



東北大学

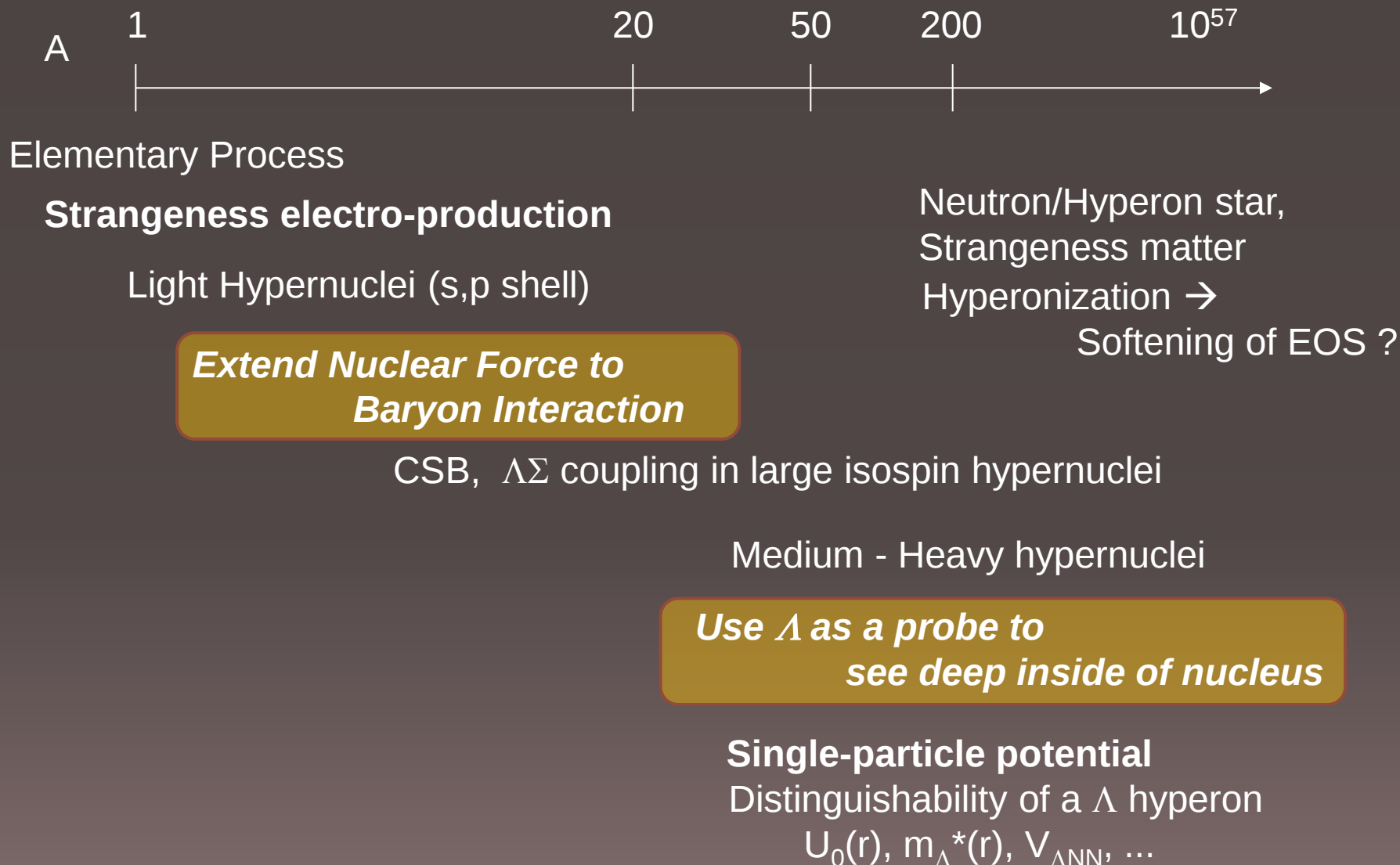
Workshop on J-PARC hadron physics in 2014
10th February 2014

Satoshi N Nakamura, Tohoku University

Hypernucleus experiments at Mainz and JLab



Objectives --- Hypernuclear Physics



Production and Decay spectroscopies

Production of Hypernuclei

s-quark exchange
s,sbar pair creation

(K, π) @ J-PARC, DAΦNE

(π ,K) @ J-PARC

(e,e'K) @ JLab, MAMI-C

RI /pbar beam @ GSI, FAIR

$\tau \sim 200$ ps

Decay of Hypernuclei

(e,Kn) possibility discussion

(K, $\pi\gamma$) @ J-PARC

(e,K π) @ MAMI-C, JLab

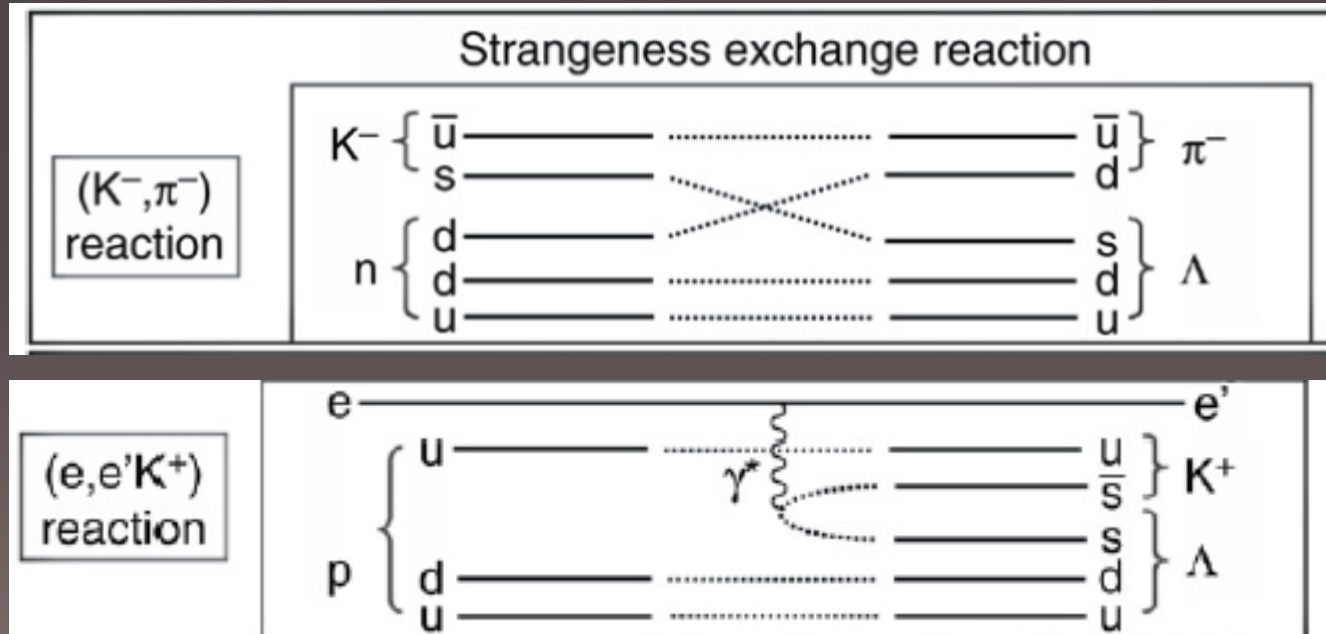
Auger nucleon emission
 γ -decay
Weak decay

Production of Hypernuclei

s-quark exchange
s,sbar pair creation

(K^-, π^-)

$(\pi^+, K^+), (e, e'K^+)$



Characteristics of (e,e'K) HY study

- Electromagnetic production

- Convert Proton to Lambda :

 - Mirror to well studied HY by (π, K) , (K, π)

 - Absolute energy calibration with Λ and Σ^0 masses

- High quality primary beam

 - High energy resolution ($< 1\text{MeV}$)

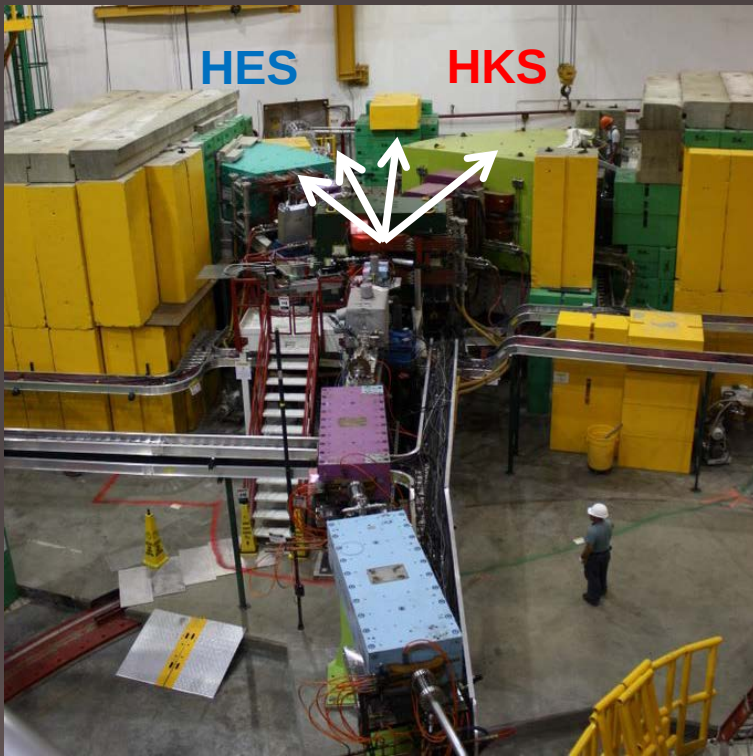
 - Thin enriched target

Challenge of (e,e'K) HY Study

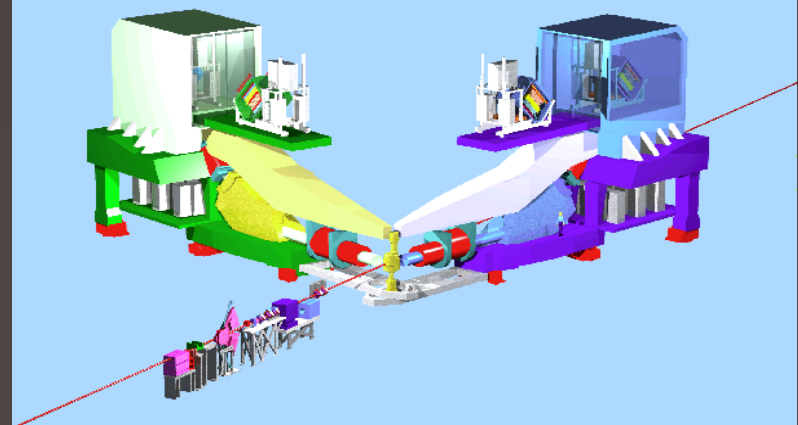
- Huge e' Background due to
Bremsstrahlung and Møller scattering
Signal/Noise, Detector
- Less Hypernuclear Cross Section
- Coincidence Measurement (e', K⁺)
Limited Statistics
DC beam is necessary

High Quality Electron Beam is Essential !

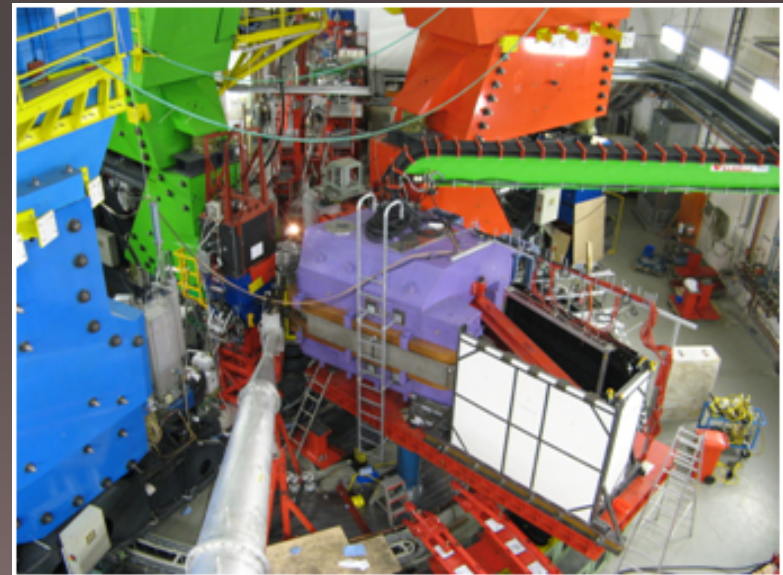
Facilities for $(e,e'K^+)$ HY study



JLab Hall-C
HNSS (2000)
HKS (2005)
HKS+HES (2009)



JLab Hall-A HRS+HRS (2004)



Mainz MAMI-C A1 KaoS (2008-)

(e,e'K) HY study at Jlab Hall C

2000~2009

E89-009, E01-011, E05-115 (Hall C)

