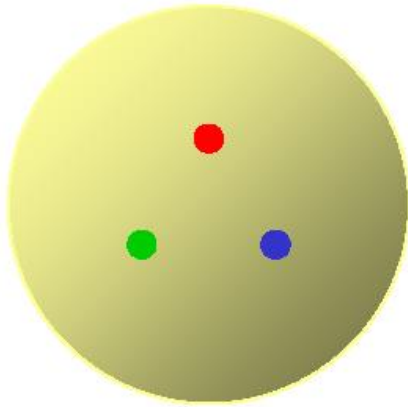
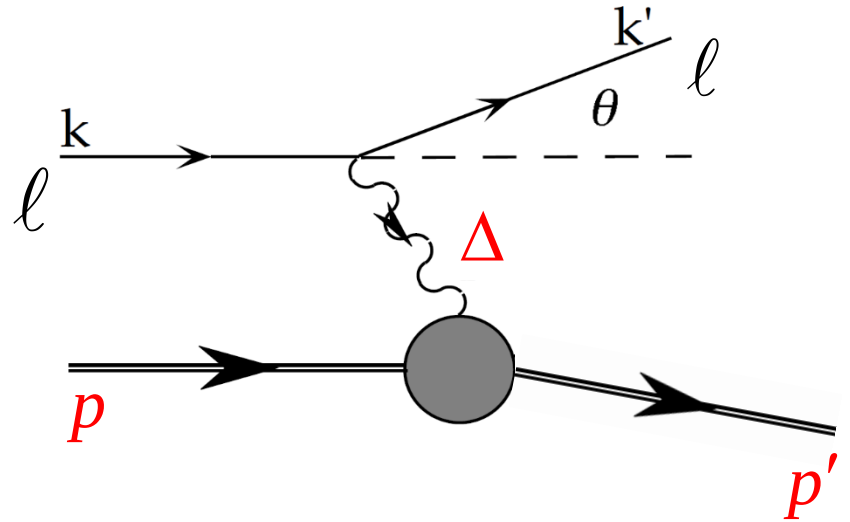
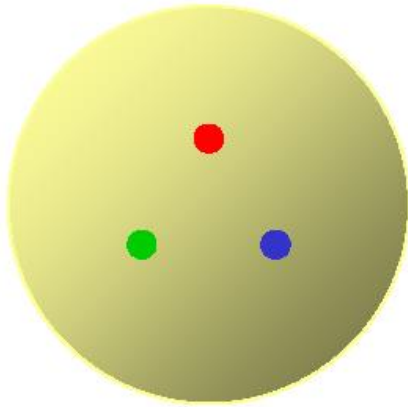


High-energy hadron physics through Drell-Yan-like dilepton productions at J-PARC

Kazuhiro Tanaka (Juntendo U/KEK)



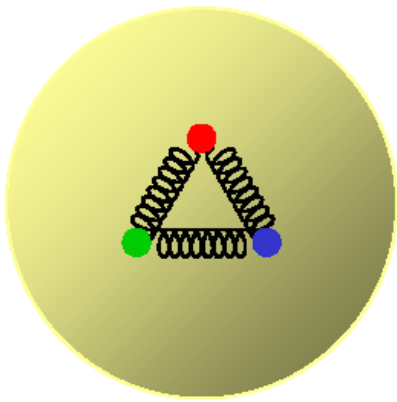
$$\langle N | \psi^\dagger(0) \psi(0) | N \rangle$$



$$\langle N(\mathbf{p}') | \psi^\dagger(0) \psi(0) | N(\mathbf{p}) \rangle$$

$$\langle N(\mathbf{p}') | \bar{\psi}(0) \gamma^\mu \psi(0) | N(\mathbf{p}) \rangle \sim \bar{u}(\mathbf{p}') \left\{ \gamma^\mu F_1(\Delta^2) + \frac{i\sigma^{\nu\mu} \Delta_\nu}{2M_N} F_2(\Delta^2) \right\} u(\mathbf{p})$$

