

Fully Automatic Ξ^- Hyperons Tracking in Dense Exposed Nuclear Emulsion

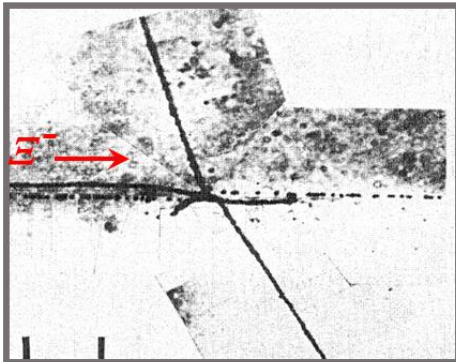
MYINT KYAW SOE
D2



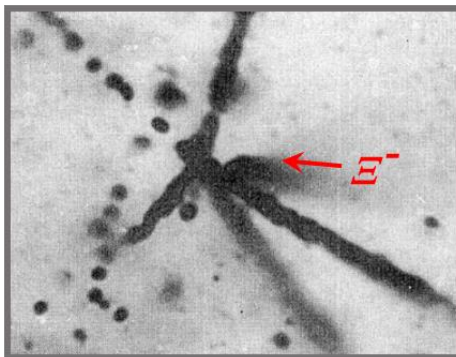
Introduction

For information of Λ - Λ & Ξ -N in $S = -2$ system;
Double- Λ hypernuclei and Ξ - hypernuclei are uniquely available sources

Revisit to double- Λ hypernuclear events

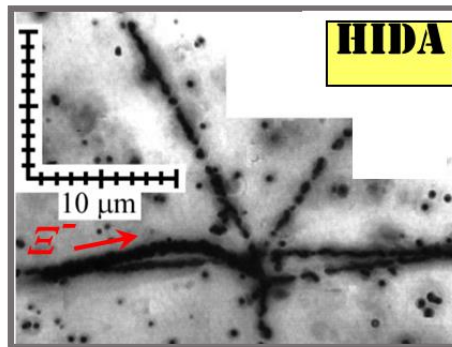


M.Danysz et al., PRL.11(1963)29;
First observation

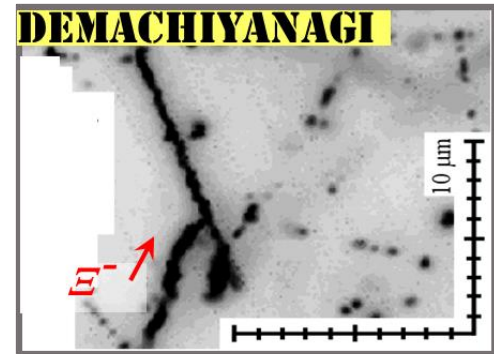
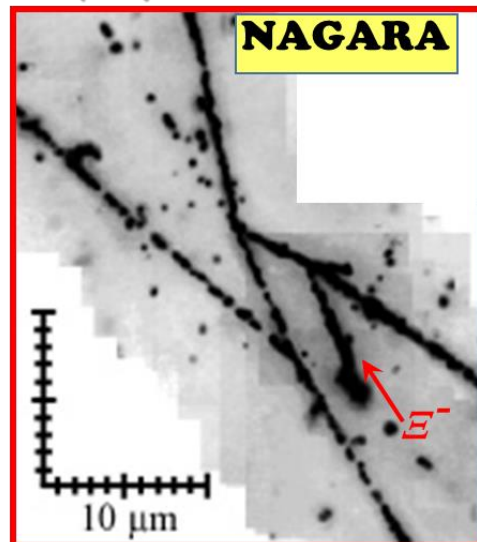


KEK-PS (E176); 1988 ~

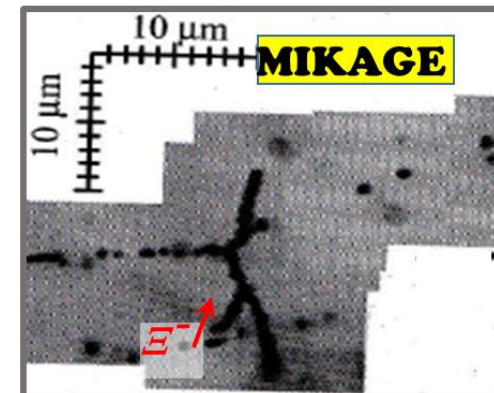
S.Aoki et al., NP. A828 (2009) 191-232
Confirm existence of double
 Λ hypernucleus



Uniquely identified

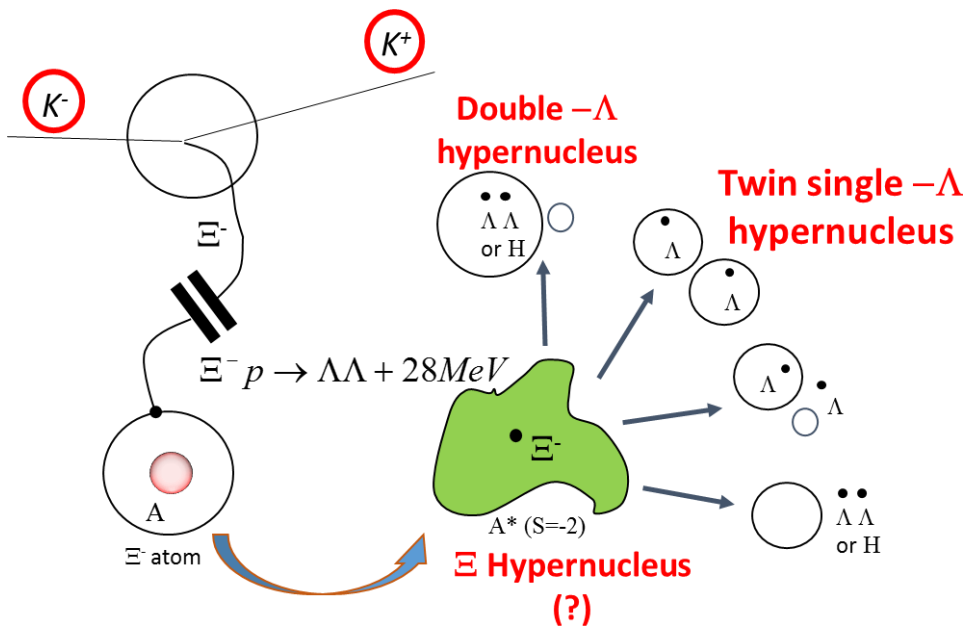


KEK-PS(E373)
1995~

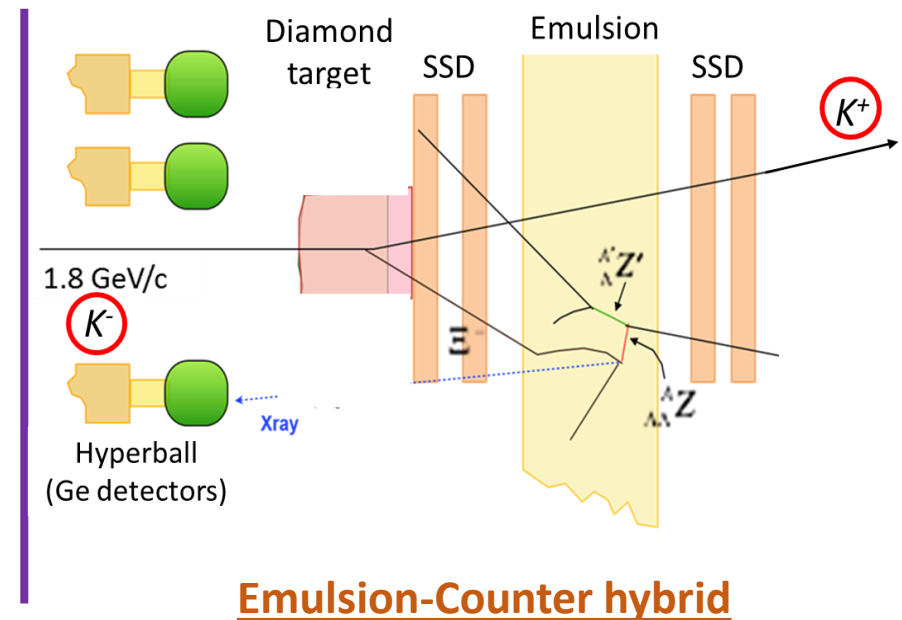


- Among double- Λ hypernuclear events, **NAGARA** event is uniquely identified to be 0.67 ± 0.17 MeV for Λ - Λ interaction [Ref: *J. K. AHN et al., PRC 88 (2013) 014003*]
- In order to understand Λ - Λ interaction without nuclear core effect
>> Λ - Λ interaction in different nuclear species
- To do so, E07 experiment will be carried out at J-PARC

