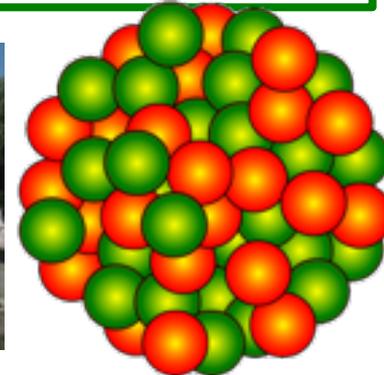
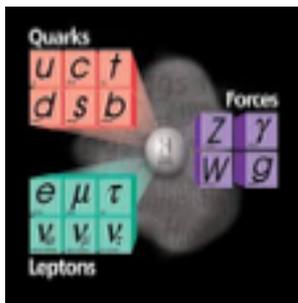


# Electron Ion Collider: The next QCD frontier

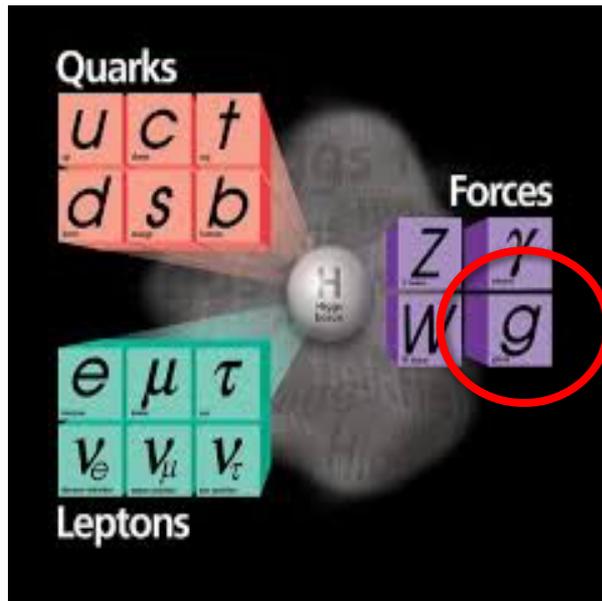
*Understanding the Glue that Binds Us All*

Why the EIC?

To understand the role of **gluons** in binding quarks & gluons into Nucleons and Nuclei



# Gluon in the Standard Model of Physics



Gluon: carrier of strong force (QCD)

Chargeless, massless, but carries color-charge

Binds the quarks and gluons inside the hadrons with tremendous force! (Strong force)

At the heart of many un/(ill)-understood phenomena:

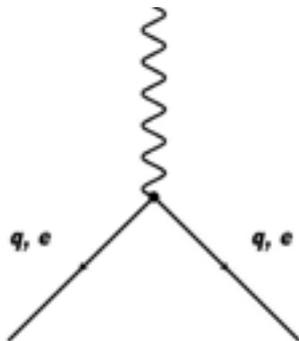
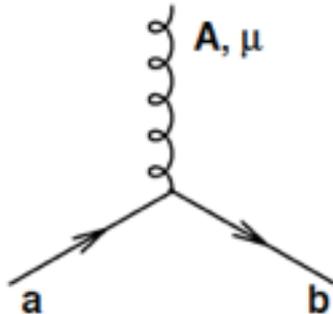
Color Confinement, composition of nucleon spin, quark-gluon plasma at RHIC & LHC...

# What distinguishes QCD from QED?

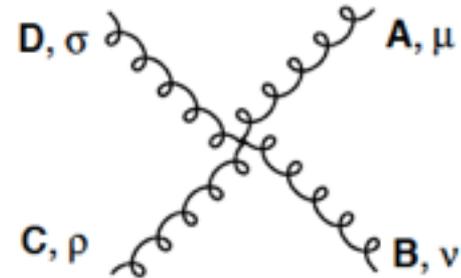
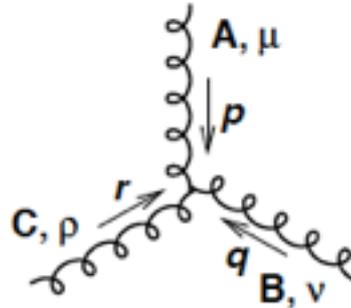
QED is mediated by photons ( $\gamma$ ) which are charge-less

QCD is mediated by gluons ( $g$ ), also charge-less but *are colored!*

In QCD &  
 $g \rightarrow \gamma$  in QED

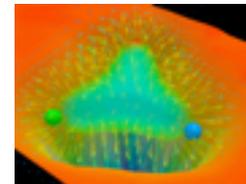


Only in QCD



# Role of gluons in hadron & nuclear structure

Dynamical generation of hadron masses & nuclear binding



- Massless gluons & almost massless quarks, *through their interactions*, generate more than 95% of the mass of the nucleons:

***Without gluons, there would be no nucleons,  
no atomic nuclei... no visible world!***

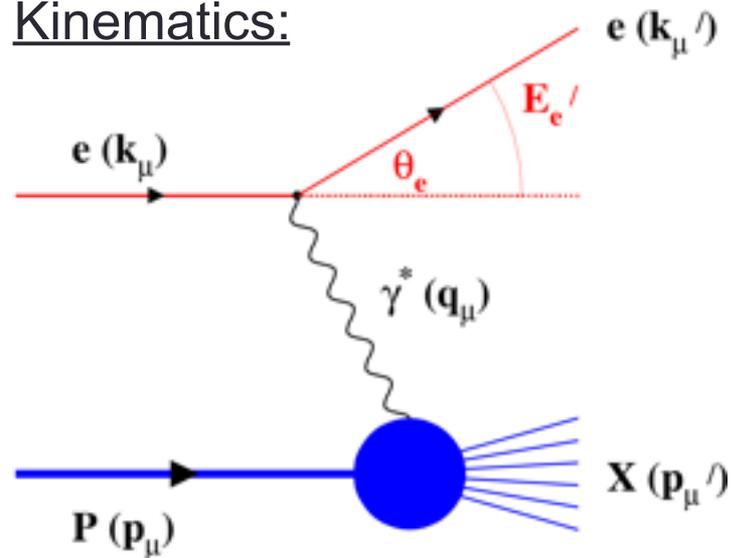
- Gluons carry ~50% the proton's momentum, **?%** of the nucleon's spin, and are responsible for the transverse momentum of quarks
- The quark-gluon origin of the nucleon-nucleon forces in nuclei not quite known
- Lattice QCD can't presently address dynamical properties on the light cone

**Experimental insight and guidance crucial for complete understanding of  
*how hadron & nuclei emerge from quarks and gluons***

**CONFINEMENT!**

# Deep Inelastic Scattering brings Precision

Kinematics:



$$Q^2 = -q^2 = -(k_\mu - k'_\mu)^2 \quad \text{Measure of resolution power}$$

$$Q^2 = 2E_e E'_e (1 - \cos \Theta_{e'})$$

$$y = \frac{pq}{pk} = 1 - \frac{E'_e}{E_e} \cos^2 \left( \frac{\theta'_e}{2} \right) \quad \text{Measure of inelasticity}$$

$$x = \frac{Q^2}{2pq} = \frac{Q^2}{sy} \quad \text{Measure of momentum fraction of struck quark}$$

**Hadron :**

$$z = \frac{E_h}{\nu}; p_t \quad \text{with respect to } \gamma$$

**Inclusive measurements:**

$$e+p/A \rightarrow e'+X$$

Detect only the **scattered lepton** in the detector

**Semi-inclusive measurements:**

$$e+p/A \rightarrow e'+h(\pi, K, p, \text{jet})+X$$

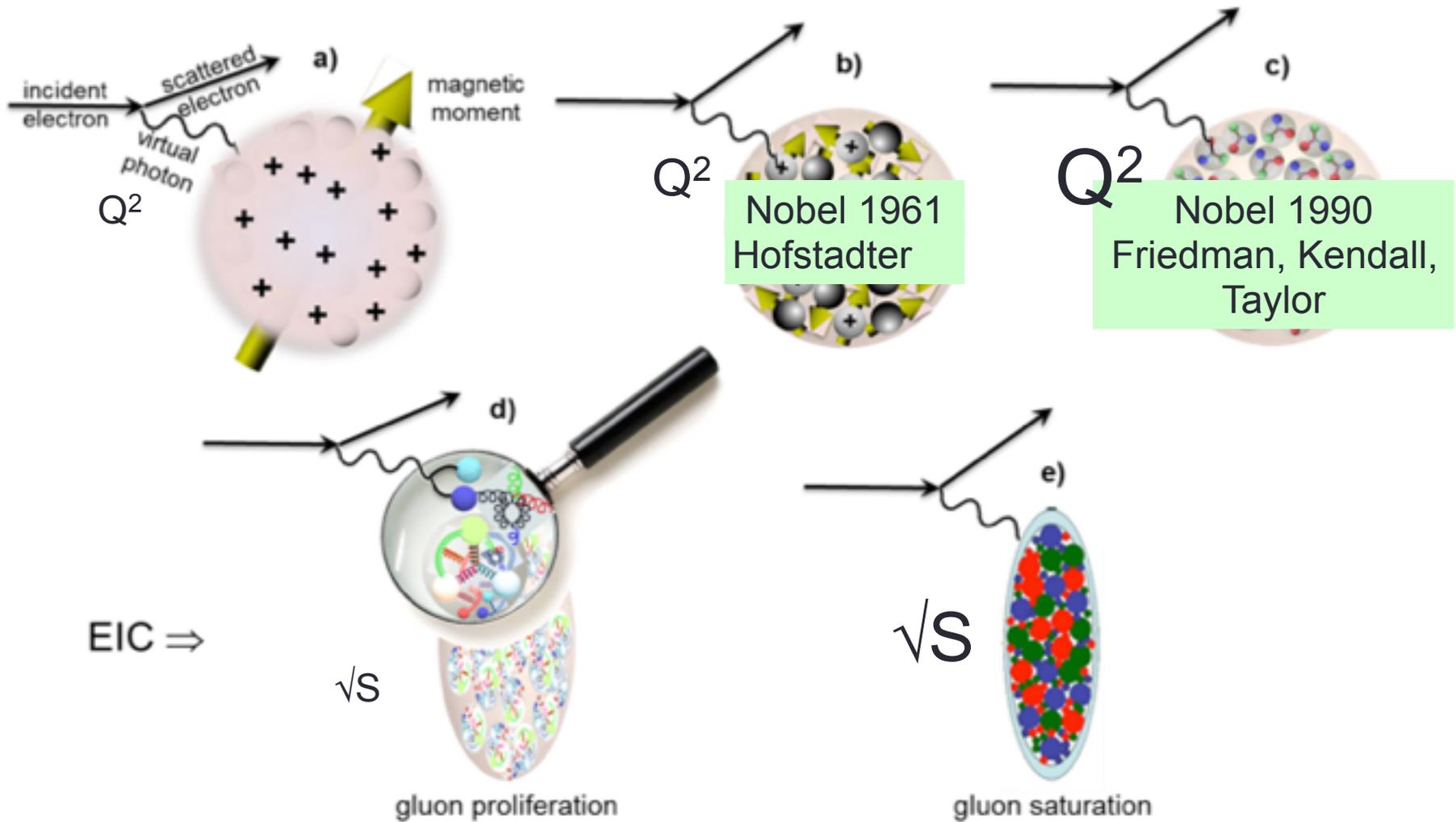
Detect the scattered lepton in coincidence **with identified hadrons/jets**

**Exclusive measurements:**

$$e+p/A \rightarrow e'+h(\pi, K, p, \text{jet})+p'/A'$$

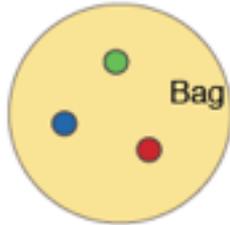
Detect scattered lepton, identify produced hadrons/jets **and measure target remnants**

# Deep Inelastic Scattering allows the Ultimate Experimental Control

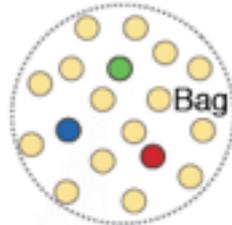


# What does a proton look like?

Static

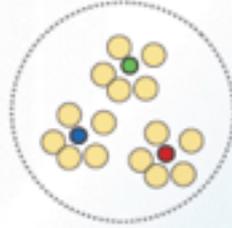
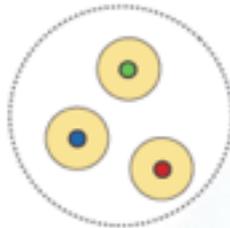


Boosted



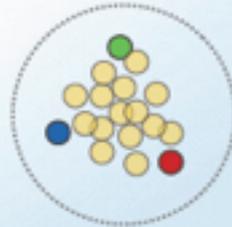
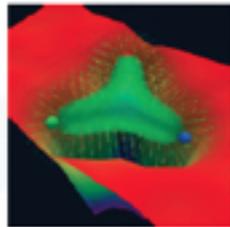
Bag Model: Gluon field distribution is wider than the fast moving quarks.

**Gluon radius > Charge Radius**



Constituent Quark Model: Gluons and sea quarks hide inside massive quarks.

**Gluon radius ~ Charge Radius**



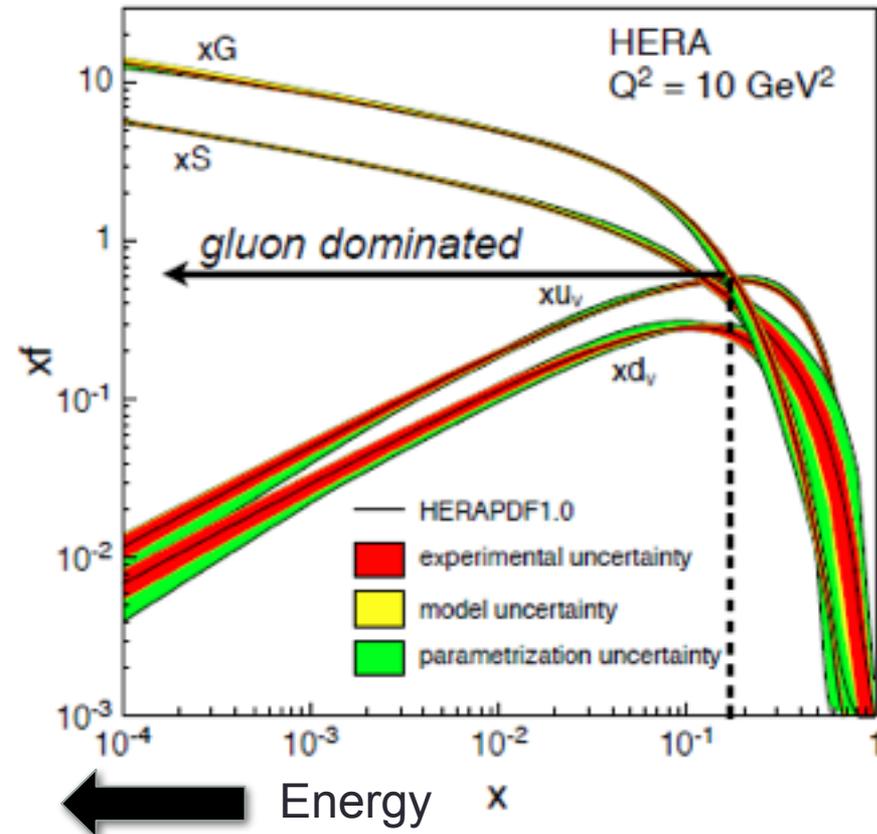
Lattice Gauge theory (with slow moving quarks), gluons more concentrated inside the quarks:

**Gluon radius < Charge Radius**

**Gluon**

**Need transverse images of the quarks and gluons in protons**

# What does a proton look like? Unpolarized & polarized



QCD  
Terra-  
incognita!