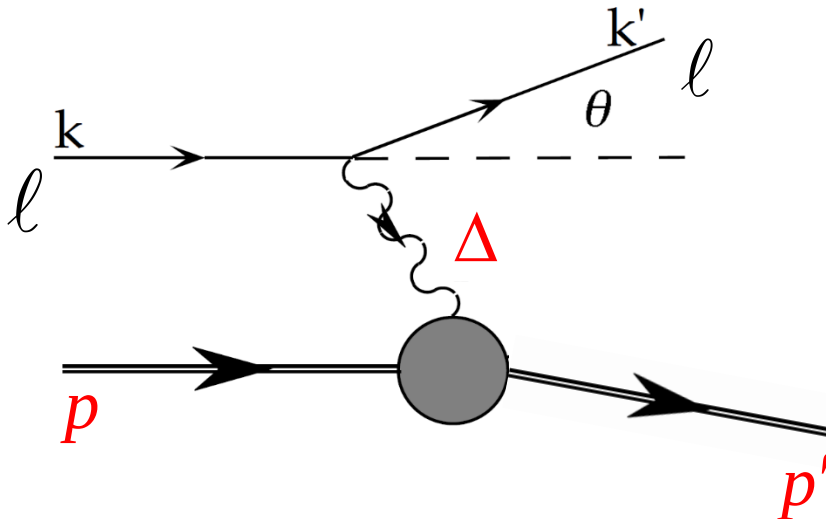
$$\Delta = p' - p$$

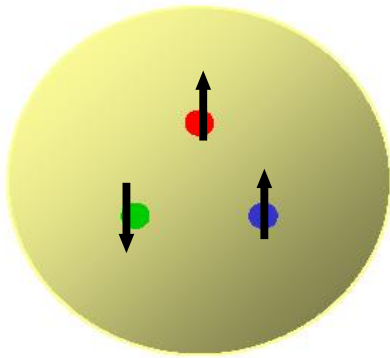


$$\langle N(\boldsymbol{p}') | \psi^\dagger(0) \psi(0) | N(\boldsymbol{p}) \rangle$$

$$\langle N(\boldsymbol{p}') | \bar{\psi}(0) \gamma^\mu \psi(0) | N(\boldsymbol{p}) \rangle \sim \bar{u}(\boldsymbol{p}') \left\{ \gamma^\mu F_1(\Delta^2) + \frac{i\sigma^{\nu\mu} \Delta_\nu}{2M_N} F_2(\Delta^2) \right\} u(\boldsymbol{p})$$