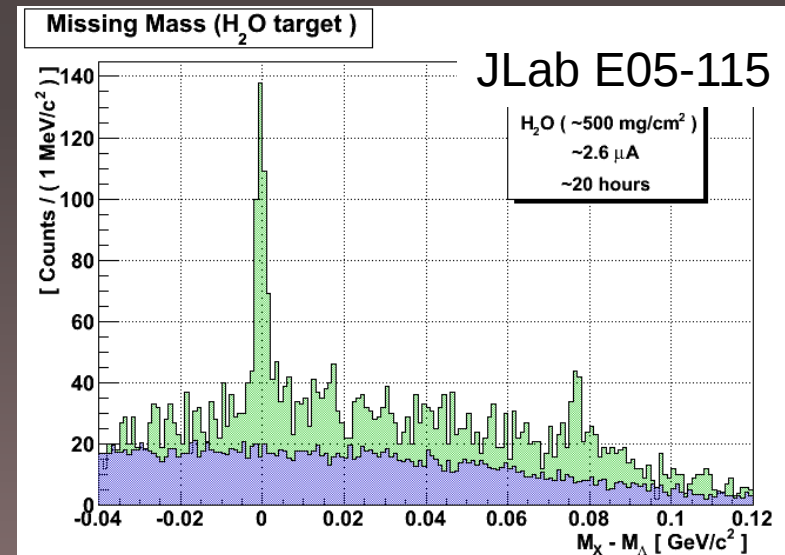
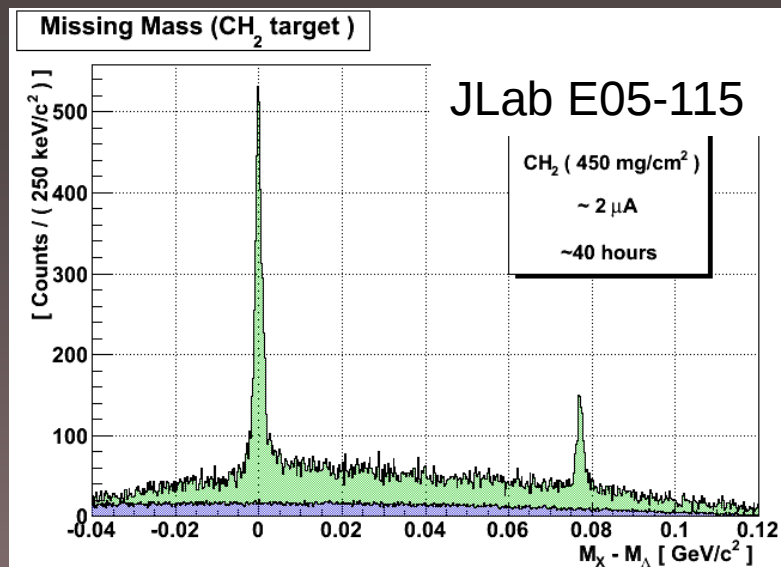
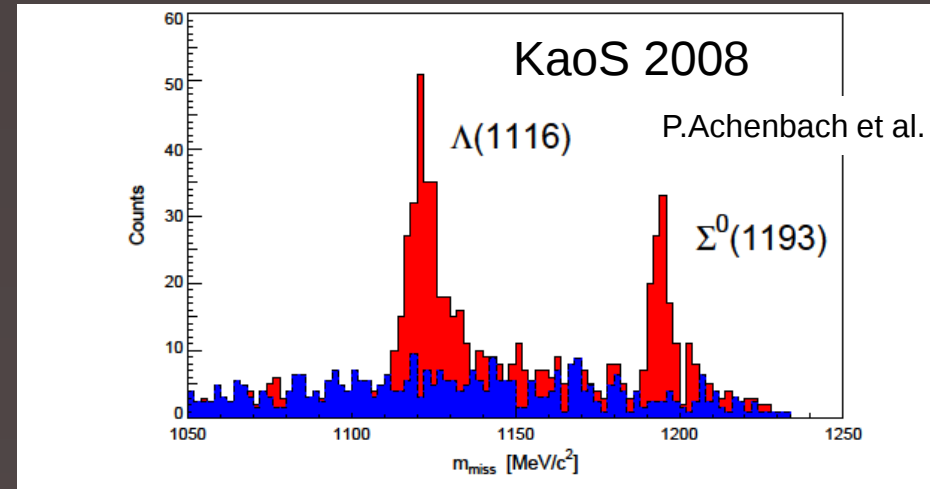
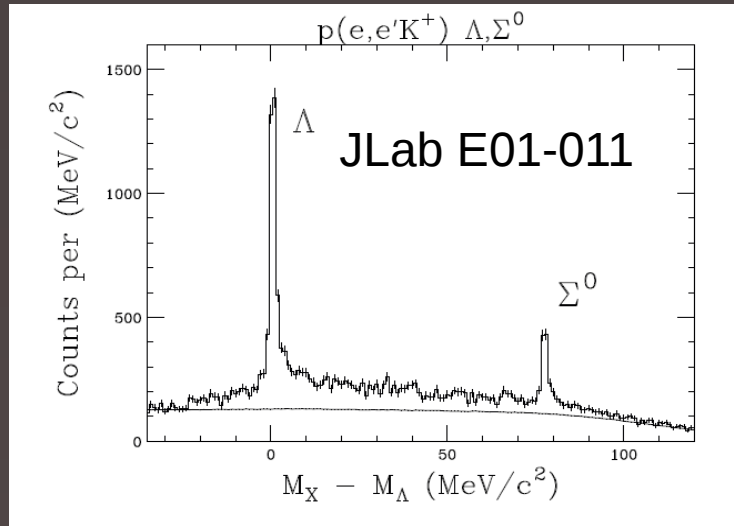
Wide mass range hypernuclear spectroscopy (${}^7_{\Lambda}\text{He} \sim {}^{52}_{\Lambda}\text{V}$)



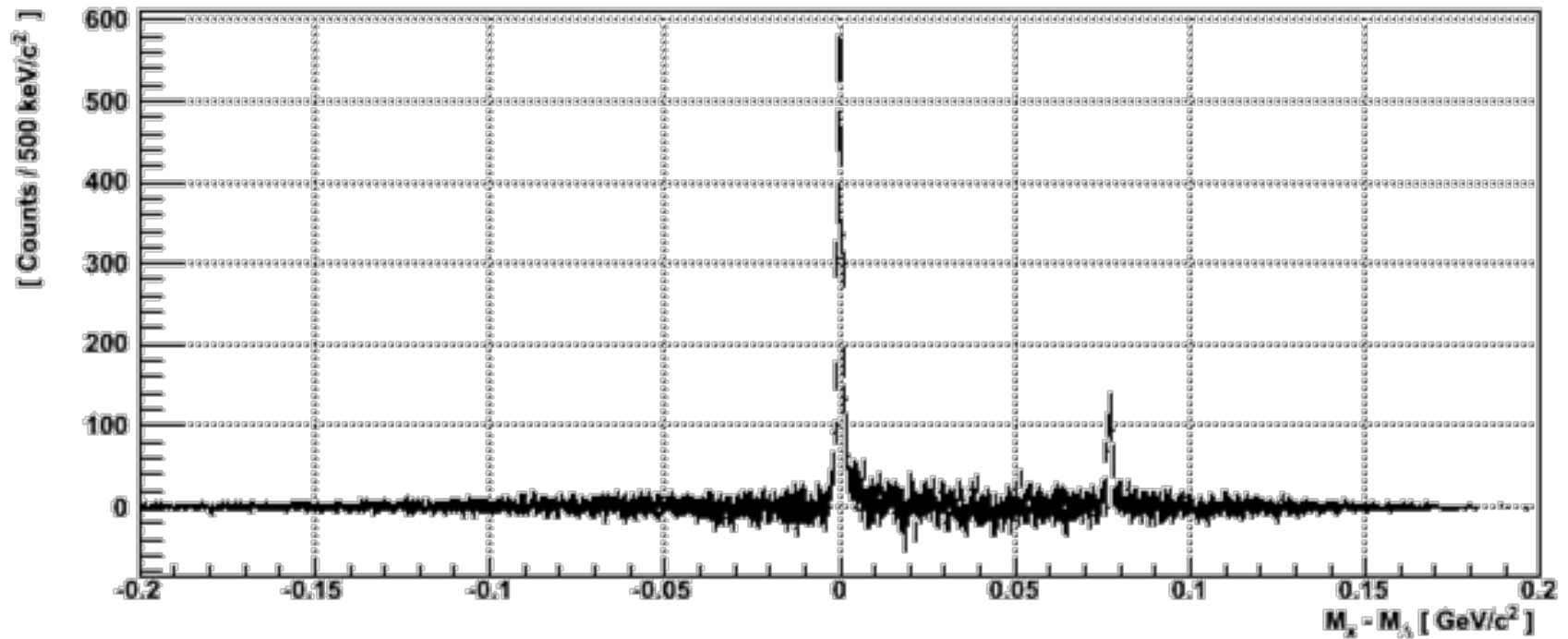
New HKS+HES
spectrometers

Tilt method
suppress electron
background
by >10000

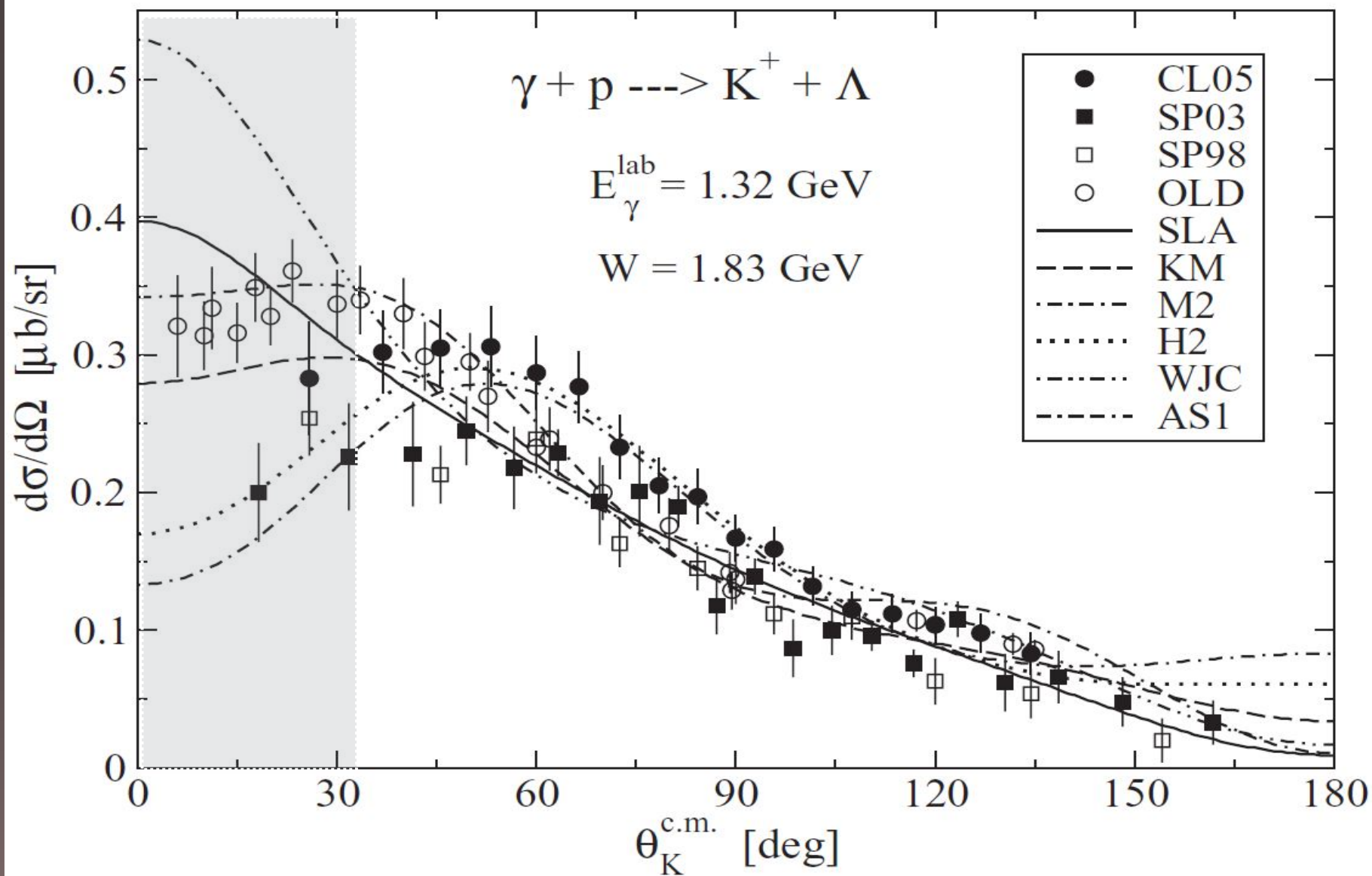
$p(e,e'K^+)\Lambda, \Sigma^0$: Elementary Process



