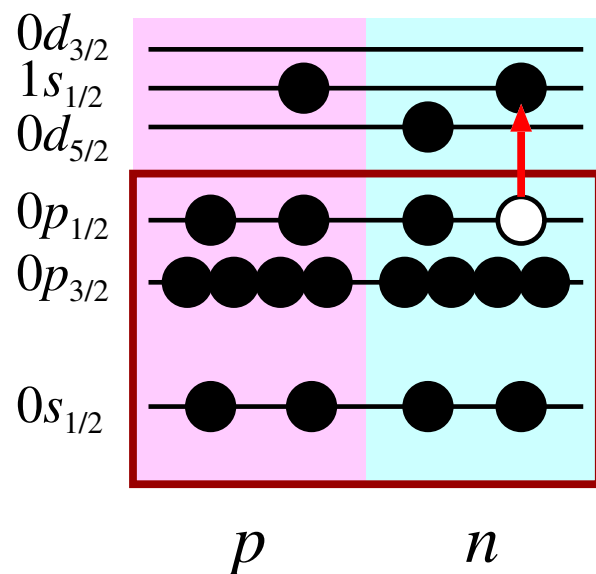
for low-lying states of  $^{19}_{\Lambda}\text{F}$ **This study**

Calculation of the production cross-section of  $^{19}_{\Lambda}\text{F}$  by the  $(K^-, \pi^-)$  reaction at incident momentum of 1.8 GeV/c

## Shell model calculation (1)

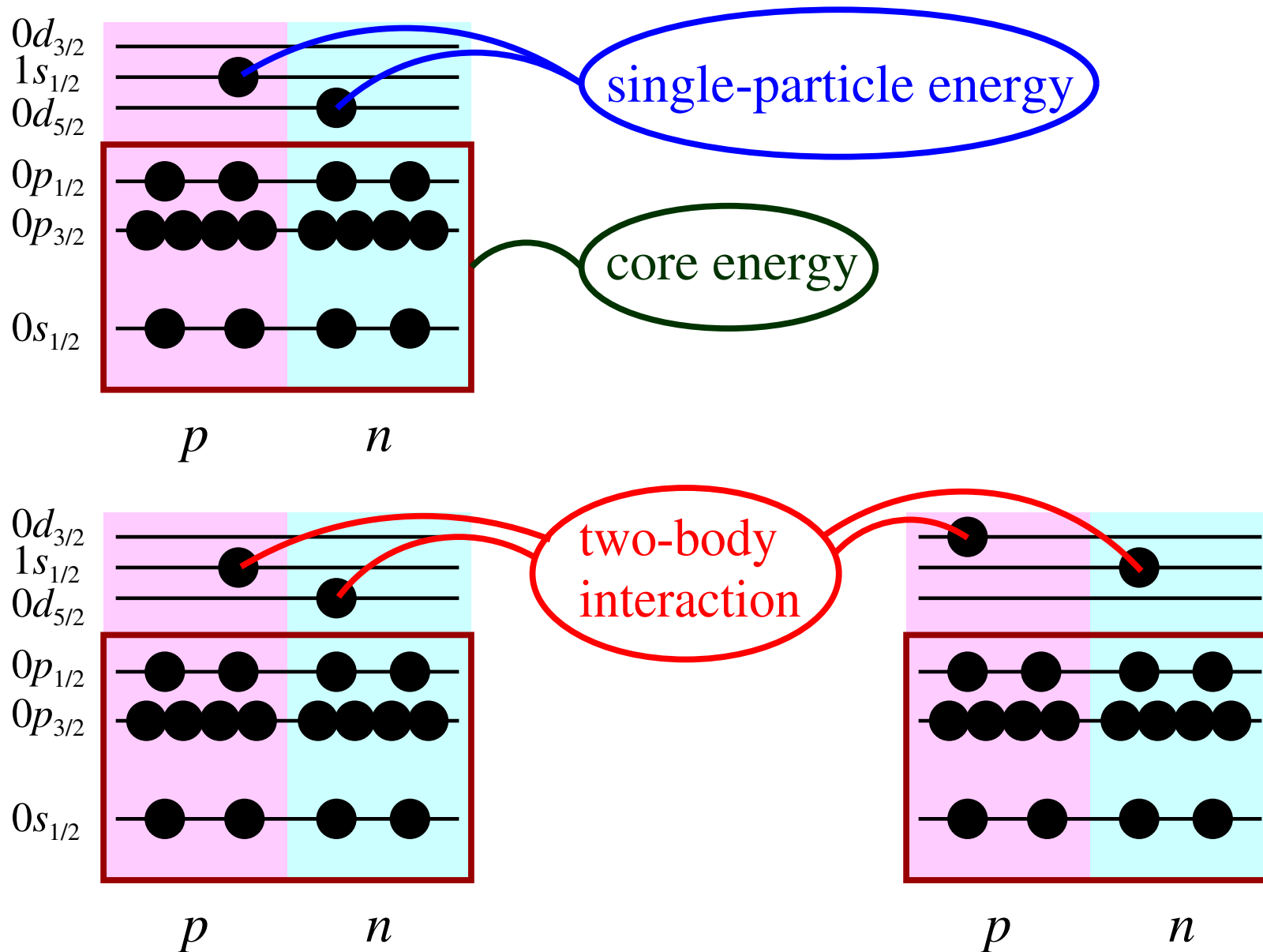


$0\hbar\omega$  basis states  
positive parity



$1\hbar\omega$  basis states  
negative parity

## Shell model calculation (2)



## Shell-model wave functions (1)

### Model space (for ${}^{19}_{\Lambda}\text{F}$ )

- 16 nucleons are inert in the  ${}^{16}\text{O}$  core.
- 2 valence nucleons move in the  $sd$ -shell orbits.
- $1p$ - $1h$   $1\hbar\omega$ -excited states are considered for  $J^-$  states.
- $\Lambda$  hyperon is assumed to be in the  $0s, 0p, sd$ -shell orbits.

Core states ( ${}^{18}\text{F}$ )	+ parity ( $J_{\text{core}}^+$ )	$(0s)^4 (0p)^{12}$	$(sd)^2$	$(0p\text{-}0h)$
	- parity ( $J_{\text{core}}^-$ )	$(0s)^4 (0p)^{11}$	$(sd)^3$	$(1p\text{-}1h)$
$\Lambda$ single-particle state	+ parity ( $j_{\Lambda}^+$ )	$0s_{1/2}^{\Lambda}$ ,	$0d_{5/2}^{\Lambda}, 0d_{3/2}^{\Lambda}$ ,	$1s_{1/2}^{\Lambda}$
	- parity ( $j_{\Lambda}^-$ )	$0p_{3/2}^{\Lambda}, 0p_{1/2}^{\Lambda}$		
4 types of basis states	(1) $J_{\text{core}}^+ \otimes j_{\Lambda}^+$	positive	(2) $J_{\text{core}}^+ \otimes j_{\Lambda}^-$	negative
	(3) $J_{\text{core}}^- \otimes j_{\Lambda}^+$	negative	(4) $J_{\text{core}}^- \otimes j_{\Lambda}^-$	positive



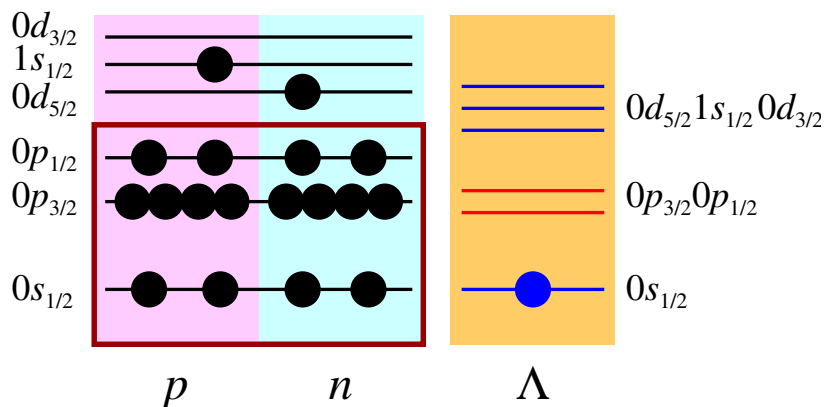
# Shell-model wave functions (2)

## 4 types of basis states

(For example, basis states of  ${}^{19}_{\Lambda}\text{F}$ )

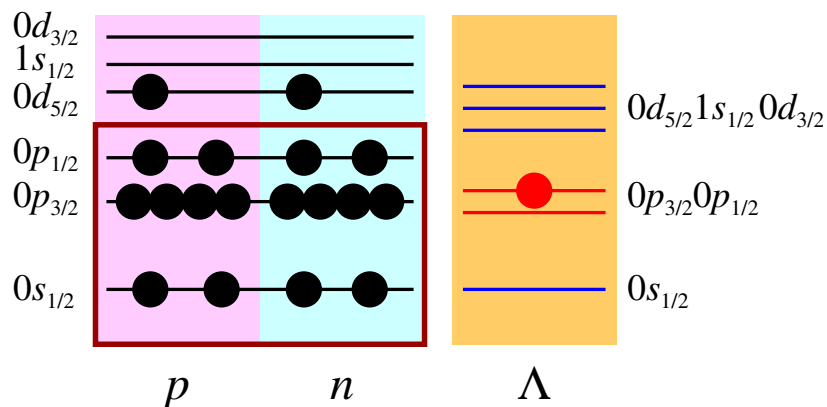
$$J_{\text{core}}^+ \otimes j_{\Lambda}^+$$

positive



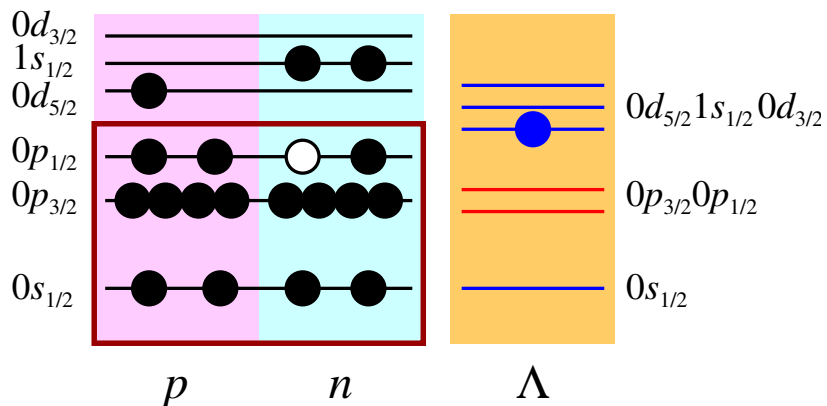
$$J_{\text{core}}^+ \otimes j_{\Lambda}^-$$

negative



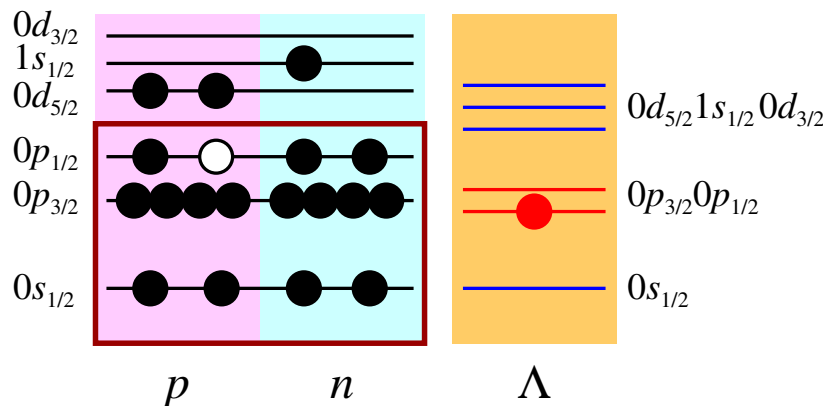
$$J_{\text{core}}^- \otimes j_{\Lambda}^+$$

negative



$$J_{\text{core}}^- \otimes j_{\Lambda}^-$$

positive



## Shell-model Hamiltonian

Two-body interaction

$NN$  effective interaction

$$\langle (sd)^2 | V | (sd)^2 \rangle$$

modified Kuo-Brown G-matrix

NP85, 40 (1966).