$$\Delta = \boldsymbol{p}' - \boldsymbol{p}$$

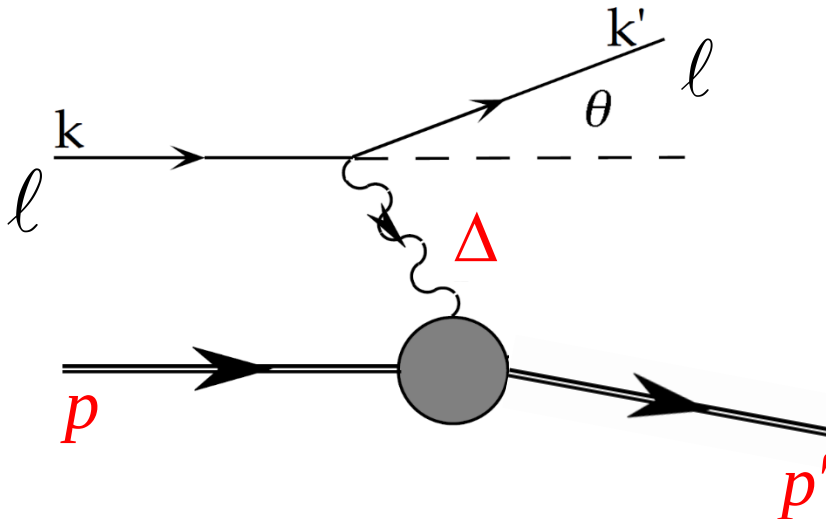


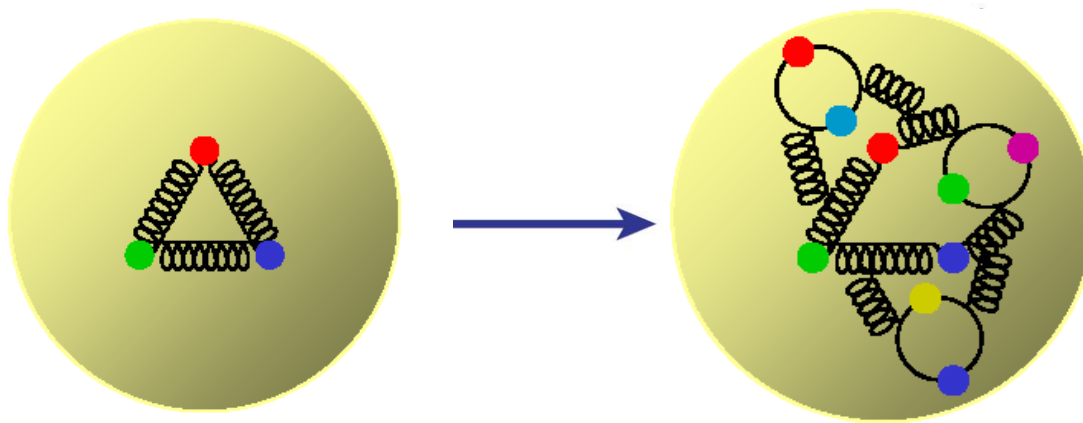


$$\langle N(\boldsymbol{p}') | \psi^\dagger(0) \psi(0) | N(\boldsymbol{p}) \rangle$$

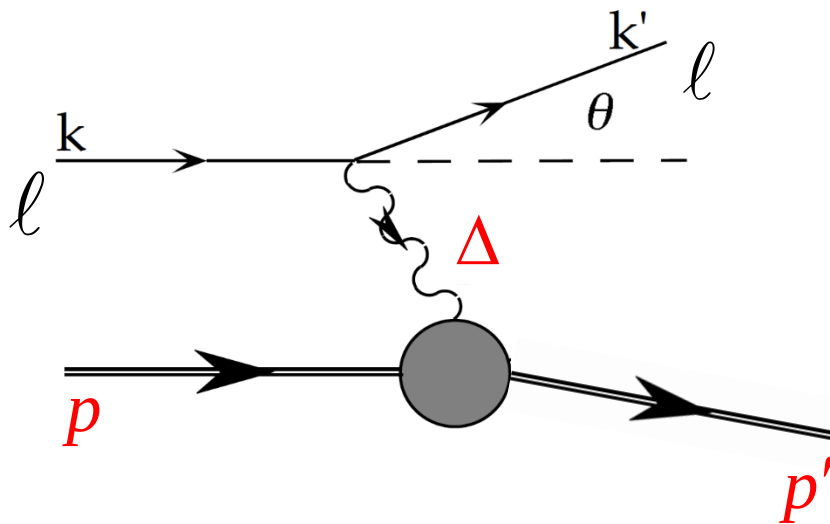
$$\langle N(\boldsymbol{p}') | \bar{\psi}(0) \gamma^\mu \psi(0) | N(\boldsymbol{p}) \rangle \sim \bar{u}(\boldsymbol{p}') \left\{ \gamma^\mu F_1(\Delta^2) + \frac{i\sigma^{\nu\mu} \Delta_\nu}{2M_N} F_2(\Delta^2) \right\} u(\boldsymbol{p})$$