Production of $S = -2$ in nucleus



E07 set up



By following Ξ^- in emulsion with assist of SSD data, double- Λ hypernucleus will be detected

E373 & E07

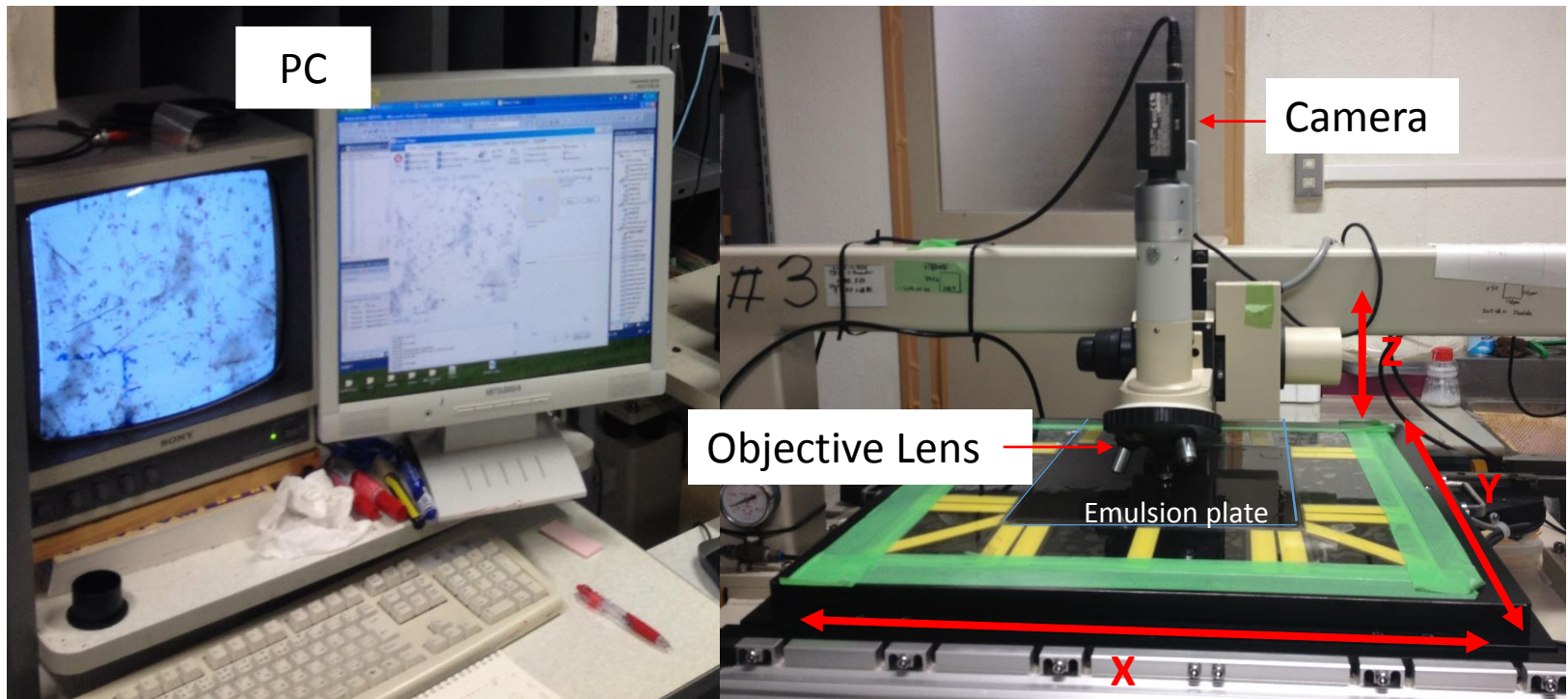
	E373	E07
Double- Λ hypernuclear event	7	~ 100
Twin single- Λ hypernuclear event	2	~ 30
Ξ^- -stopping events in emulsion	$\sim 10^3$	10^4
	Found by X- candidates tracking for several years	How long???

In order to finish all Ξ^- candidates following in a few years and to reduce human-power, automatic Ξ^- tracking in nuclear emulsion plate is developed

Motivation of this work

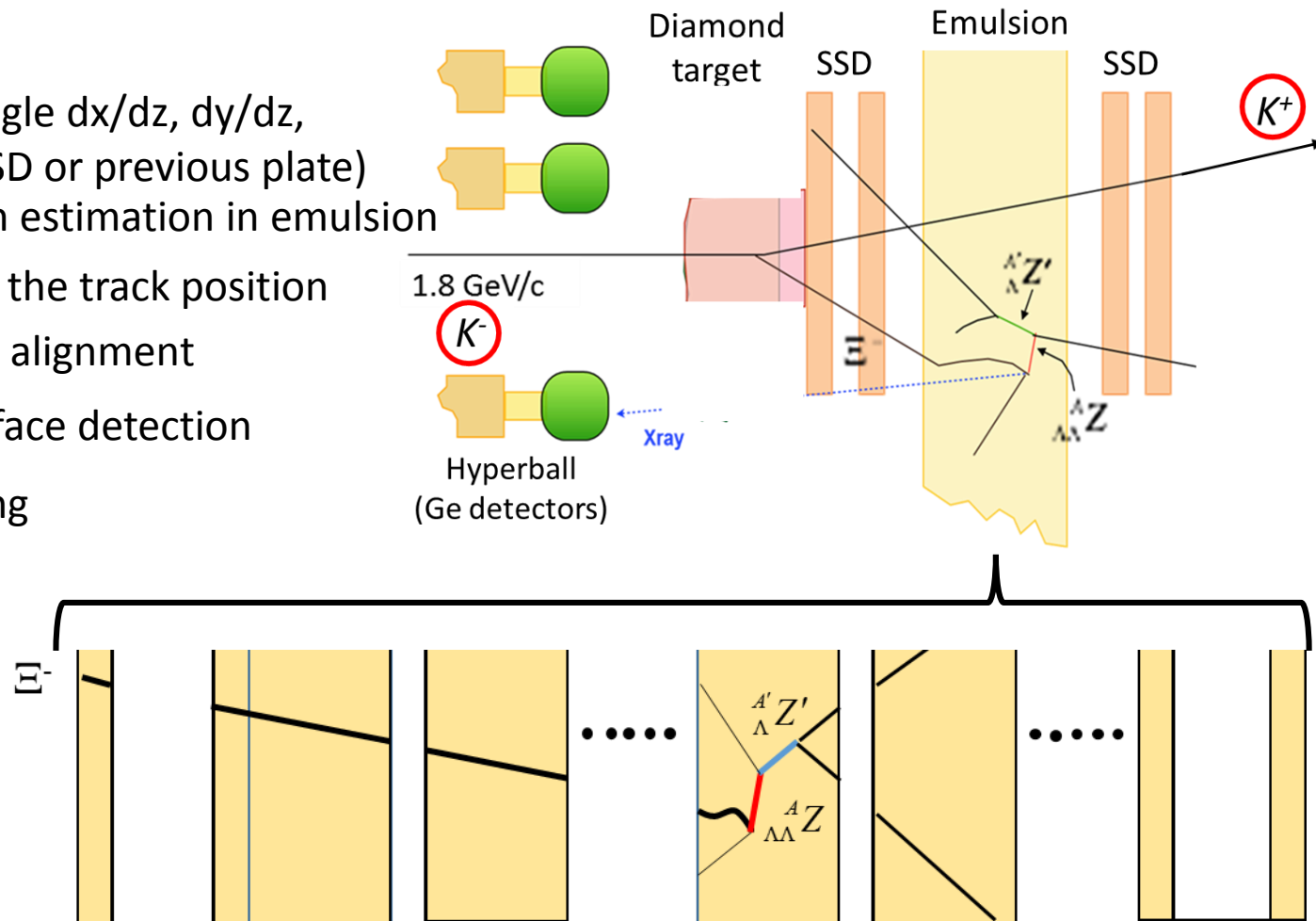
“Automatic Ξ^- tracking in dense exposed nuclear emulsion”