PTP52, 509 (1974).

$$\langle p^{-1} sd | V | p^{-1} sd \rangle$$

Warburton-Brown PSDT

PRC46, 923 (1992)

$\Lambda N$  effective interaction

$$\langle N\Lambda | V | N\Lambda \rangle$$

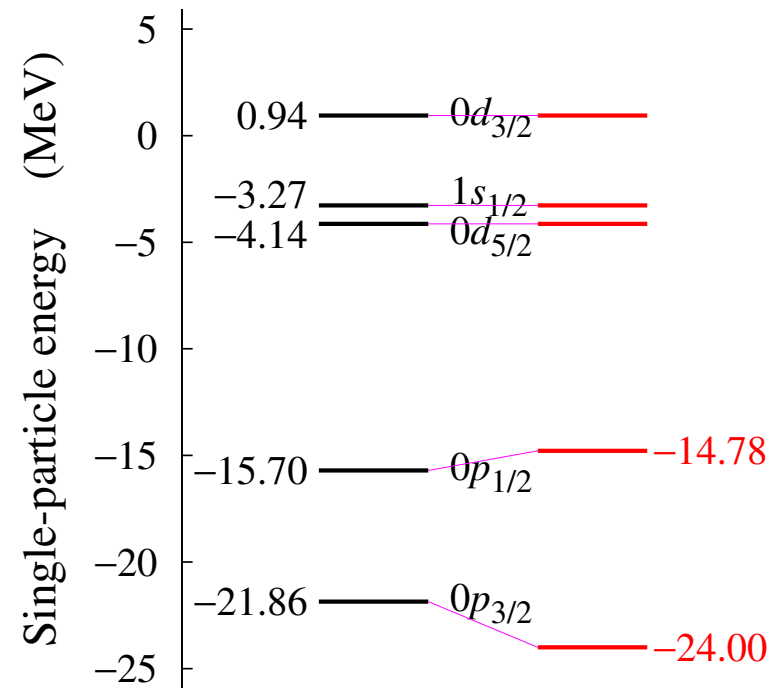
NSC97f

PRC59, 21 (1999)

Using  $2.5V_{ALS}$  to adjust  $LS$  splitting

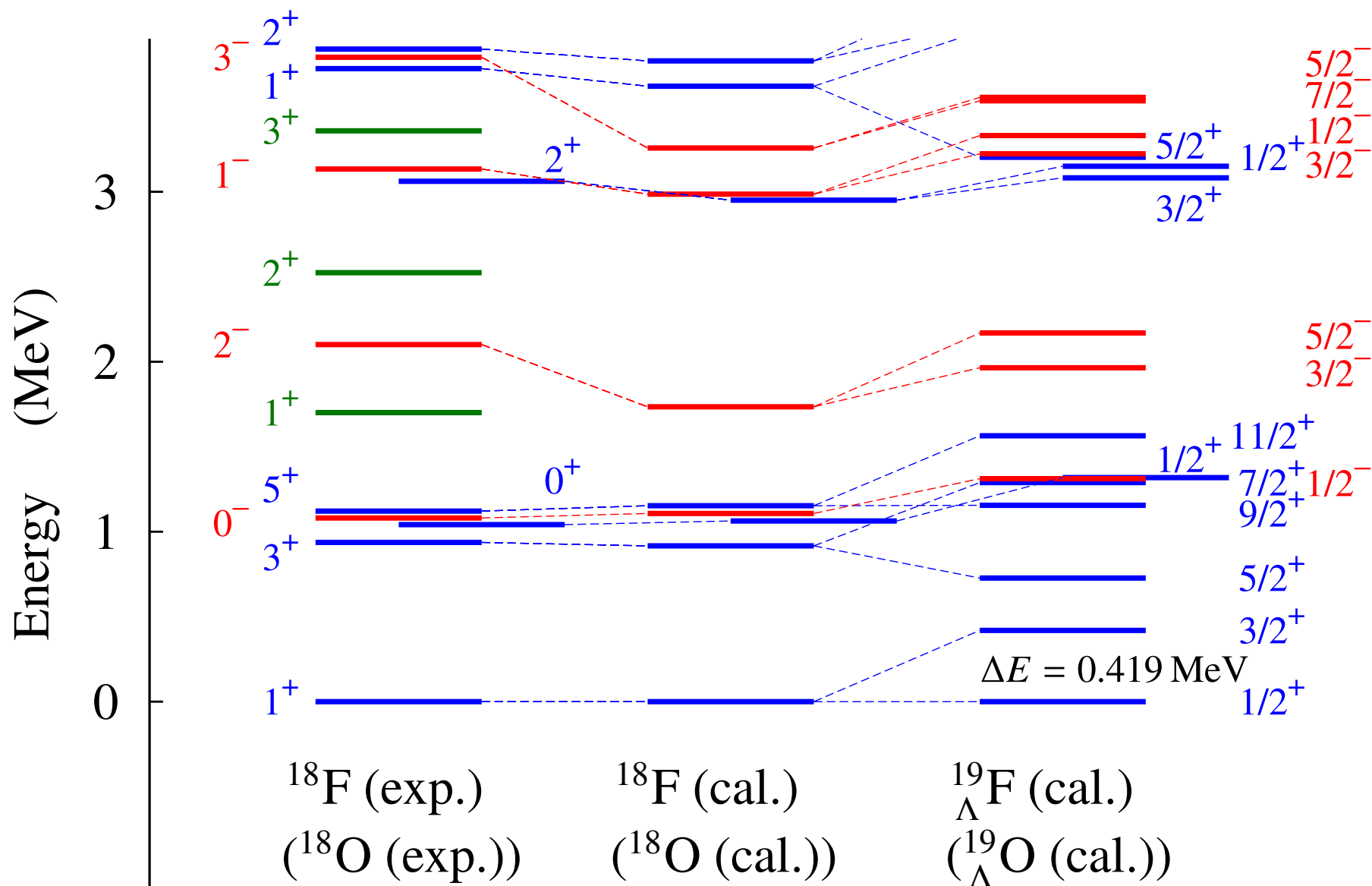
Single-particle energies  
for nucleon orbits

with respect to  $^{16}\text{O}$  core



Adjusting **s.p.e.** of  $0p_{3/2}$  and  $0p_{1/2}$   
to reproduce the energy levels  
of the  $^{19}\text{F}$   $J^-$  states

# Numerical Results : Energy levels for ${}^{19}_{\Lambda}\text{F}$ and ${}^{18}\text{F}$



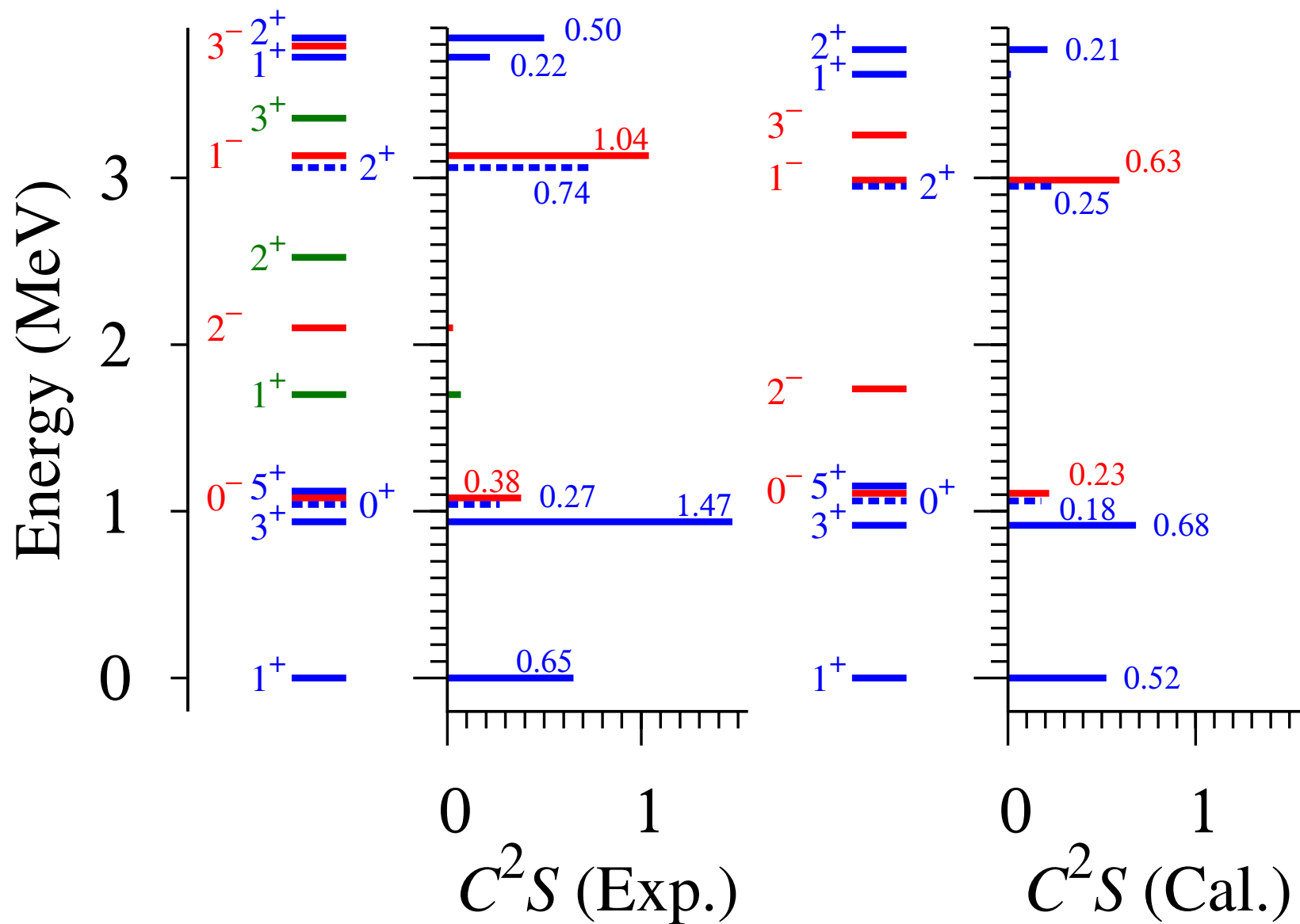
## Configuration of ground state of $^{19}\text{F}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 |^{19}\text{F}; 1/2_{\text{g.s.}}^+ \rangle = & + \sqrt{0.11} |(^{16}\text{O})(0d_{5/2})^3 \rangle \\
 & + \sqrt{0.31} |(^{16}\text{O})(0d_{5/2})_{T=1, J=0}^2 (1s_{1/2}) \rangle \\
 & - \sqrt{0.14} |(^{16}\text{O})(0d_{5/2})_{T=0, J=1}^2 (1s_{1/2}) \rangle \\
 & + \sqrt{0.11} |(^{16}\text{O})(0d_{5/2})(0d_{3/2})(1s_{1/2}) \rangle \\
 & + \sqrt{0.17} |(^{16}\text{O})(1s_{1/2})^3 \rangle \\
 & + \dots
 \end{aligned}$$

The ground state of  $^{19}\text{F}$  is not described by a simple configuration due to the  $1s_{1/2}$  orbit.

$\Rightarrow$  In the production of  $^{19}\text{F}$ , transition strengths are fragmented among several states and have small values.