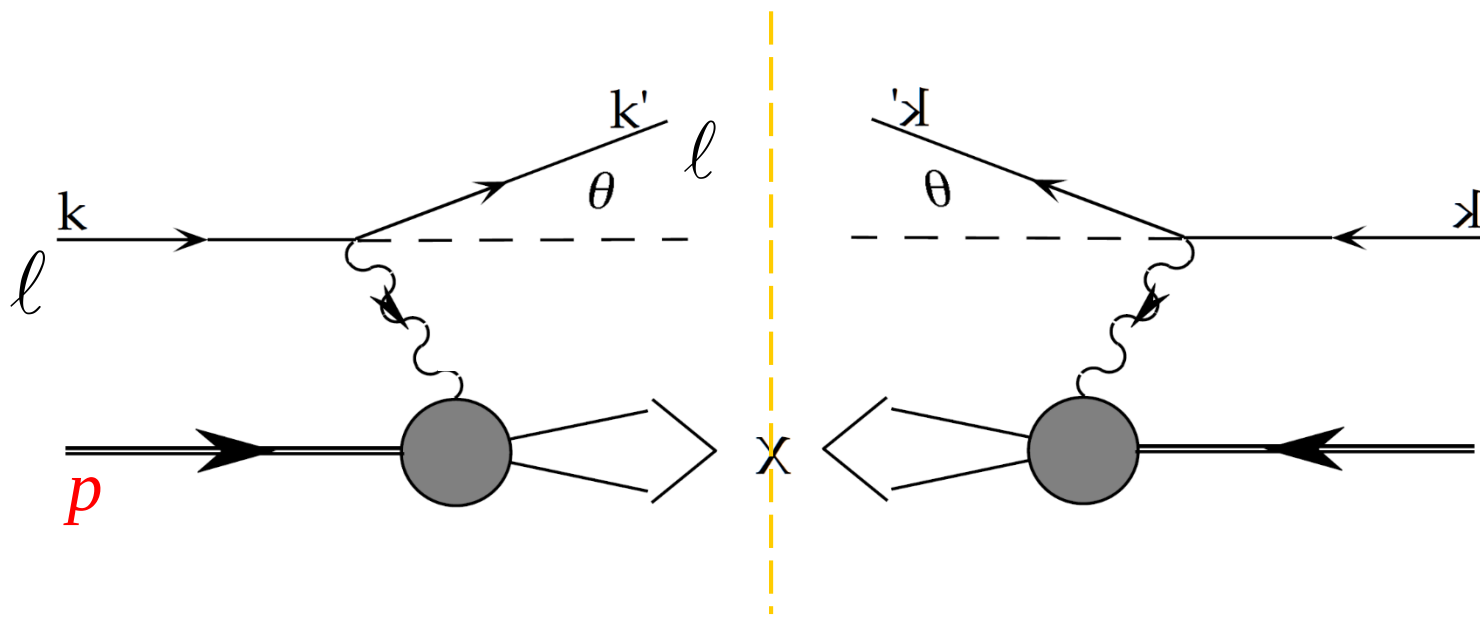
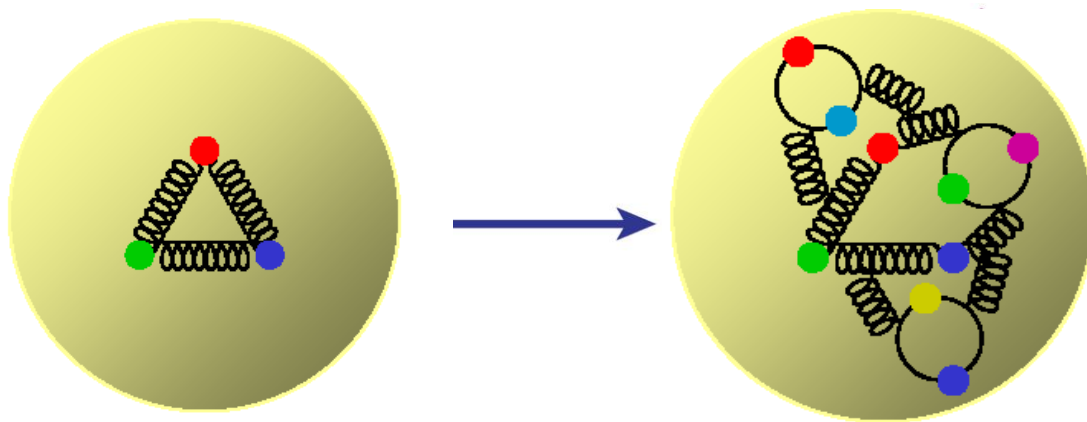
$$\Delta = \boldsymbol{p}' - \boldsymbol{p}$$