Computer-aided Microscope System



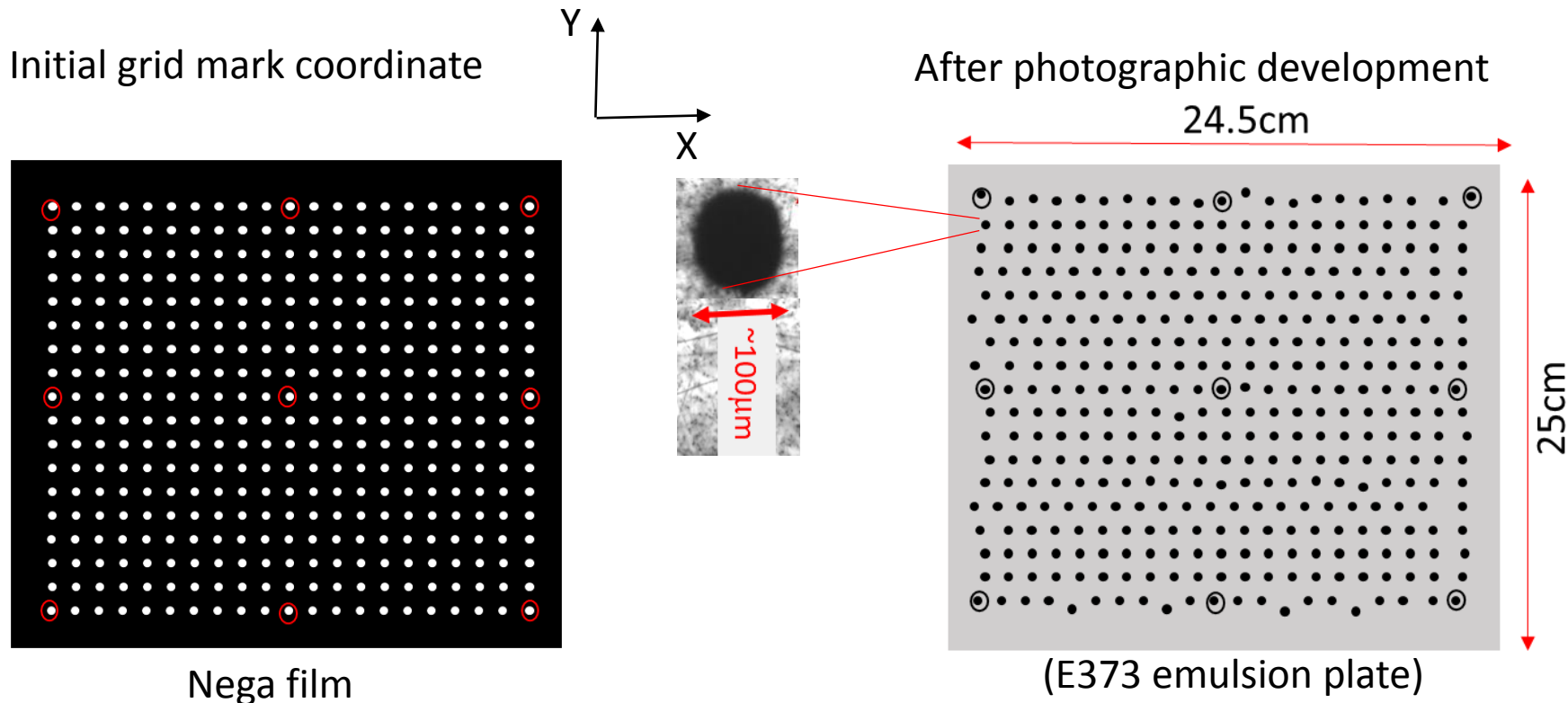
Flow of Method

- Track data (angle dx/dz , dy/dz , (x_0, y_0) from SSD or previous plate)
1. Track position estimation in emulsion
 2. Correction of the track position
 3. Plate to plate alignment
 4. Emulsion surface detection
 5. Track following



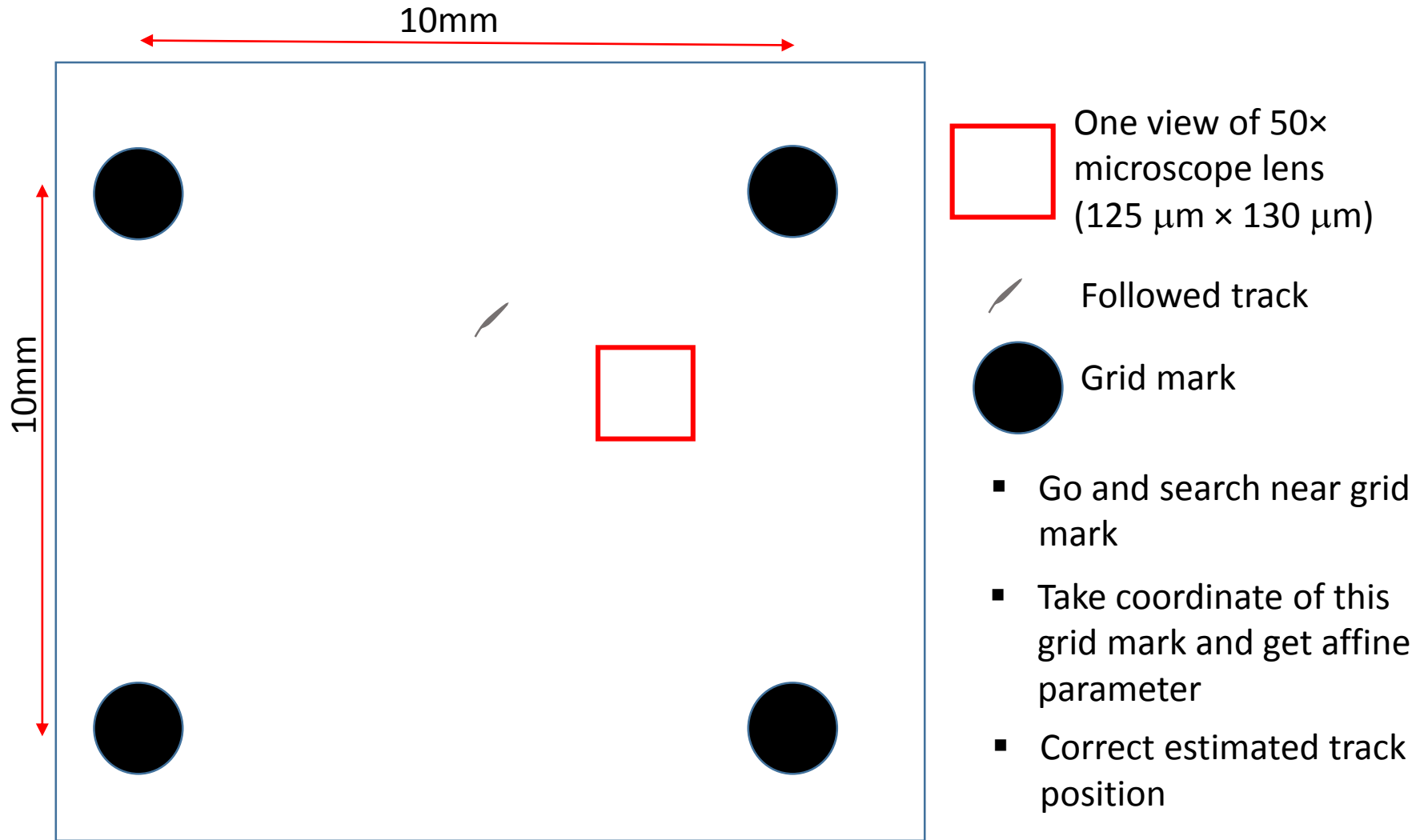
#E373 emulsion plates are used to develop tracking system#

Track position estimation in emulsion



- Grid marks are printed at 1 cm intervals on emulsion plates (same in E07)
- By measuring coordinates of 9 grid marks of current emulsion plates after photographic development and they are mapped with initial grid coordinates
- Affine parameters are given and all tracks` positions are estimated by use of this parameters.

Correction of estimated track position

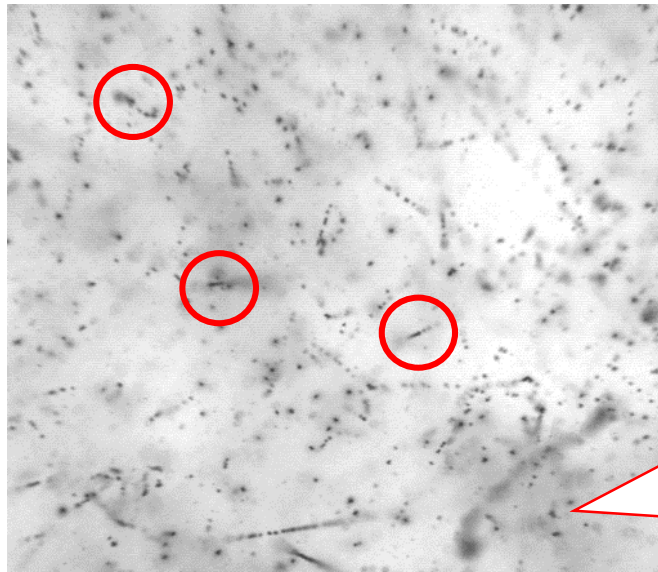
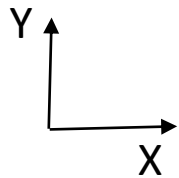


Accuracy is $17.4 \pm 9.2 \mu\text{m}$

- Track exist within one view

Alignment of plate by plate connection with K⁻ beam matching

- Alignment with grid marks :: $17.4 \pm 9.2 \mu\text{m}$



One view of 50× objective lens ($125 \mu\text{m} \times 130 \mu\text{m}$)