E05-115 Λ & Σ^0 after BG subtraction

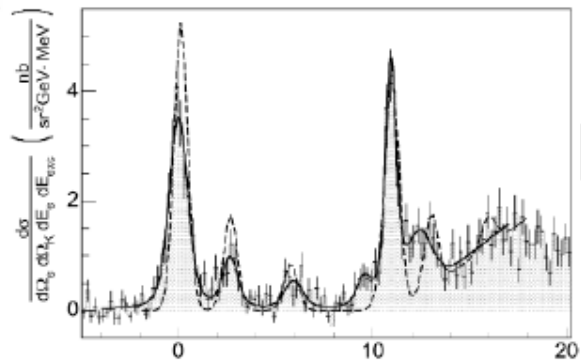
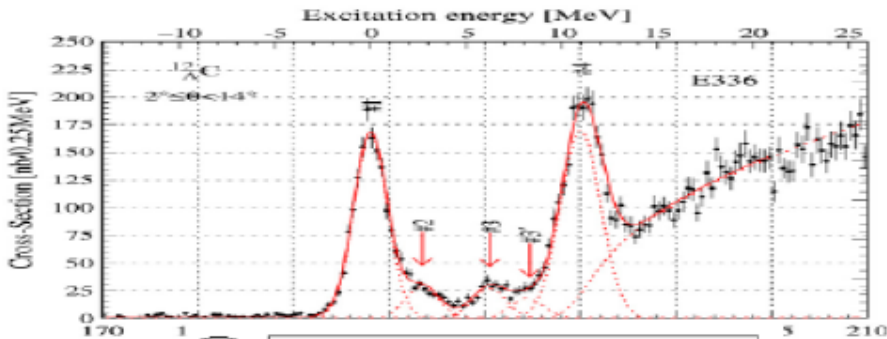


$K^+\Lambda$ production at forward angles



$^{12}\text{C}(\pi^+, \text{K}^+)^{12}_{\Lambda}\text{C}$ @ KEK-PS

$^{12}\text{C}(e, e'\text{K}^+)^{12}_{\Lambda}\text{B}$ @ JLab Hall A & C



Hall A

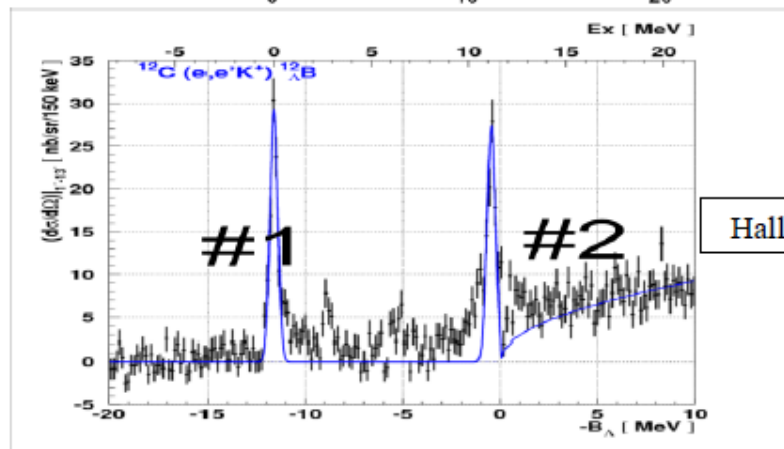
Resolution ~ 2MeV

Excitation energy
(gs energy from emulsion)

Resolution ~ 0.65MeV

Resolution ~ 0.5MeV

Absolute binding energy



Hall C

Experiment	s_{Λ}		p_{Λ}	
	$Ex(-B_{\Lambda})$ [MeV] $\pm$ (stat.) $\pm$ (sys.)	Width [MeV] $\pm$ (stat.)	$Ex(-B_{\Lambda})$ [MeV] $\pm$ (stat.) $\pm$ (sys.)	Width [MeV] $\pm$ (stat.)
E01-011	0 (-11.40 $\pm$ 0.01 $\pm$ 0.14)	0.61 $\pm$ 0.05	11.05 $\pm$ 0.01 $\pm$ 0.19 (-0.41 $\pm$ 0.01 $\pm$ 0.13)	0.87 $\pm$ 0.13
E89-009 [25, 26, 66]	0 (-11.52 $\pm$ 0.35)	0.75	(-0.49 $\pm$ 0.16)	N/A
E94-107 [64]	0	1.15 $\pm$ 0.18	10.93 $\pm$ 0.03	0.67 $\pm$ 0.15

$^{12}_{\Lambda}\text{B}$ emulsion data

Nuclear Physics B52 (1973) 1–30.

A NEW DETERMINATION OF THE BINDING-ENERGY VALUES
OF THE LIGHT HYPERNUCLEI ($A \leq 15$)

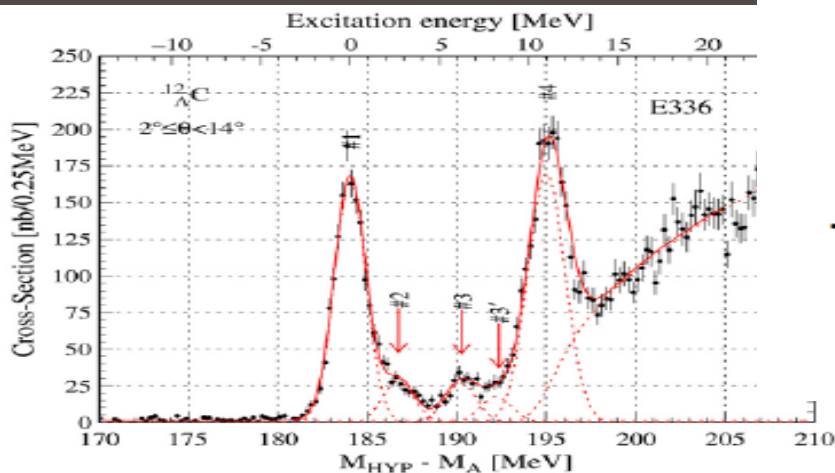
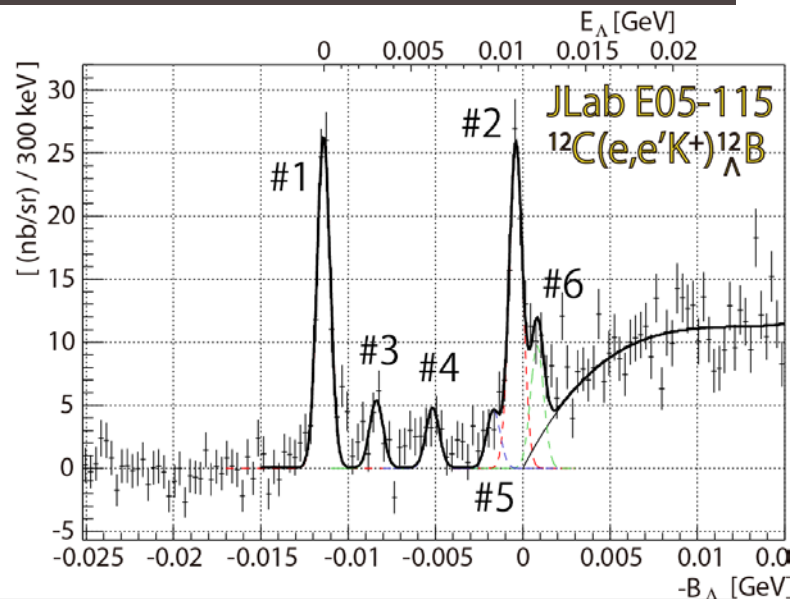
(# of events)			
$^{12}_{\Lambda}\text{B}$	$\pi^- + {}^4\text{He} + {}^4\text{He} + {}^4\text{He}$	61	11.45 ± 0.07

$B_{\Lambda} (^{12}_{\Lambda}\text{Bg.s.}) = 11.45 \pm 0.07 \text{ MeV}$ Emulsion Result (M.Juric et al.)

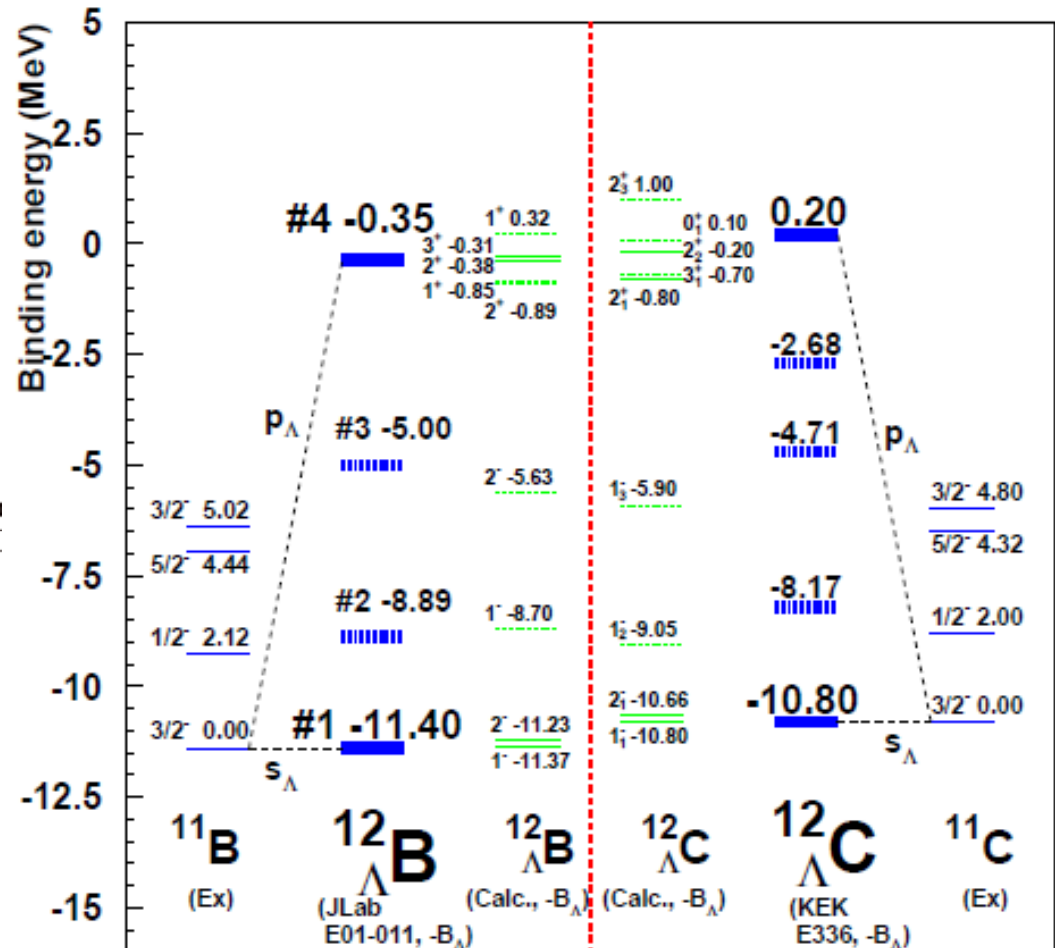
$B_{\Lambda} (^{12}_{\Lambda}\text{Bg.s.}) = 11.40 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.14 \text{ MeV}$ (E01-011 Preliminary)

Totally independent measurement

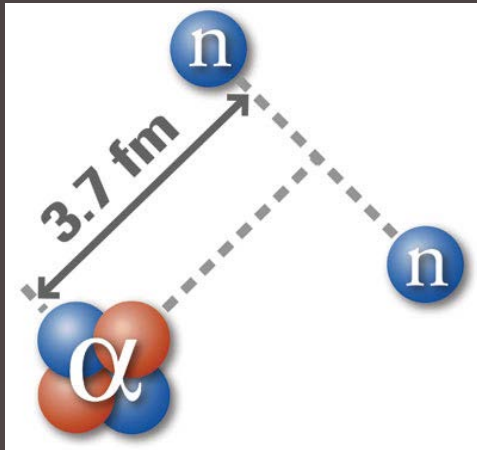
$^{12}\text{C}(e,e'\text{K}^+)^{12}_{\Lambda}\text{B}$, $^{12}\text{C}(\pi^+, \text{K}^+)^{12}_{\Lambda}\text{C}$