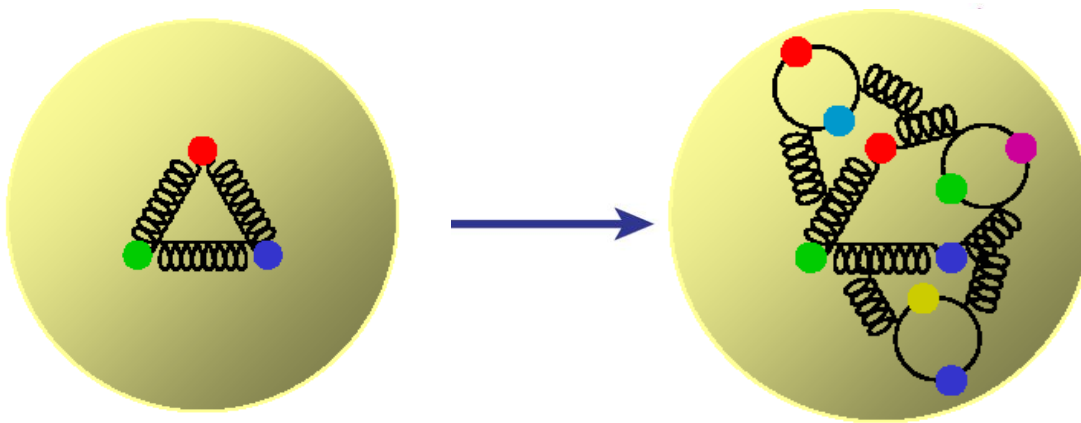




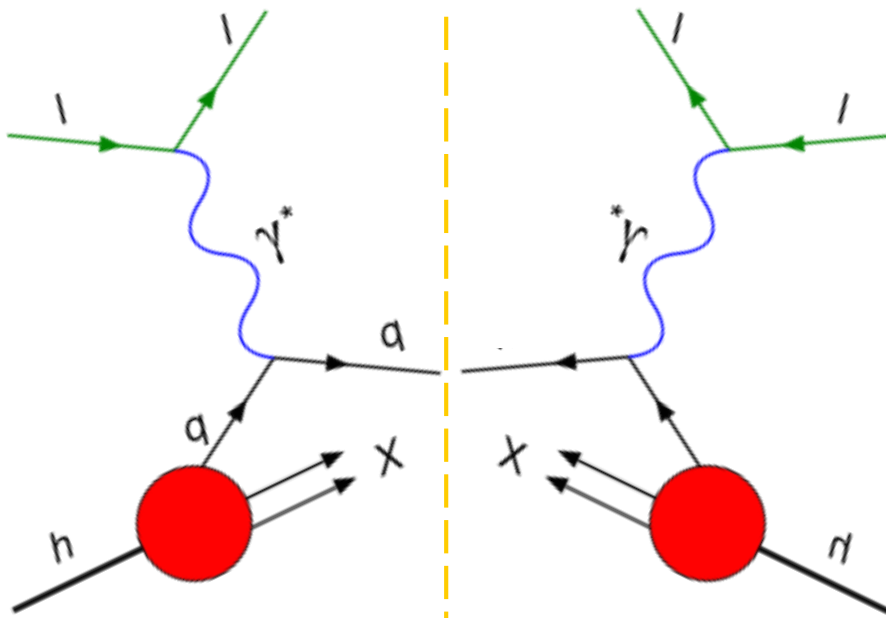
$$\langle N(\boldsymbol{p}') | \psi^\dagger(0) \psi(0) | N(\boldsymbol{p}) \rangle$$