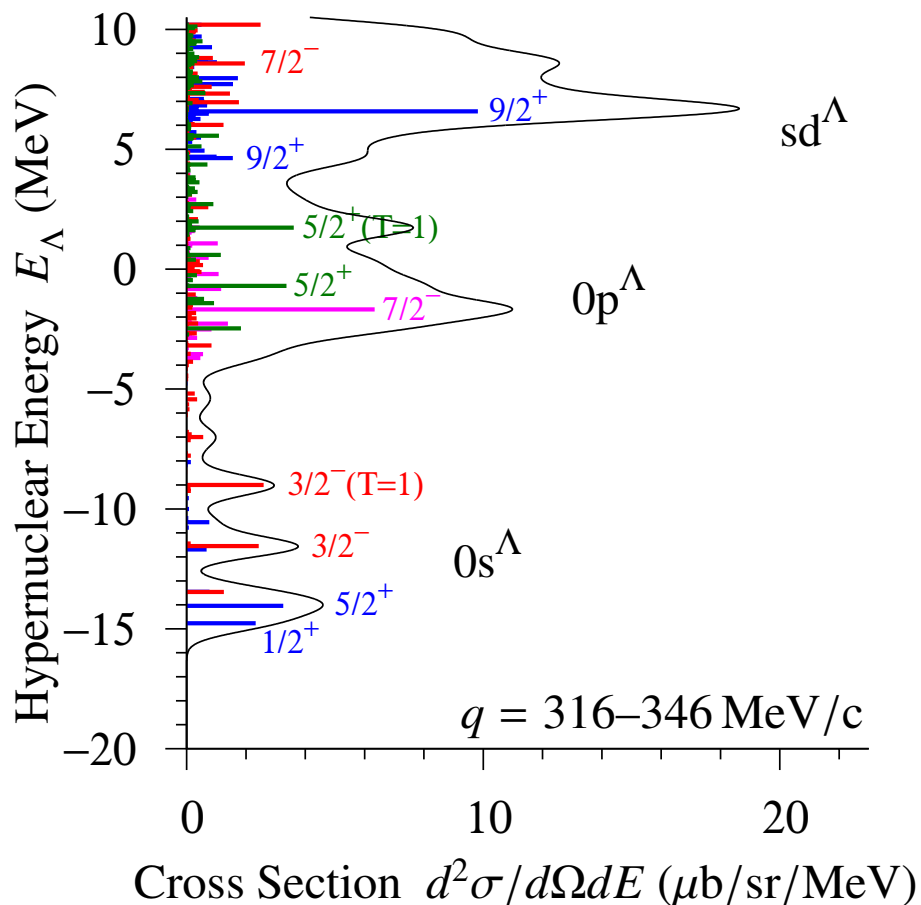
(Magnetic moment of  $^{19}\text{F}$  cal.  $2.89\mu_N$ , exp.  $2.62\mu_N$ )

Spectroscopic factors of pickup reaction from  $^{19}\text{F}$ 

### Cross sections of $^{19}\text{F}(\pi^+, K^+)$ and $^{19}\text{F}(K^-, \pi^-)$

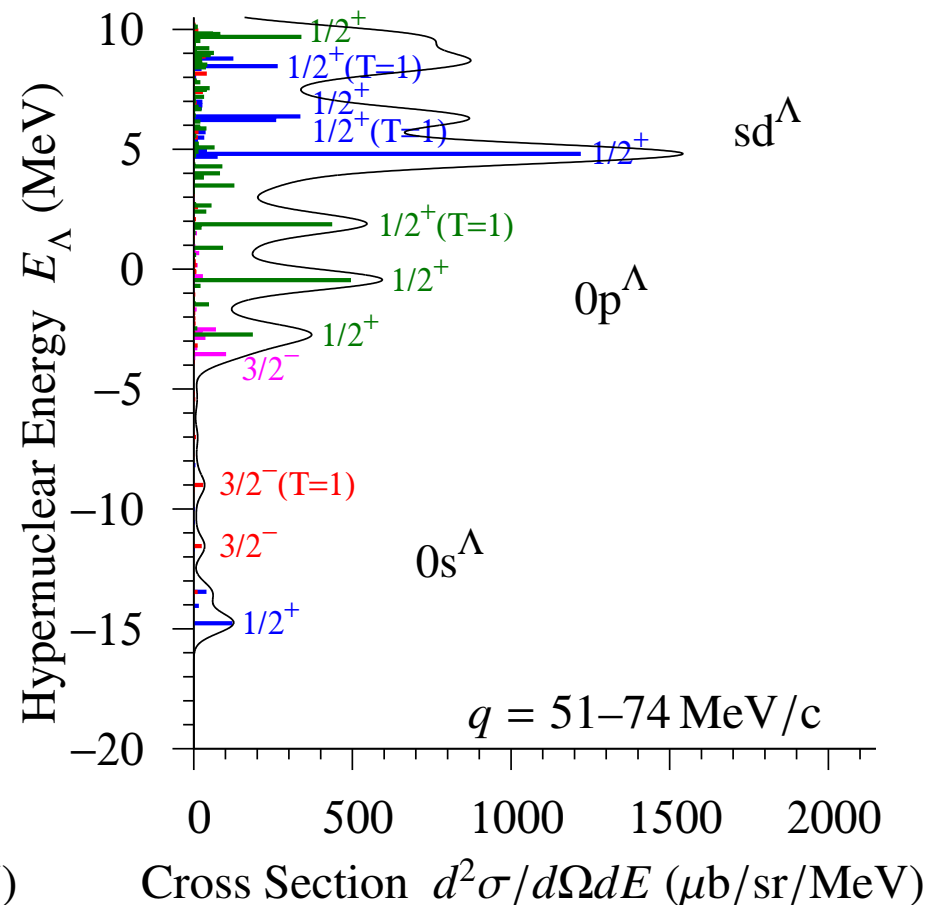
$^{19}\text{F}(\pi^+, K^+) \ ^{19}_{\Lambda}\text{F}$

$p_{\pi} = 1.05 \text{ GeV}/c, \theta^{\text{Lab}} = 2^{\circ}$



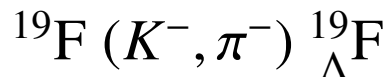
$^{19}\text{F}(K^-, \pi^-) \ ^{19}_{\Lambda}\text{F}$

$p_K = 0.80 \text{ GeV}/c, \theta^{\text{Lab}} = 2^{\circ}$

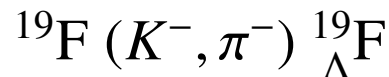
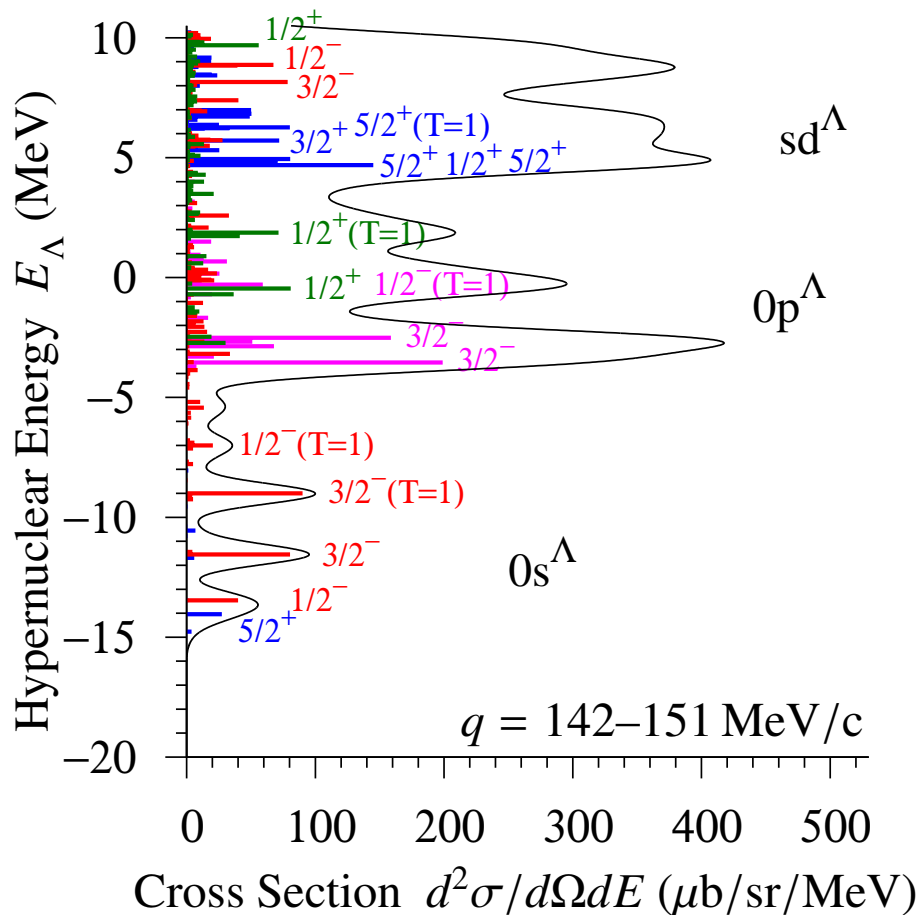


■ :  $J_{\text{core}}^+ \otimes j_{\Lambda}^+$ , 
 ■ :  $J_{\text{core}}^+ \otimes j_{\Lambda}^-$ , 
 ■ :  $J_{\text{core}}^- \otimes j_{\Lambda}^+$ , 
 ■ :  $J_{\text{core}}^- \otimes j_{\Lambda}^-$

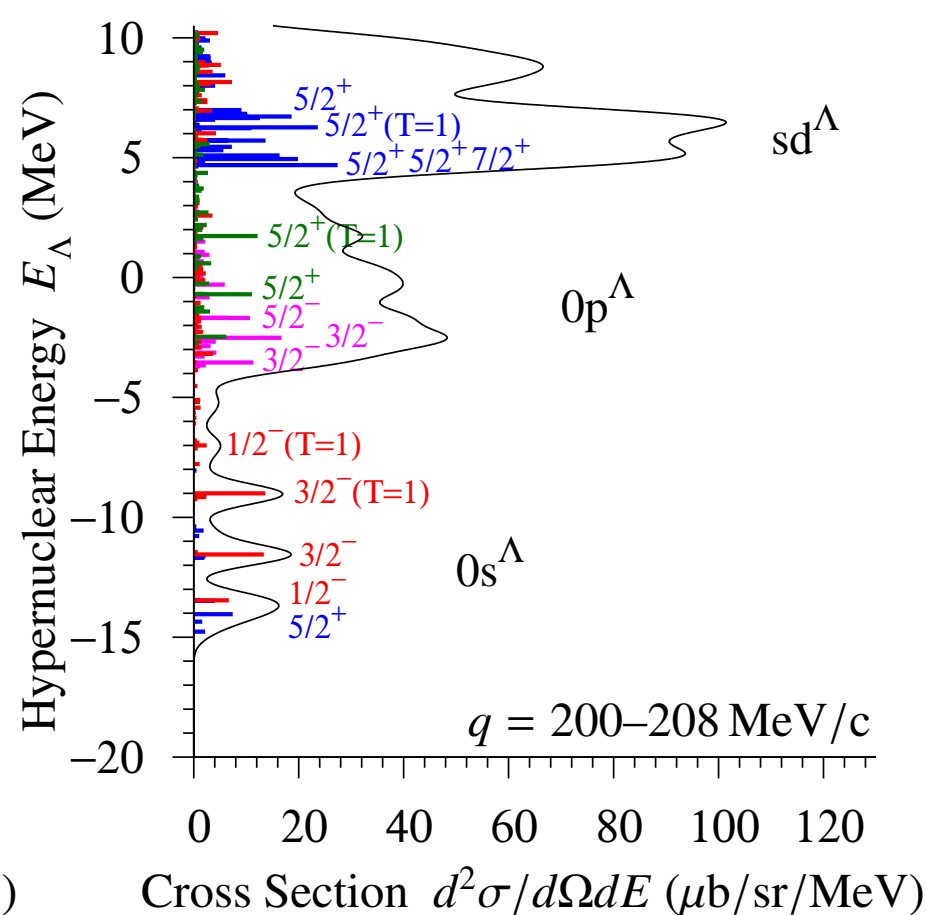
### Cross sections of $^{19}\text{F}(K^-, \pi^-)$ at different incident momenta (1)



$p_K = 0.80 \text{ GeV}/c, \theta^{\text{Lab}} = 10^\circ$



$p_K = 1.10 \text{ GeV}/c, \theta^{\text{Lab}} = 10^\circ$

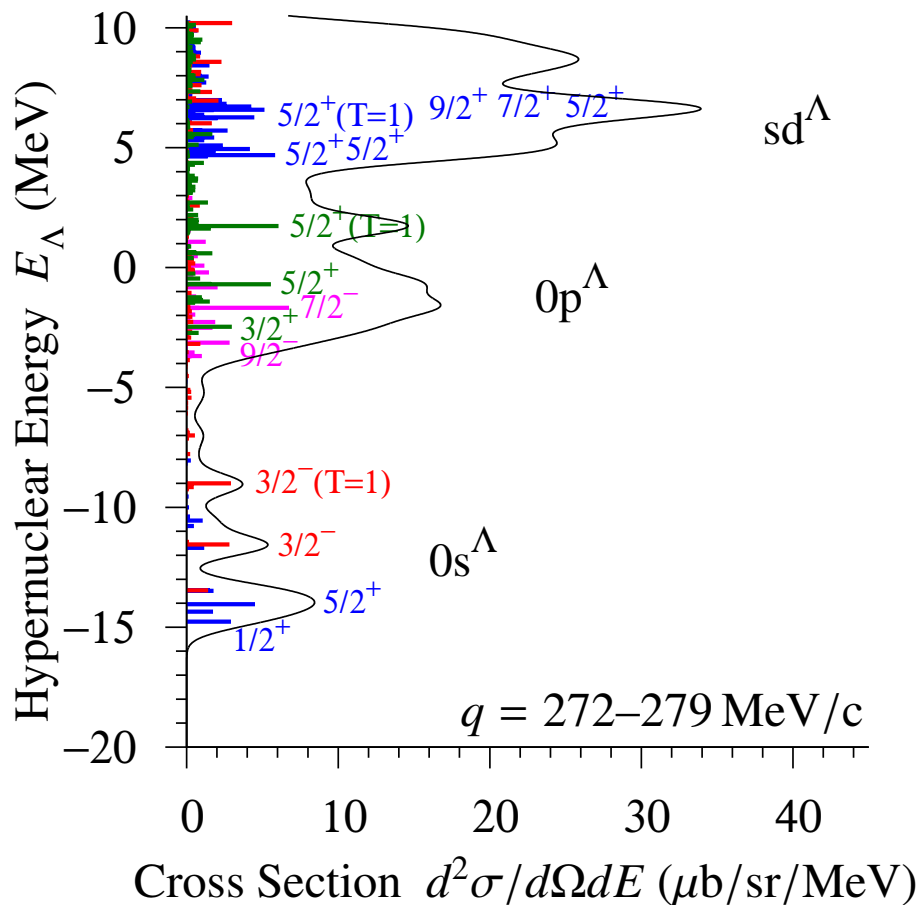


■ :  $J_{\text{core}}^+ \otimes j_{\Lambda}^+$ , 
 ■ :  $J_{\text{core}}^+ \otimes j_{\Lambda}^-$ , 
 ■ :  $J_{\text{core}}^- \otimes j_{\Lambda}^+$ , 
 ■ :  $J_{\text{core}}^- \otimes j_{\Lambda}^-$