High  
Potential for  
Discovery

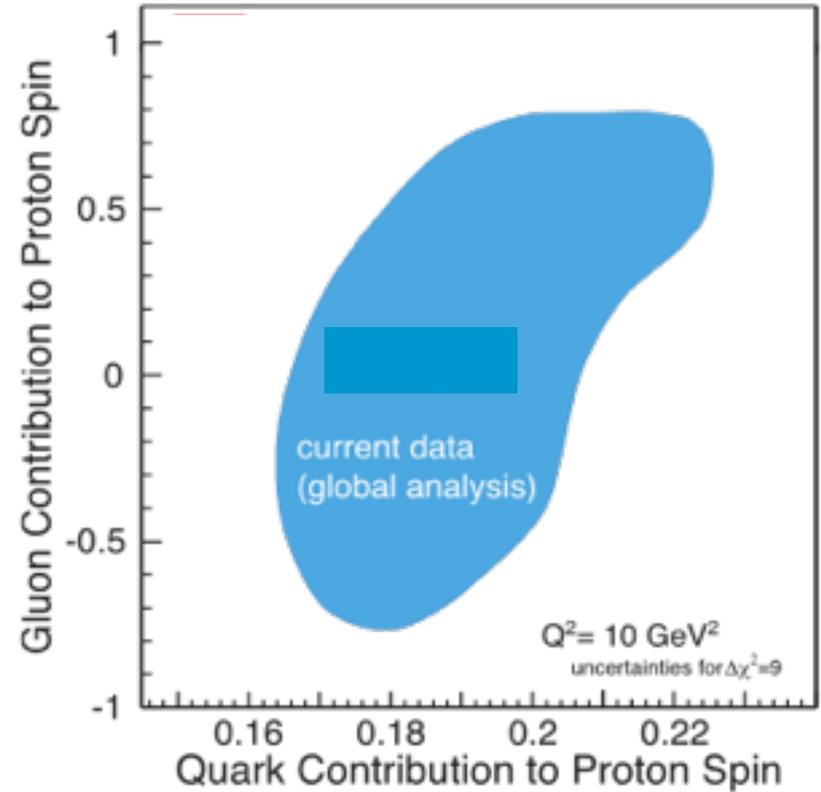
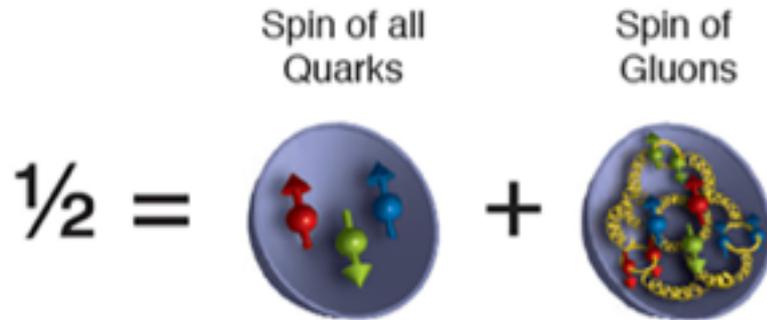
We only have a  
*1-dimensional  
picture!*

*Need to go beyond 1-dimension!*

*Need 3D Images of nucleons in Momentum & Position space*

# The nucleon spin puzzle....

## Since 1988..

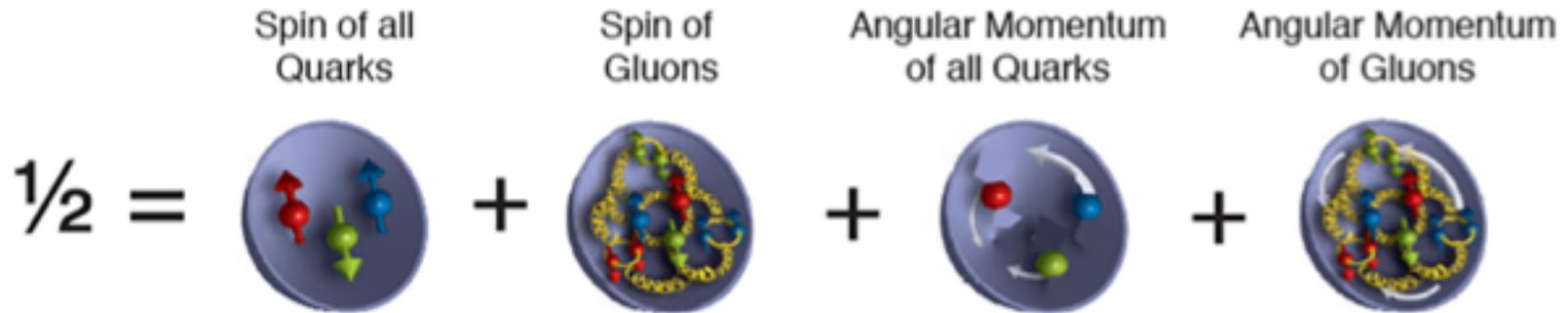


$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}\Delta\Sigma + \Delta G + L_Q + L_G$$

?                    ?

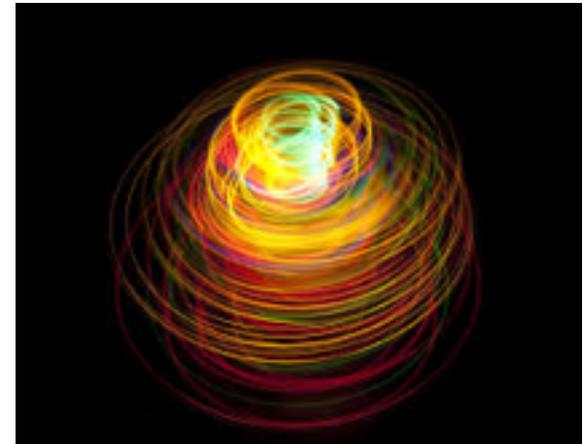
# The nucleon spin puzzle....

Since 1988..



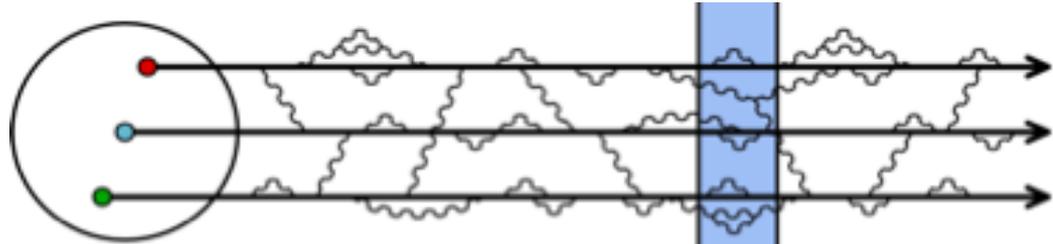
$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \Delta \Sigma + \Delta G + L_Q + L_G$$

?                    ?

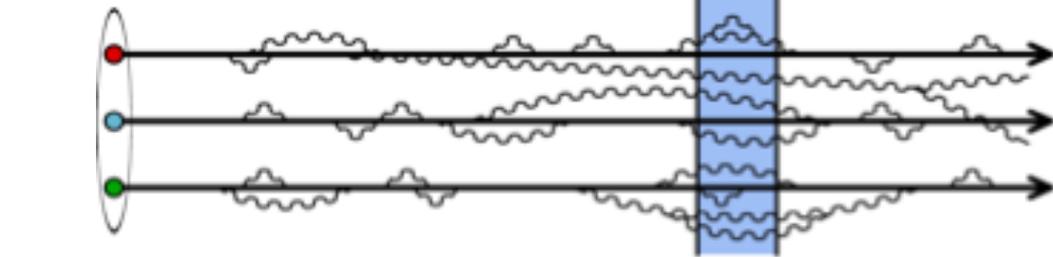


# How does a Proton look at low and high energy?

Low energy  
High  $x$   
Regime of fixed target exp.



High energy  
Low-  $x$   
Regime of a Collider



## At high energy:

- Wee partons fluctuations are time dilated in strong interaction time scales
- Long lived gluons radiate further smaller  $x$  gluons  $\rightarrow$  which intern radiate more..... Leading to a **runaway growth?**

# Gluon and the consequences of its interesting properties:

Gluons carry color charge → Can interact with other gluons!

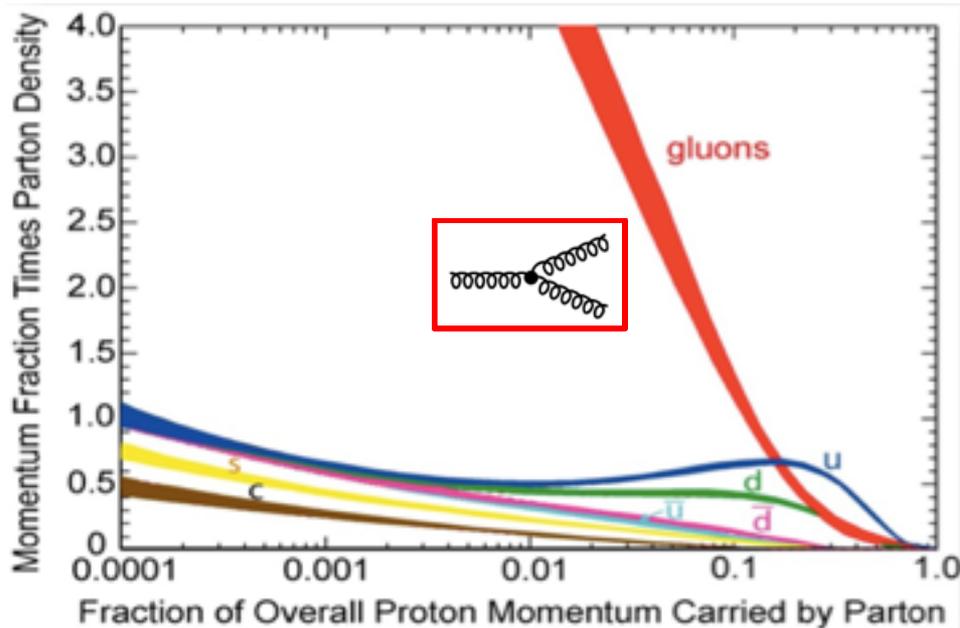
“...The result is a self catalyzing enhancement that leads to a runaway growth.  
A small color charge in isolation builds up a big color thundercloud....”

*F. Wilczek, in “Origin of Mass”  
Nobel Prize, 2004*



# Gluon and the consequences of its interesting properties:

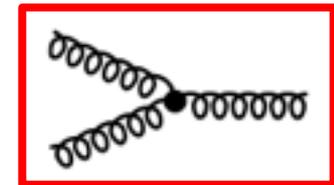
Gluons carry color charge → Can interact with other gluons!



Apparent “indefinite rise” in gluon distribution in proton!

What could **limit this indefinite rise**? → saturation of soft gluon densities via  **$gg \rightarrow g$  recombination** must be responsible.

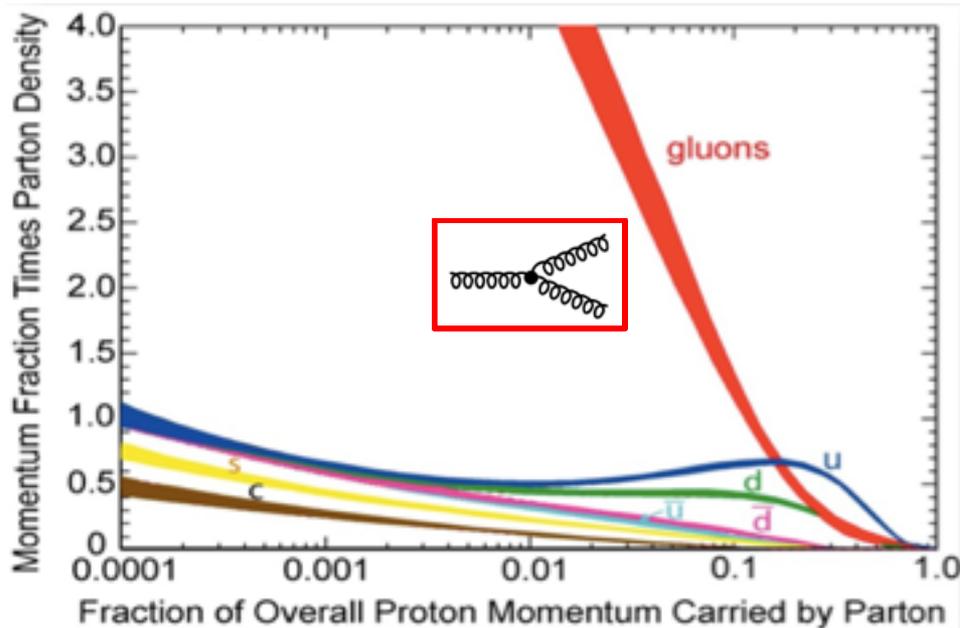
recombination



# Gluon and the consequences of its interesting properties:



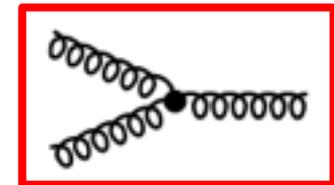
Gluons carry color charge → Can interact with other gluons!



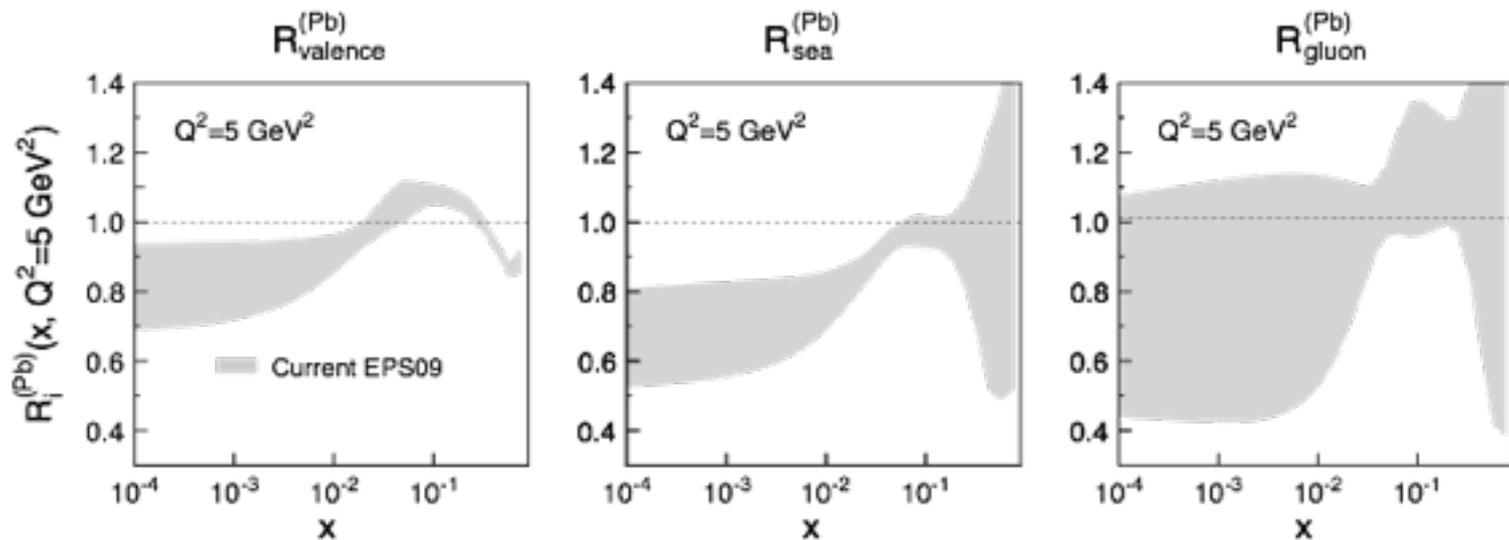
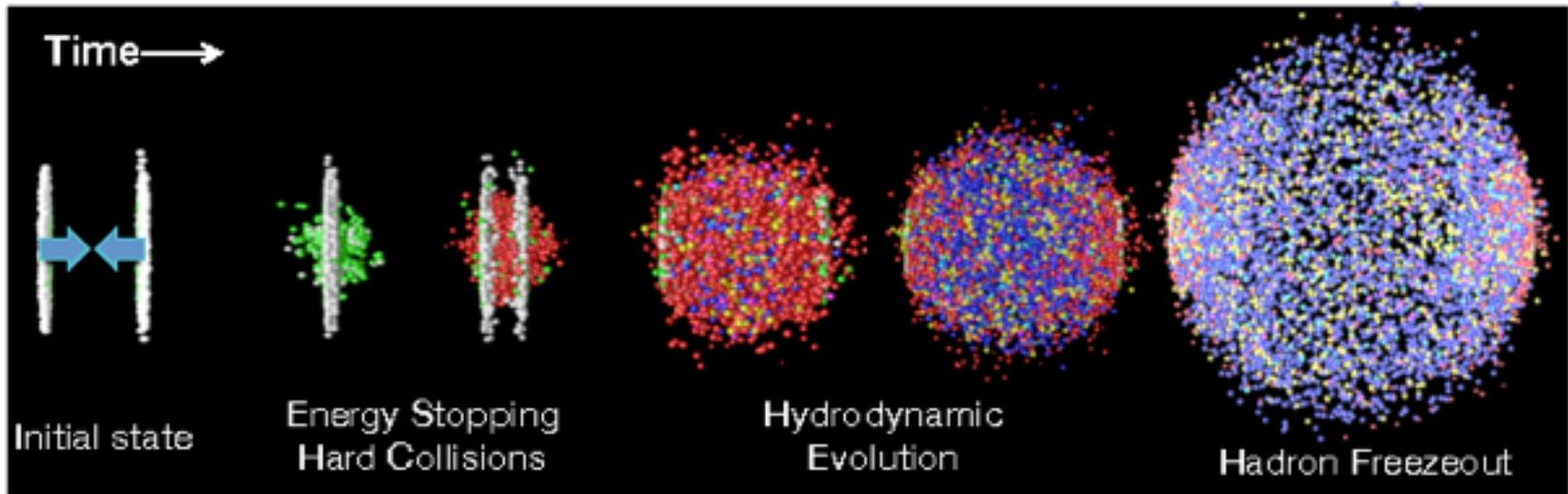
Apparent “indefinite rise” in gluon distribution in proton!