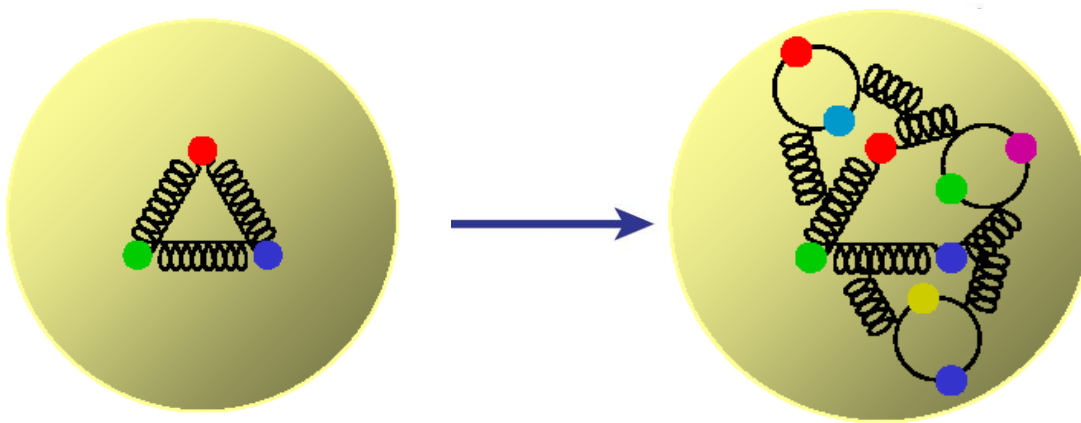




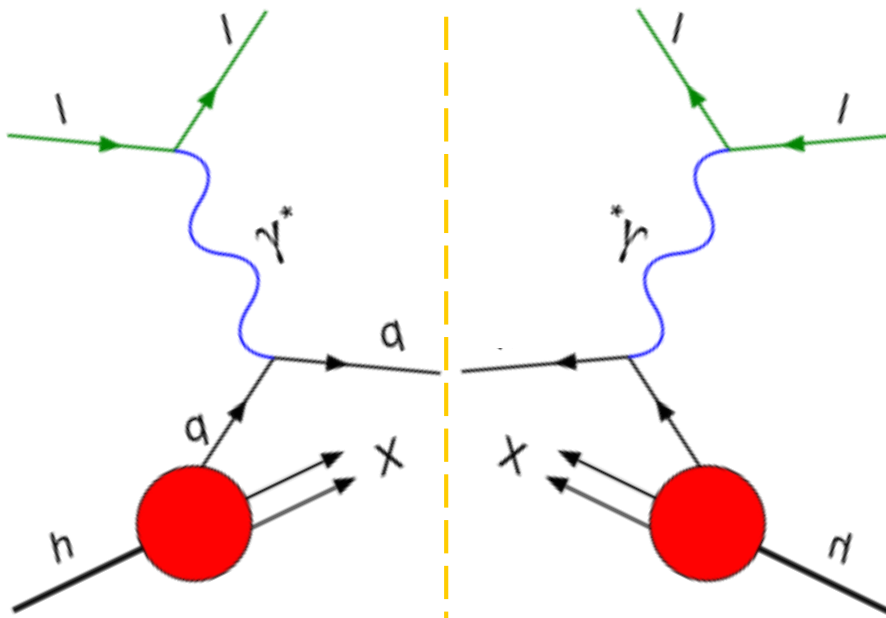


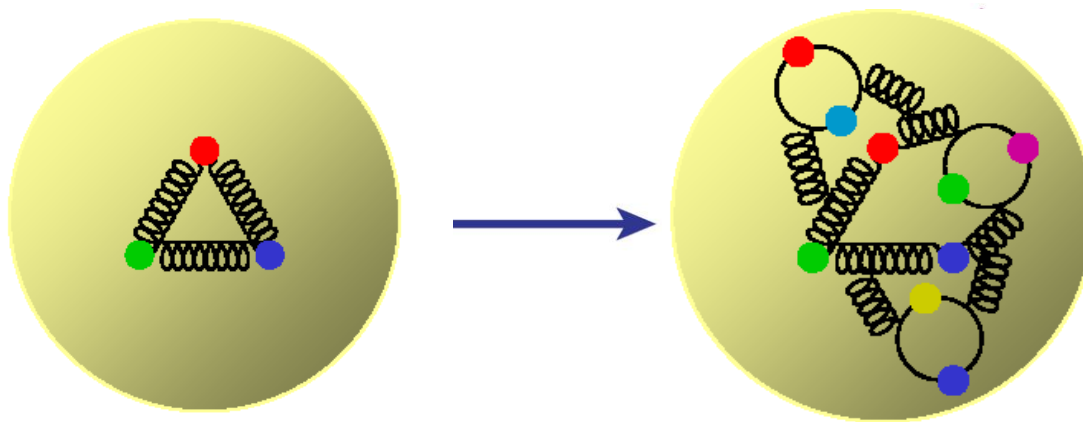
$$\langle N(p) | \psi^\dagger(0) \psi(\mathbf{z}^-) | N(p) \rangle$$