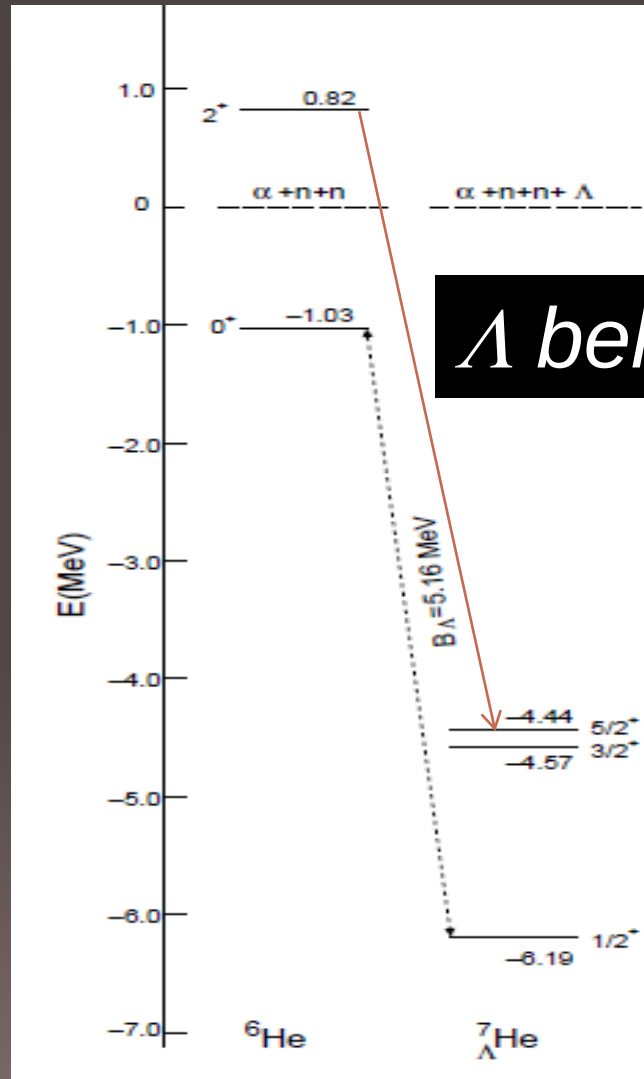
Level schemes of $^{12}_{\Lambda}\text{B}$, $^{12}_{\Lambda}\text{C}$ and their core nuclei



$${}^7_{\Lambda}\text{He} = {}^6\text{He} + \Lambda$$



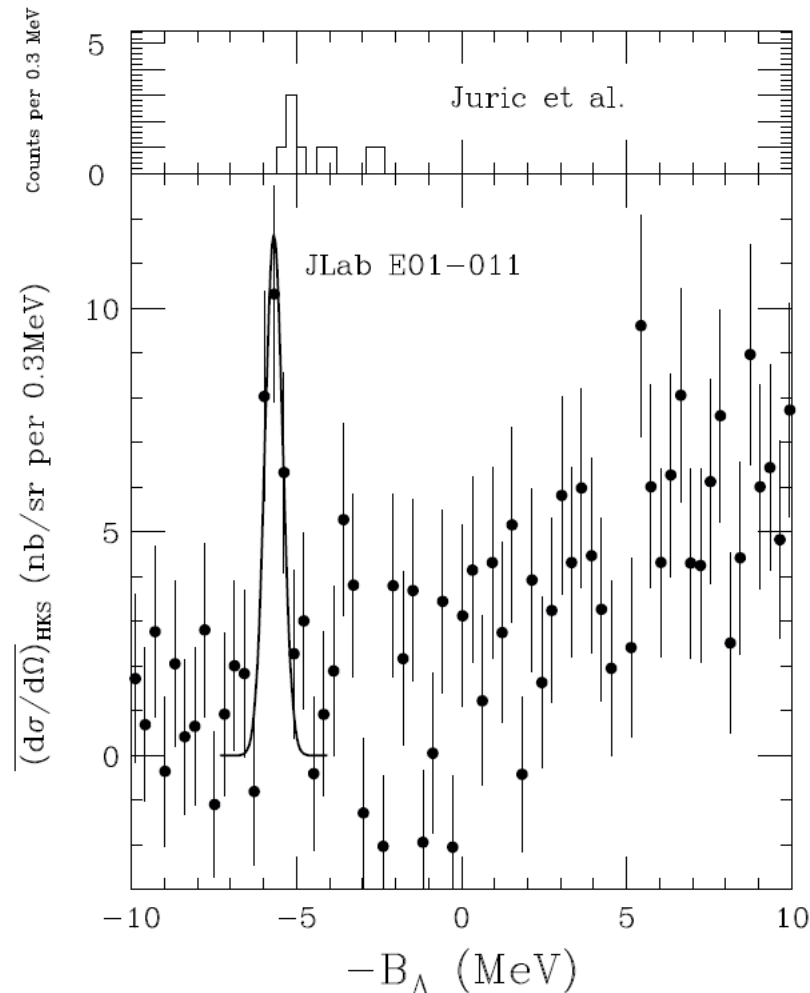
${}^6\text{He}$: 2n halo



Λ behaves like glue

${}^7\text{Li}(e,e'\text{K}^+){}^7_{\Lambda}\text{He}$

First reliable observation of ${}^7_{\Lambda}\text{He}$ w/ good statistics



FWHM 0.63 MeV

M.Juric et al. *NP B52* (1973) 1

$$-B_{\Lambda} = -5.68 \pm 0.03(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.25(\text{sys.}) \text{ MeV},$$
$$\left(\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}\right)_{\text{HKS}} = 26 \pm 5.1(\text{stat.}) \pm 9.9(\text{sys.}) \text{ nb/sr},$$

Last missing information of
A=7 hypernuclear iso-triplet

E01-011, *PRL* **110** (2013) 012502.

E01-011(HKS) 90 counts
E05-115(HKS-HES) >500 counts

unbound ${}^6\text{He}$ excited state + Λ =
bound ${}^7_{\Lambda}\text{He}$ excited state

B_{Λ} of light hypermultiplets

${}^4_{\Lambda}\text{H}$ $B_{\Lambda}({}^4_{\Lambda}\text{H}) = 2.04 \pm 0.04 \text{ MeV}$ 67 events



${}^4_{\Lambda}\text{He}$ $B_{\Lambda}({}^4_{\Lambda}\text{He}) = 2.39 \pm 0.03 \text{ MeV}$ 98 events



${}^7_{\Lambda}\text{He}$

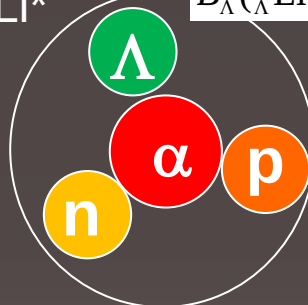
So far NO B_{Λ} data



${}^7_{\Lambda}\text{Li}^*$

$B_{\Lambda}({}^7_{\Lambda}\text{Li}^*) = 5.26 \pm 0.03 \text{ MeV}$

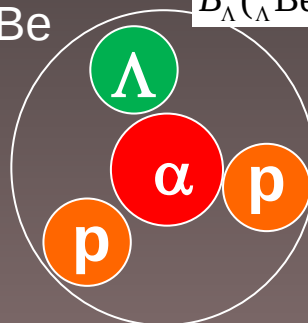
167 events



${}^7_{\Lambda}\text{Be}$

$B_{\Lambda}({}^7_{\Lambda}\text{Be}) = 5.16 \pm 0.08 \text{ MeV}$

15 events



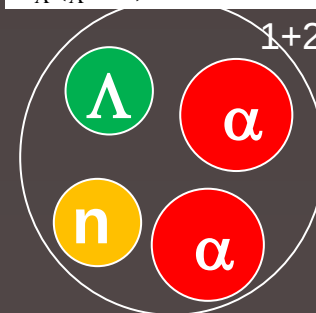
Exp. Data : Emulsion

Nuclear Physics B52 (1973) 1-30.

${}^{10}_{\Lambda}\text{Be}$

$B_{\Lambda}({}^7_{\Lambda}\text{Li}^*) = 9.11 \pm 0.22 \text{ MeV}$

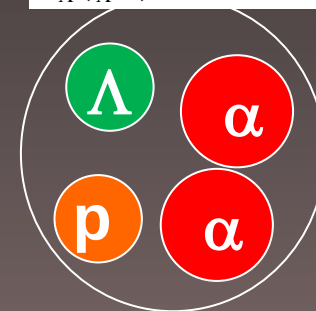
1+2 events



${}^{10}_{\Lambda}\text{B}$

$B_{\Lambda}({}^{10}_{\Lambda}\text{B}) = 8.89 \pm 0.12 \text{ MeV}$

10 events



Experimental B_{Λ} $\rightarrow$ Δ_{CSB}

Hiyama et al. PRC80.054321
PTP 128 (2012) 105.

A=7 Hypernuclear iso-triplet

$$B_{\Lambda}(\text{w/CSB}) = 5.16 \text{ MeV}$$

$$B_{\Lambda}({}_{\Lambda}^7\text{Be}, 1/2^+) = 5.16 \pm 0.08 \text{ MeV}$$

$$B_{\Lambda}({}_{\Lambda}^7\text{Li}^*, 1/2^+) = 5.26 \pm 0.03 \text{ MeV}$$

$$B_{\Lambda}(\text{calc}) = 5.21 \text{ MeV}$$

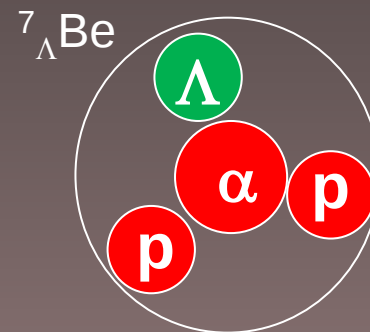
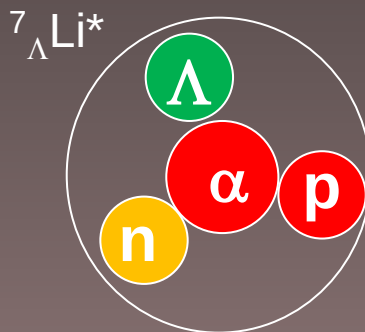
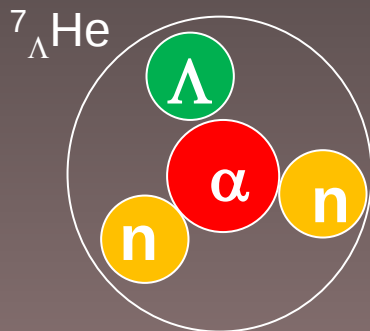
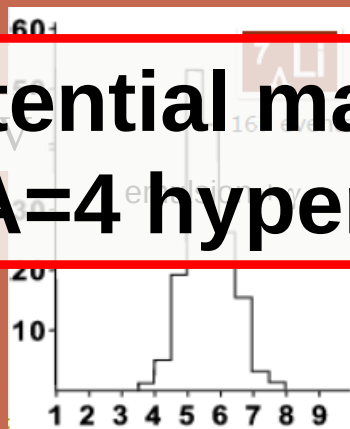
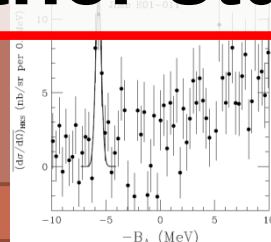
$$B_{\Lambda}(\text{calc}) = 5.36 \text{ MeV}$$

$$B_{\Lambda}(\text{calc}) = 5.28 \text{ MeV}$$

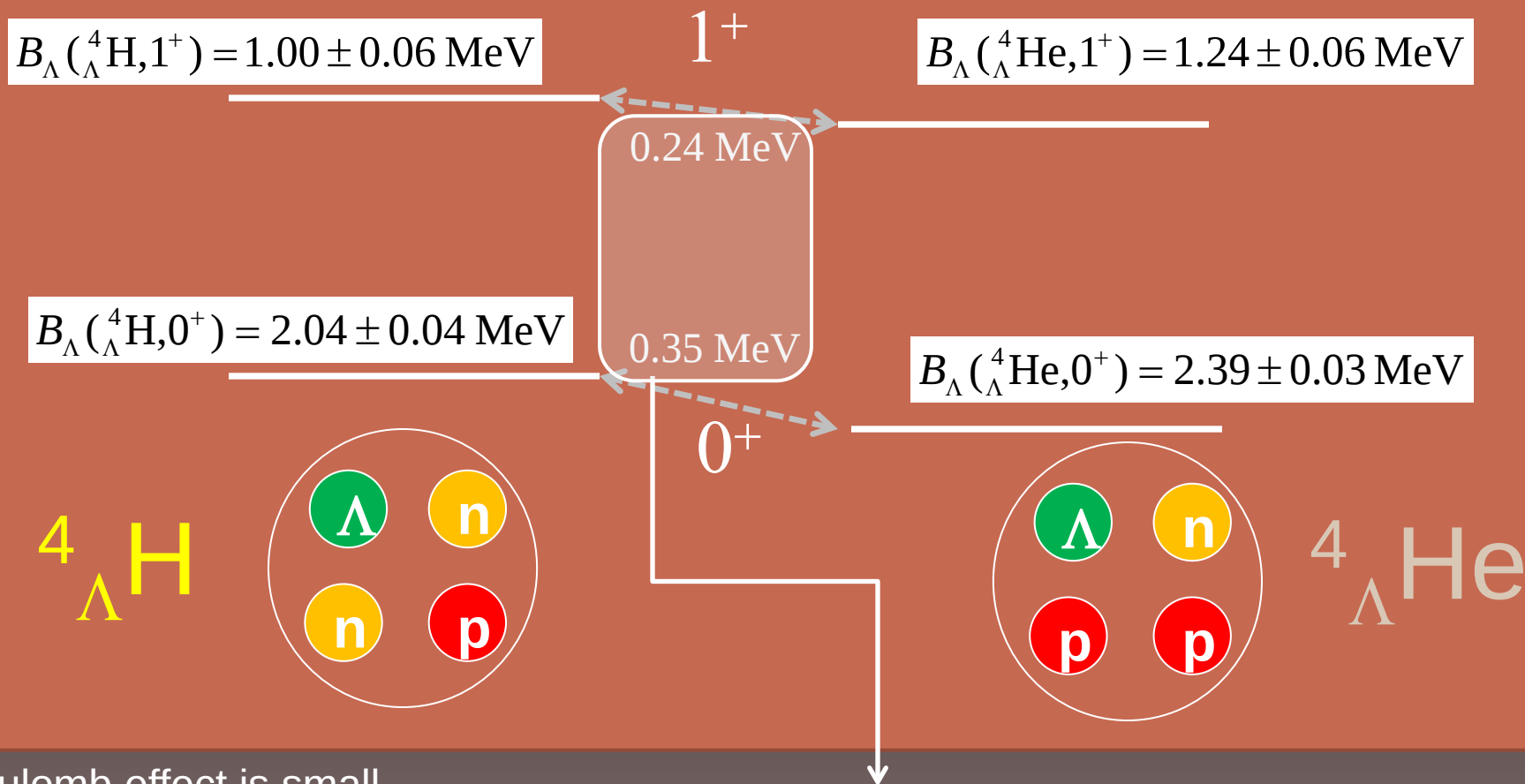
$$B_{\Lambda}(\text{w/CSB}) = 5.29 \text{ MeV}$$