## Cross sections of $^{19}\text{F}(K^-, \pi^-)$ at different incident momenta (2)

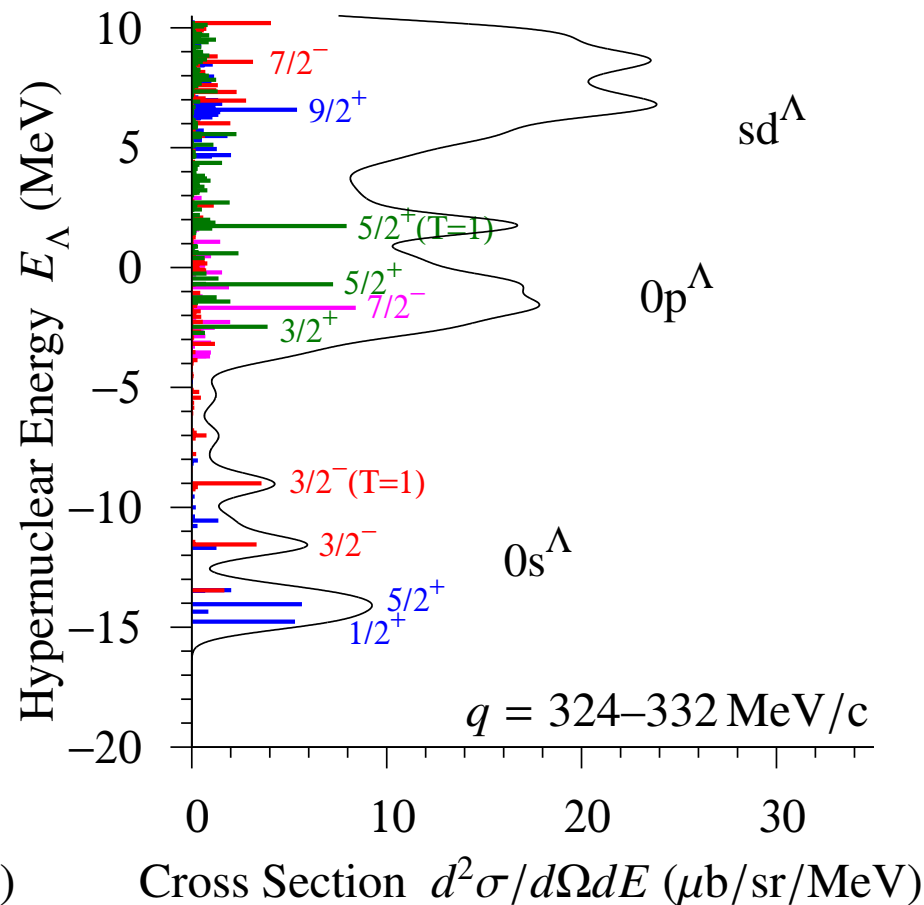
$$^{19}\text{F}(K^-, \pi^-) ^{19}_{\Lambda}\text{F}$$

$$p_K = 1.50 \text{ GeV}/c, \theta^{\text{Lab}} = 10^\circ$$



$$^{19}\text{F}(K^-, \pi^-) ^{19}_{\Lambda}\text{F}$$

$$p_K = 1.80 \text{ GeV}/c, \theta^{\text{Lab}} = 10^\circ$$



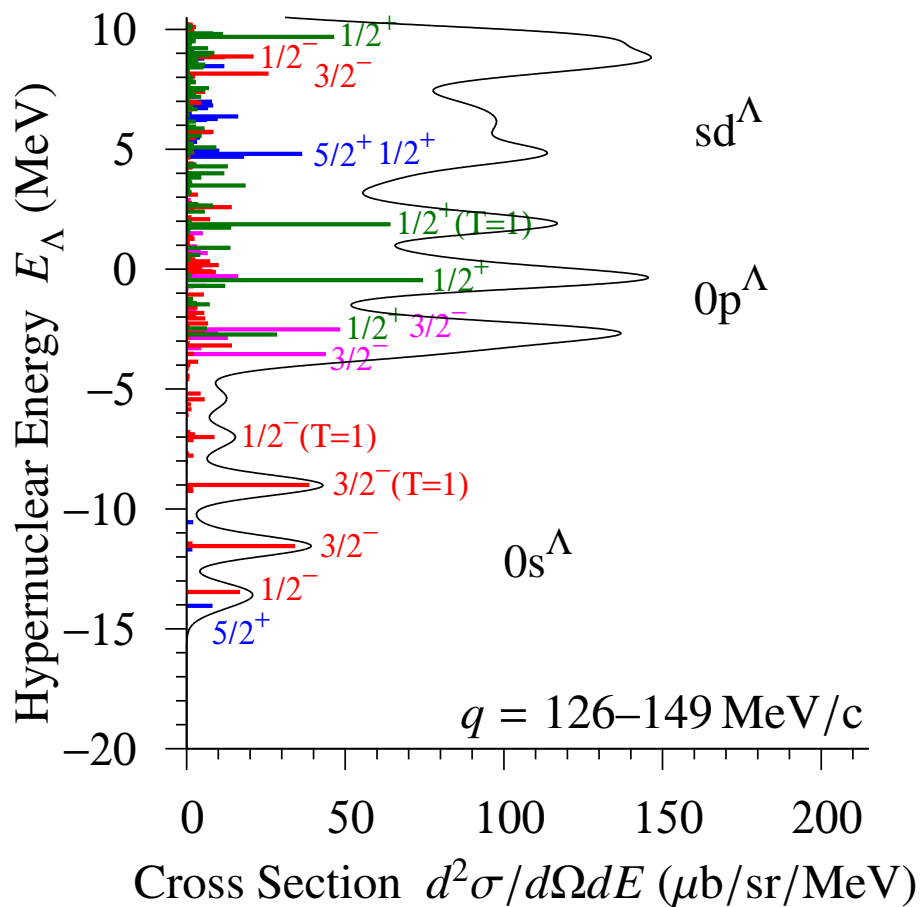
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 ■ :  $J_{\text{core}}^+ \otimes j_{\Lambda}^-$ , 
 ■ :  $J_{\text{core}}^- \otimes j_{\Lambda}^+$ , 
 ■ :  $J_{\text{core}}^- \otimes j_{\Lambda}^-$



# Cross sections of $^{19}\text{F}(K^-, \pi^-)$ at different scattering angles (1)

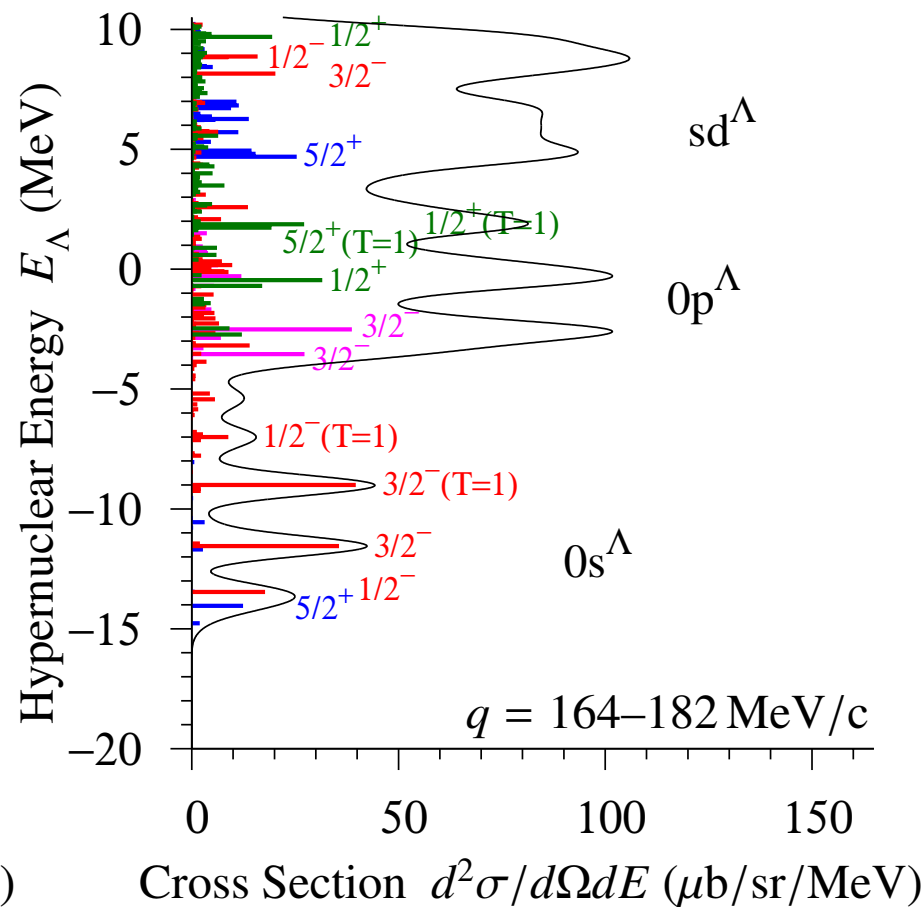
$$^{19}\text{F}(K^-, \pi^-) ^{19}_{\Lambda}\text{F}$$

$$p_K = 1.80 \text{ GeV}/c, \theta^{\text{Lab}} = 2^\circ$$



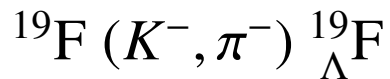
$$^{19}\text{F}(K^-, \pi^-) ^{19}_{\Lambda}\text{F}$$

$$p_K = 1.80 \text{ GeV}/c, \theta^{\text{Lab}} = 4^\circ$$

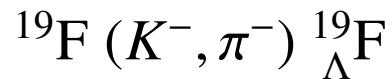
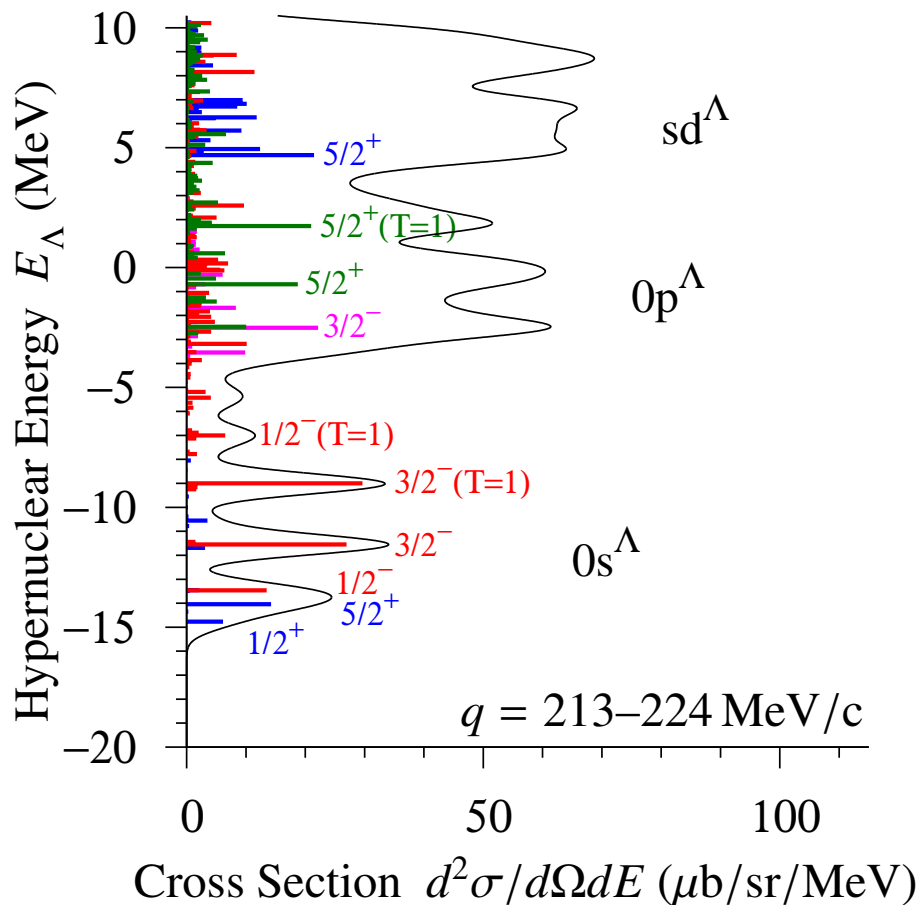