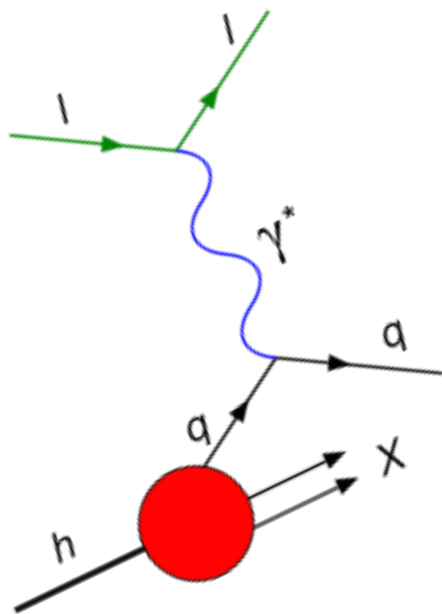


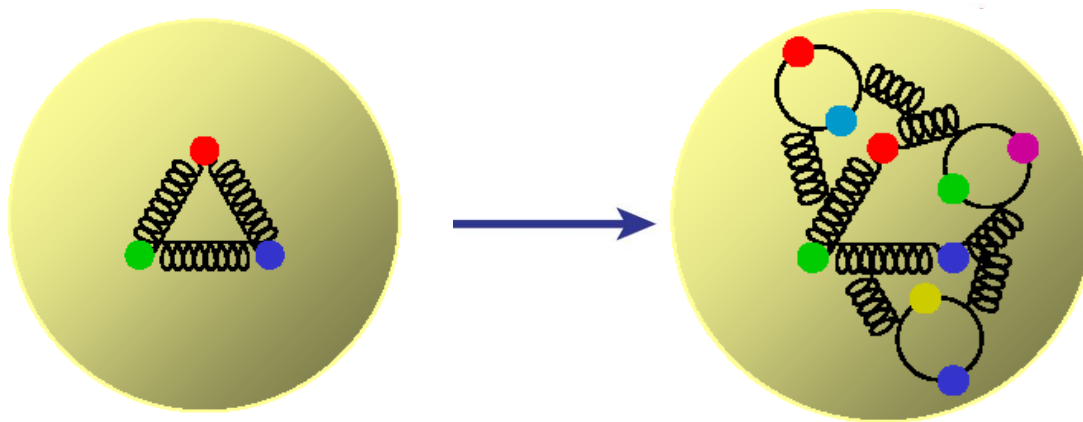
$$\int d\mathbf{z}^- e^{i\mathbf{x}p\mathbf{z}^-} \langle N(p) | \psi^\dagger(0) \psi(\mathbf{z}^-) | N(p) \rangle$$



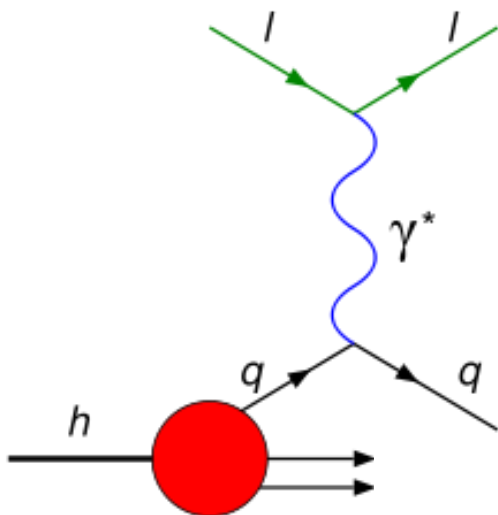


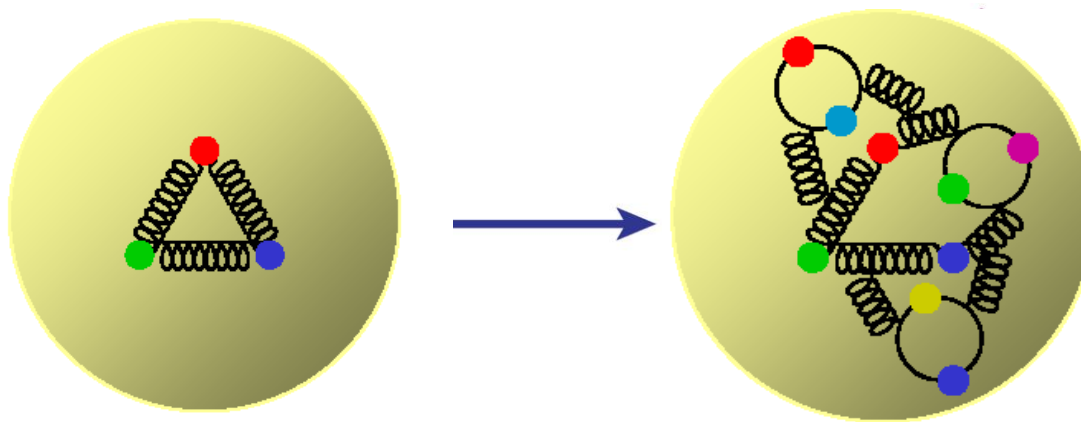
$$\int d\mathbf{z}^- e^{i\mathbf{x}p\mathbf{z}^-} \langle N(p) | \psi^\dagger(0) \psi(\mathbf{z}^-) | N(p) \rangle$$