$$B_{\Lambda}(\text{w/CSB}) = 5.44 \text{ MeV}$$

Assumed CSB potential may be too naïve
Further study on A=4 hypernuclear systems



Charge Symmetry Breaking Effect of ΛN interaction

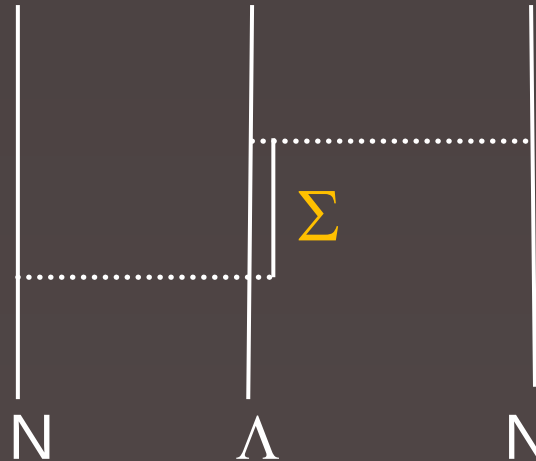


$$\begin{aligned}
 -\Delta B_c &= 0.050 \pm 0.02 \text{ MeV}, \\
 -\Delta B_c^* &= 0.025 \pm 0.015 \text{ MeV}
 \end{aligned}$$

Charge Symmetry Breaking

$$\text{cf) } B({}^3\text{H}) - B({}^3\text{He}) - \Delta B_c = 764 - 693 = 71 \text{ keV}$$

Possible origins of CSB ΛN int.



$\Lambda\Sigma$ mass difference ~ 80 MeV $<$ $N\Delta$ mass difference ~ 300 MeV

$$M(\Sigma^+) < M(\Sigma^0) < M(\Sigma^-), \quad \Delta M(\Sigma^- - \Sigma^+) \sim 8 \text{ MeV}$$

Nogga, Kamada, Glockle, PRL 88 (2002) 172501.

~~Consistent understanding of 0^+ , 1^+ of ${}^4_{\Lambda} \text{H}$, ${}^4_{\Lambda} \text{He}$~~

Phenomenological potential :

A.R.Bodmer & Q.N.Usmani, PRC 31(1985)1400.

$$V^{\text{CSB}} = -\tau_3 T_{\pi}^2 \frac{1}{8} [(0.568 \Delta B_{\Lambda} + 0.756 \Delta B_{\Lambda}^*) + (0.568 \Delta B_{\Lambda} - 0.756 \Delta B_{\Lambda}^*) \sigma_{\Lambda} \cdot \sigma_N]$$

${}^4_{\Lambda}\text{H}$, ${}^4_{\Lambda}\text{He}$ emulsion data

Nuclear Physics B52 (1973) 1–30.

A NEW DETERMINATION OF THE BINDING-ENERGY VALUES
OF THE LIGHT HYPERNUCLEI ($A \leq 15$)

Emulsion Result (M.Juric et al.)

		(# of events)	B_{Λ} (MeV)
${}^4_{\Lambda}\text{H}$	$\pi^- + {}^1\text{H} + {}^3\text{H}$	56	2.14 ± 0.07
	$\pi^- + {}^2\text{H} + {}^2\text{H}$	11	1.92 ± 0.12
	total	67	2.08 ± 0.06
${}^4_{\Lambda}\text{He}$	$\pi^- + {}^1\text{H} + {}^3\text{He}$	83	2.42 ± 0.05
	$\pi^- + {}^1\text{H} + {}^1\text{H} + {}^2\text{H}$	15	2.44 ± 0.09
	total	98	2.42 ± 0.04

$$2.14 \pm 0.07$$

$$1.92 \pm 0.12$$

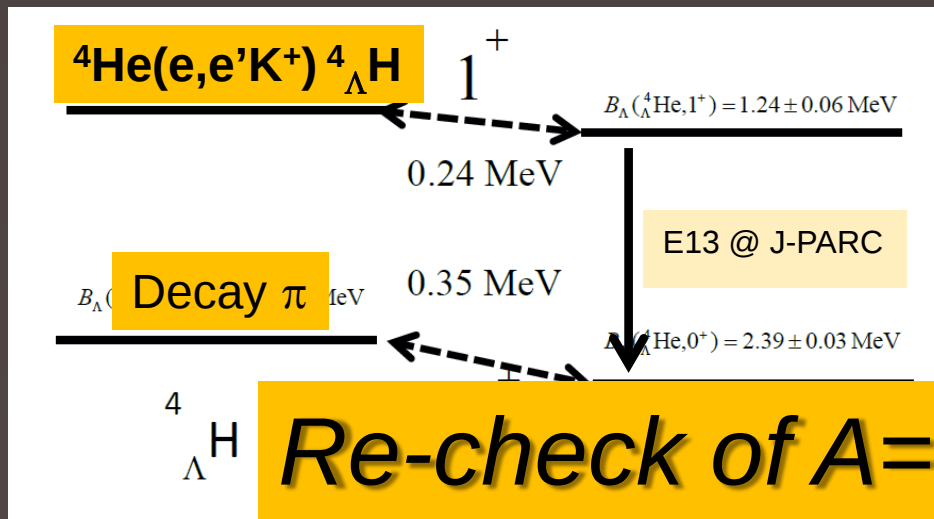


Different modes give 0.22 MeV
difference

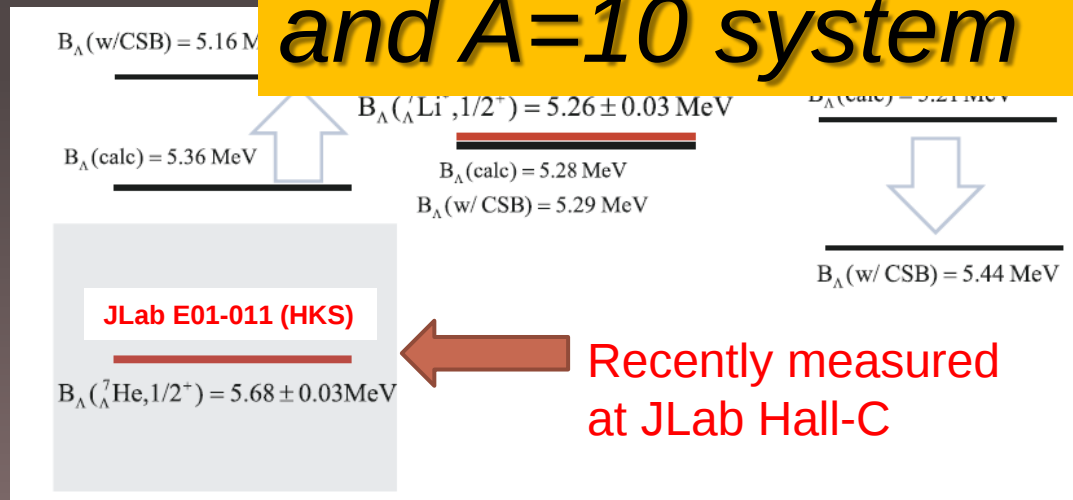
$$\Delta B_{\Lambda}({}^4_{\Lambda}\text{He} - {}^4_{\Lambda}\text{H}, 0^+) = 0.34 \pm 0.07 \text{ MeV}$$

Few-body physics with strangeness

Charge Symmetry Breaking of ΛN interaction



Re-check of $A=4$ system and $A=10$ system



Recently measured at JLab Hall-C

$A=4$, iso-doublet hypernuclei

Introduced to explain $A=4$.

Technological CSB potential

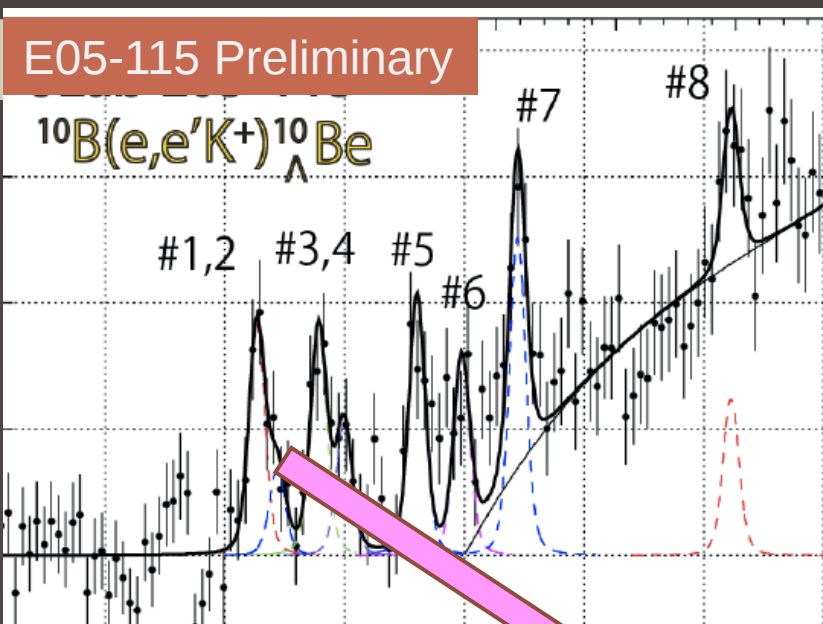
NOT necessary for $A=7$.

$A=7$, iso-triplet hypernuclei

$A=10$, iso-doublet hypernuclei?