What could **limit this indefinite rise**? → saturation of soft gluon densities via  **$gg \rightarrow g$  recombination** must be responsible.

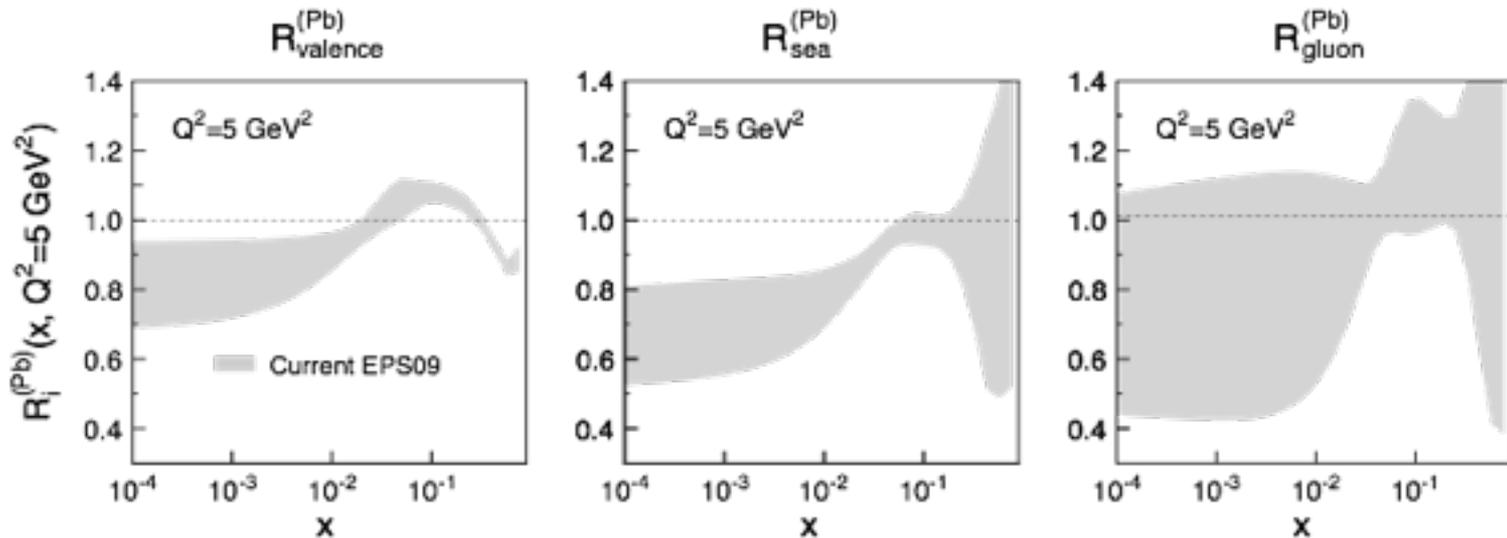
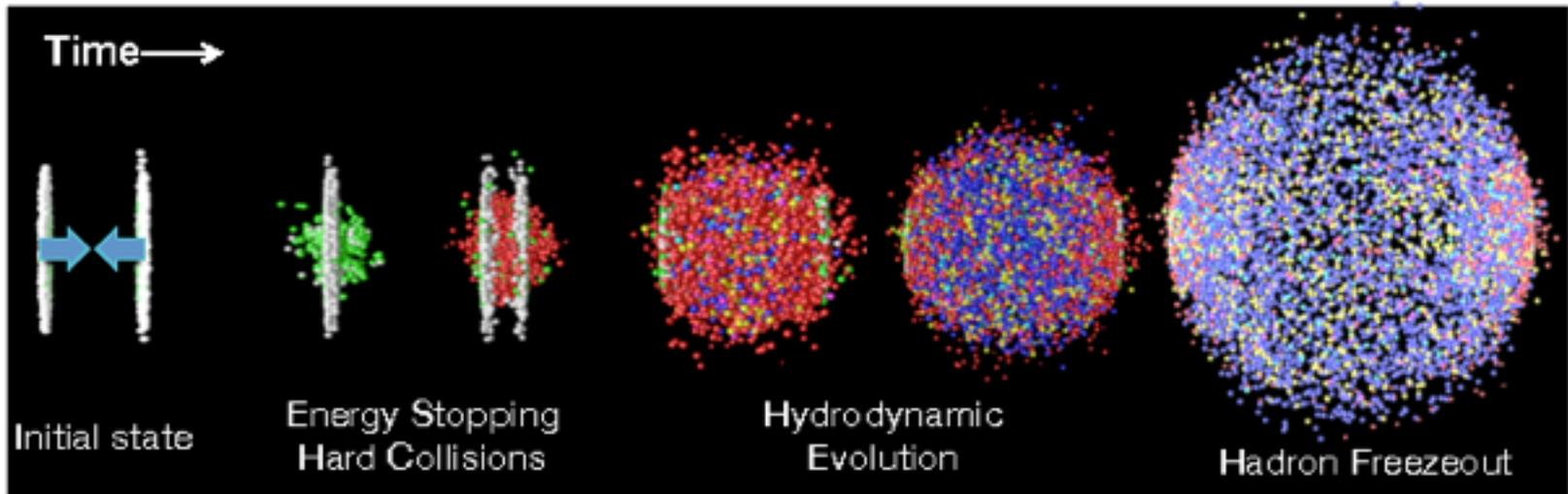
recombination



Where? No one has unambiguously seen this before!  
If true, effective theory of this → “Color Glass Condensate”



Fully understand: emergence of hadrons from Hot QCD matter  
*initial state* ↔ *properties of QGP formed in AA collisions*

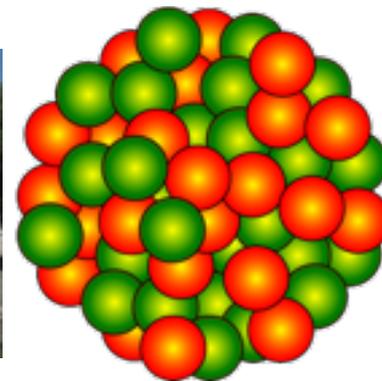
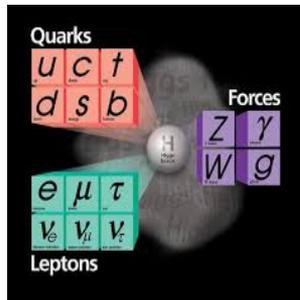


**Initial State Uncertainties Unacceptably Large**

*Fully understand: emergence of hadrons from Hot QCD matter  
initial state  $\leftrightarrow$  properties of QGP formed in AA collisions*

# Why an Electron Ion Collider?

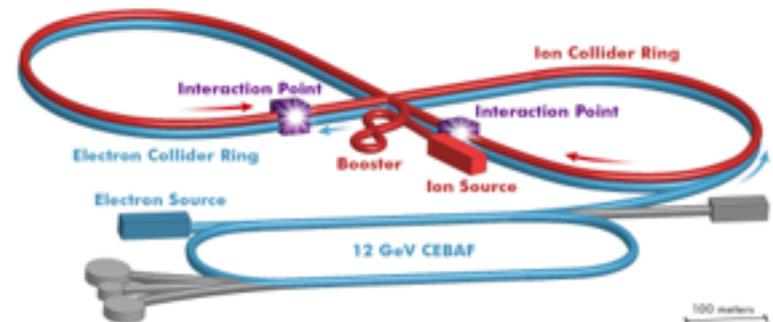
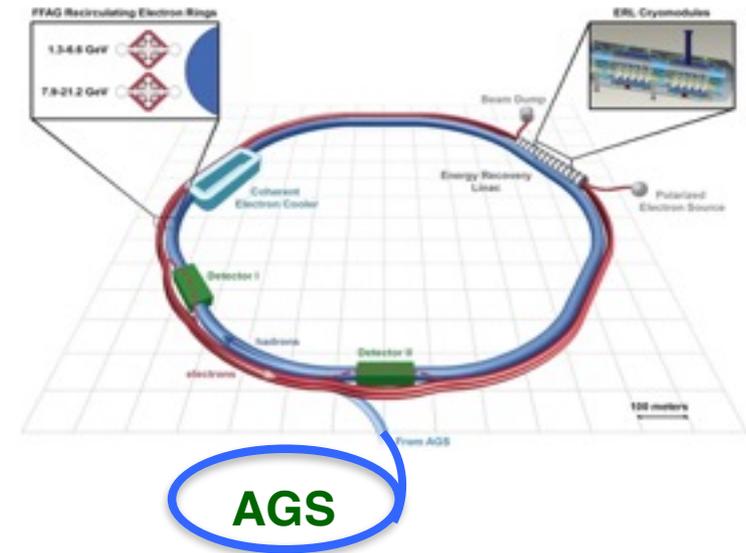
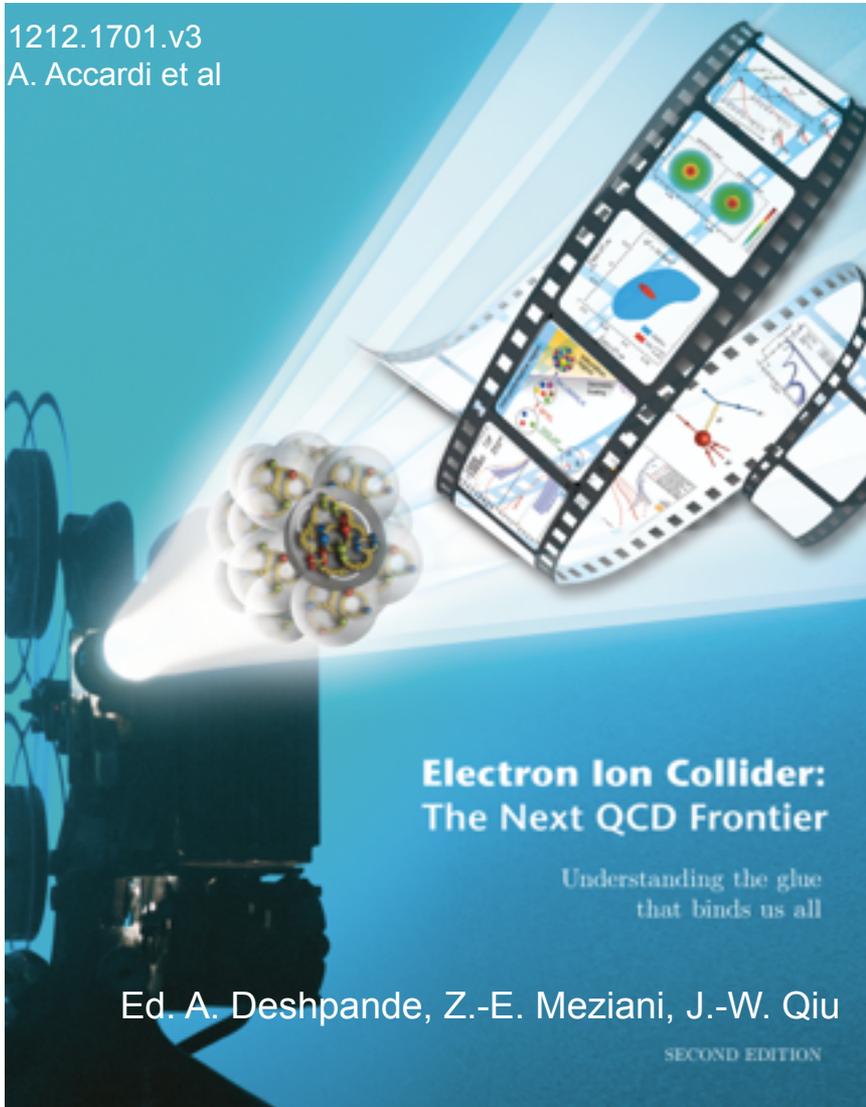
A new facility, EIC, with a versatile range of kinematics, beam polarizations, high luminosity and beam species, is required to ***precisely image*** the sea quarks and gluons in nucleons and nuclei, to explore the new QCD frontier of strong color fields in nuclei, and to resolve outstanding issues in understanding nucleons and nuclei in terms of fundamental building blocks of QCD



# The Electron Ion Collider

Two options of realization!

1212.1701.v3  
A. Accardi et al



# The Electron Ion Collider

Two options of realization!