- Not enough for automated system
- Human assistance is required because many candidate tracks may exist in one view

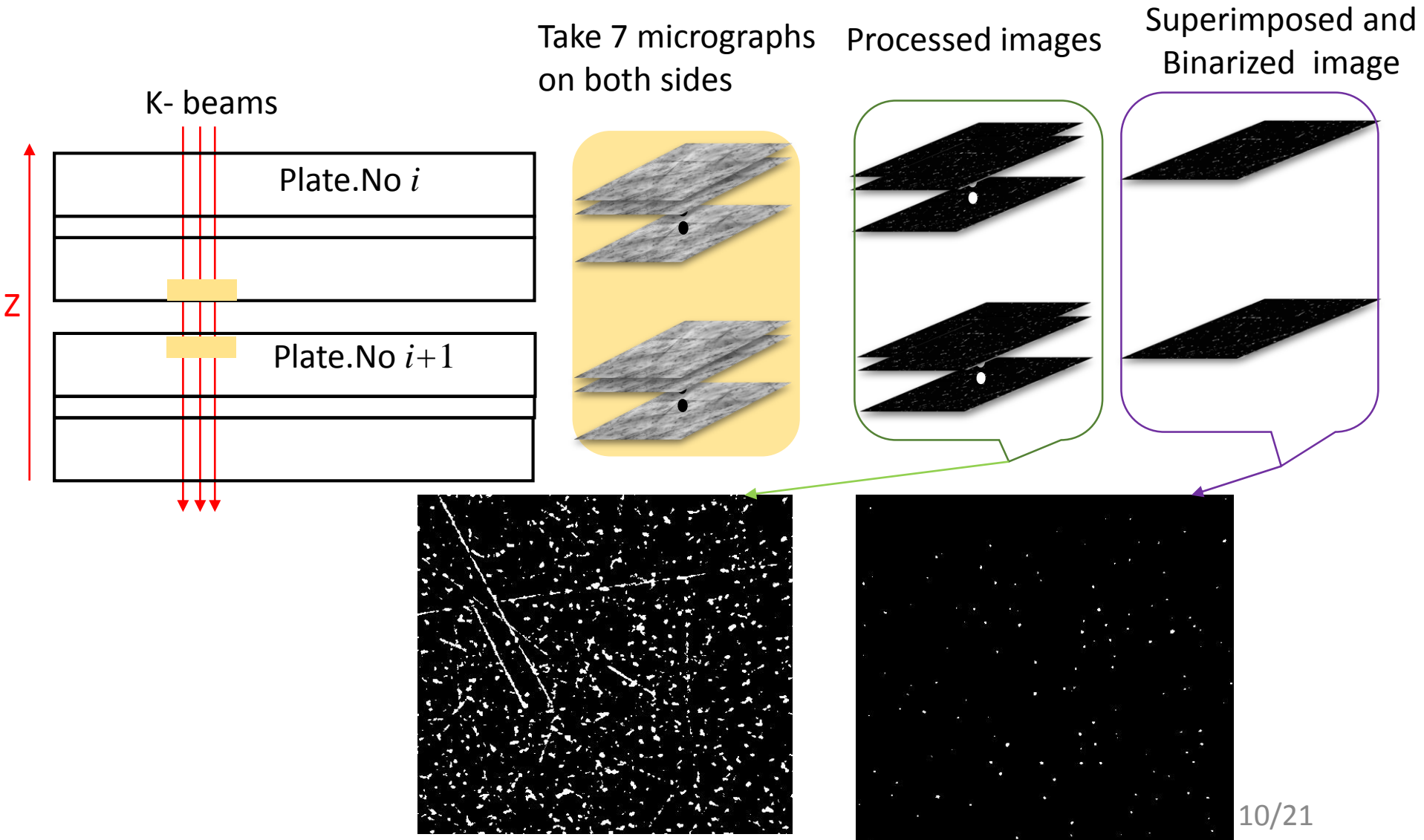
beam spots



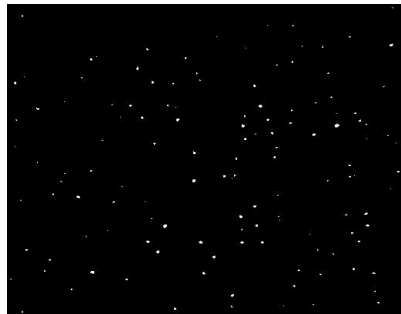
- For automated system, it is necessary about $1 \mu\text{m}$ alignment accuracy

K⁻ beam pattern matching method is performed

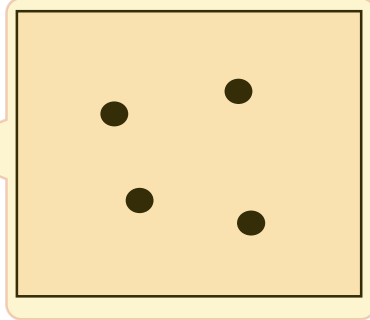
Gathering beam pattern from microscope image



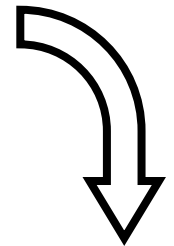
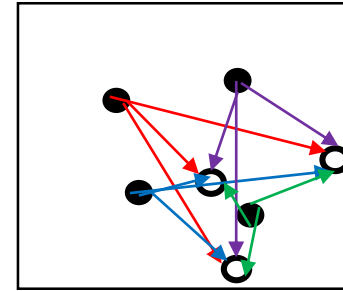
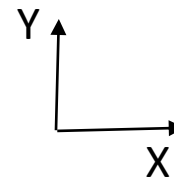
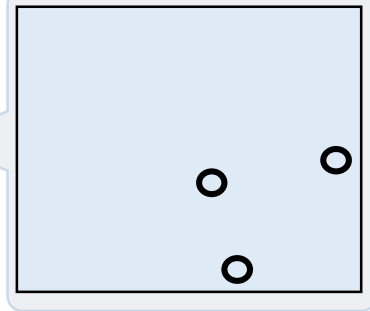
Beam pattern matching