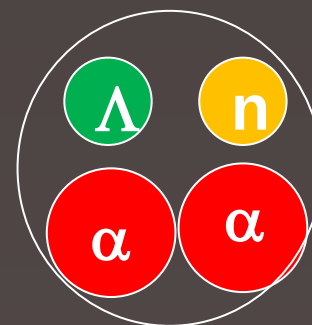
$^{10}_{\Lambda}$

E05-115 Preliminary



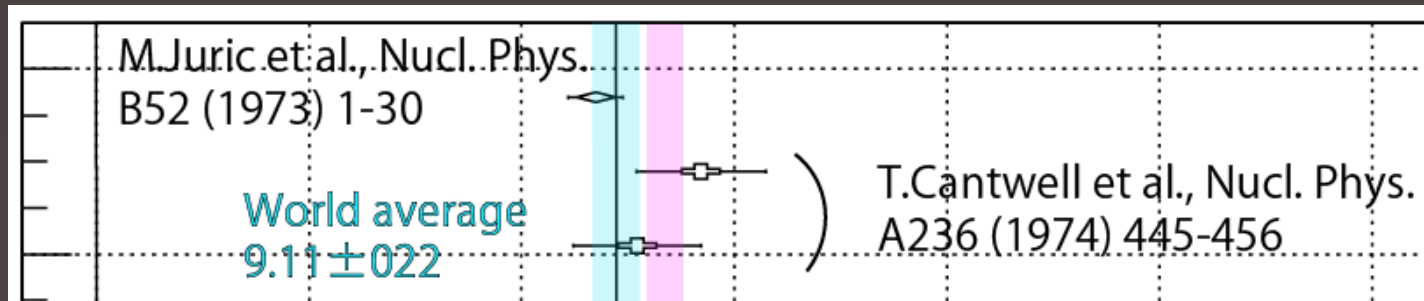
tant for CSB

$$^{10}_{\Lambda}\text{Be} = \alpha + \alpha + n + \Lambda$$

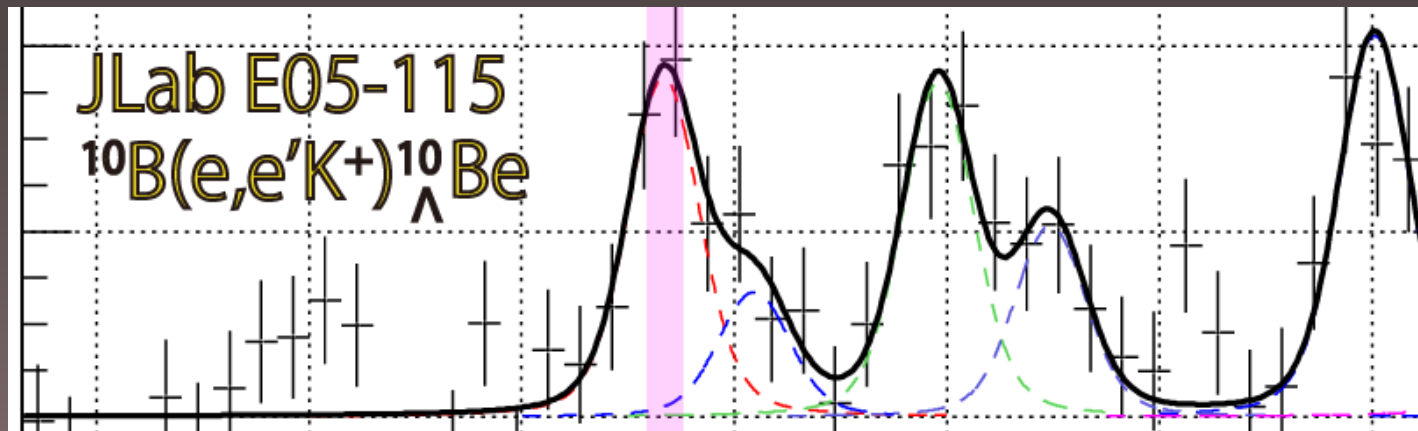


Hiyama , Yamamoto PTP 128 (2012) 105

	without CSB	with even-state CSB	with even+odd-state CSB	Exp.
$B_{\Lambda}(^7_{\Lambda}\text{He})$	5.36	5.16	5.36	$5.68 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.25$
$B_{\Lambda}(^7_{\Lambda}\text{Li})$	5.28	5.29	5.28	5.26 ± 0.03
$B_{\Lambda}(^7_{\Lambda}\text{Be})$	5.21	5.44	5.27	5.16 ± 0.08
$B_{\Lambda}(^{10}_{\Lambda}\text{Be})$	8.94	8.83	8.96	9.11 ± 0.22
$B_{\Lambda}(^{10}_{\Lambda}\text{B})$	8.76	8.85	8.74	8.89 ± 0.12
$\Delta B_{\Lambda}^{\text{cal}}$	0.18	-0.02	0.22	0.22 ± 0.25

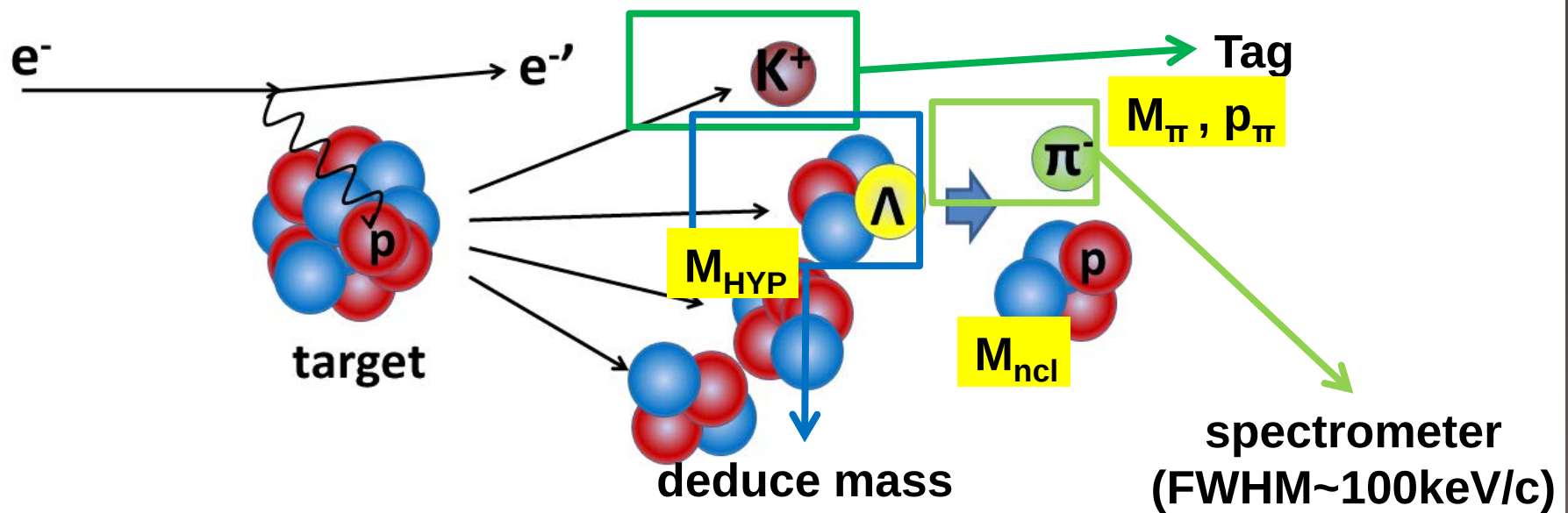


Could be compared with theoretical predictions w/ and w/o CSB.



Decay π Spectroscopy of electro-produced HY (JLab E10-001 and MAMI-C KaoS project)

Study of ${}^4_{\Lambda}\text{H}$ ground state



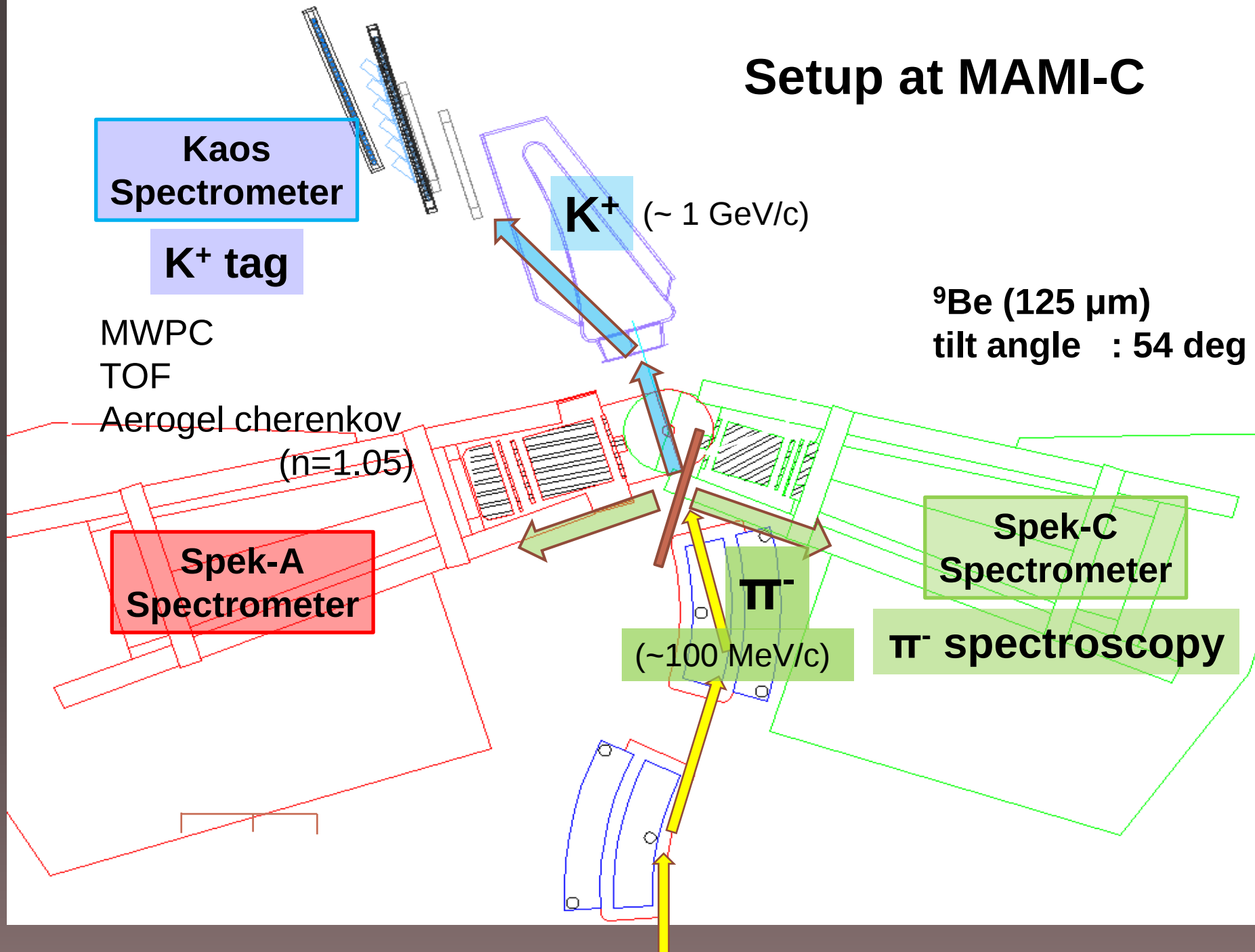
Decay Pion Spectroscopy

- High Resolution (< 150 keV, FWHM):
Precise determination of B_{Λ} (± 20 keV)
Suitable for CSB study of light hypernuclei
- Combined with (e,e'K) production:
Thin target
Neutron rich light hypernuclei (Λ N- Σ N coupling)
Neutron drip line limit (such as ${}^6_{\Lambda}\text{H}$)
- Formation of quasi-free continuum and fragmentation mechanism

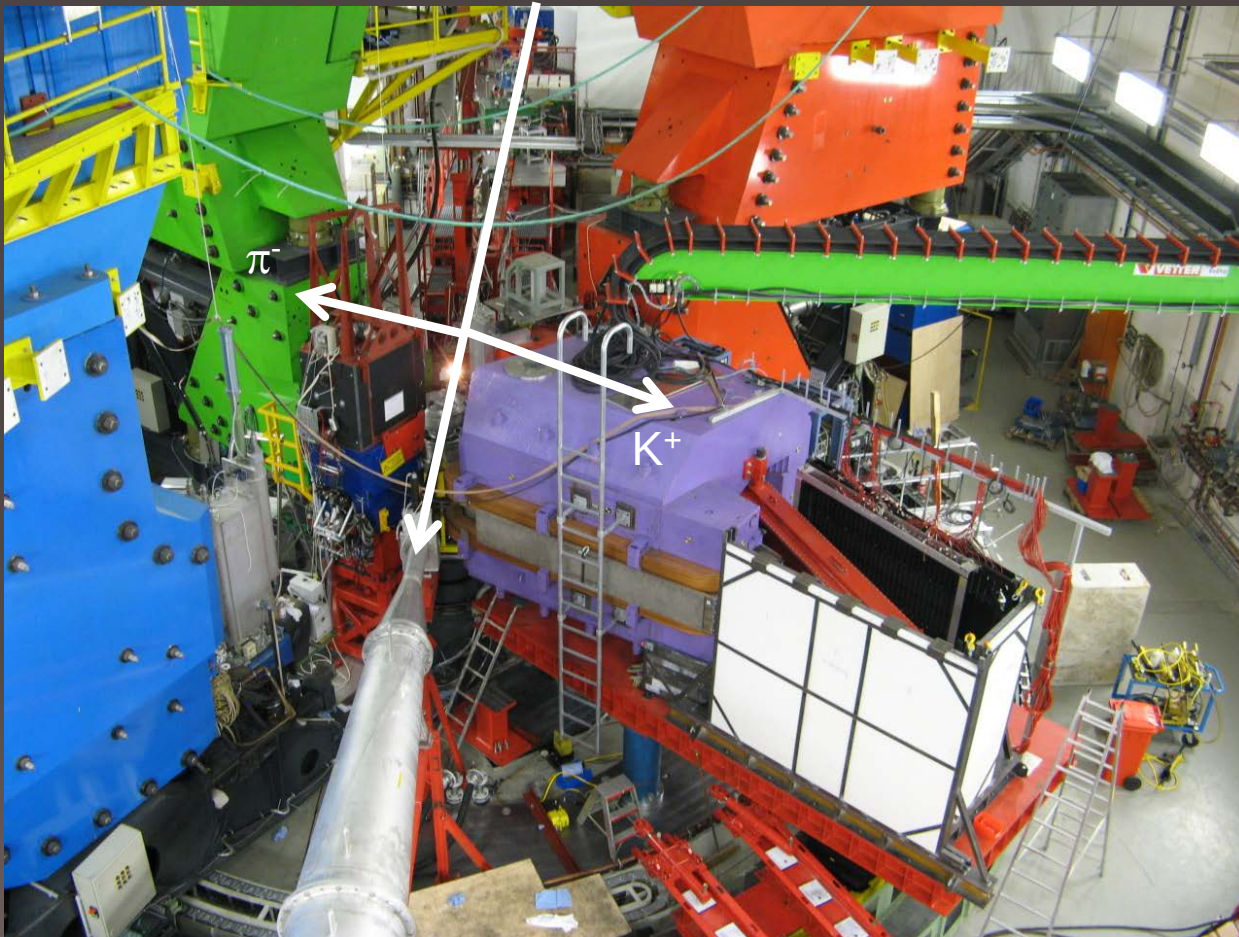
Originally proposed at JLab

Pilot experiments have started at Mainz from 2011.