**For e-N collisions at the EIC:**

- ✓ Polarized beams: e, p, d/<sup>3</sup>He
- ✓ e beam 5-10(20) GeV
- ✓ Luminosity  $L_{ep} \sim 10^{33-34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{sec}^{-1}$   
100-1000 times HERA
- ✓ 20-100 (140) GeV Variable CoM

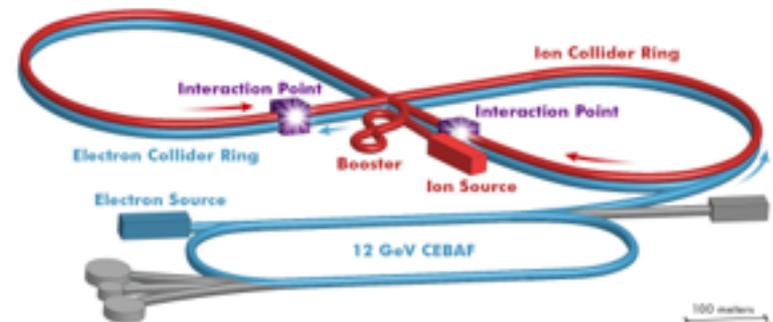
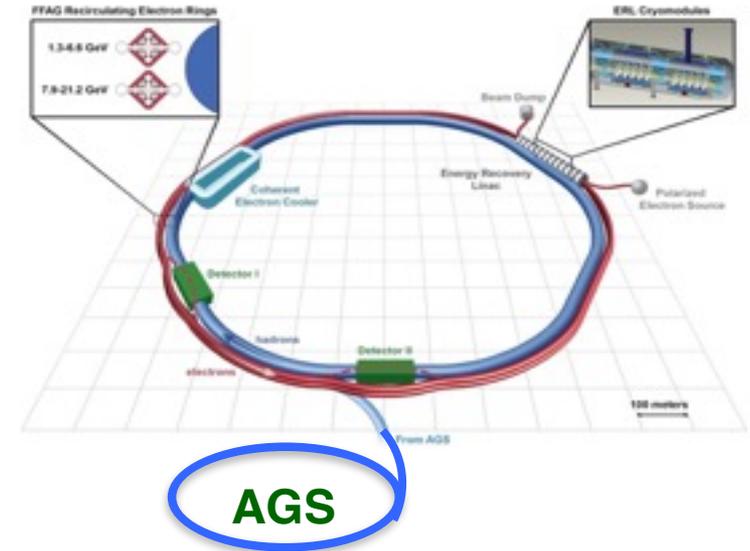
**For e-A collisions at the EIC:**

- ✓ Wide range in nuclei
- ✓ Luminosity per nucleon same as e-p
- ✓ Variable center of mass energy

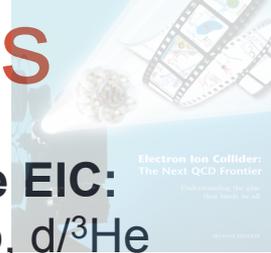
**World's first**

**Polarized electron-proton/light ion  
and electron-Nucleus collider**

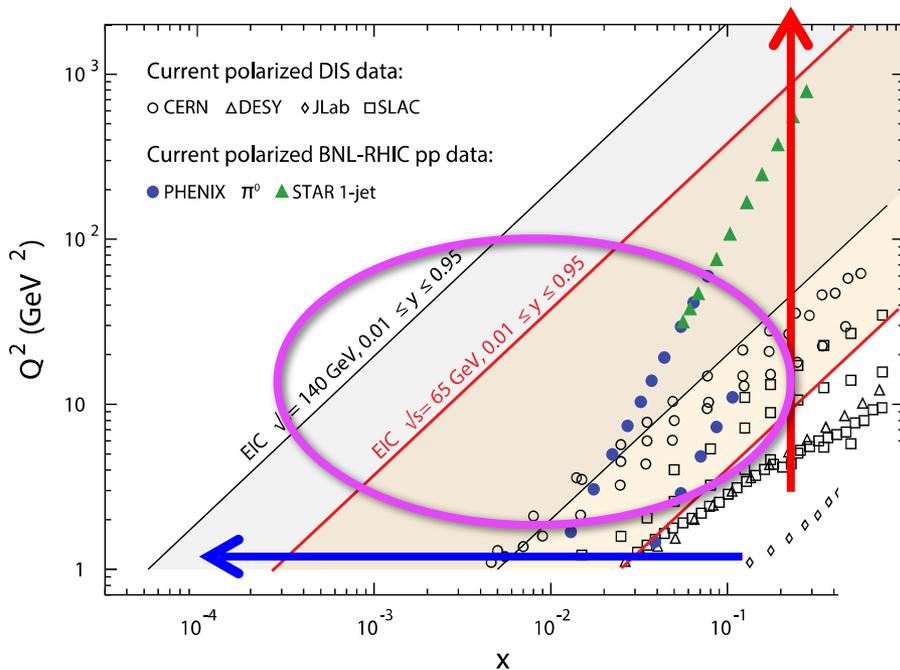
Both designs use DOE's significant  
investments in infrastructure



# EIC: Kinematic reach & properties



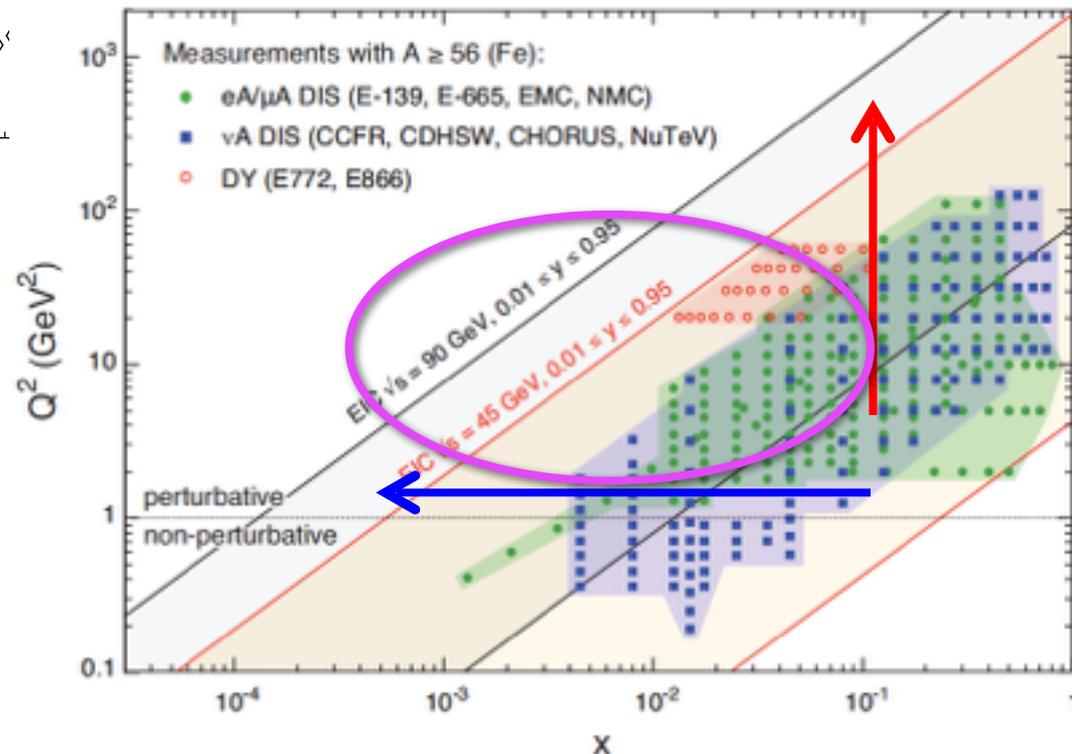
Electron Ion Collider  
The Next QCD Frontier



- For e-N collisions at the EIC:**
- ✓ Polarized beams: e, p, d/<sup>3</sup>He
  - ✓ Variable center of mass energy
  - ✓ Wide  $Q^2$  range → evolution
  - ✓ Wide x range → spanning valence to low-x physics

## For e-A collisions at the EIC:

- ✓ Wide range in nuclei
- ✓ Lum. per nucleon same as e-p
- ✓ Variable center of mass energy
- ✓ Wide x range (evolution)
- ✓ Wide x region (reach high gluon densities)



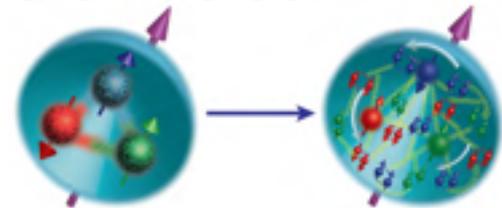
# Puzzles and challenges in understanding these QCD many body emergent dynamics

How are the gluons and sea quarks, and their intrinsic spins distributed in space & momentum inside the nucleon?

Role of Orbital angular momentum?

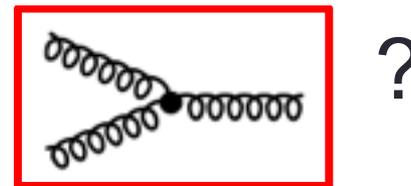
How do they constitute the nucleon

Spin?



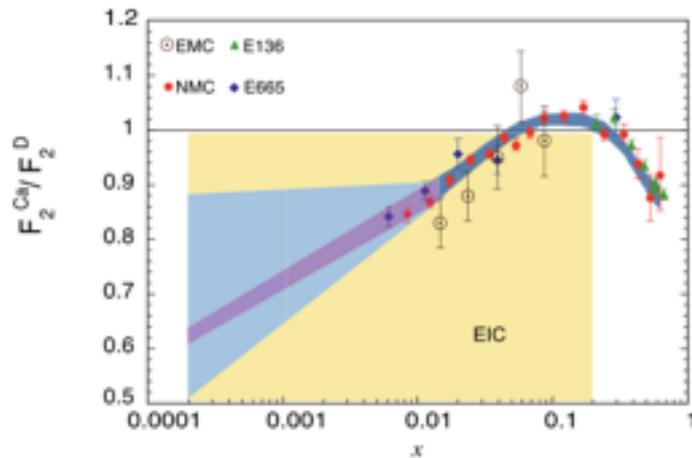
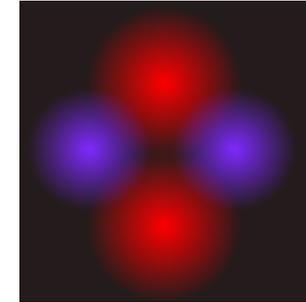
What happens to the gluon density in nuclei at high energy?

Does it saturate in to a gluonic form of matter of universal properties?



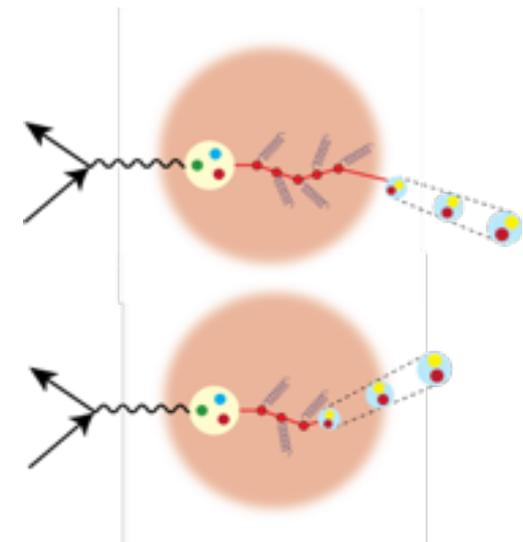
# Puzzles and challenges....

How do gluons and sea quarks contribute to the nucleon-nucleon force?

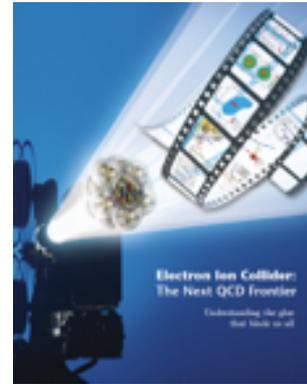
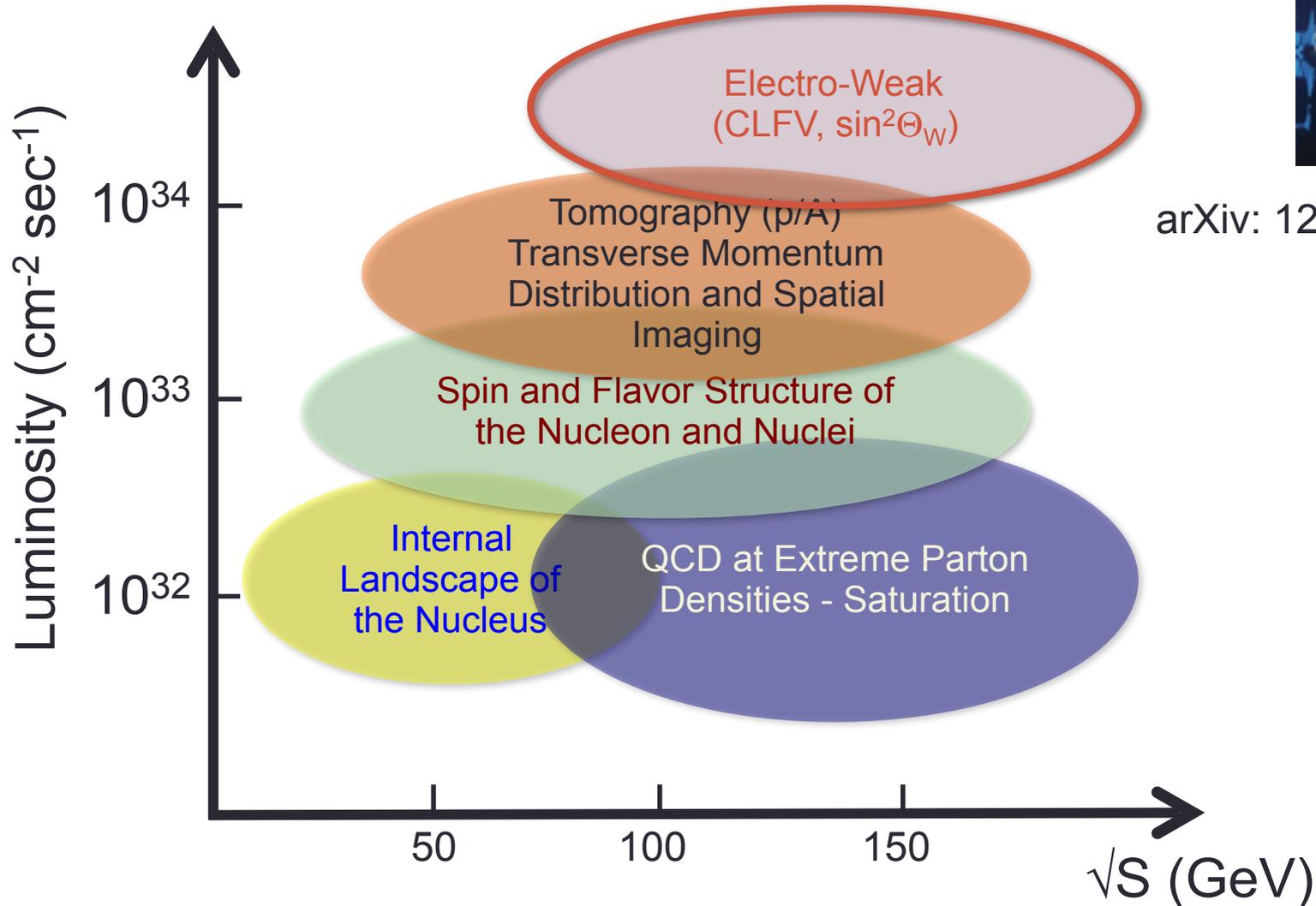


How does the nuclear environment affect the distributions of quarks and gluons and their interactions inside nuclei?

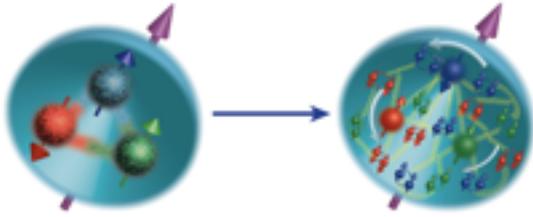
How does nuclear matter respond to fast moving color charge passing through it? (hadronization.... confinement?)