■ :  $J_{\text{core}}^+ \otimes j_{\Lambda}^+$  , 
 ■ :  $J_{\text{core}}^+ \otimes j_{\Lambda}^-$  , 
 ■ :  $J_{\text{core}}^- \otimes j_{\Lambda}^+$  , 
 ■ :  $J_{\text{core}}^- \otimes j_{\Lambda}^-$

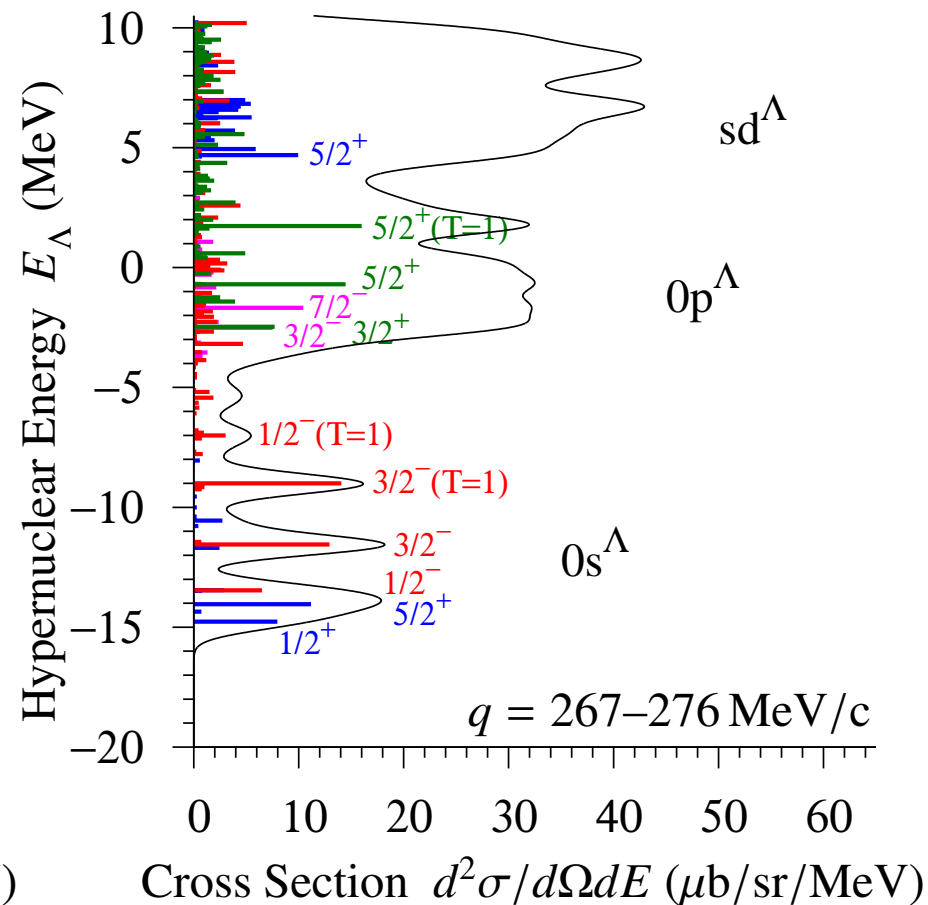
## Cross sections of $^{19}\text{F}(K^-, \pi^-)$ at different scattering angles (2)



$$p_K = 1.80 \text{ GeV}/c, \theta^{\text{Lab}} = 6^\circ$$



$$p_K = 1.80 \text{ GeV}/c, \theta^{\text{Lab}} = 8^\circ$$

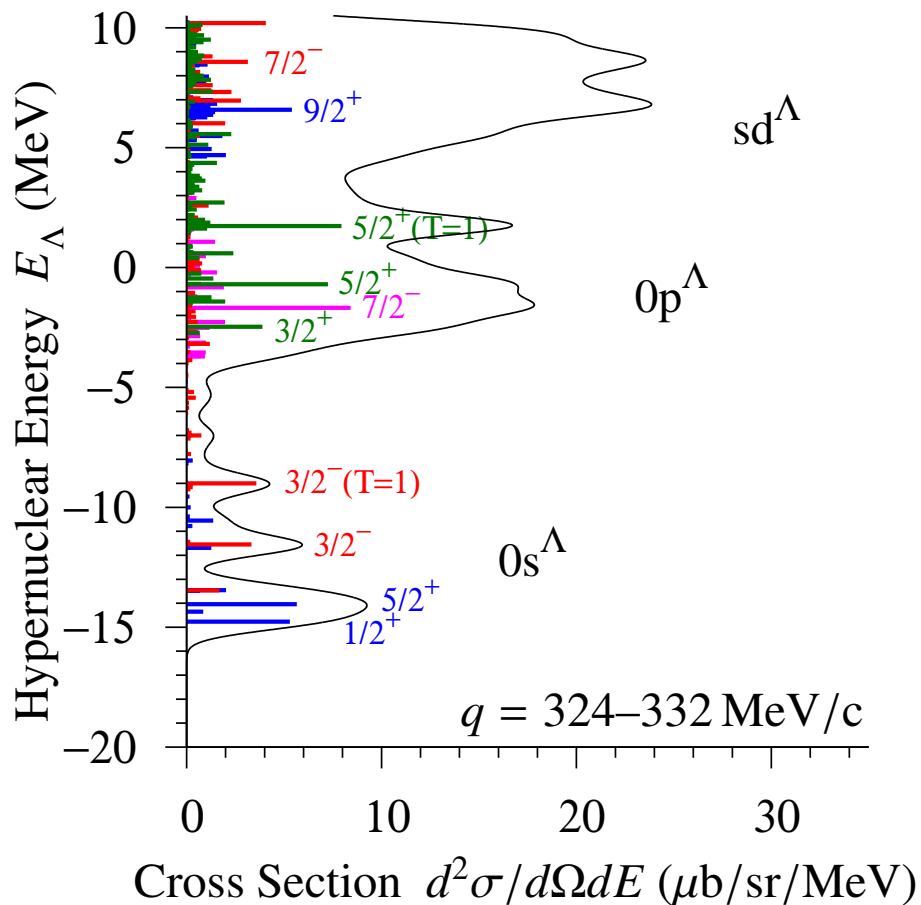


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 ■ :  $J_{\text{core}}^- \otimes j_{\Lambda}^+$ , 
 ■ :  $J_{\text{core}}^- \otimes j_{\Lambda}^-$

### Cross sections of $^{19}\text{F}(K^-, \pi^-)$ at different scattering angles (3)

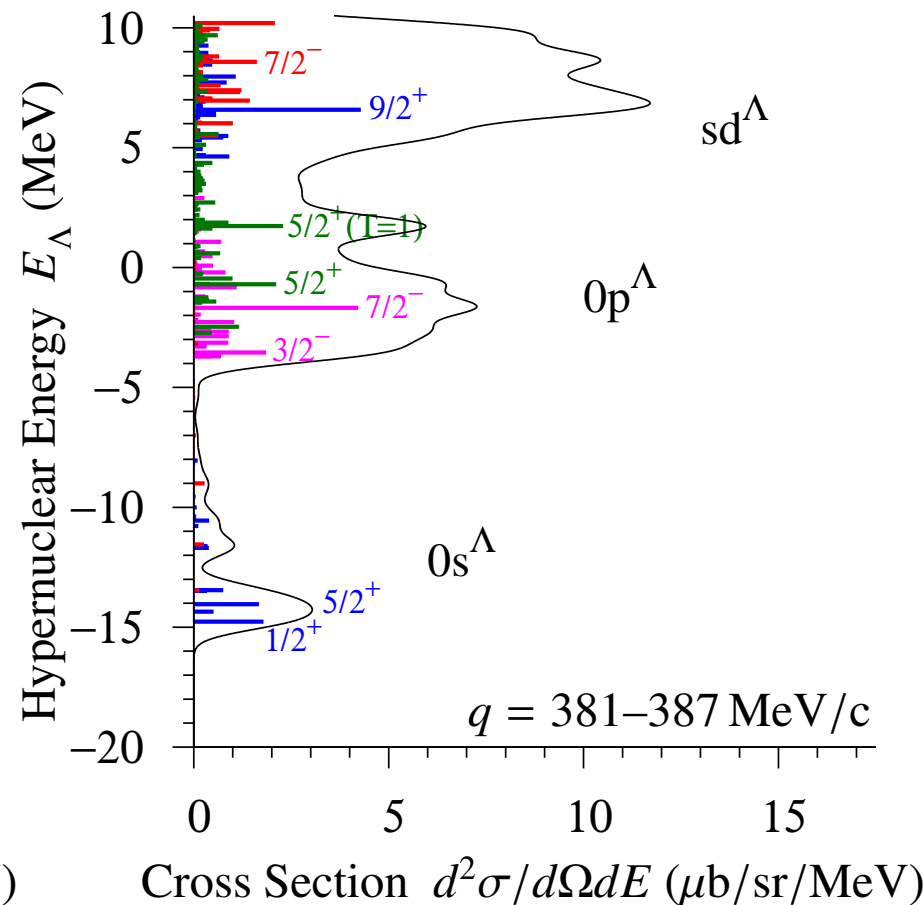
$$^{19}\text{F}(K^-, \pi^-) ^{19}_{\Lambda}\text{F}$$

$$p_K = 1.80 \text{ GeV}/c, \theta^{\text{Lab}} = 10^\circ$$



$$^{19}\text{F}(K^-, \pi^-) ^{19}_{\Lambda}\text{F}$$

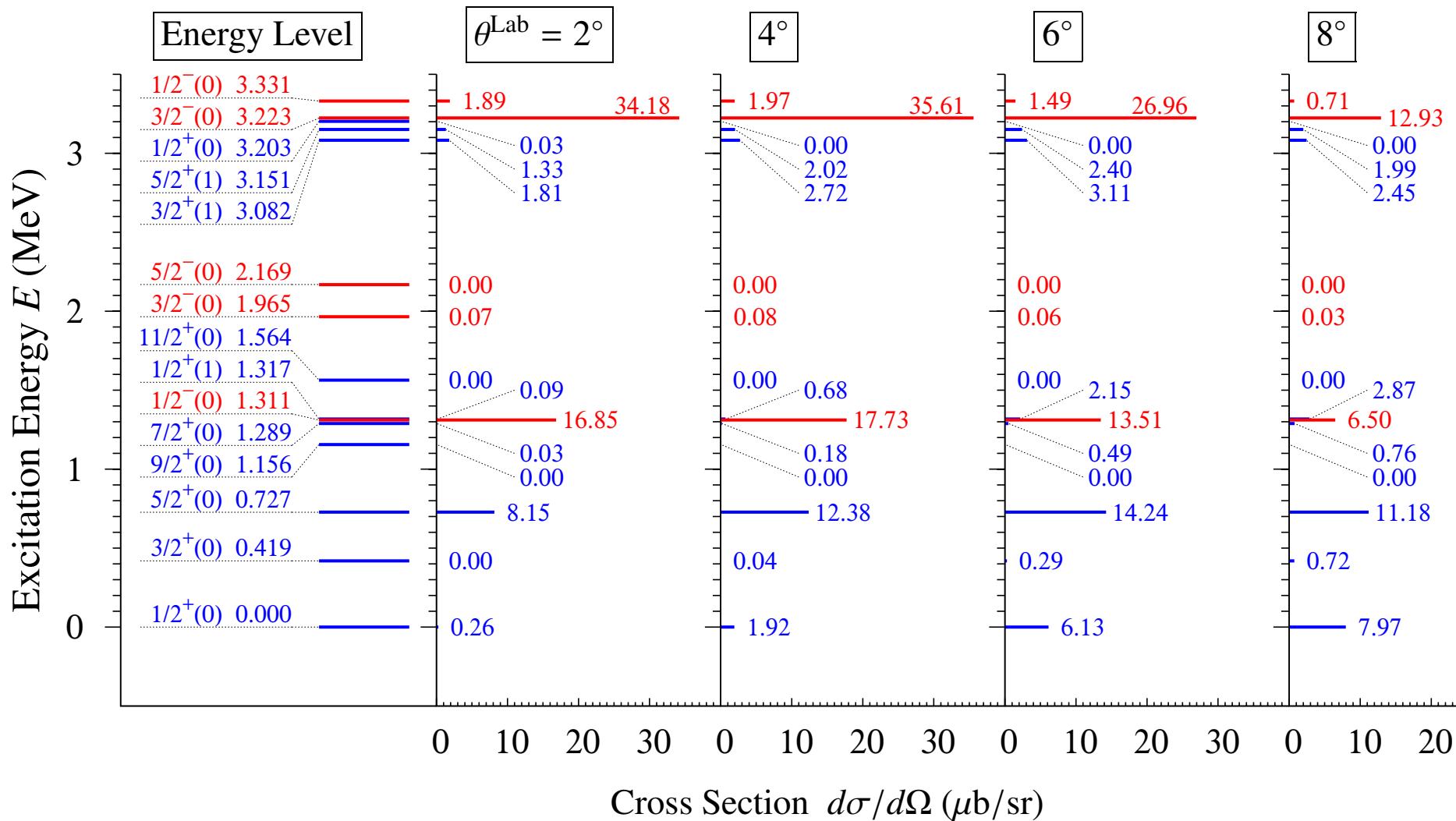
$$p_K = 1.80 \text{ GeV}/c, \theta^{\text{Lab}} = 12^\circ$$