in Plate No. i

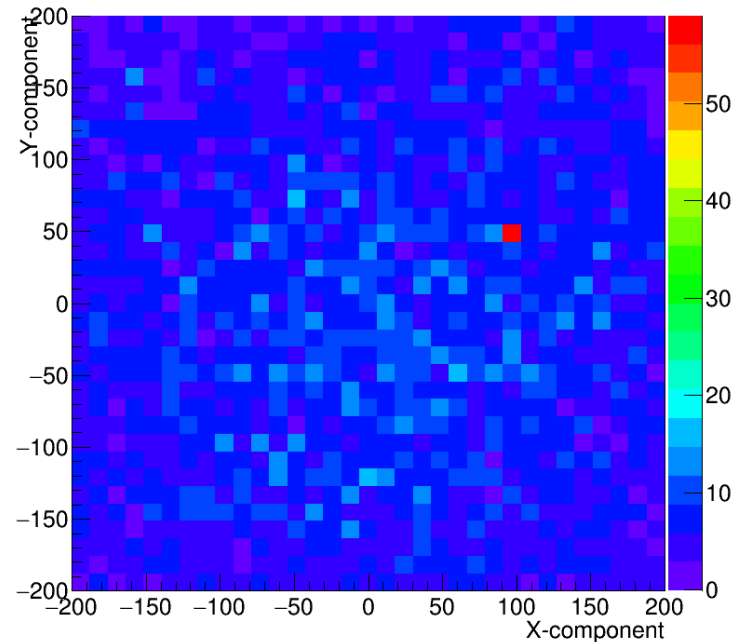


In Plate No. $i + 1$



Demonstration of beam pattern matching

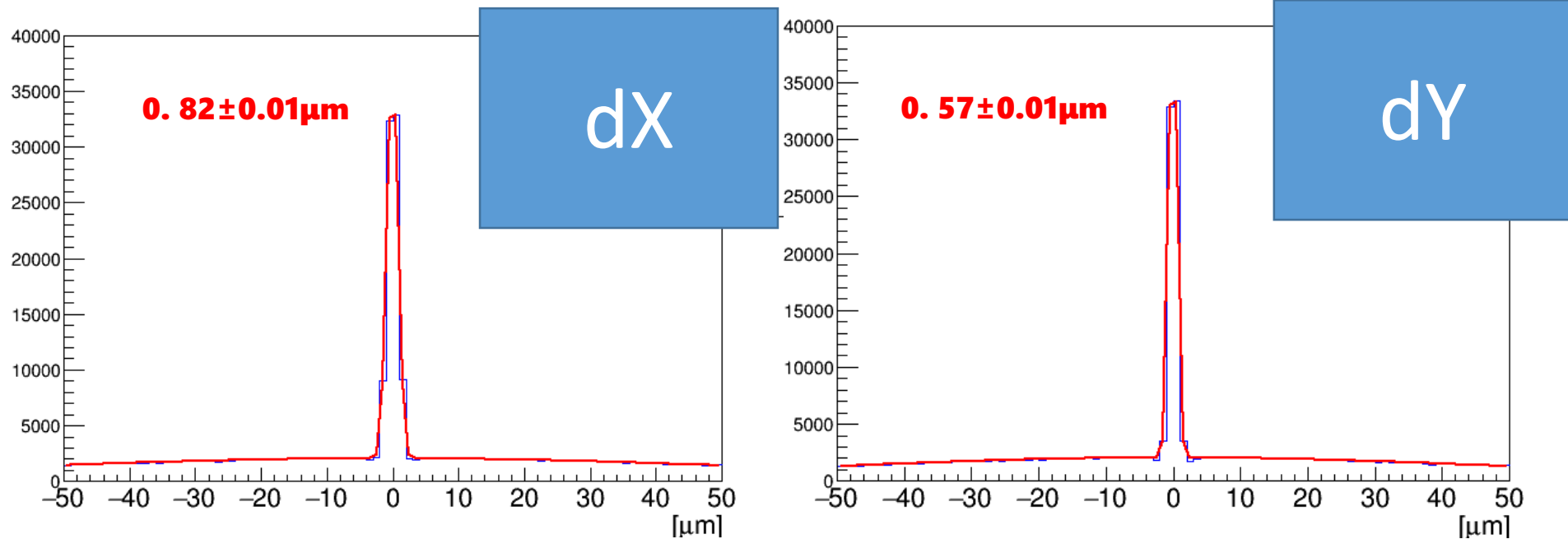
- Peak of 2D histogram becomes the offset ($\Delta x, \Delta y$)



Automatic alignment was successful

- accuracy is less than $1\mu\text{m}$

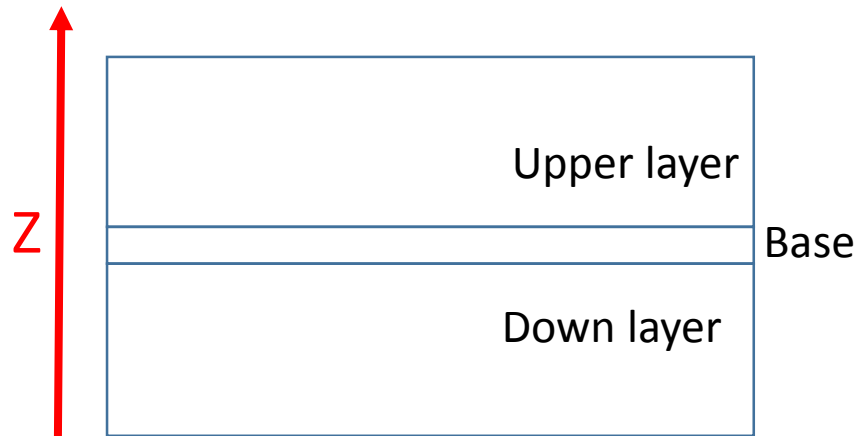
Position accuracy of alignment from 740 image samples



This method is very important for automatic tracking system

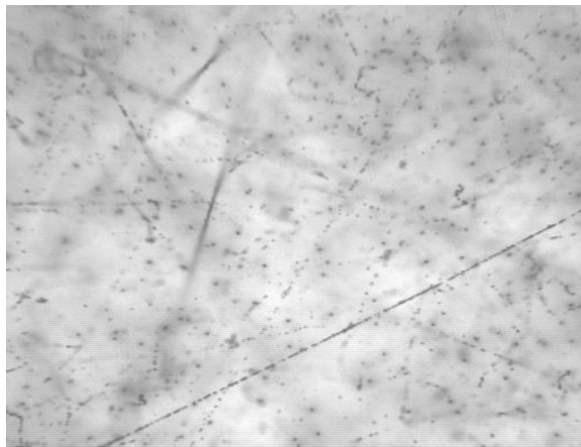
Emulsion surface detection

- Charged particle tracks are visible only in emulsion layers



- It is important to distinguish between inside and outside of emulsion layers
- It can be detected automatically by checking contrast of images along the optic Z- axis with the performance of **image processing**

Micrograph inside of emulsion



Micrograph outside of emulsion

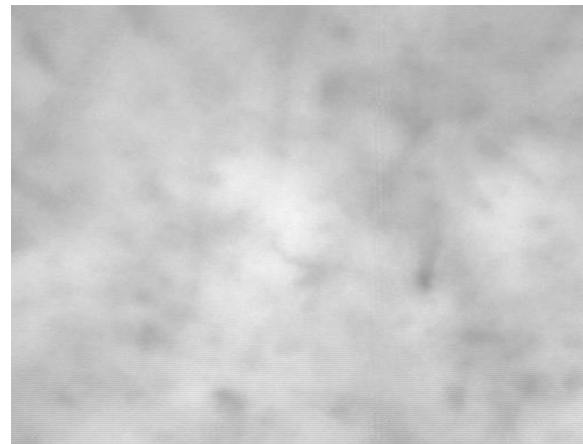
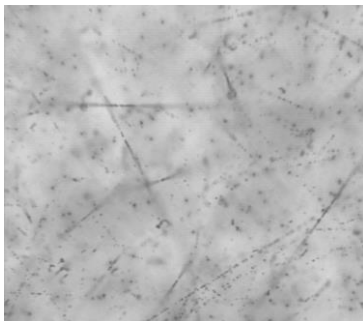
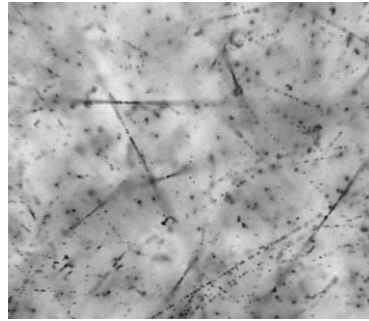


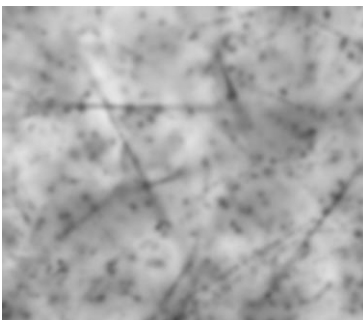
Image processing



① Original image (micrograph)