# Physics vs. Luminosity & Energy



arXiv: 1212.1701.v3



## Our Understanding of Nucleon Spin

$$\frac{1}{2} = \left[ \frac{1}{2} \Delta\Sigma + L_Q \right] + [\Delta g + L_G]$$

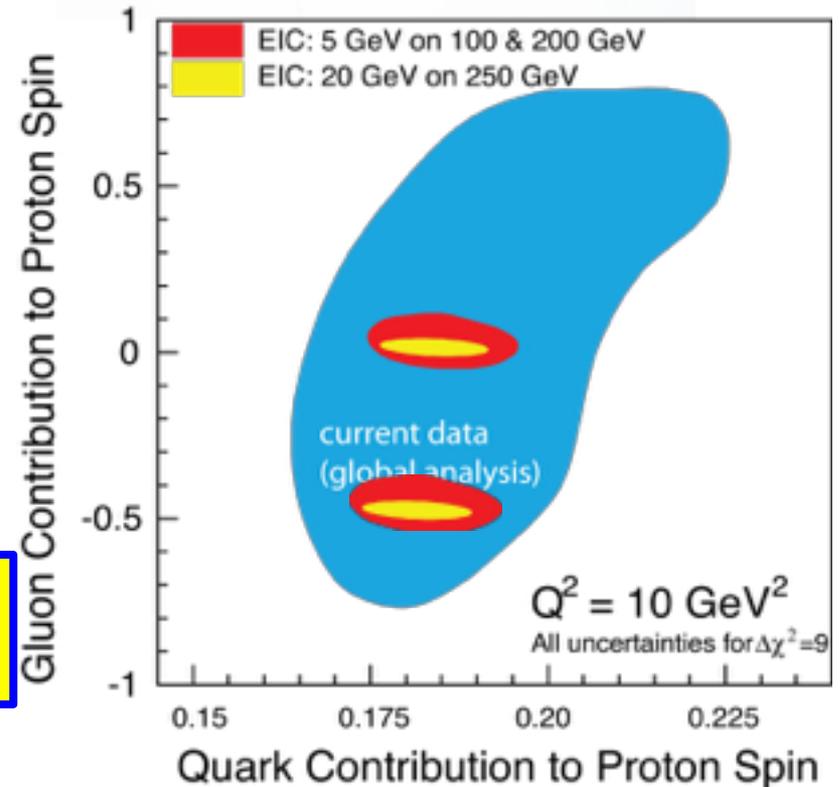
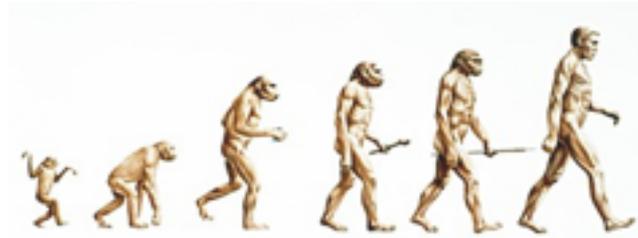
$\Delta\Sigma/2$  = Quark contribution to Proton Spin

$L_Q$  = Quark Orbital Ang. Mom

$\Delta g$  = Gluon contribution to Proton Spin

$L_G$  = Gluon Orbital Ang. Mom

Precision in  $\Delta\Sigma$  and  $\Delta g \rightarrow$  A clear idea  
Of the magnitude of  $L_Q + L_G$



# 3-Dimensional Imaging Quarks and Gluons

Momentum  
space

$$W(x, b_T, k_T)$$

$$\int d^2 b_T$$

$$\int d^2 k_T$$

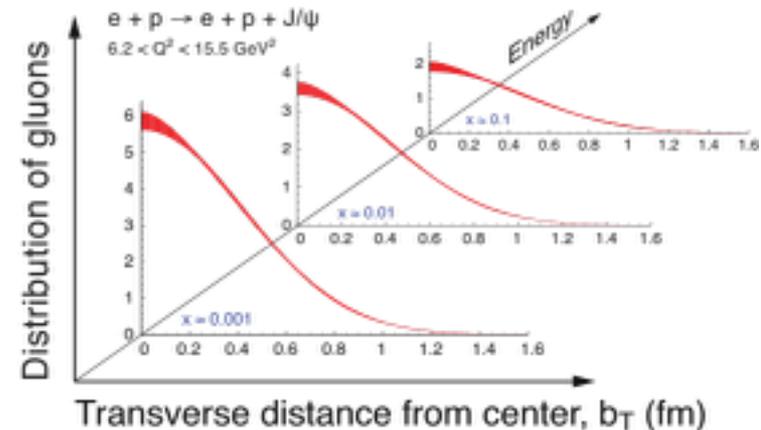
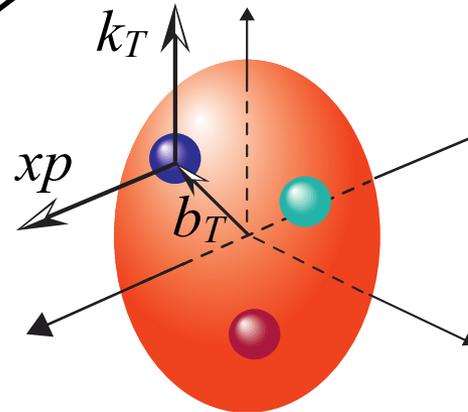
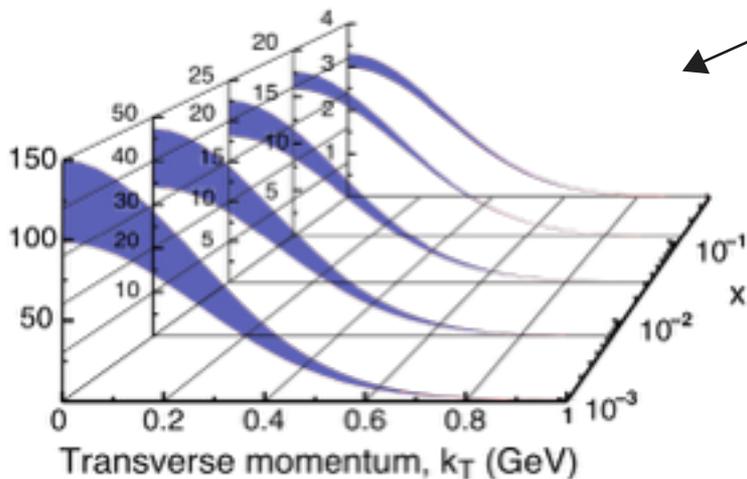
Coordinate  
space

Quarks

$$f(x, k_T)$$

$$f(x, b_T)$$

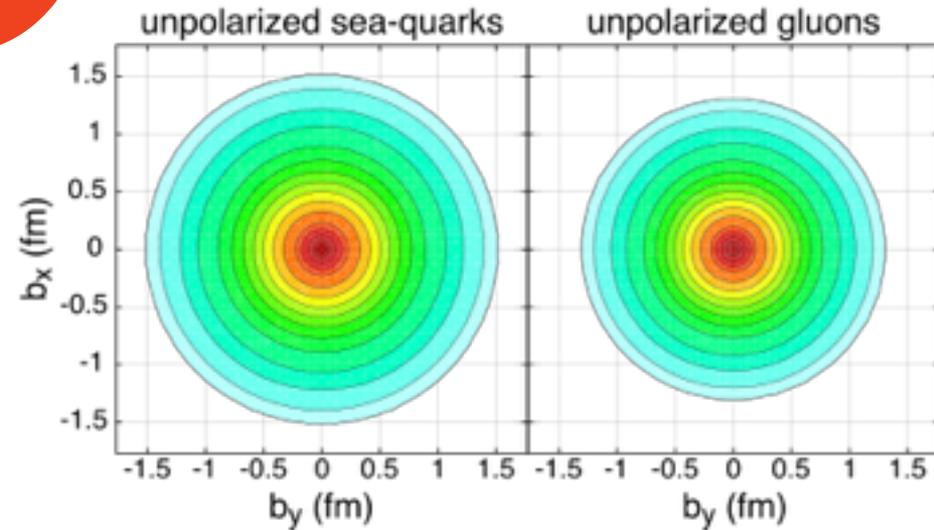
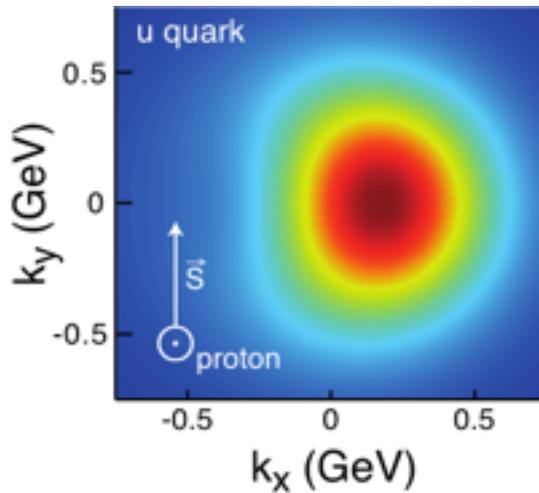
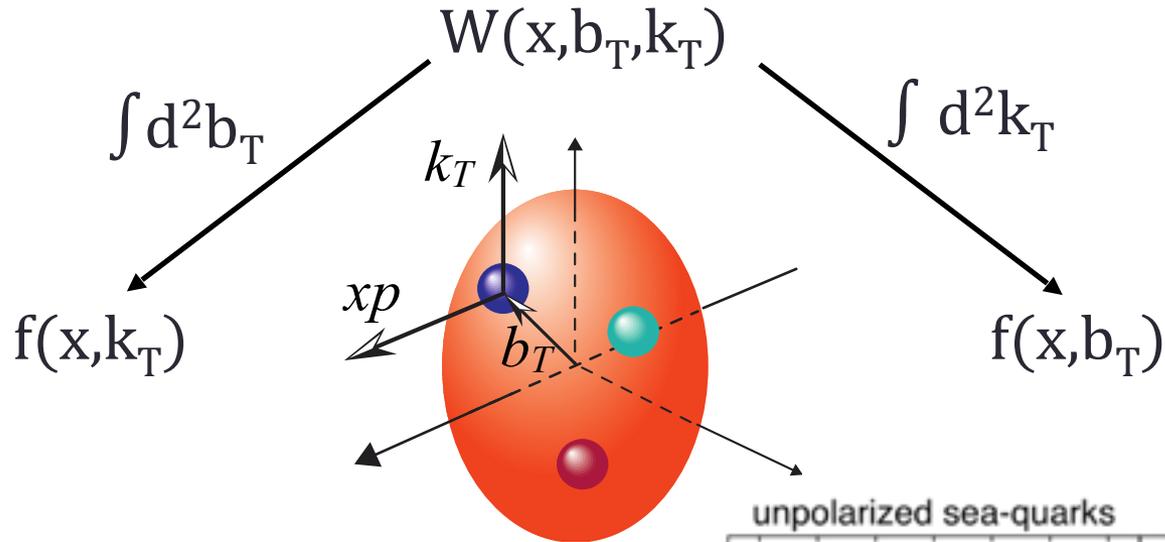
Gluons



# 3-Dimensional Imaging Quarks and Gluons

Coordinate space

Momentum space



Position  $\mathbf{r}$  X Momentum  $\mathbf{p} \rightarrow$  Orbital Motion of Partons  
 $\rightarrow$  Directly comparable with Lattice QCD Calculations

## Study of internal structure of a watermelon:



A-A (RHIC)  
1) Violent collision of melons



2) Cutting the watermelon with a knife

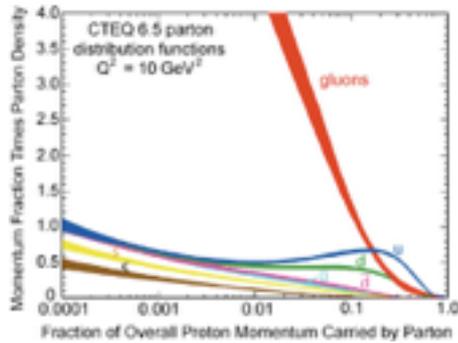
Violent DIS e-A (EIC)



3) MRI of a watermelon

Non-Violent e-A (EIC)

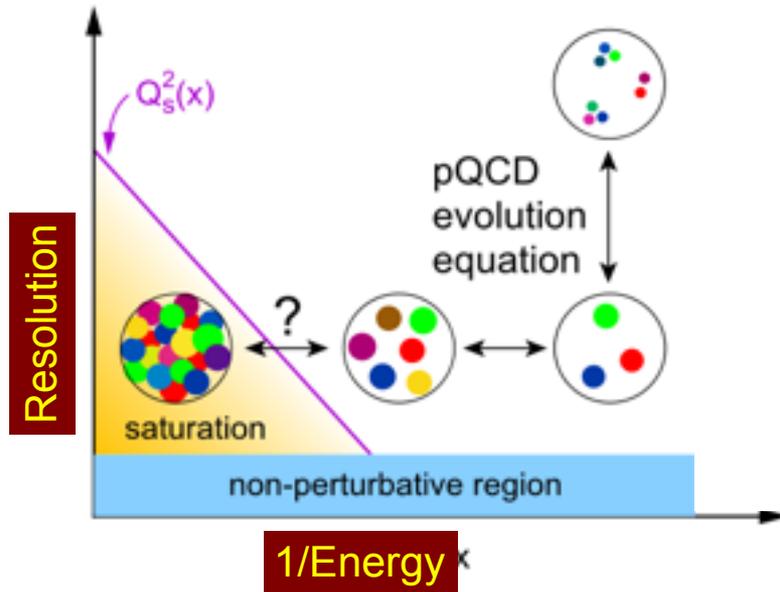




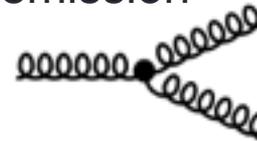
# What do we learn from low-x studies?

## What tames the low-x rise?

- New evolution eqn.s @ low x & moderate  $Q^2$
- Saturation Scale  $Q_s(x)$  where gluon emission and recombination comparable

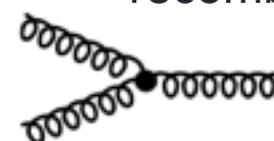


gluon  
emission



=

gluon  
recombination



At  $Q_s$

First observation of gluon recombination effects in nuclei:  
→ leading to a **collective gluonic system!**

First observation of g-g recombination in **different** nuclei

Is this a **universal property**?

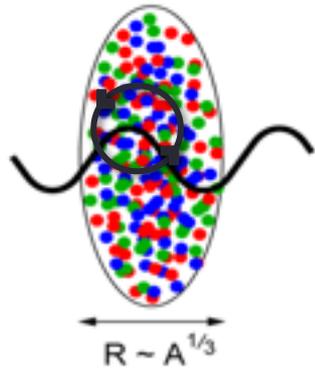
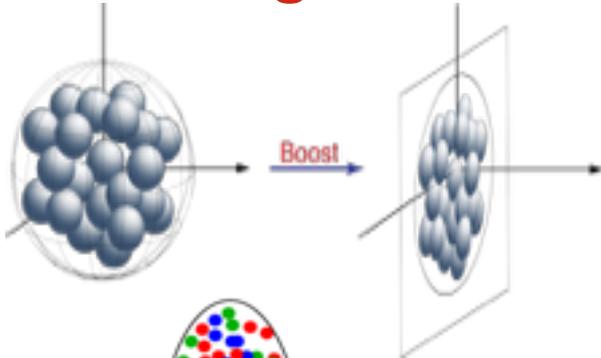
Is the **Color Glass Condensate** the correct effective theory?

→  
→

# How to explore/study this new phase of matter?

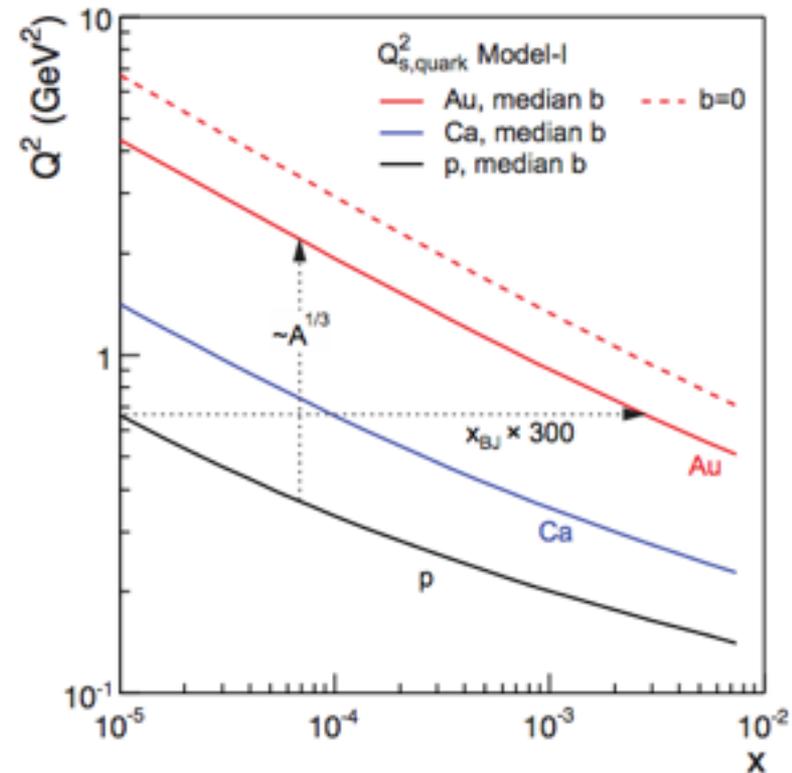
(multi-TeV) e-p collider (LHeC) **OR** a (multi-10s GeV) e-A collider