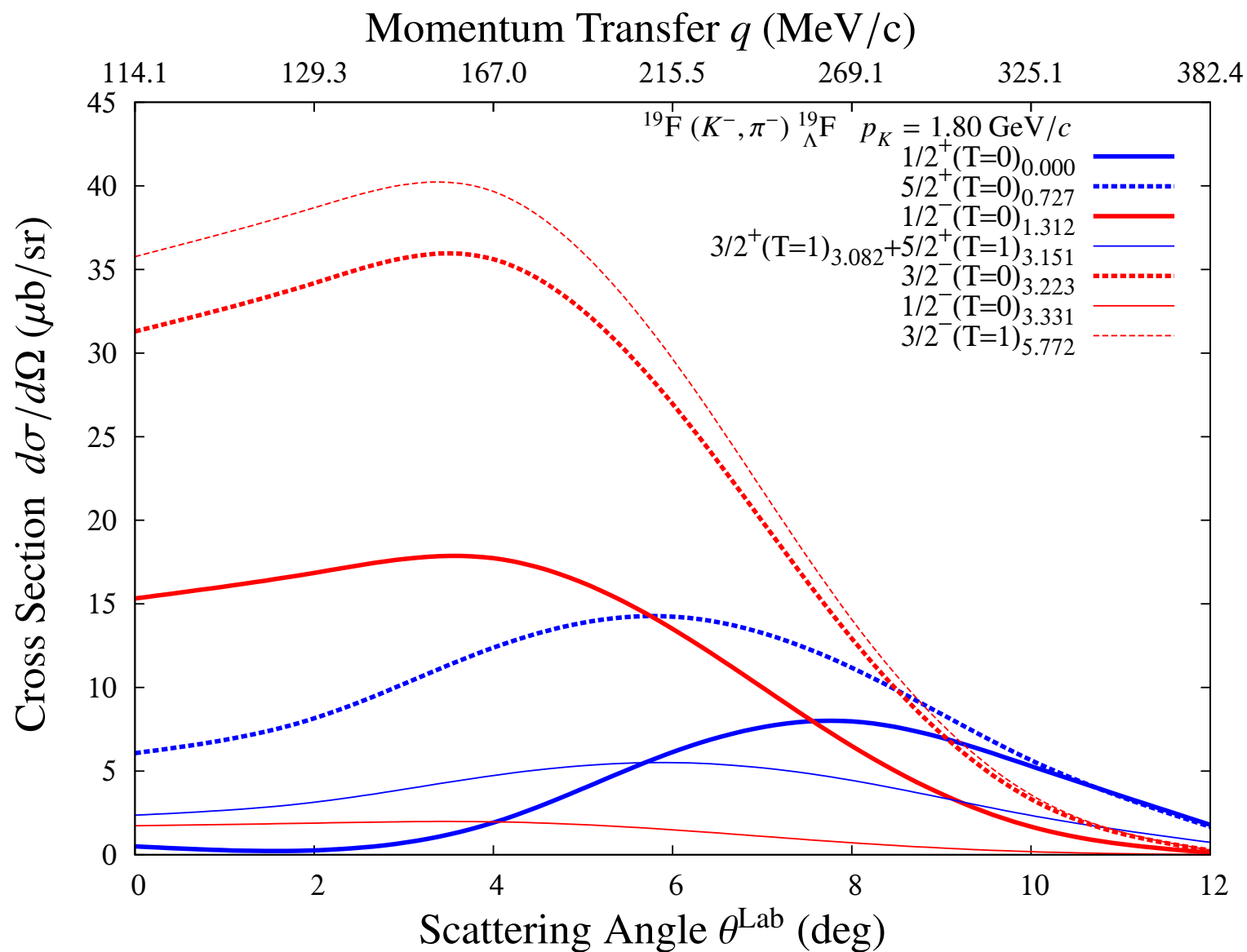
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# Cross sections of $^{19}\text{F}(K^-, \pi^-)$ for low-lying states (1)

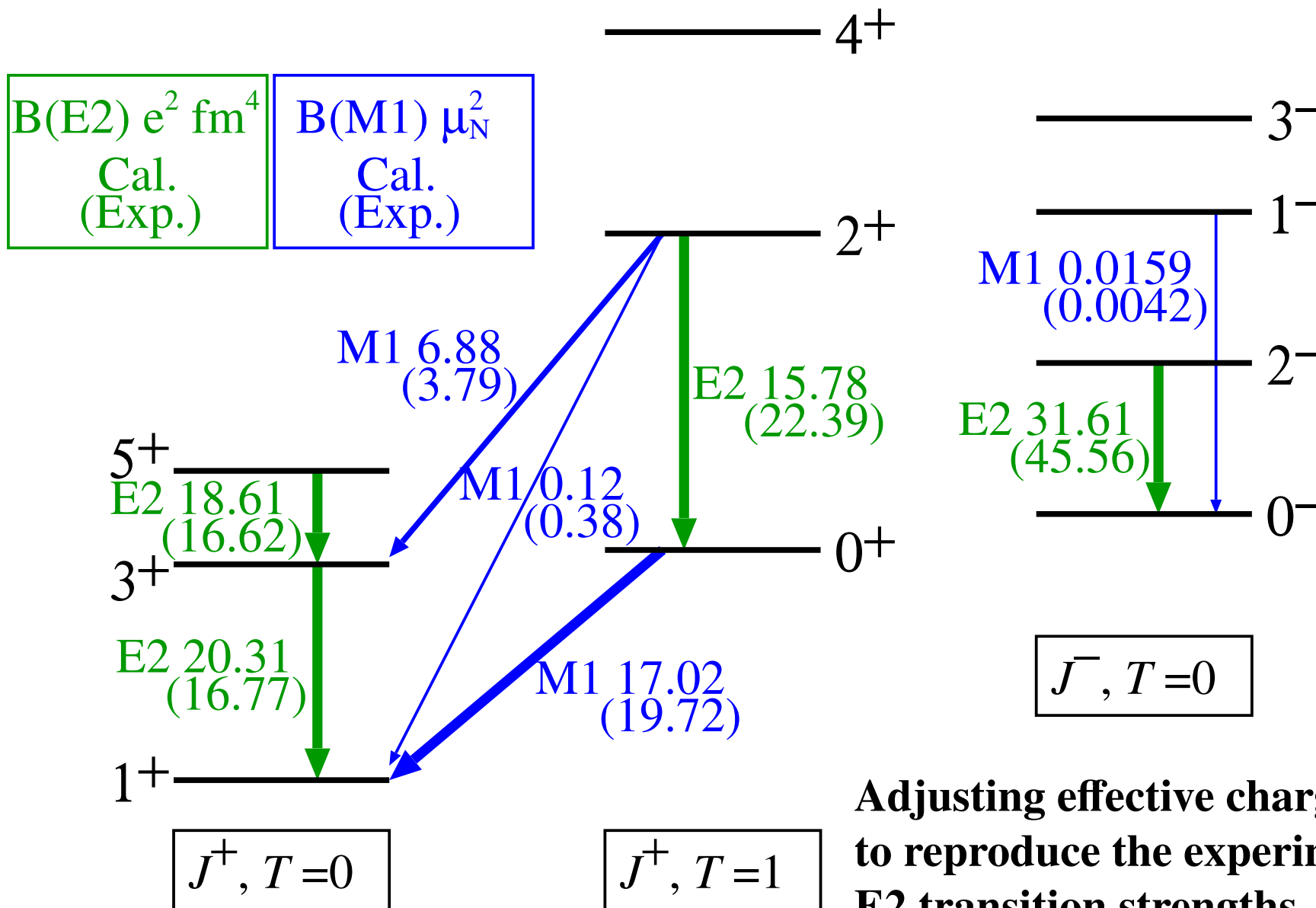
$^{19}\text{F}(K^-, \pi^-) \Lambda^0$   $p_K = 1.80 \text{ GeV}/c$