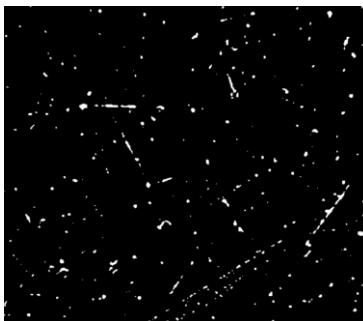
② Contrast enhancement



③ Gaussian filter

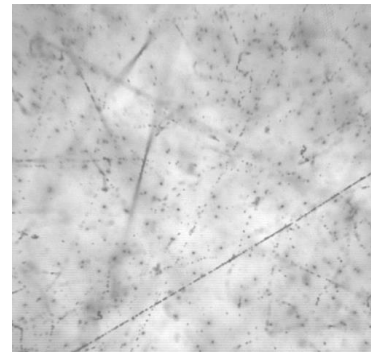


④ Background uniformity
 $(\textcircled{3} - \textcircled{2})$

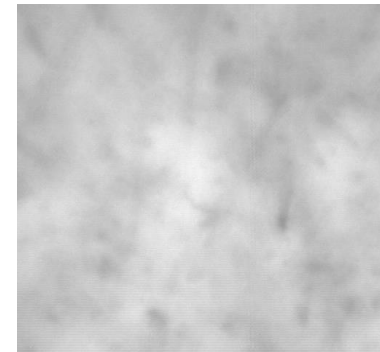


⑤ Binarization

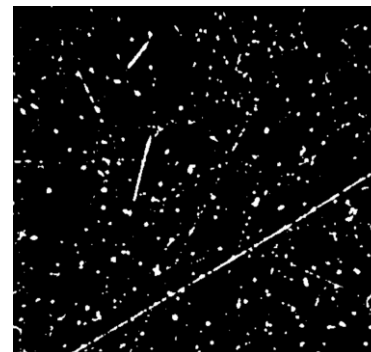
Inside of emulsion



Outside of emulsion



After image processing, the difference
between inside and outside of emulsion



Number of white pixels are plotted along Z position

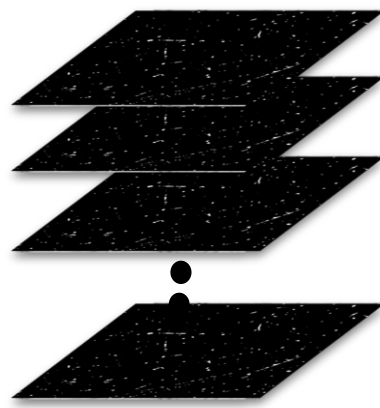
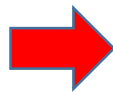
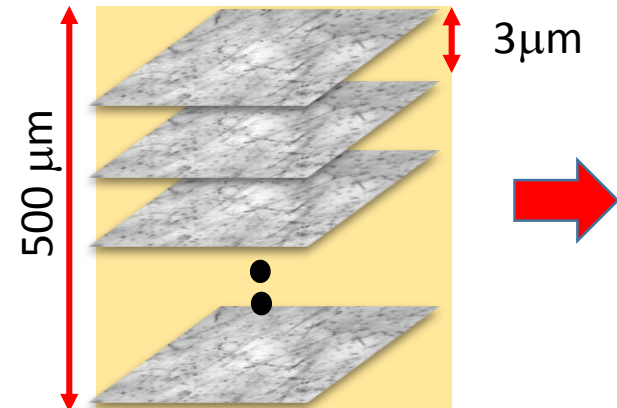
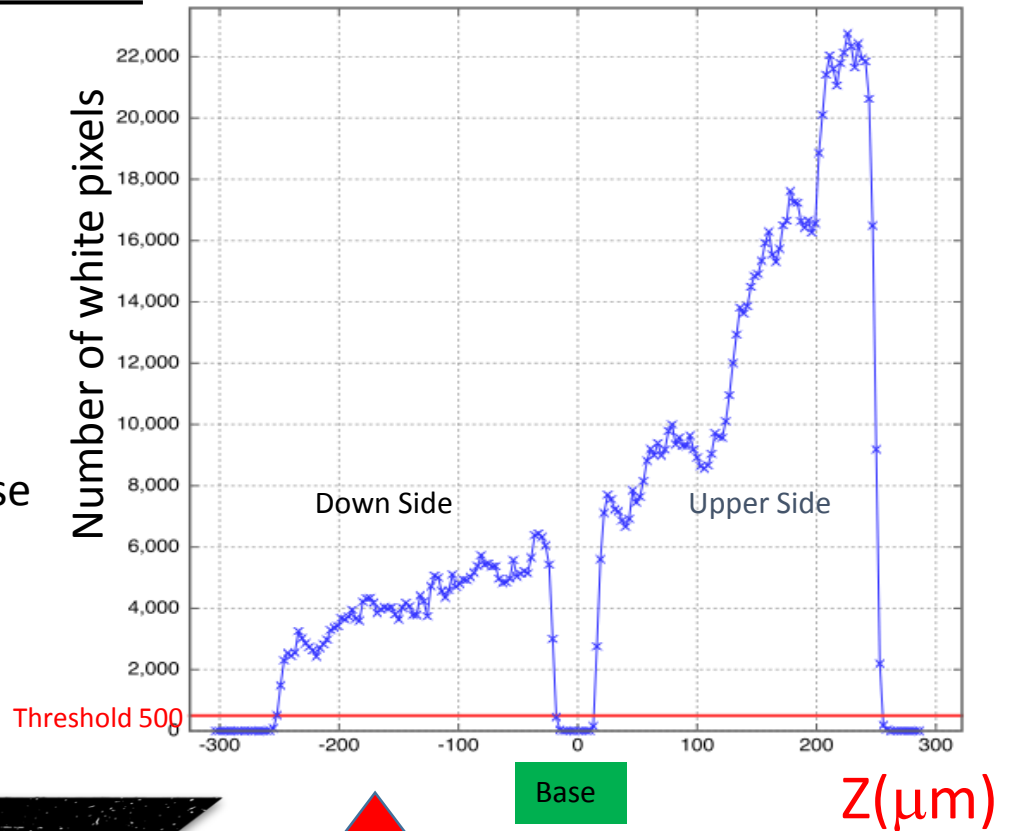
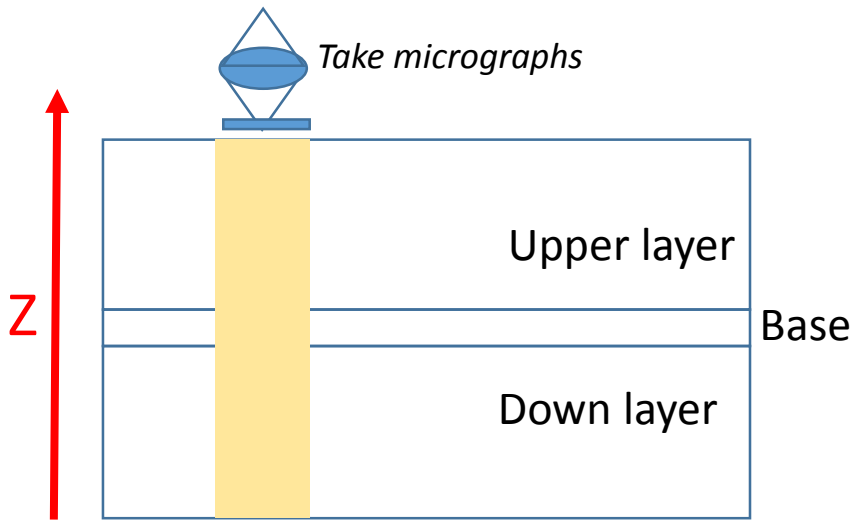


Image processing



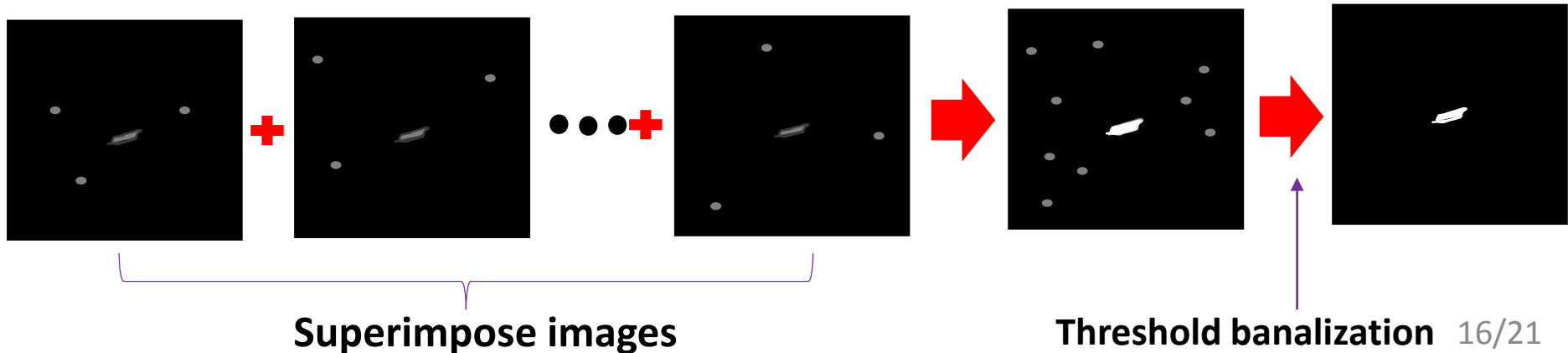
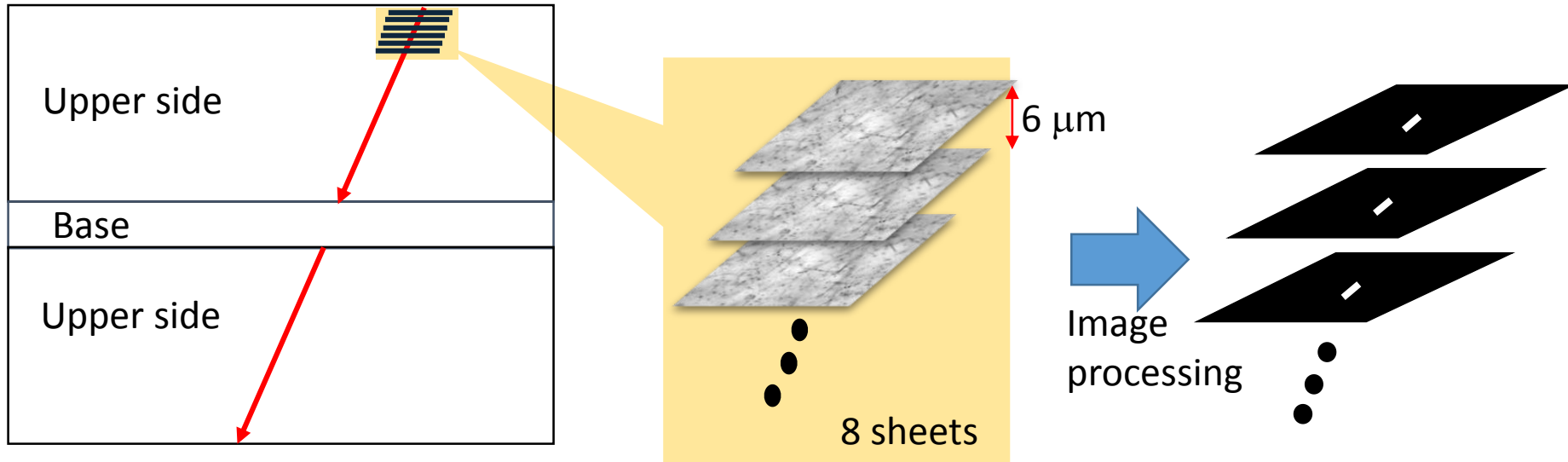
Accuracy of automatic surface detection is $2.6 \pm 2.0 \mu\text{m}$