Setup at MAMI-C

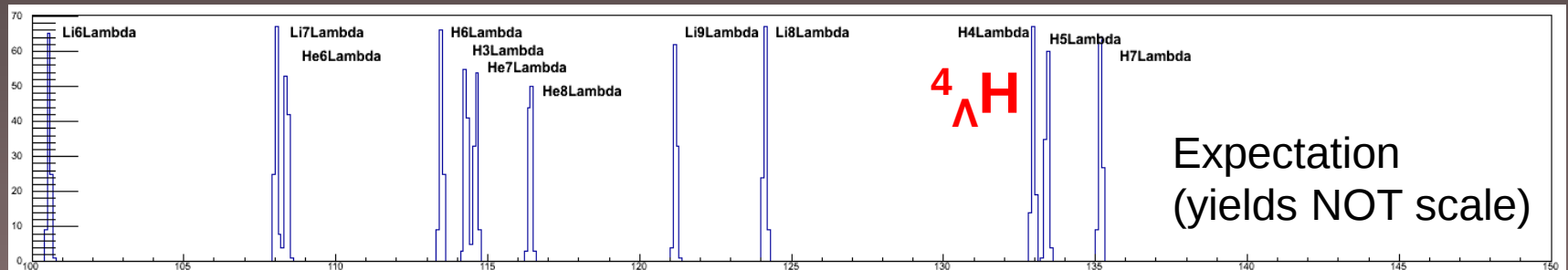
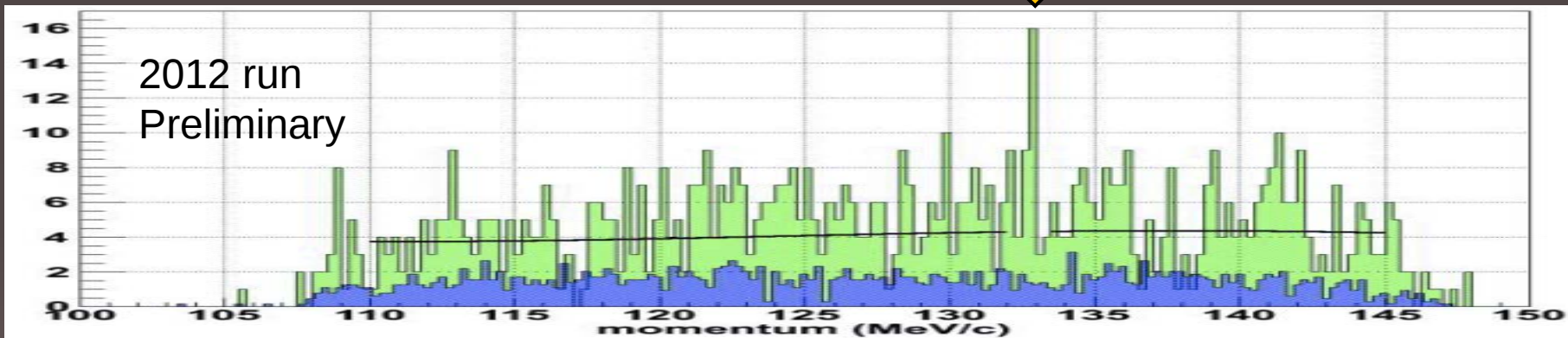
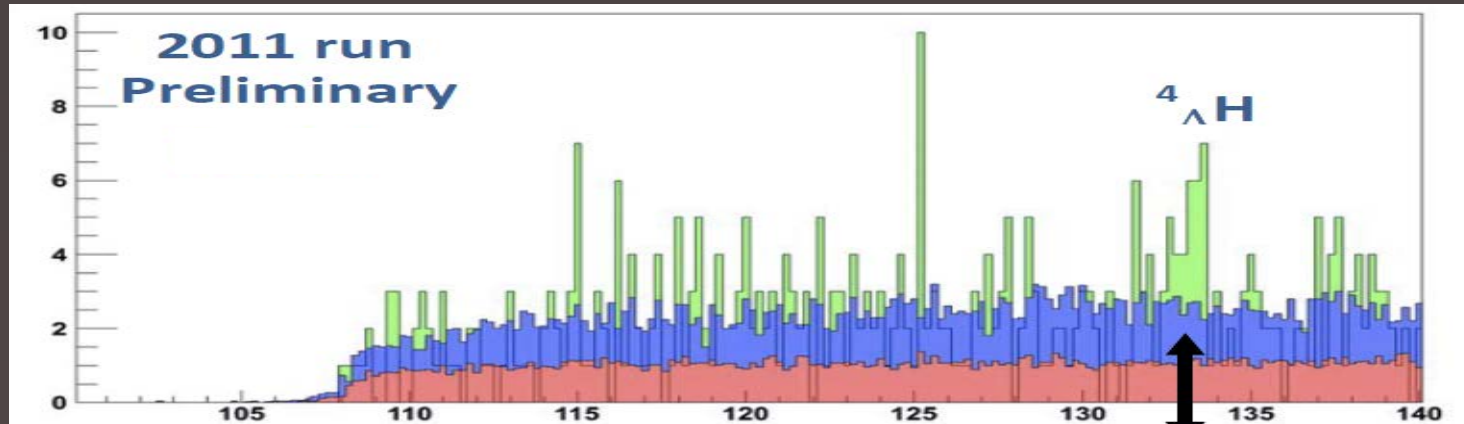


KaoS at MAMI-C (Mainz Univ.)

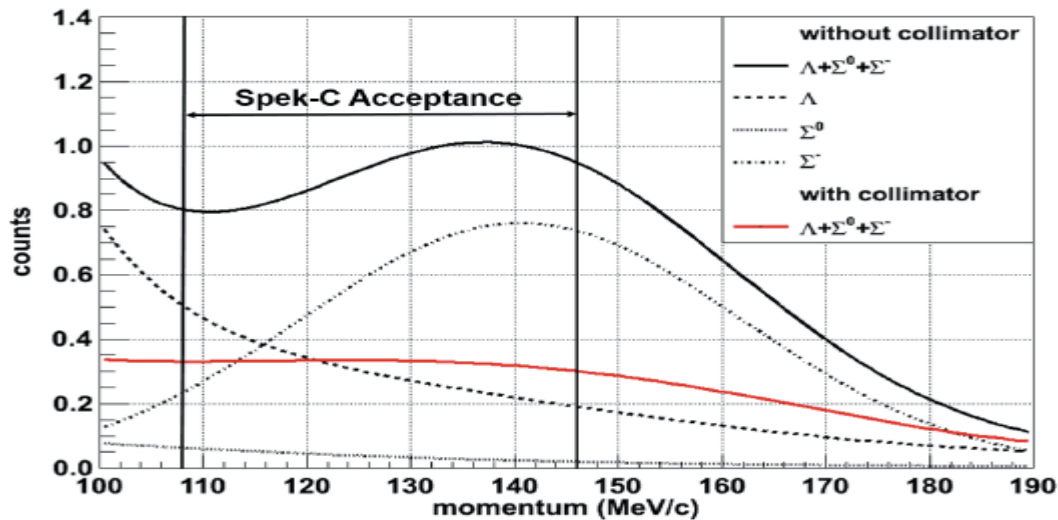
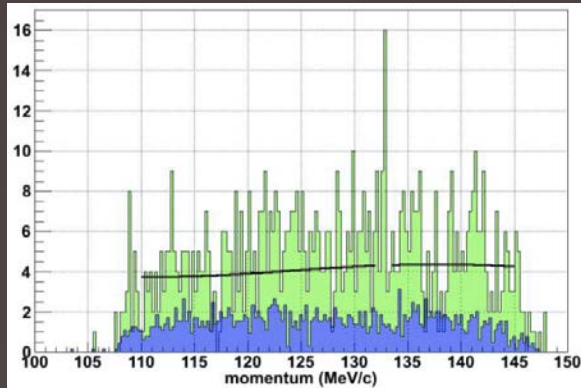


Pilot experiment
performed at MAMI-C
2011 & 2012

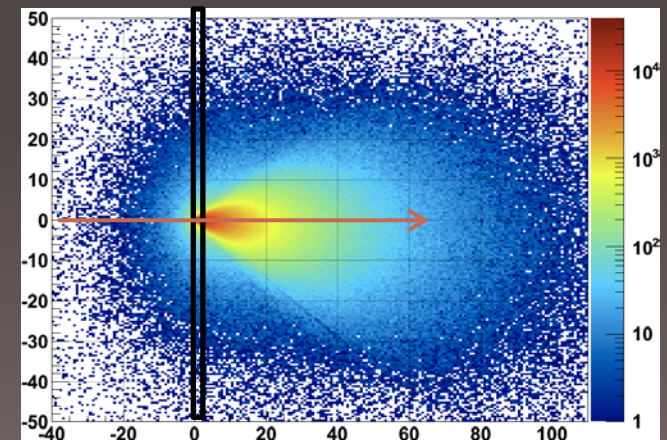
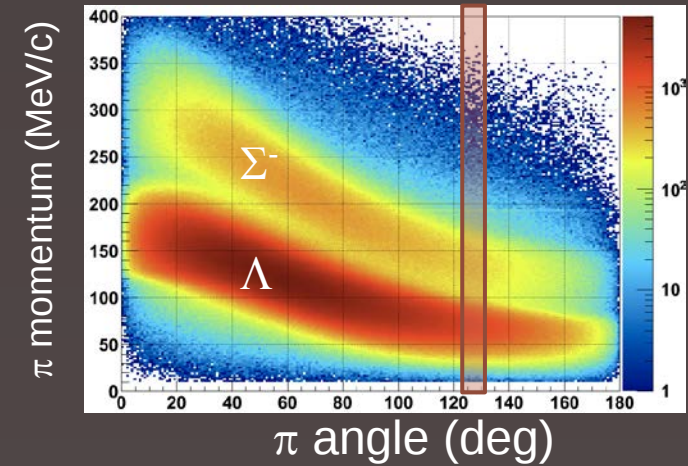
π^- spectrum tagged by K^+



Suppression of background



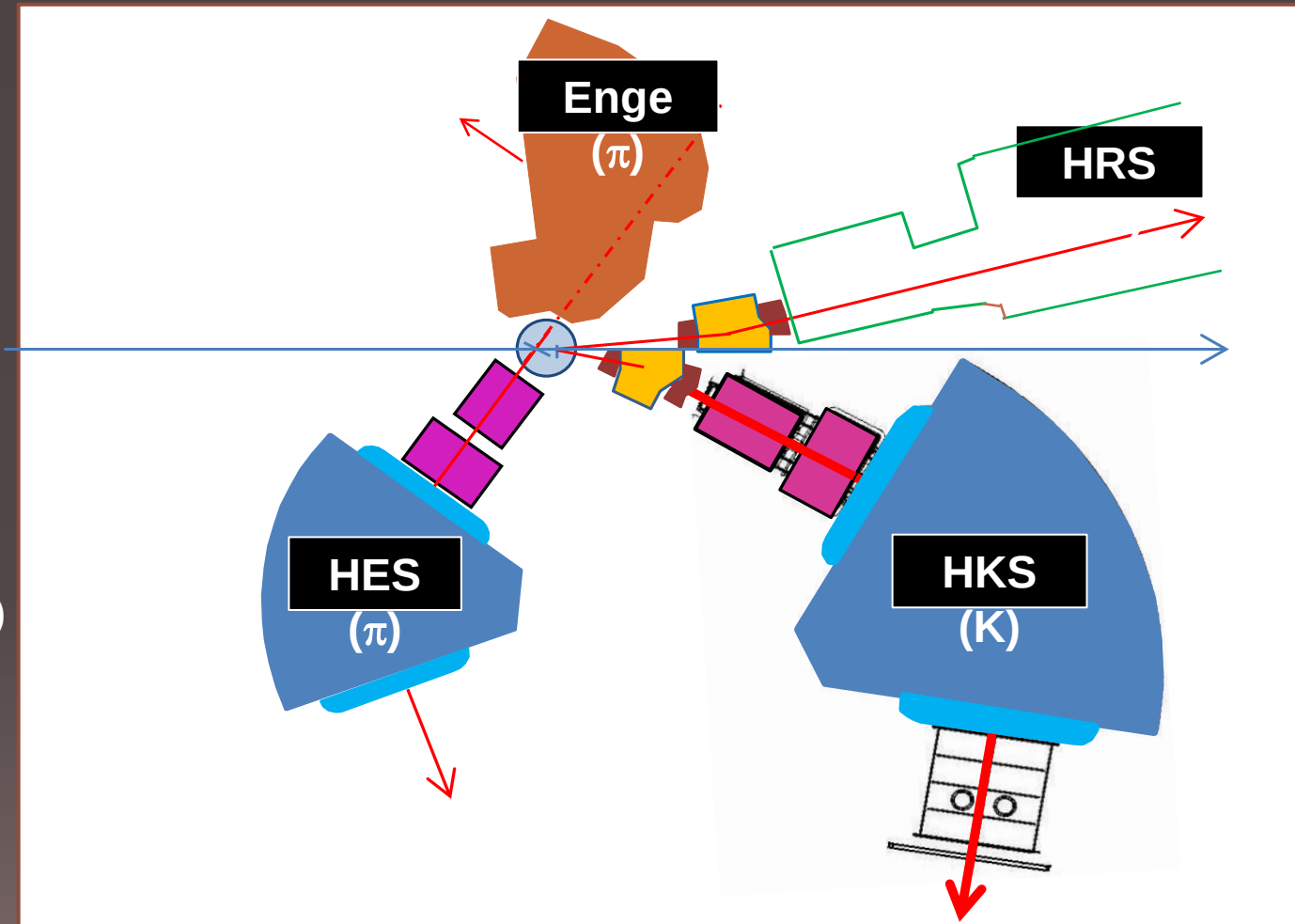
Design of W collimators for summer 2014 run