## Advantage of nucleus →



$$(Q_s^A)^2 \approx c Q_0^2 \left[ \frac{A}{x} \right]^{1/3}$$

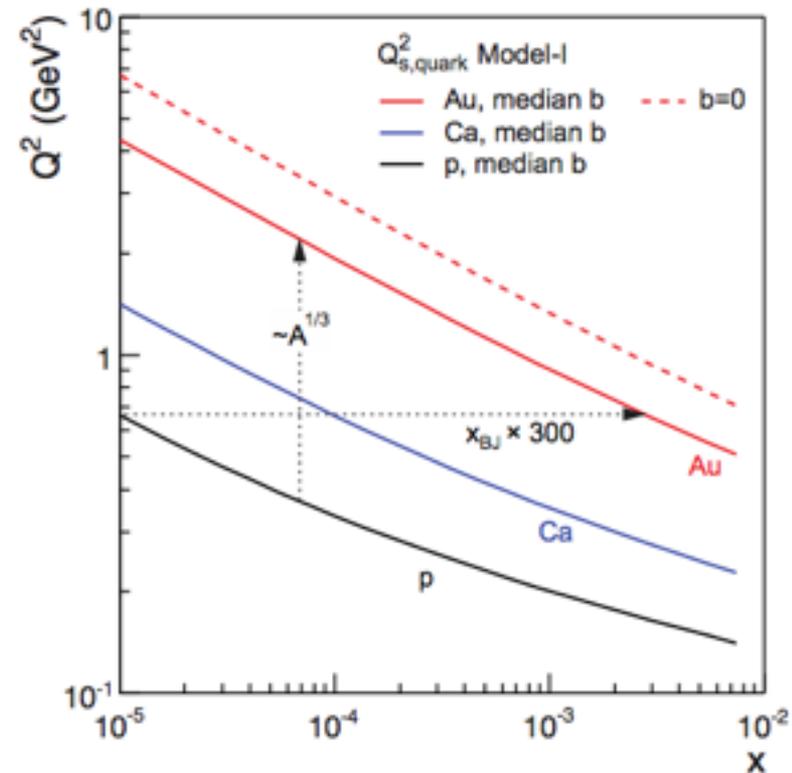
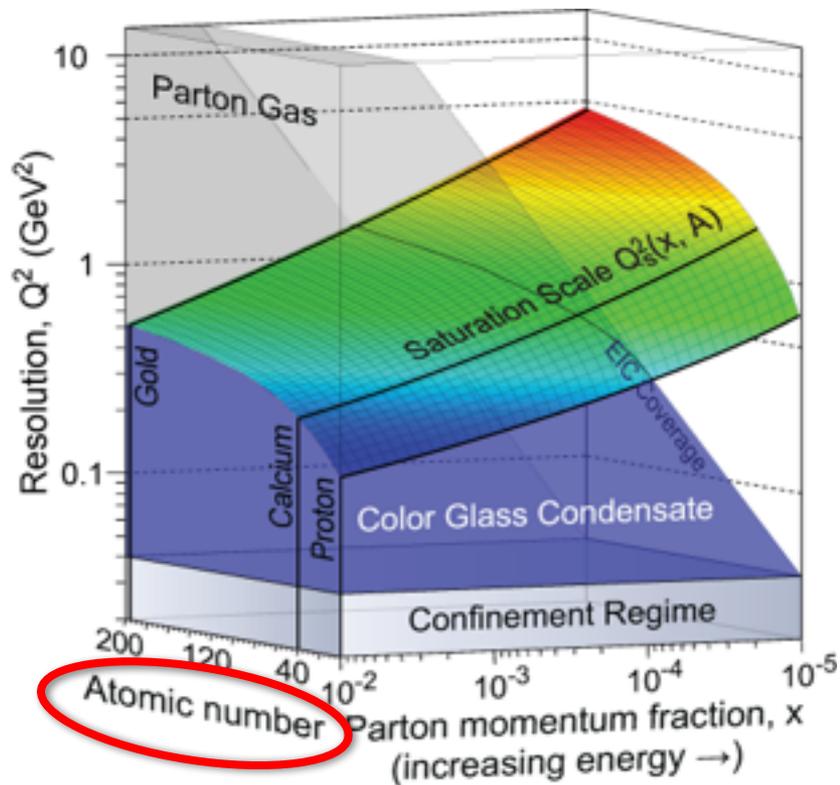
$$L \sim (2m_N x)^{-1} > 2 R_A \sim A^{1/3}$$



# How to explore/study this new phase of matter?

(multi-TeV) e-p collider (LHeC) OR a (multi-10s GeV) e-A collider

## Advantage of nucleus →

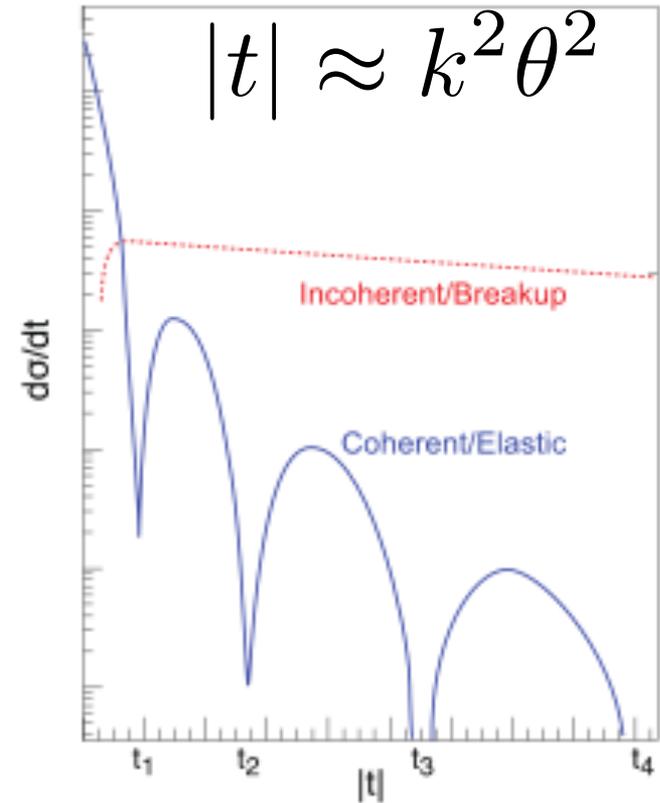
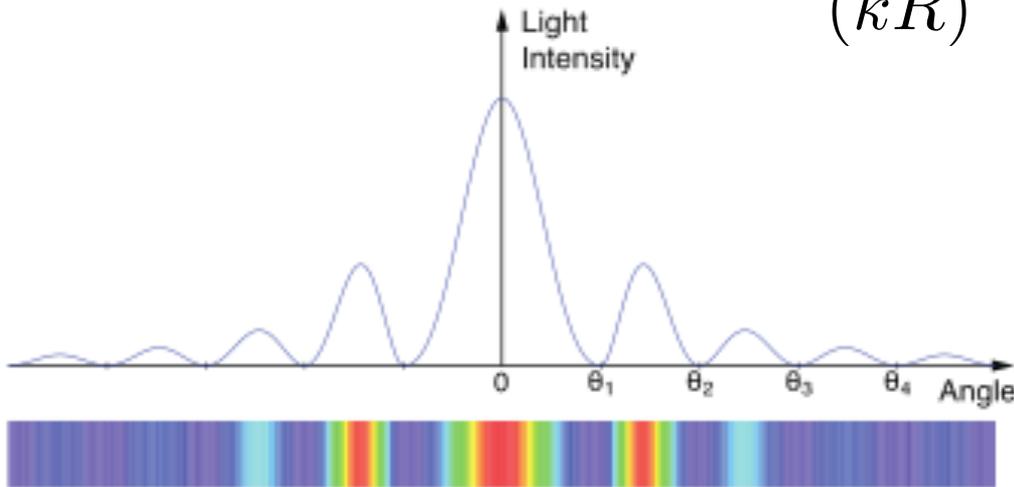


Enhancement of  $Q_s$  with  $A$ :  
 Saturation regime reached at significantly lower energy (read: “cost”) in nuclei

# Best signal for CGC? → Diffraction!

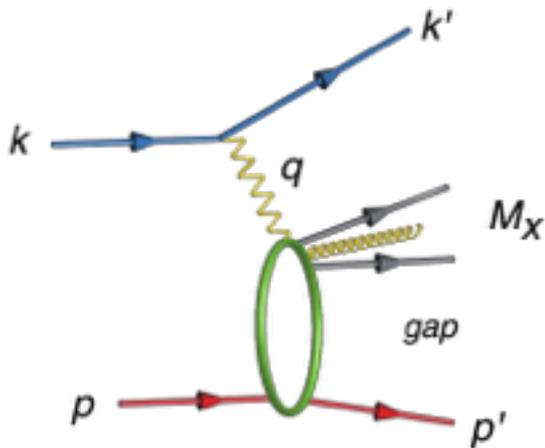
Light with wavelength  $\lambda$  obstructed by an opaque disk of radius  $R$  suffers diffraction:  $k \rightarrow$  wave number

$$\theta_i \sim \frac{1}{(kR)}$$

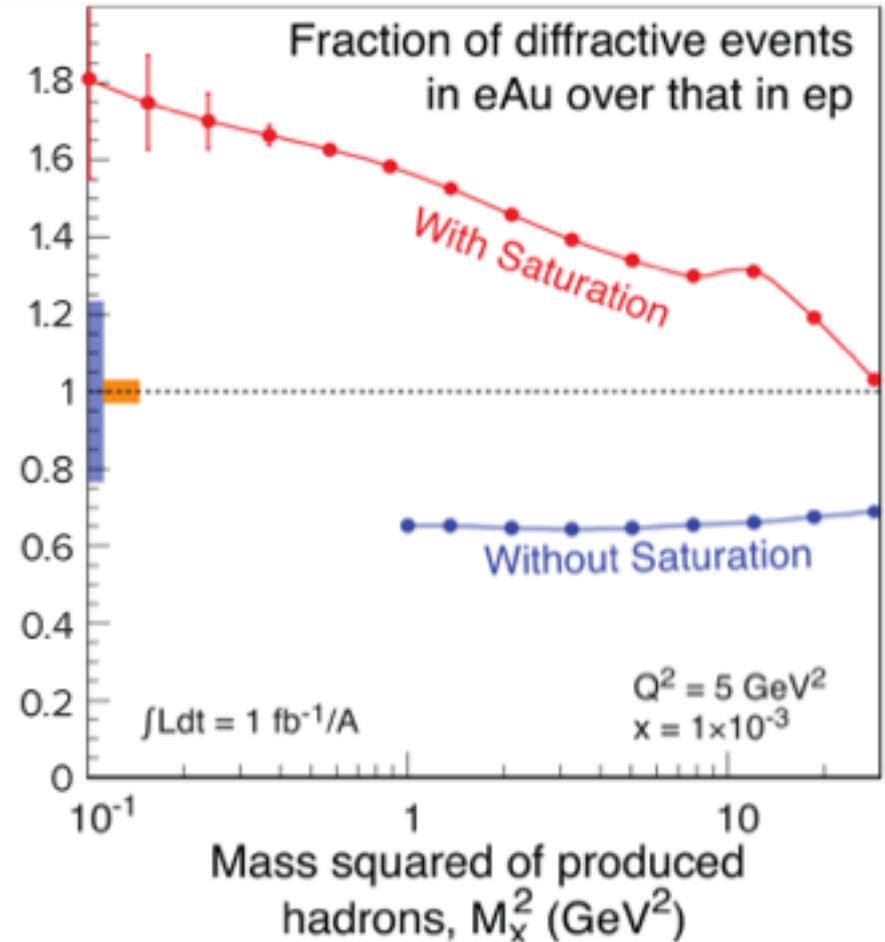


# Best signal for CGC? → Diffraction!

$$\sigma_{\text{diff}} \propto [g(x, Q^2)]^2$$



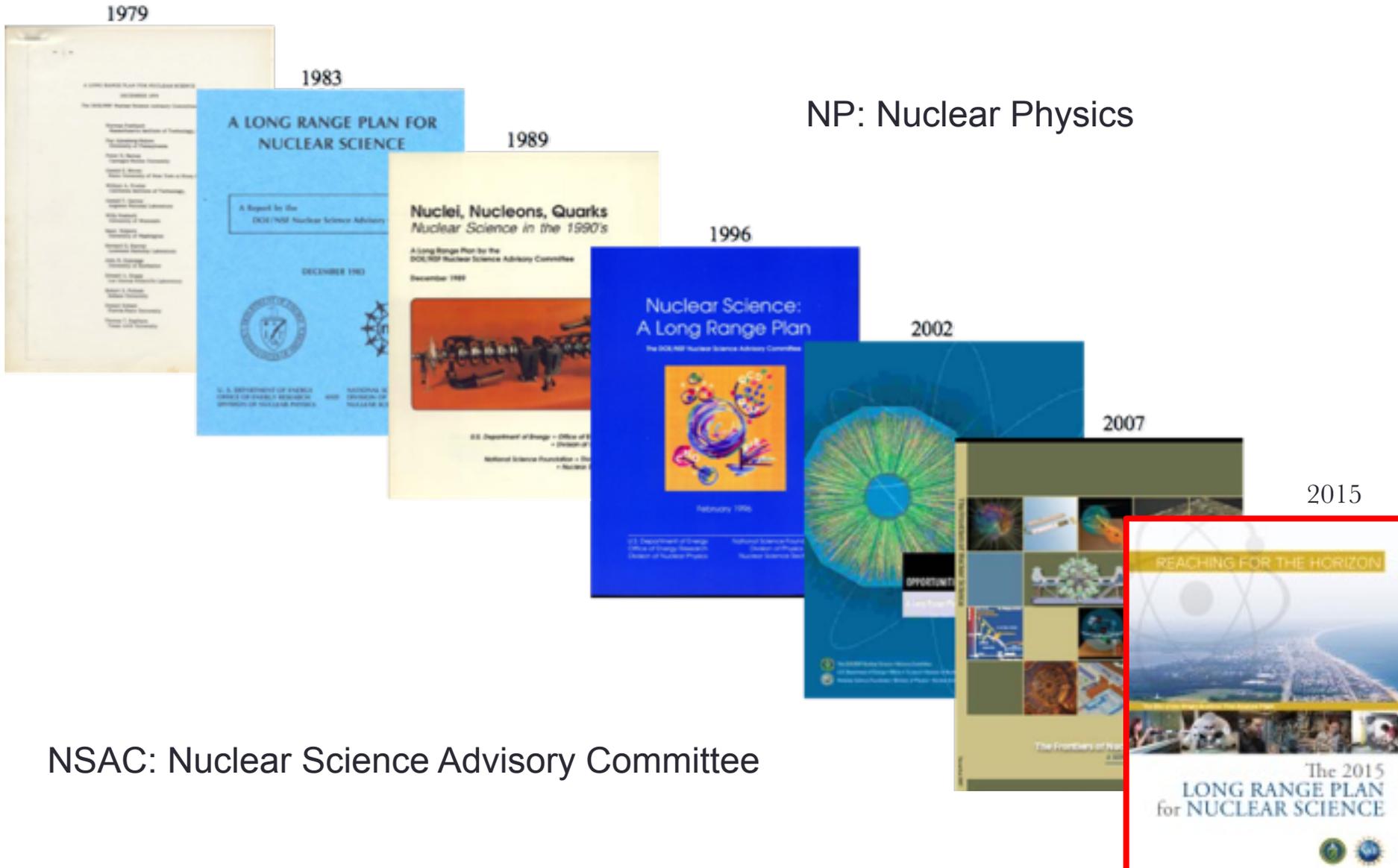
At HERA ep: 10-15% diffractive  
 At EIC eA, if Saturation/CGC  
 eA: 25-30% diffractive



# Realization And Project Status

---

# NP's long history of Long Range Plans (LRP)



# REACHING FOR THE HORIZON



The Site of the Wright Brothers' First Airplane Flight



## The 2015 LONG RANGE PLAN for NUCLEAR SCIENCE



### RECOMMENDATION:

*We recommend a high-energy high-luminosity polarized EIC as the highest priority for new facility construction following the completion of FRIB.*