- Sufficient for a fully automatic tracking system

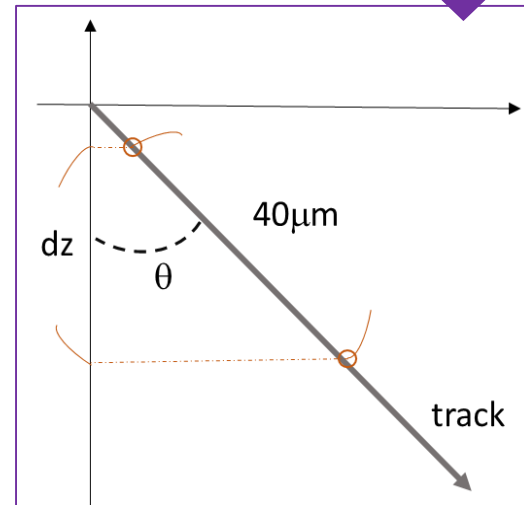
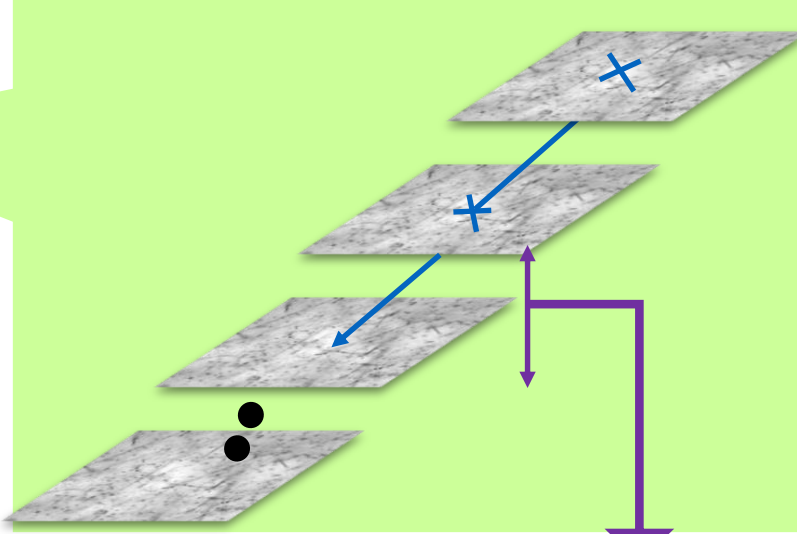
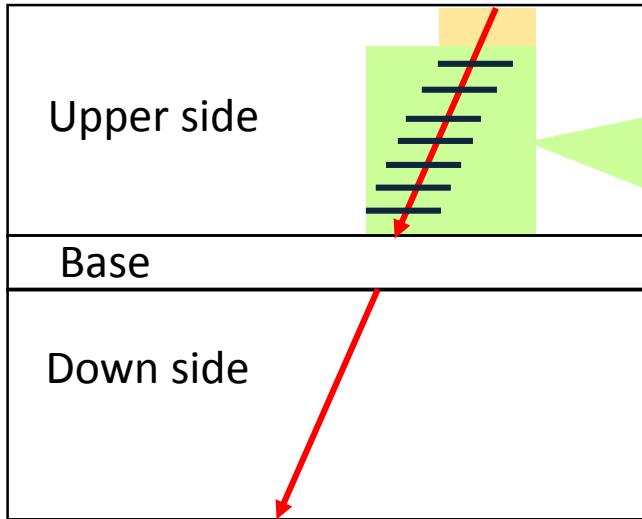
Track Following

Step 1

- Take 8 micrographs with interval of $6\text{ }\mu\text{m}$
- Take images slightly shift with estimated angle ($\tan \theta$)



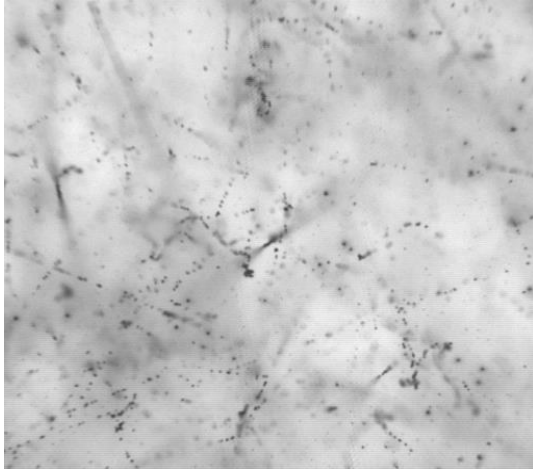
Step 2



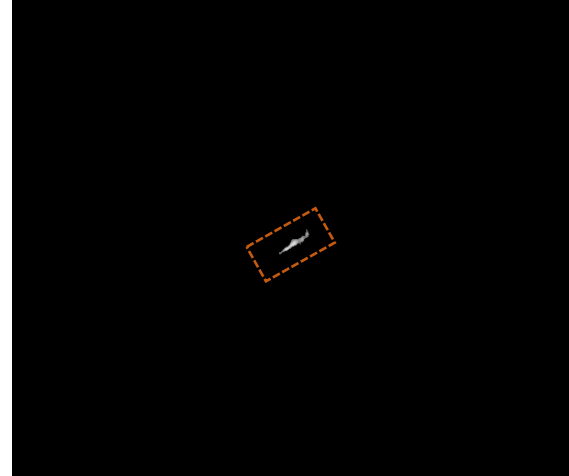
$$\tan \theta = \frac{\sqrt{dx^2 + dy^2}}{dz}$$

- Take just one image in each estimated positions
- Shift length of dx , dy , dz are calculated to be track range $40\mu m$
- Tracking in Down side is as same process as in Upper side