## Cross sections of $^{19}\text{F}(K^-, \pi^-)$ for low-lying states (2)

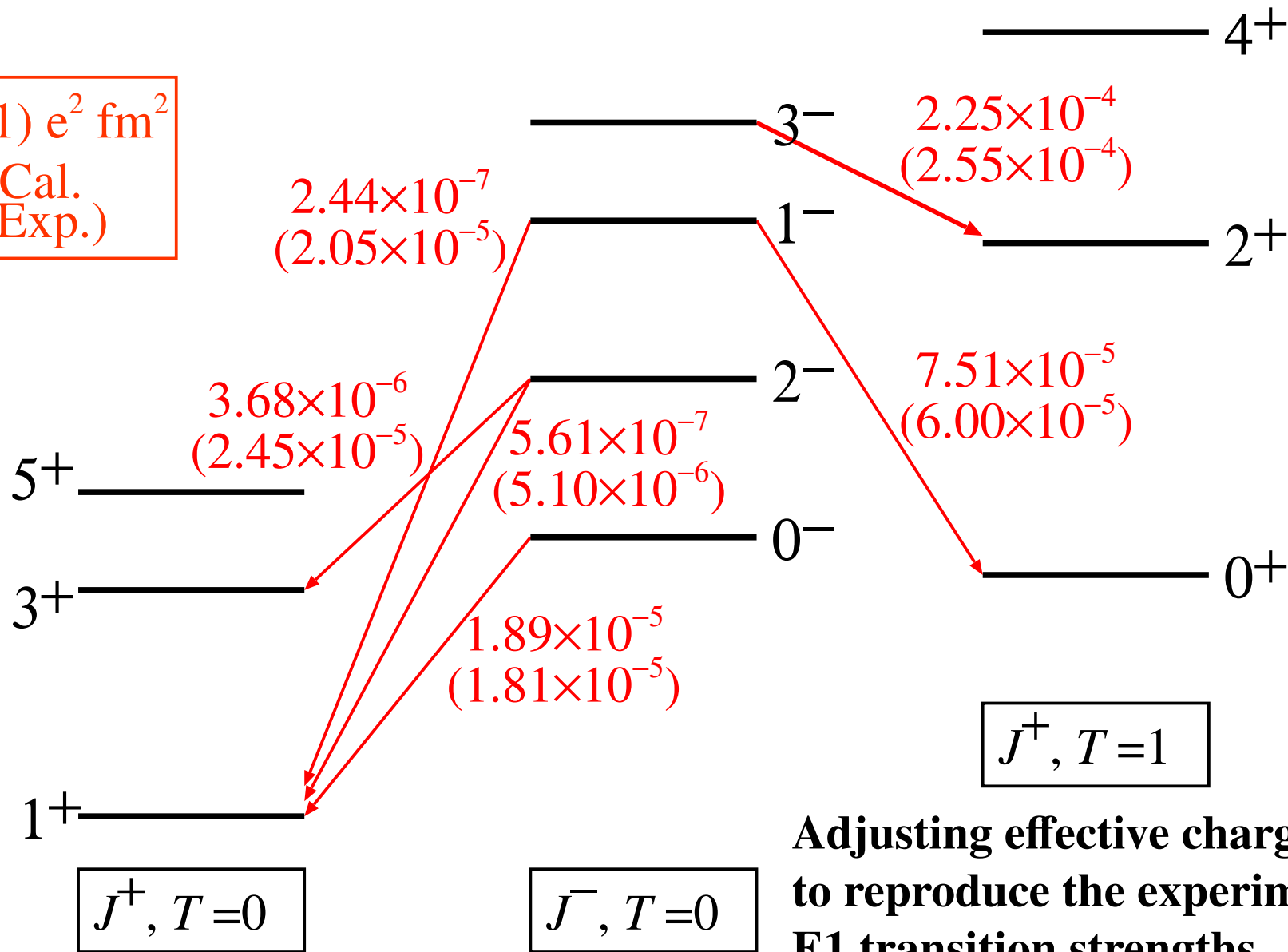


M1 and E2 transitions of  $^{18}\text{F}$



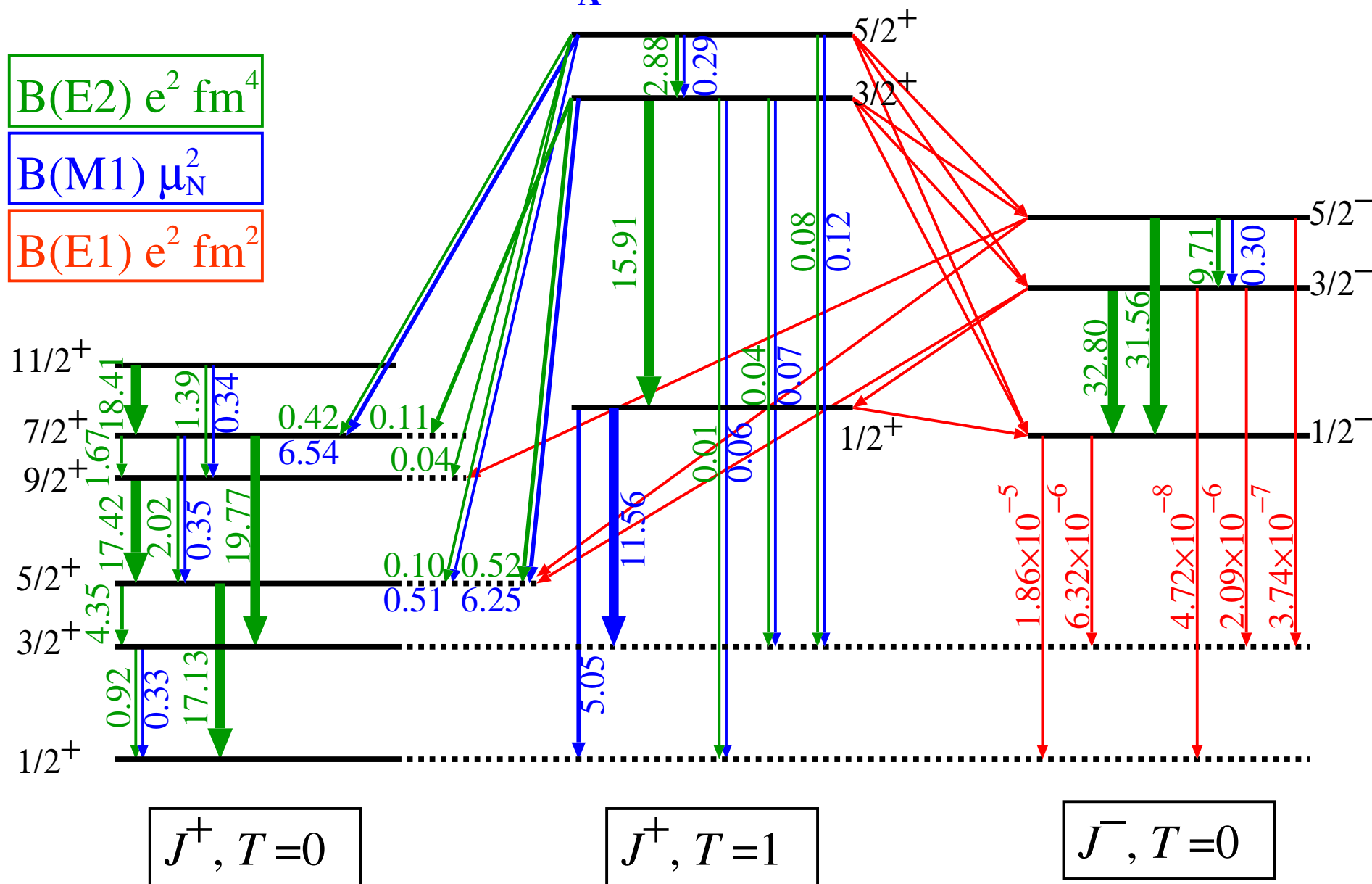
E1 transitions of  $^{18}\text{F}$

B(E1)  $e^2 \text{ fm}^2$   
 Cal.  
 (Exp.)



Adjusting effective charges to reproduce the experimental E1 transition strengths

# E2, M1 and E1 transitions of $^{19}_{\Lambda}\text{F}$





## Summary

As a typical gate to medium-heavy *sd*-shell hypernuclei, we have calculated the energy levels, the production cross sections and electro-magnetic transition strengths of  ${}^{19}_{\Lambda}\text{F}$  by using the multi-configuration shell model.

$$\Delta E(3/2^+ - 1/2^+_{\text{g.s.}}) = 0.419 \text{ MeV}$$

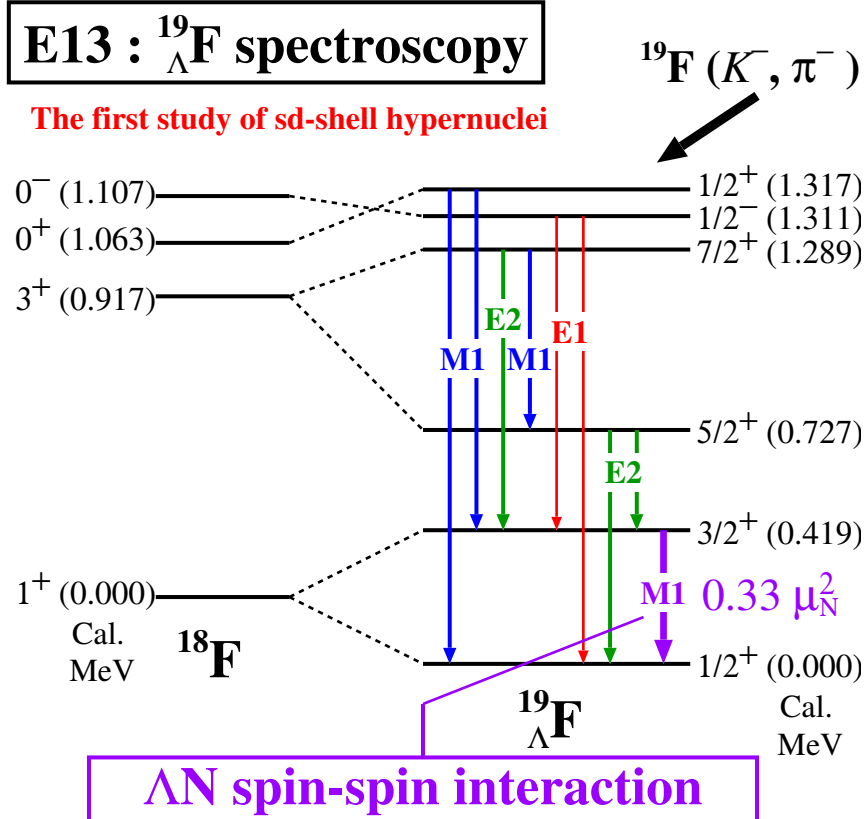
$$B(\text{M1}; 3/2^+ \rightarrow 1/2^+_{\text{g.s.}}) = 0.33 \mu_N^2$$

However the cross section of  $3/2^+$  states is the small value of

$$d\sigma/d\Omega = 0.29 \mu\text{b/sr}$$

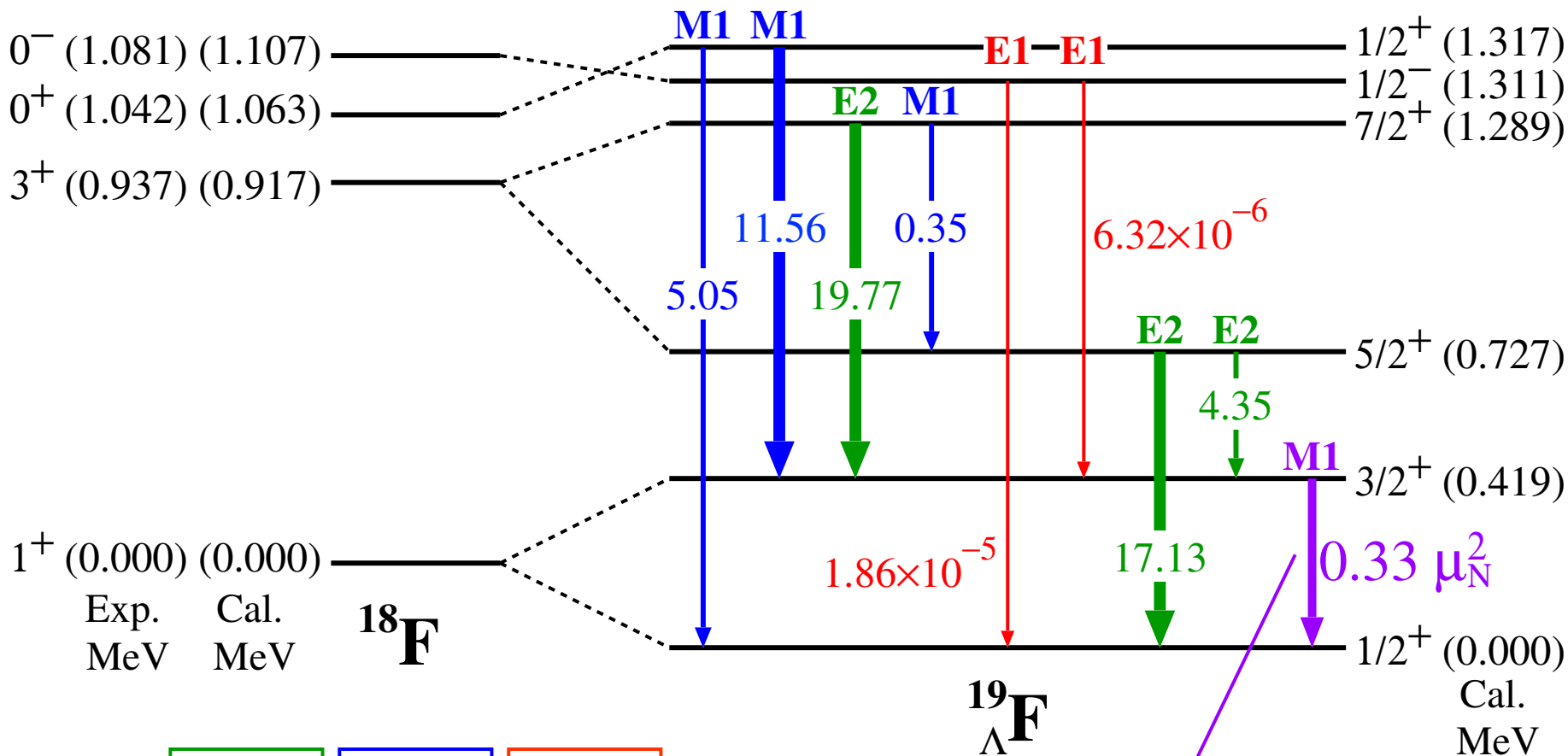
in  ${}^{19}\text{F}(K^-, \pi^-){}^{19}_{\Lambda}\text{F}$  with