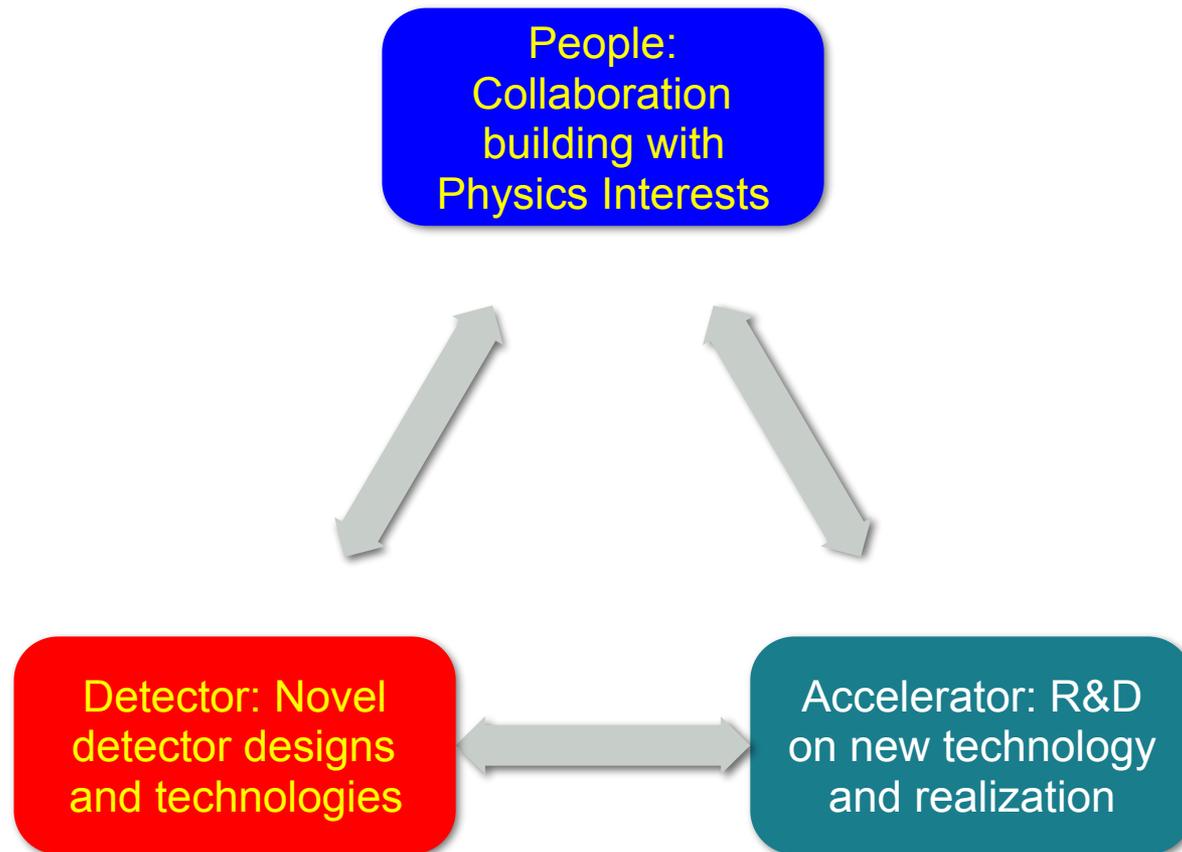
### Initiatives:

Theory

Detector & Accelerator R&D

*Unanimously supported by the high energy QCD community (RHIC and JLAB users AND then later by FRIB, Fund. Symm. (neutrino) community*

# Realization requires:



# Designing A Detector

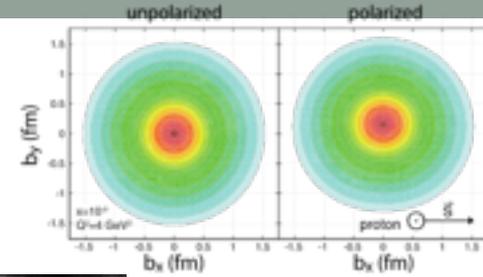
---

Based on many lessons from HERA, ideas are emerging

***Ample of opportunity for new design ideas: It is essential that all interested parties join now and influence the outcome!***

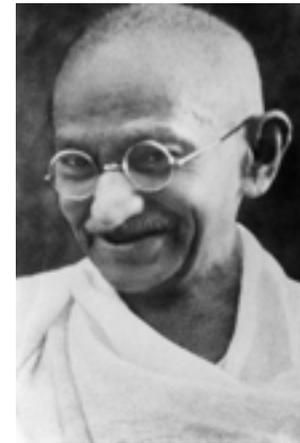
# Spatial Imaging of quarks & gluons

## Generalized Parton Distributions

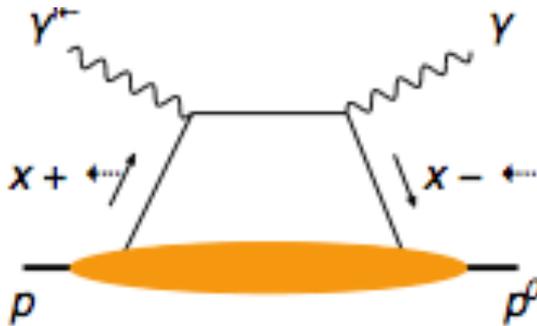


Historically investigations of nucleon structure and dynamics involved breaking the nucleon....

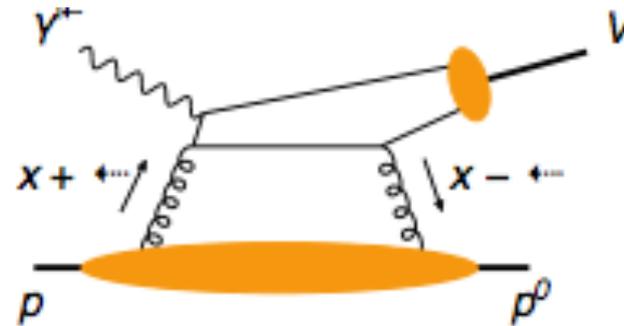
To get to the **orbital motion** of quarks and gluons we need **non-violent collisions**



Quarks Motion



Gluons: Only @ Collider



### Deeply Virtual Compton Scattering

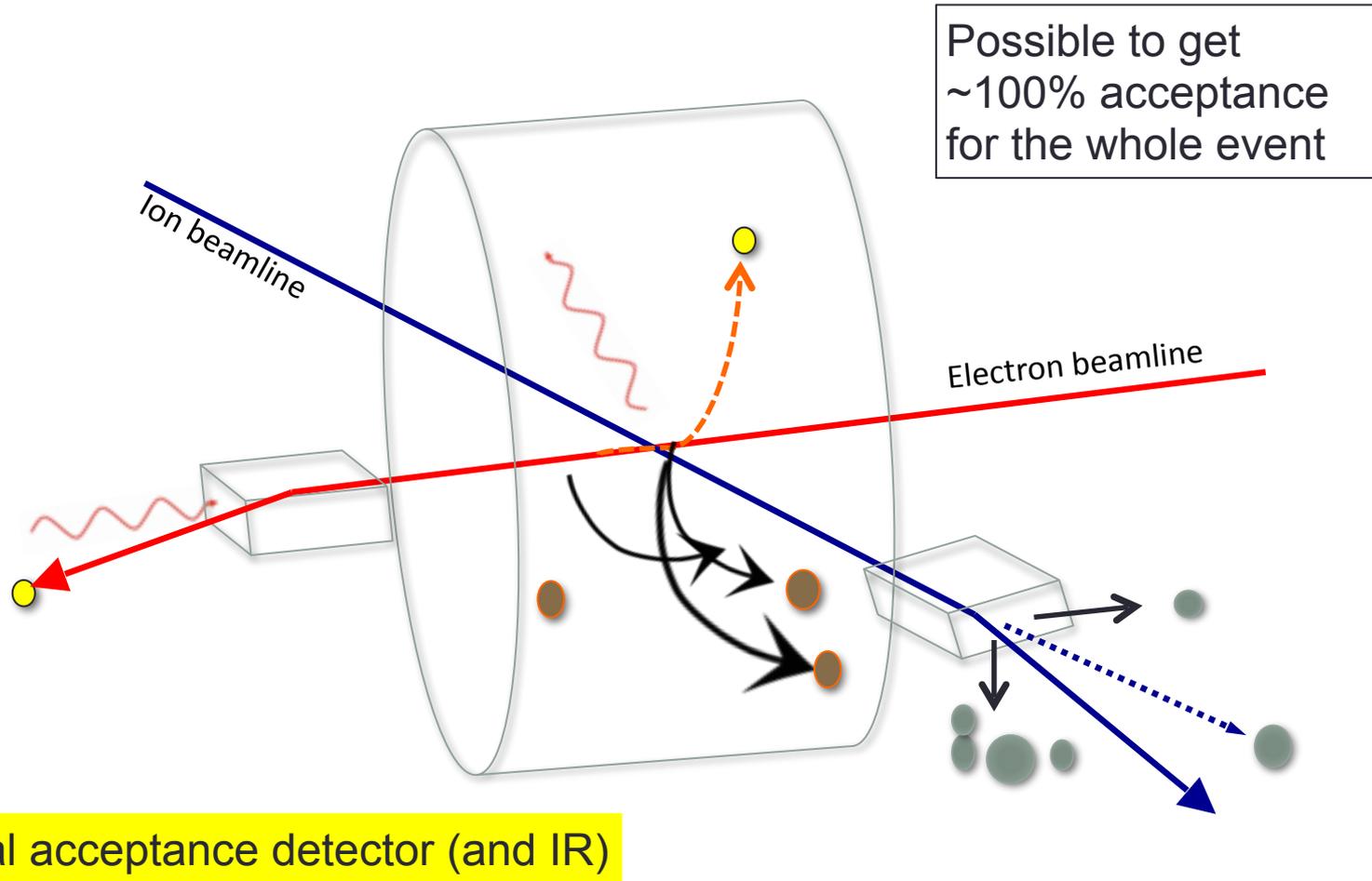
Measure all three final states

$$e + p \rightarrow e' + p' + \gamma$$

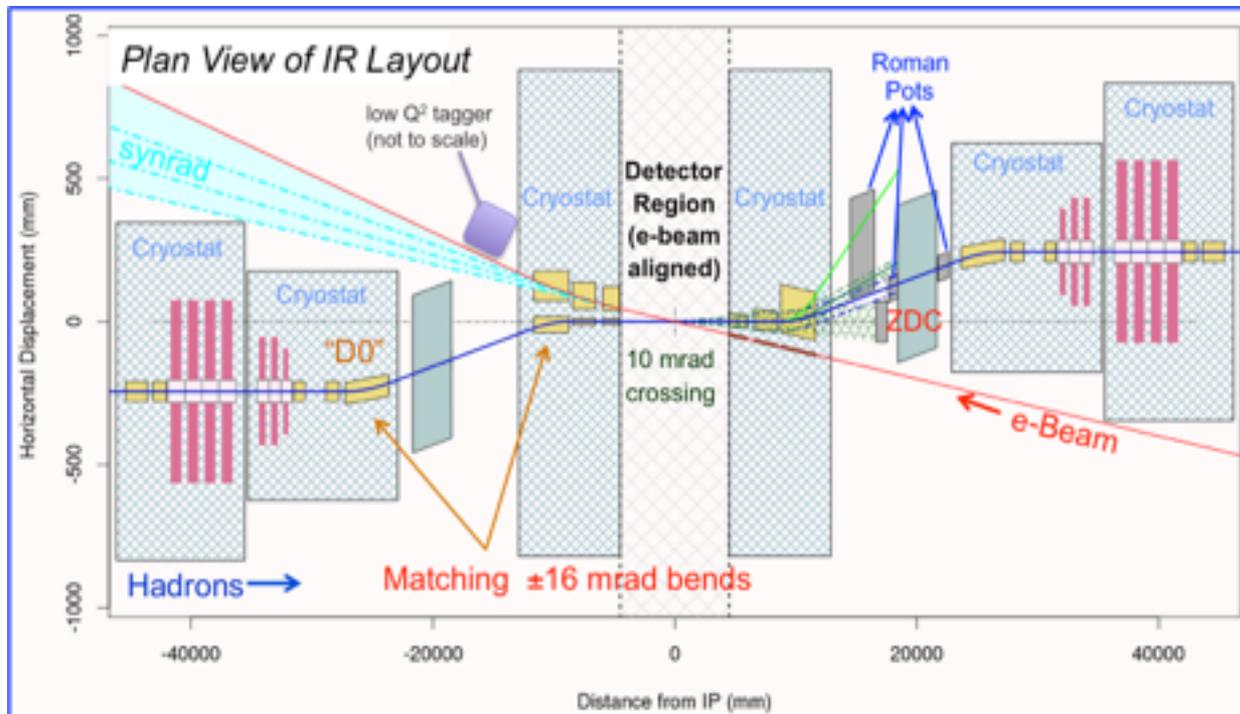
Fourier transform of momentum transferred =  $(p-p')$   $\rightarrow$  Spatial distribution

Exclusive measurements  $\rightarrow$  measure “everything”

# Interaction Region Concept



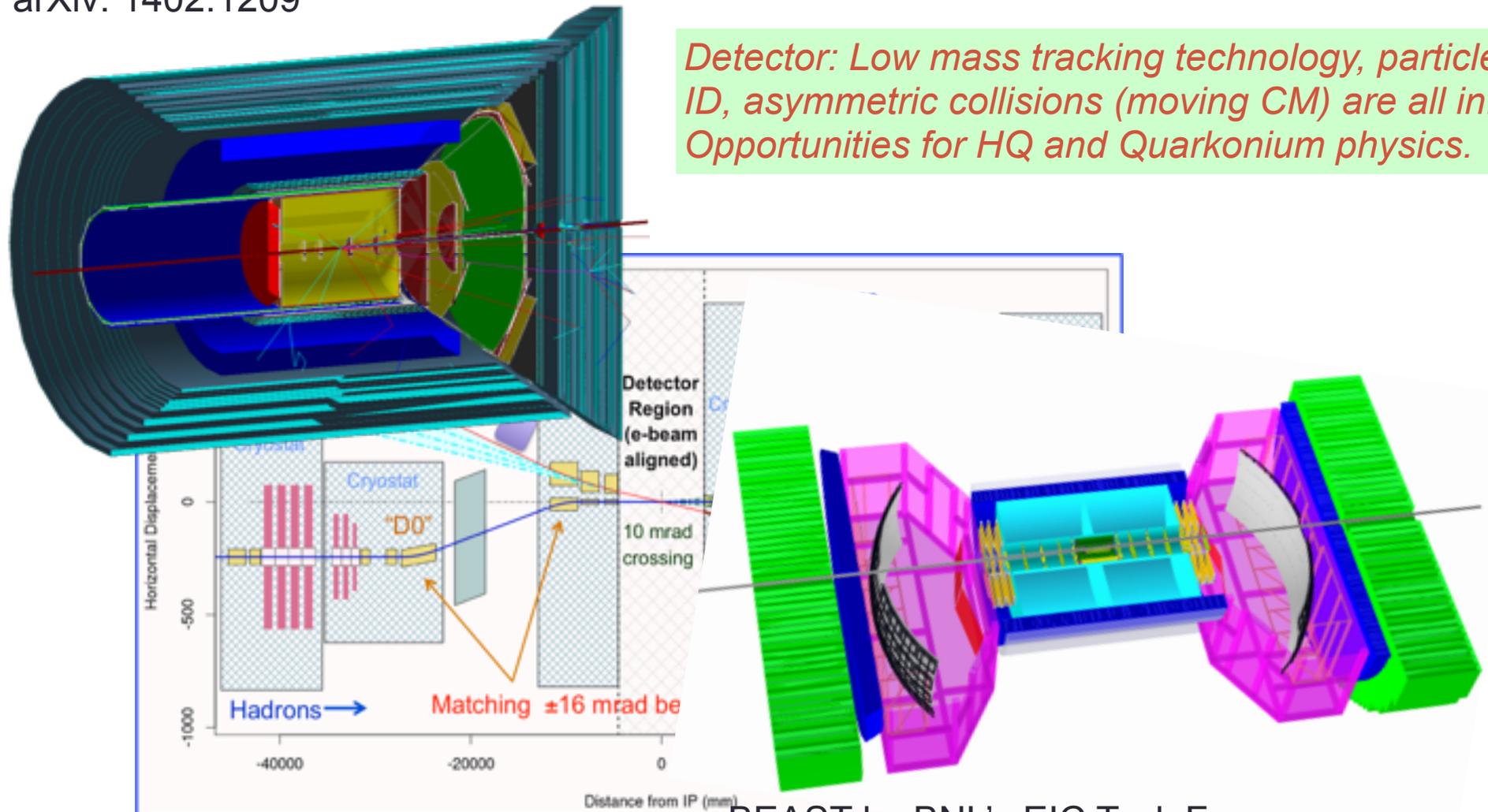
# EIC IR & Detector Plan both at eRHIC & JLEIC



# EIC IR & Detector Plan both at eRHIC & JLEIC

Day-1 Detector: CELESTE  
A.K.A. "ePHENIX" with BaBar Solenoid  
arXiv: 1402.1209

*Detector: Low mass tracking technology, particle ID, asymmetric collisions (moving CM) are all in!  
Opportunities for HQ and Quarkonium physics.*



BEAST by BNL's EIC Task Force  
arXiv: 1409.1633



# Novel Accelerator Concepts

---

Technology and R&D

# EIC Distinct from (the past) HERA

- Luminosity 100-1000 times that of HERA
  - Enable 3D tomography of gluons and sea quarks in protons
- Polarized protons and light nuclear beams
  - Critical to all spin physics related studies, including precise knowledge of gluon's & angular momentum contributions from partons to the nucleon's spin
- Nuclear beams of all A ( $p \rightarrow U$ )
  - To study gluon density at saturation scale and to search for coherent effects like the color glass condensate and test its universality
- Center mass variability with minimal loss of luminosity
  - Critical to study onset of interesting QCD phenomena
- Detector & IR designs mindful of "Lessons learned from HERA"
  - No bends in e-beam, maximal forward acceptance....