Track recognition in emulsion layer



① Acquired image

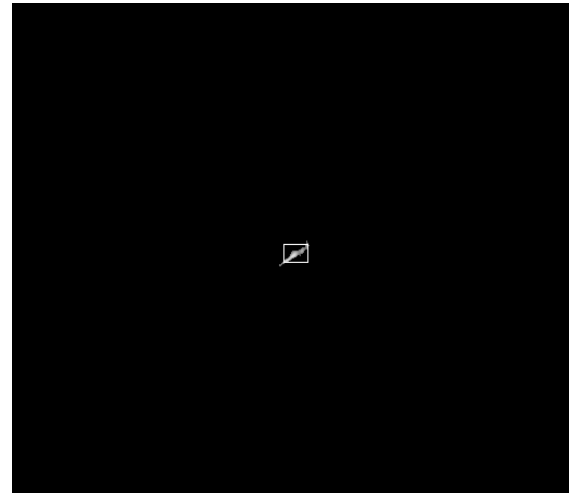


② Cut track searching range



③ Track detection

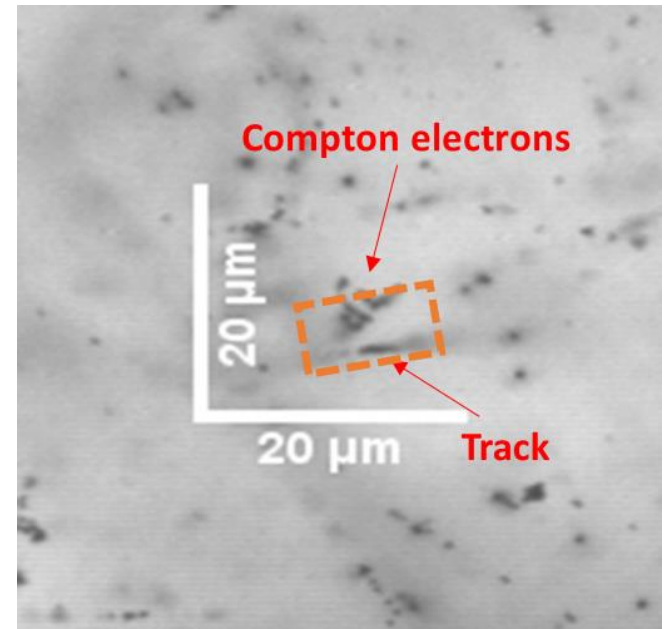
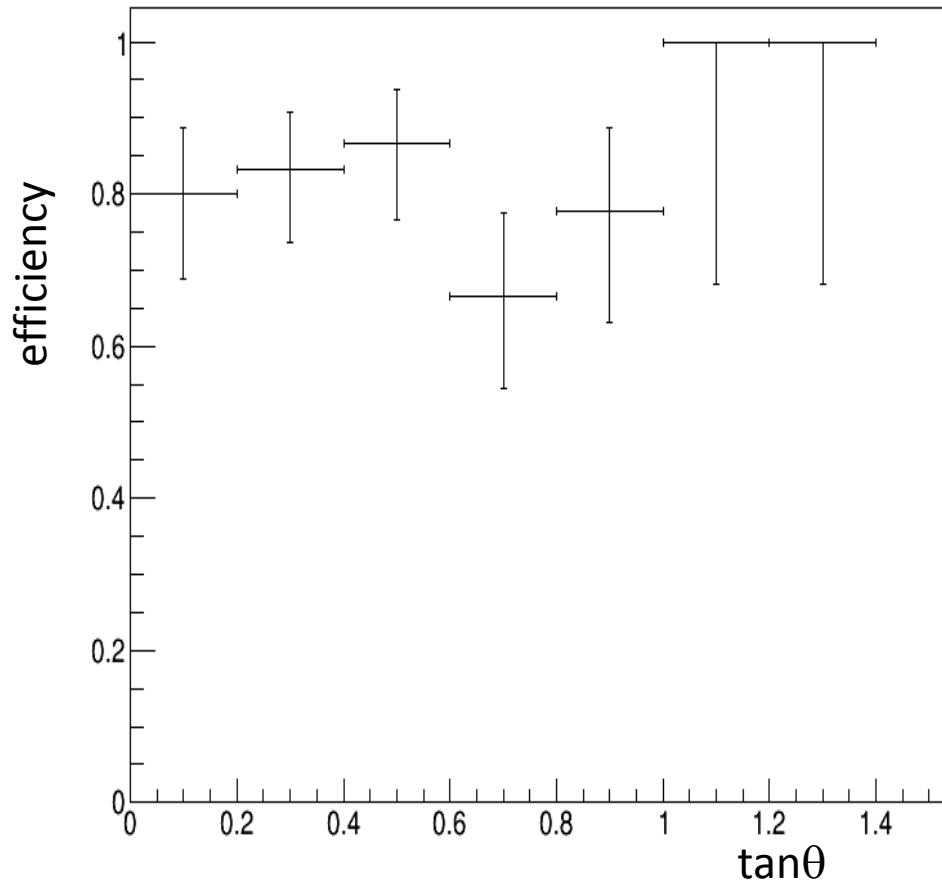
- Make small mark
- Match small mark in cut range



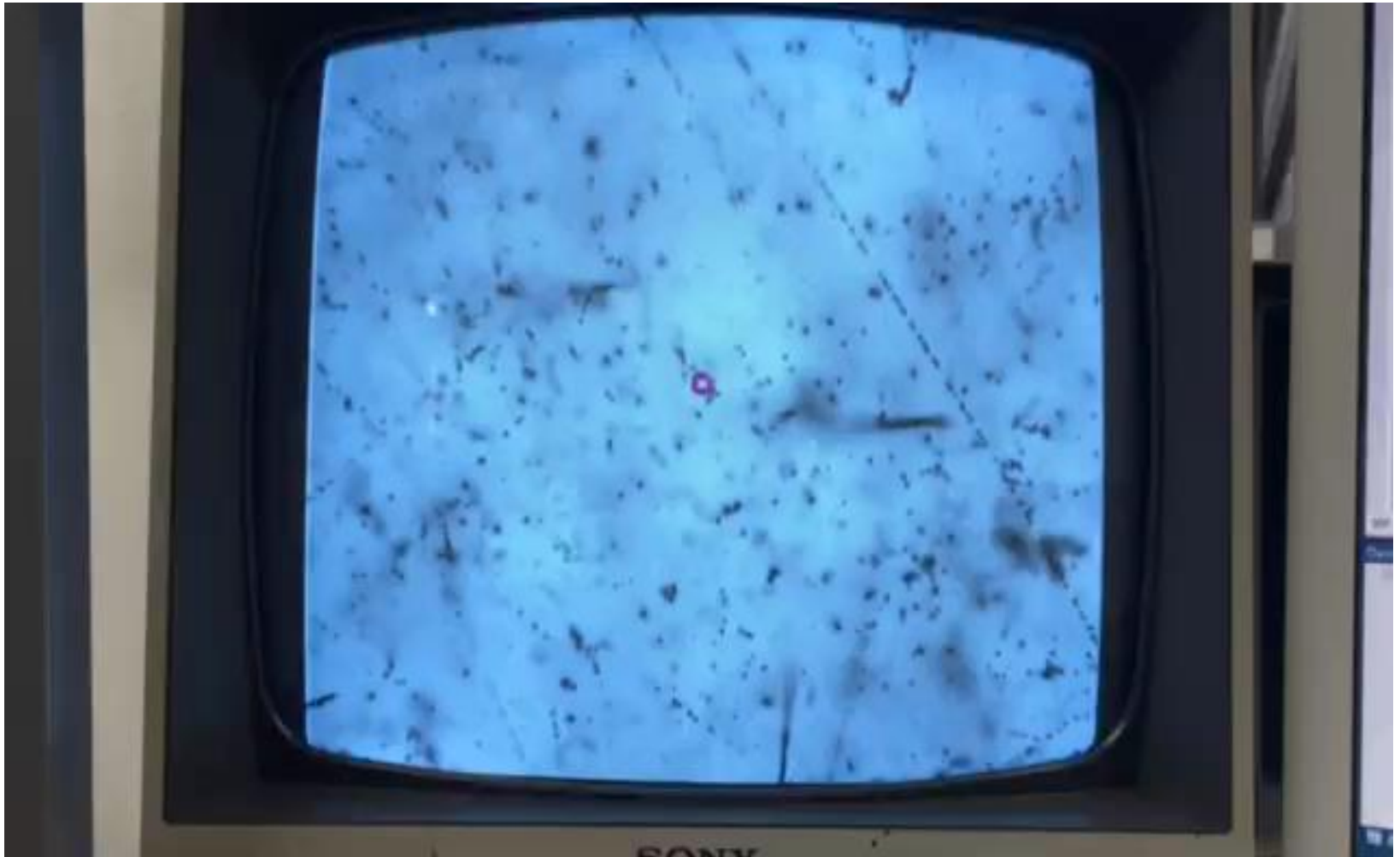
Efficiency of track recognition as track angles ($\tan\theta$)

Development is ongoing

- Misrecognition
>> Compton electron in emulsion



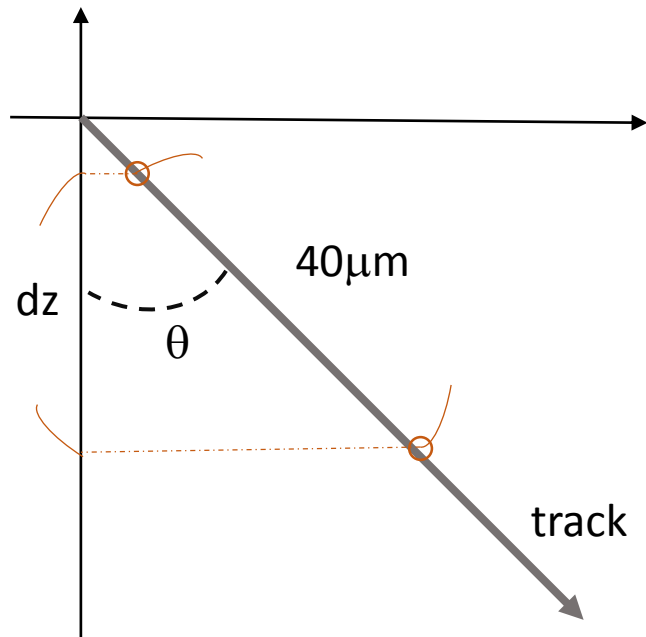
Video image for automatic Ξ^- tracking



Summary

- E07 experiment will be carried out at J-PARC to study $S=-2$ system with high statistics
- We expect Ξ^- - stopping events (about 10^4) in nuclear emulsion from J-PARC E07 experiment
- In order to finish Ξ^- - tracking work in a few year, automatic tracking system is developed
- All steps are almost finished with position accuracy in x and y axes: less than $1\text{ }\mu\text{m}$ and emulsion surface detection accuracy : about $2\text{ }\mu\text{m}$.
- Development of track recognition is ongoing

Thank you



Back Up