$$p_K = 1.80 \text{ GeV}/c \text{ and } \theta^{\text{Lab}} = 6^\circ.$$



**E13 :  $^{19}_{\Lambda}\text{F}$  spectroscopy** (Shell-model calculation)

The first study of sd-shell hypernuclei

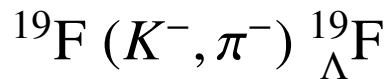


$B(E2)$ $e^2 \text{ fm}^4$	$B(M1)$ $\mu_N^2$	$B(E1)$ $e^2 \text{ fm}^2$
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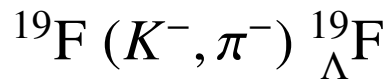
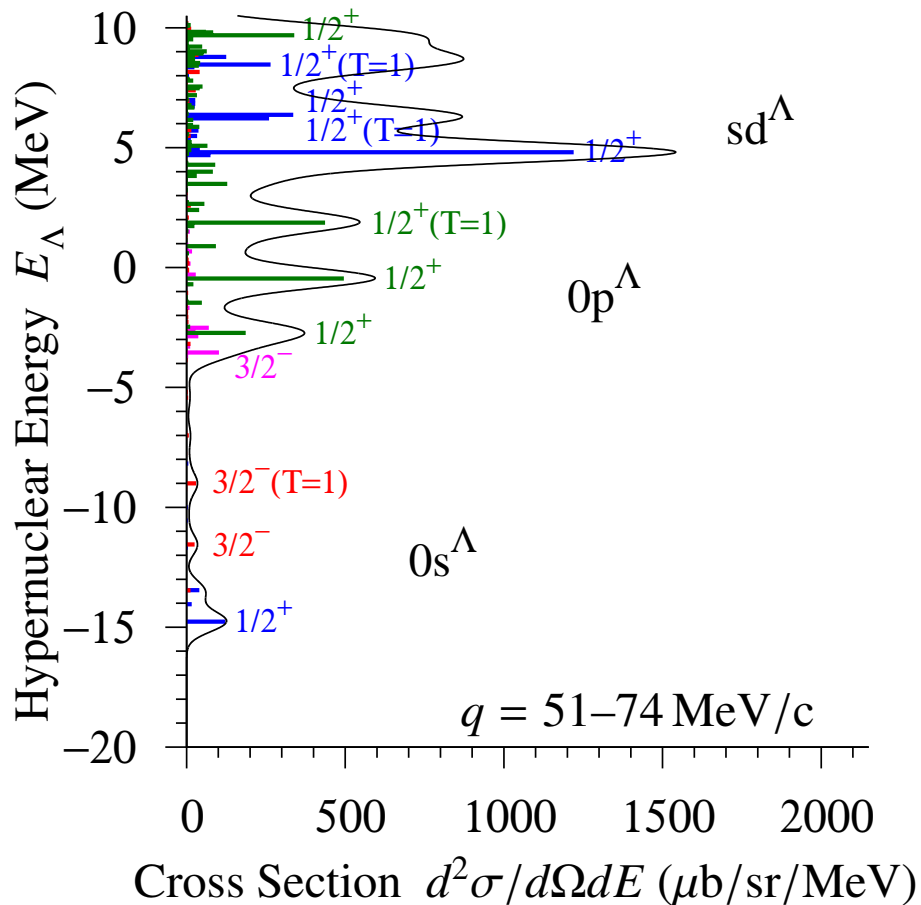
$\Lambda\text{N}$  spin-spin interaction

# Backup

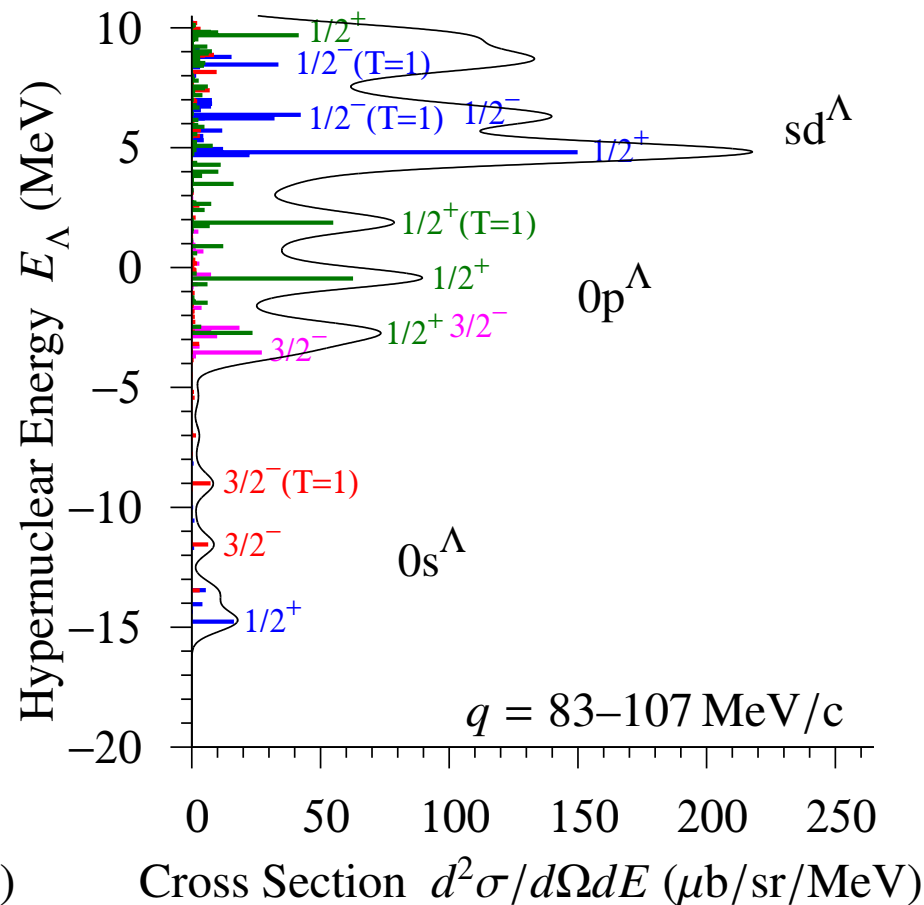
### Cross sections of $^{19}\text{F}(K^-, \pi^-)$ at different incident momenta (a)



$p_K = 0.80 \text{ GeV}/c, \theta^{\text{Lab}} = 2^\circ$

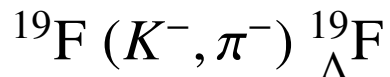


$p_K = 1.10 \text{ GeV}/c, \theta^{\text{Lab}} = 2^\circ$

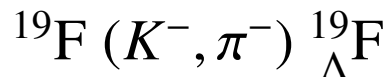
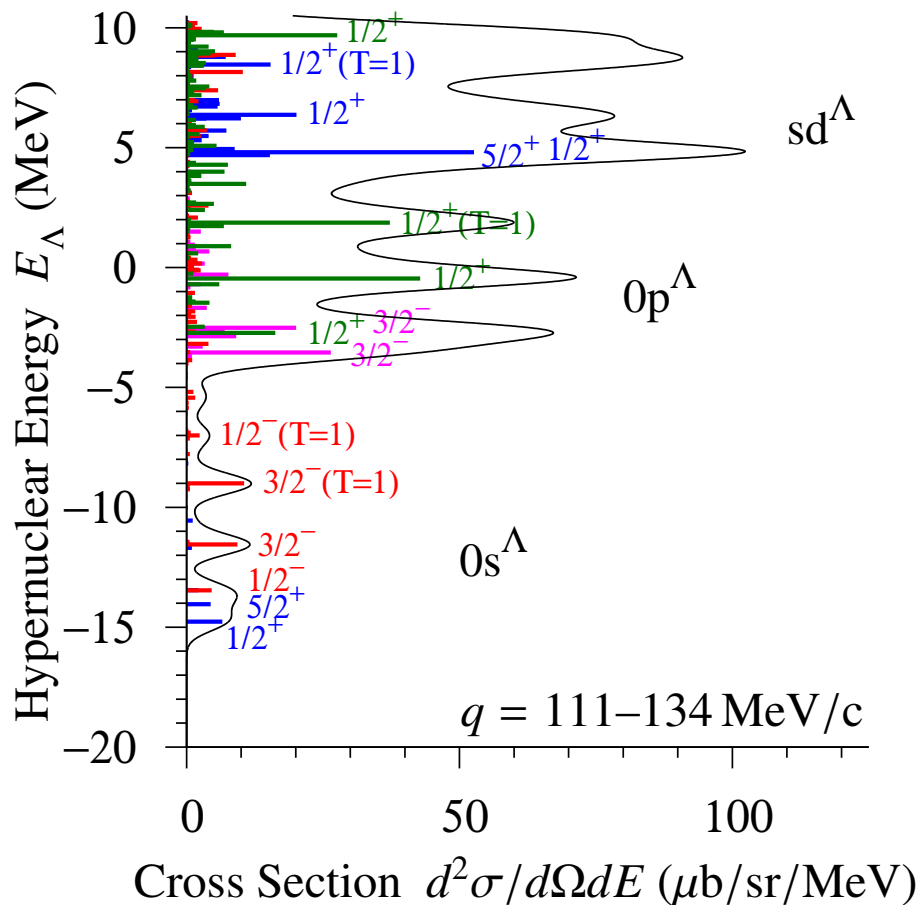


■ :  $J_{\text{core}}^+ \otimes j_{\Lambda}^+$ , 
 ■ :  $J_{\text{core}}^+ \otimes j_{\Lambda}^-$ , 
 ■ :  $J_{\text{core}}^- \otimes j_{\Lambda}^+$ , 
 ■ :  $J_{\text{core}}^- \otimes j_{\Lambda}^-$

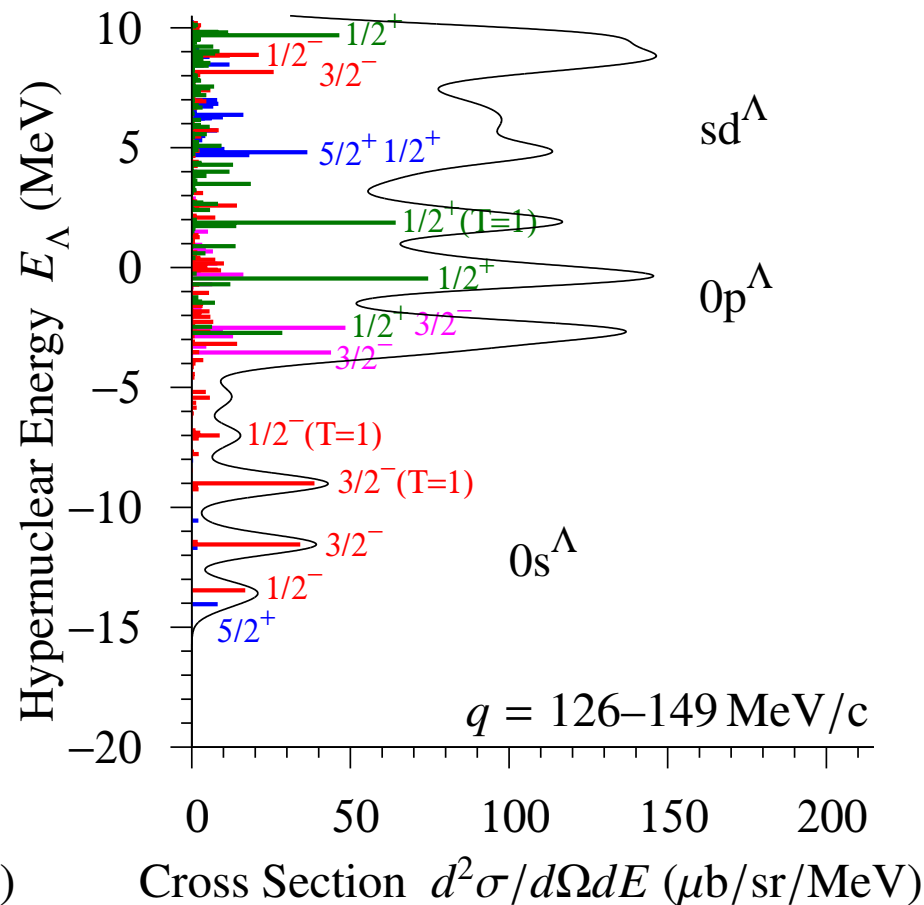
### Cross sections of $^{19}\text{F}(K^-, \pi^-)$ at different incident momenta (b)



$p_K = 1.50 \text{ GeV}/c, \theta^{\text{Lab}} = 2^\circ$



$p_K = 1.80 \text{ GeV}/c, \theta^{\text{Lab}} = 2^\circ$



■ :  $J_{\text{core}}^+ \otimes j_{\Lambda}^+$ , 
 ■ :  $J_{\text{core}}^+ \otimes j_{\Lambda}^-$ , 
 ■ :  $J_{\text{core}}^- \otimes j_{\Lambda}^+$ , 
 ■ :  $J_{\text{core}}^- \otimes j_{\Lambda}^-$

Cross section of  $^{19}\text{F}(\gamma, K^+)$ 