# Innovative Accelerator Science

On going R&D on accelerator concepts and technologies:

High current polarized electron gun

High current Energy Recovery Linac (ERL)

Coherent electron cooling

Fixed Field Acceleration Gradient beam transport

High gradient crab cavities

Super-ferric magnets

Figure-8 shaped e/h rings to aid polarization of beams



eRHIC R&D



JLEIC R&D

Most of these are of global interest!

Realizing these for the US EIC requires *cutting edge accelerator science*

## T. Hallman, Office of NP at the NSAC meeting March 23, 2016

### Seeding the Possibility of a Future Electron Ion Collider

#### NP Planning for EIC Accelerator R&D

In view of Recommendation III in the 2015 LRP report on the realization of an EIC, NP is fomenting a plan in discussion with EIC stakeholders:

- 18 months NAS study:** US-BASED ELECTRON ION COLLIDER SCIENCE ASSESSMENT
- March - July 2016:** Competitive FOA published this month, proposals due May 2 to select and fund accelerator R&D for Next Generation NP Facilities for 1 year only.
- Summer 2016** Conduct an NP community EIC R&D panel (EIC-R&D) Review charged with generating a report as basis for FY17-FY20+ EIC accelerator R&D funding. NP to appoint Chair of the panel
- Late Fall 2016:** Use the EIC panel report from the panel to publish a new Accelerator R&D FOA for FY2017 funding.

Funding amount and source for EIC accelerator R&D in FY17 and beyond:

- Funding level:** Aiming for \$7M, exact amount to be guided by EIC-R&D Review's report
- Funding sources:** ~\$1.9M from NP competitive pot, the rest generated by percentage tax to RHIC and CEBAF Accelerator Operations budgets (~2.6% FY17 president request for each Lab).

# Electron Ion Collider User Group (EICUG)

---

Building Physics Collaborations for Experiments at the EIC

# Community/Collaboration building:

EIC User Group → [eicug.org](http://eicug.org) (contact me!)



PHYSICS

203

EIC Workshop  
July 8 2016

# Community/Collaboration building:

EIC User Group → [eicug.org](http://eicug.org) (contact me!)

The EIC Users Meeting at Stony Brook, June 2014:

→ <http://skipper.physics.sunysb.edu/~eicug/meeting1/SBU.html>

The EIC UG Meeting at University of Berkeley, January 6-9, 2016

<http://skipper.physics.sunysb.edu/~eicug/meeting2/UCB2016.html>

Recent EICUG Argonne National Laboratory July 7-10, 2016

<http://eic2016.phy.anl.gov>



## ***Next two meetings:***

*January 2017 (BlueJeans)*

*July 18-22, 2017 Trieste, Italy*

***Ample opportunities for contributions & participation!***

# EICUG Today: 651 Users, 142 Institutes, 27 Countries

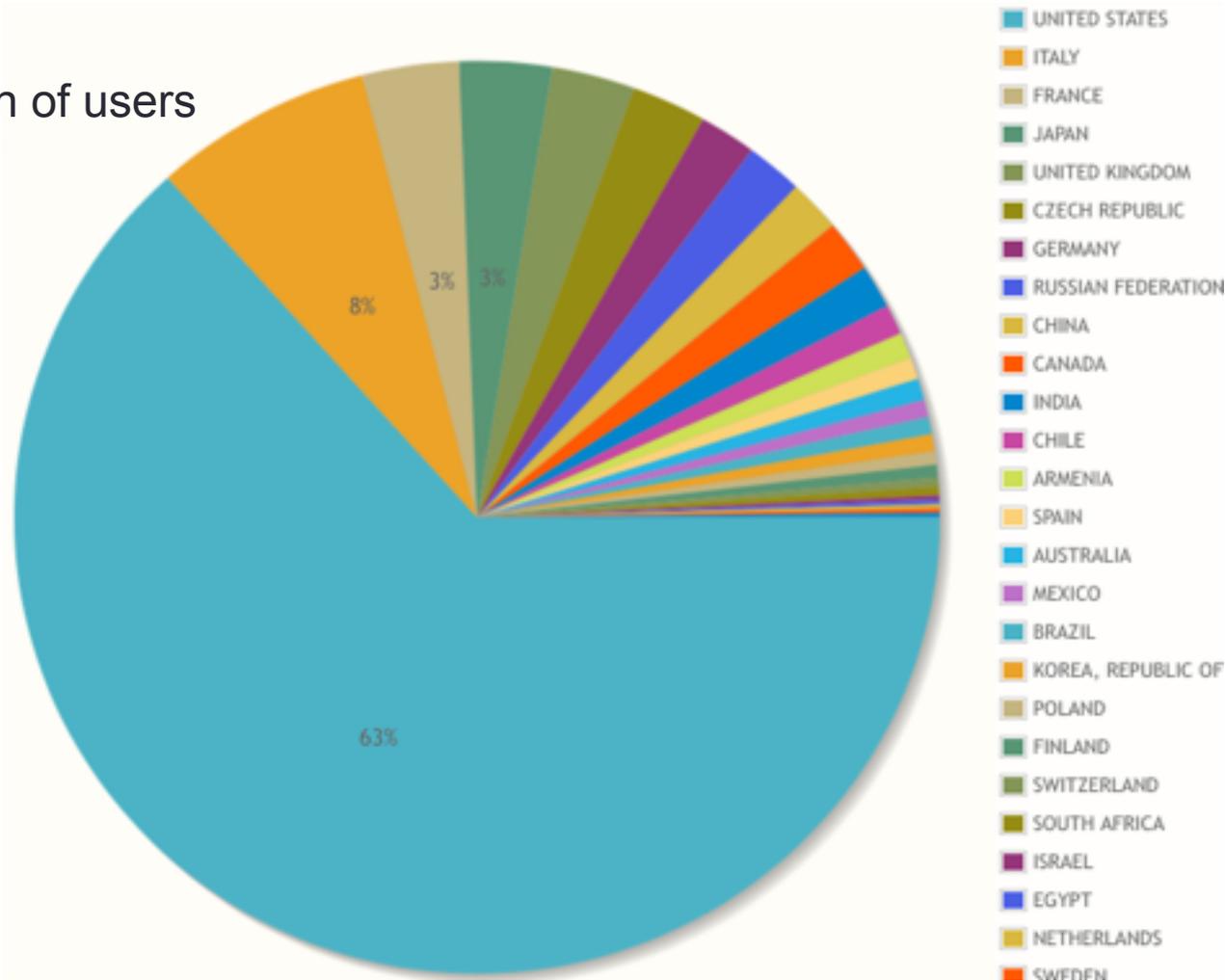
350 experimentalists, 111 theorists, 141 accelerator-physicists, 43 unknowns



# EICUG Today: 651 Users, 142 Institutes, 27 Countries

350 experimentalists, 111 theorists, 141 accelerator-physicists, 43 unknowns

Distribution of users  
by country



# Detector R&D

**An active Generic Detector R&D Program for EIC underway, (supported by DOE, administered by BNL, T. Ullrich):**

An external committee of 8 people reviews all proposals

~140 physicists, 31 institutes (5 Labs, 22 Universities, 9 Non-US Institutions) 15+ detector consortia exploring novel technologies for tracking, particle ID, calorimetry

→ *Weekly meetings, workshops and test beam activities already underway*

→ *[https://wiki.bnl.gov/conferences/index.php/EIC\\_R%25D](https://wiki.bnl.gov/conferences/index.php/EIC_R%25D)*

→ *MUCH TO BE DONE... despite many successes....*

Currently the program receives ~\$1.3M annually. Intent is to increase it to at least two or three times this in near future.

**Opportunity for non-US Sources to make an impact!**

US DOE is also moving  
forward...

---

## T. Hallman, Office of NP at the NSAC meeting March 23, 2016

### Next Formal Step on the EIC Science Case

#### **THE NATIONAL ACADEMIES OF SCIENCES, ENGINEERING, AND MEDICINE**

Division on Engineering and Physical Science

Board on Physics and Astronomy

#### **U.S.-Based Electron Ion Collider Science Assessment**

#### ***Summary***

The National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine (“National Academies”) will form a committee to carry out a thorough, independent assessment of the scientific justification for a U.S. domestic electron ion collider facility. In preparing its report, the committee will address the role that such a facility would play in the future of nuclear science, considering the field broadly, but placing emphasis on its potential scientific impact on quantum chromodynamics. The need for such an accelerator will be addressed in the context of international efforts in this area. Support for the 18-month project in the amount of \$540,000 is requested from the Department of Energy.

Mail reviews received; proposal approved for funding in PAMS; PR package in PAMS being processed.

Progress is also being made on a second Joint NAS study on Space Radiation Effects Testing

# National Academy's Review of EIC

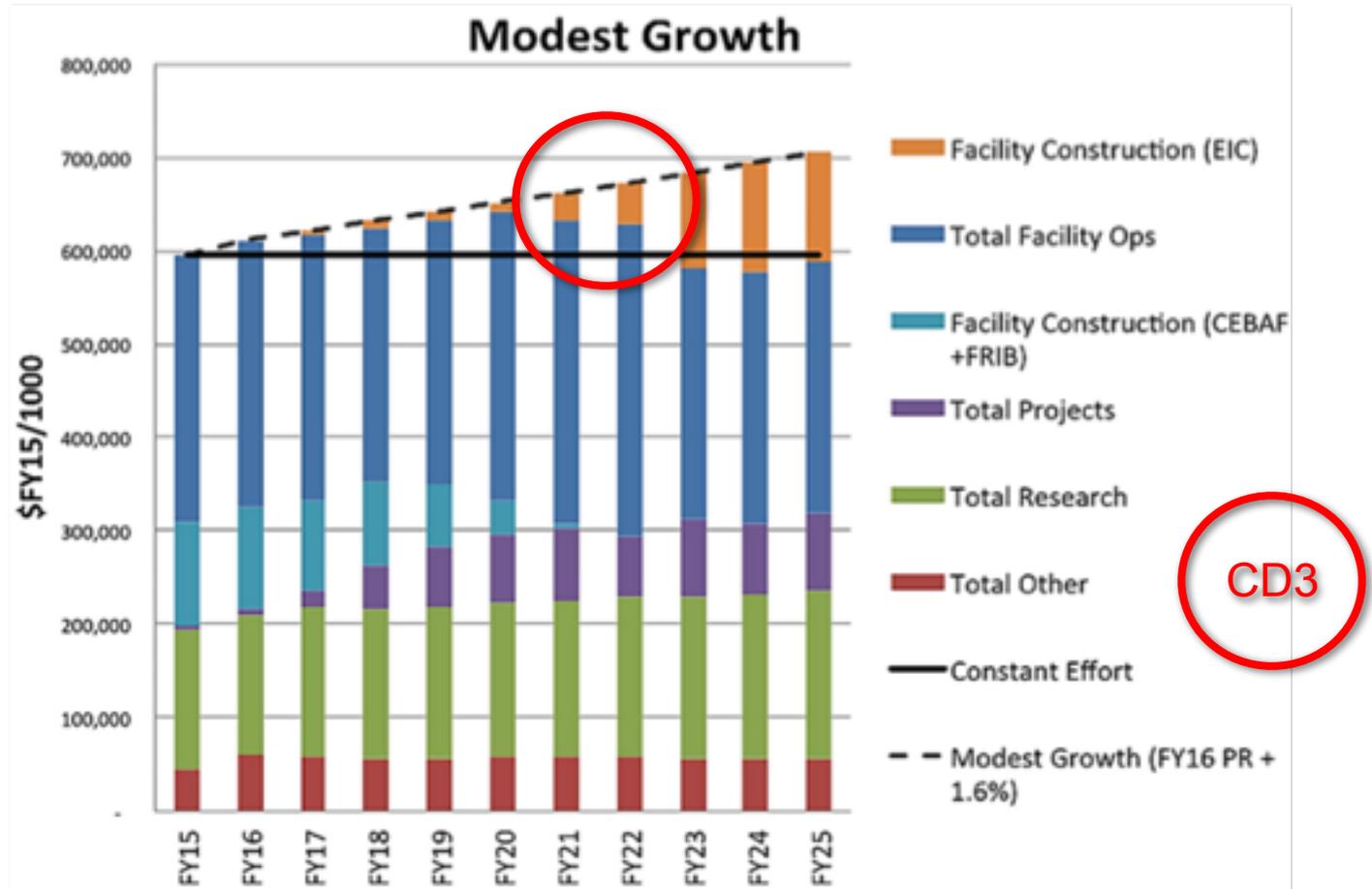
- A blue ribbon committee of experts in the field & some outsiders who will evaluate and comment on the importance of the SCIENCE OF EIC
  - A similar review of the previous large projects within the office of science
  - Schedule of presentations expect in the next couple of months, with activity in Fall 2016 & Spring 2017.
- **Discussion within the EICUG:**
  - Science based on EIC White Paper (mature for presentation)
  - Is the presentation developed for the Long Range Plan (2015) appropriate or could it be improved?
  - What new topics could be presented to such a panel that are of interest to the new members of the EICUG?
  - How can we all help and participate?

# Path forward for the EIC:

- Science Review by National Academy of Science (& Engineering & Arts) (National Research Council)
- Positive NAS review will trigger the DOE's CD process
  - CD0 (acceptance of the critical need for science by DOE) FY18
  - EIC-Proposal's Technical & Cost review → FY19 (site selection)
  - CD2 requires site selection
  - Major Construction funds ("CD3") by 2022/23"
  - Assuming 1.6% sustained increase over inflation of the next several years (Long Range Plan)

# Assumption: “Modest Growth” → 1.6% growth/year above constant effort

The 2015 Long Range Plan for Nuclear Science



Not much  
time!

Figure 10.4: DOE budget in FY 2015 dollars for the Modest Growth scenario.

## Summary:

The EIC will profoundly impact our understanding of the **structure of nucleons and nuclei in terms of sea quarks & gluons** (SM of Physics). →

***The bridge between sea quark/gluons to Nuclei***

The EIC will enable **IMAGES** of **yet unexplored regions of phase spaces in QCD** with its high luminosity/energy, nuclei & beam polarization

→ ***High potential for discovery***

Outstanding questions raised by world wide experiments at CERN, BNL and Jeff Lab, have **naturally led us to the science and design parameters of the EIC:**  
**World wide interest and opportunity** in collaborating on the EIC

**Accelerator scientists at RHIC, Jlab** in collaboration with many from outside accelerator experts will provide the **intellectual and technical leadership** for to realize the EIC -- *a frontier accelerator facility.*

Future QCD studies, particularly for Gluons, demands an  
 Electron Ion Collider

*NSAC Agrees nad we are moving forward!*