Z distance from target (mm)

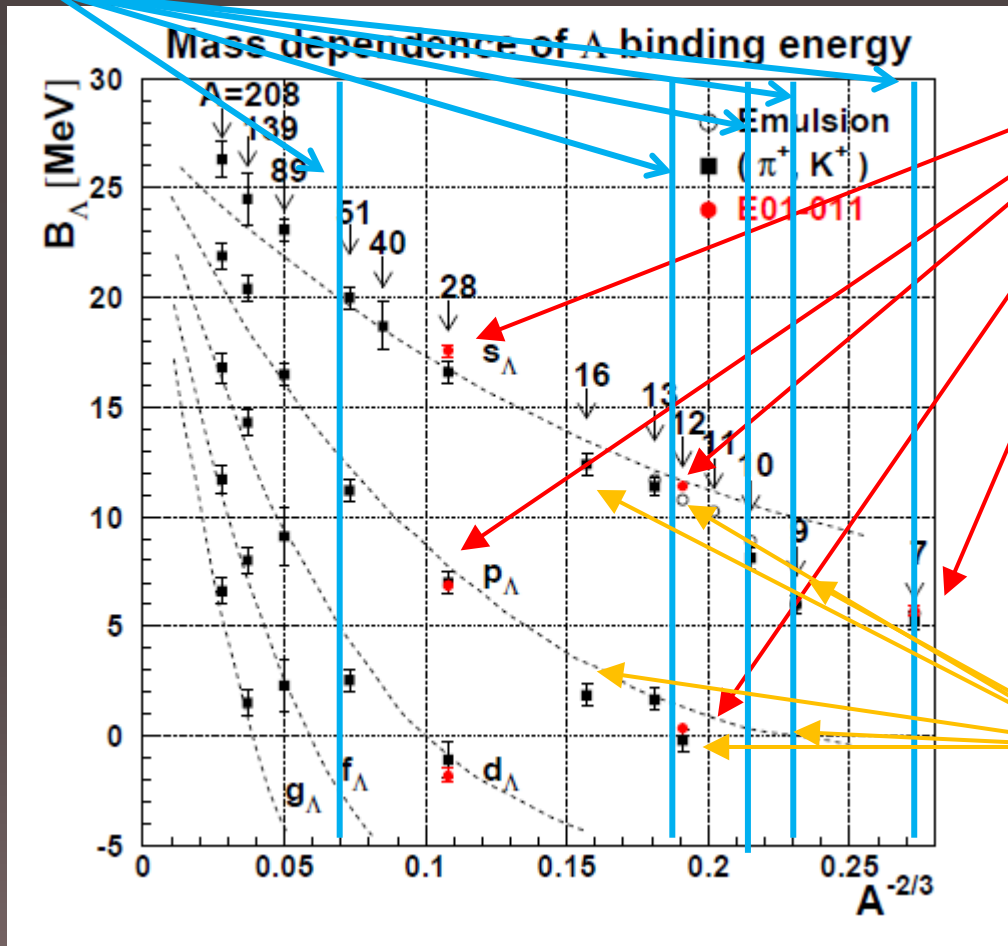
New Experiment at JLab

Beam 4.52 GeV
HKS 1.20 GeV/c
HRS 3.03 GeV (7 deg)
 $E_\gamma \sim 1.5$ GeV
 $Q^2 \sim 0.22$ (GeV/c)²



Λ single particle energies

E05-115 (HKS-HES) E01-011(HKS)

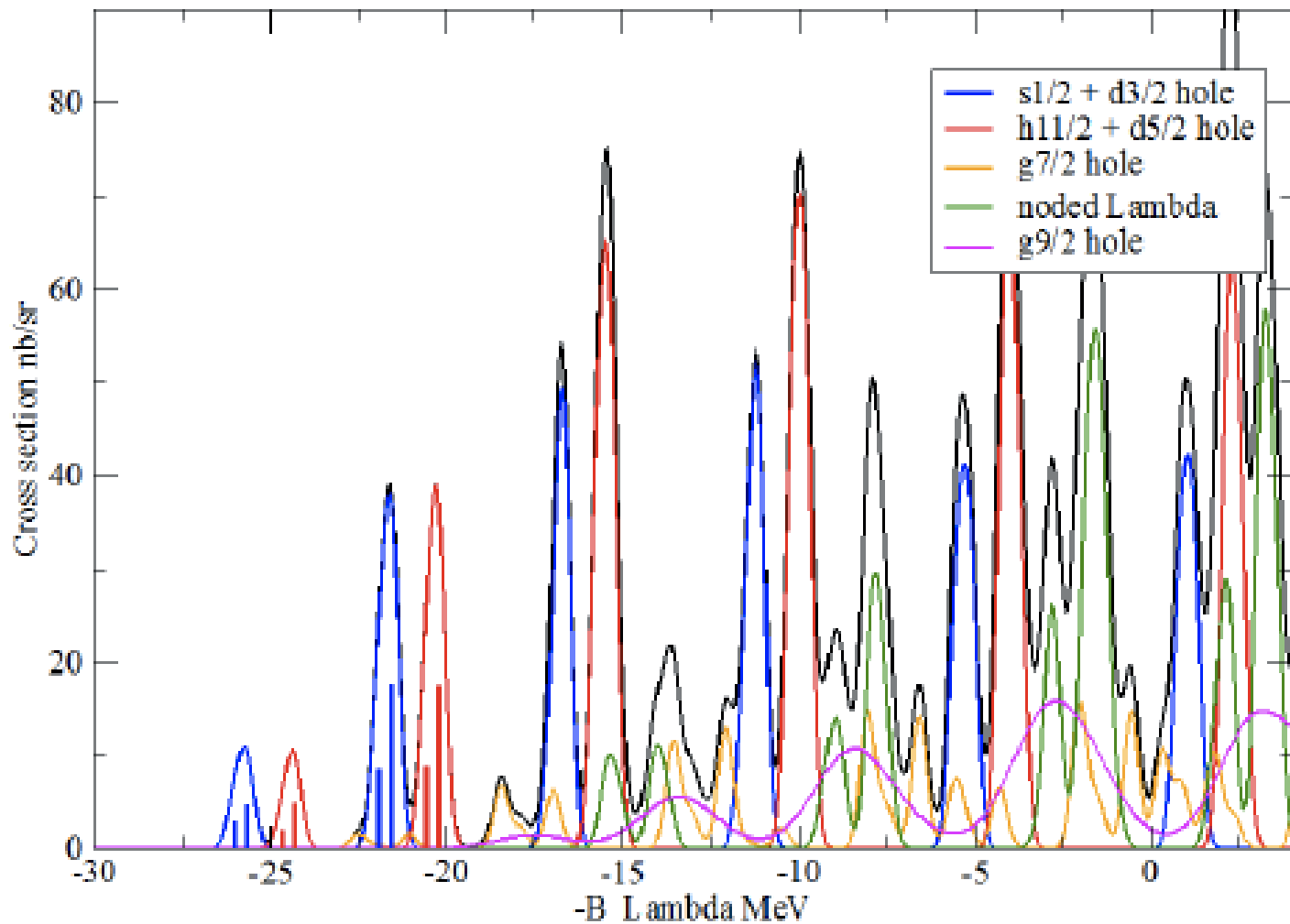


E94-107 (Hall A HY)

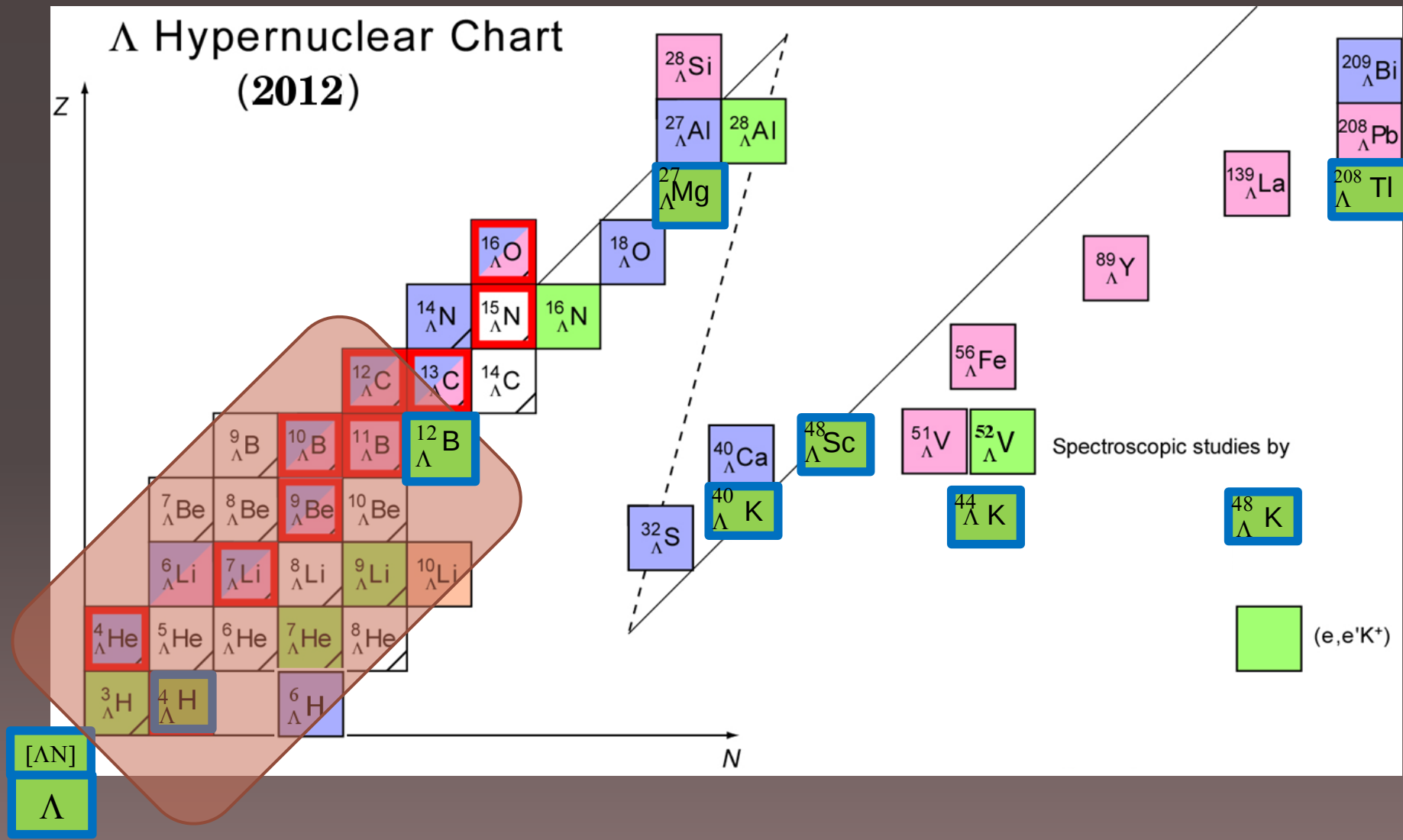
^{208}Pb target

$^{208}\text{Pb}(g,K^+) \text{ Motoba/Millener}$

Resolution = 500 keV



Hypernuclear Chart



Summary

- We have been developing large magnetic spectrometers (HKS, HES) and techniques in the last decade at JLab and
(e,e'K) HY spectroscopy is **now established**.
- Λ electro-production cross section was measure at very small Q^2 .
- Binding energy of ${}^7_{\Lambda}\text{He}_{\text{gs}}$ was determined. Important input for ΛN CSB potential. Data with more statistics and new data ${}^{10}_{\Lambda}\text{Be}_{\text{gs}}$ are now analyzed.
- At MAMI-C, decay pion spectroscopy of electro-produced hypernuclei is now on going.

Hypernuclear study with electrons (JLab, Mainz) and with mesons (J-PARC) should progress complimentary in timely manner.