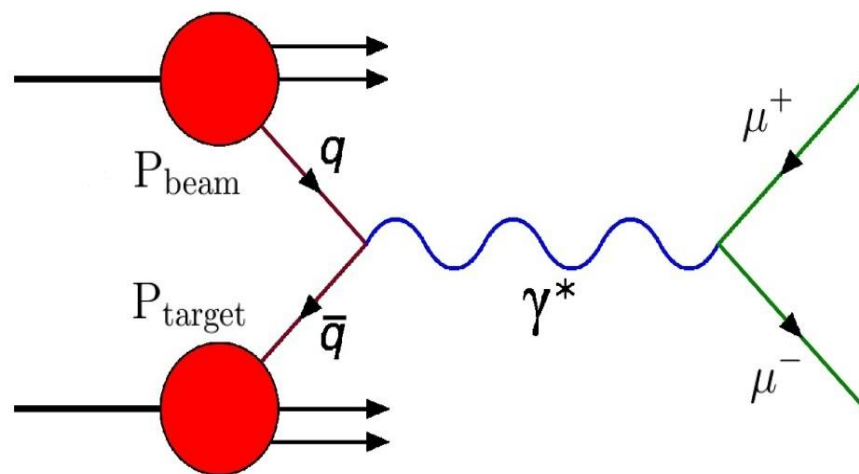
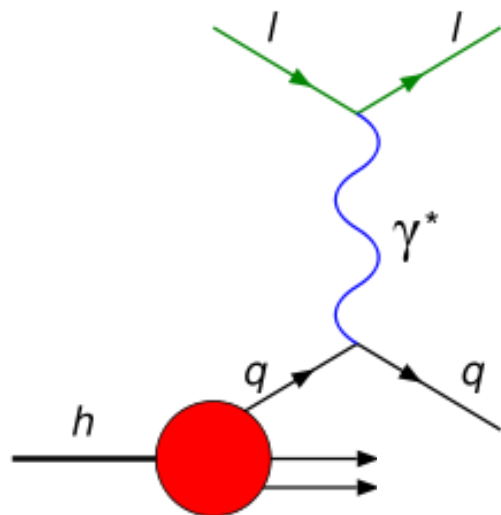


$$\int d\mathbf{z}^- e^{i\mathbf{x}p\mathbf{z}^-} \langle N(p) | \psi^\dagger(0) \psi(\mathbf{z}^-) | N(p) \rangle$$





$$\int d\mathbf{z}^- e^{i\mathbf{x}p\mathbf{z}^-} \langle N(p) | \psi^\dagger(0) \psi(\mathbf{z}^-) | N(p) \rangle$$



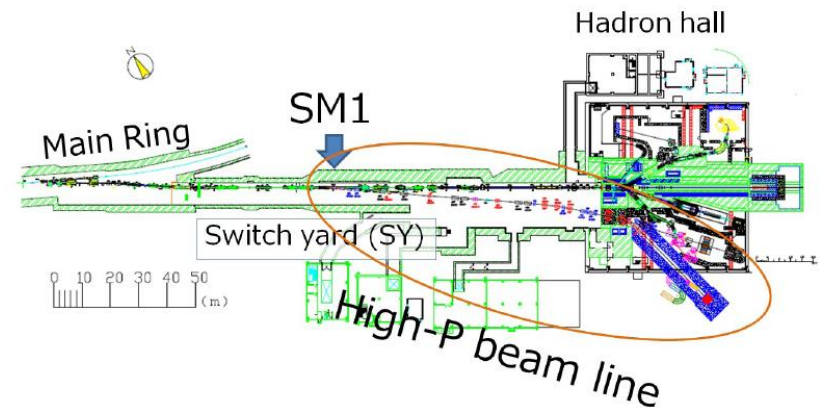
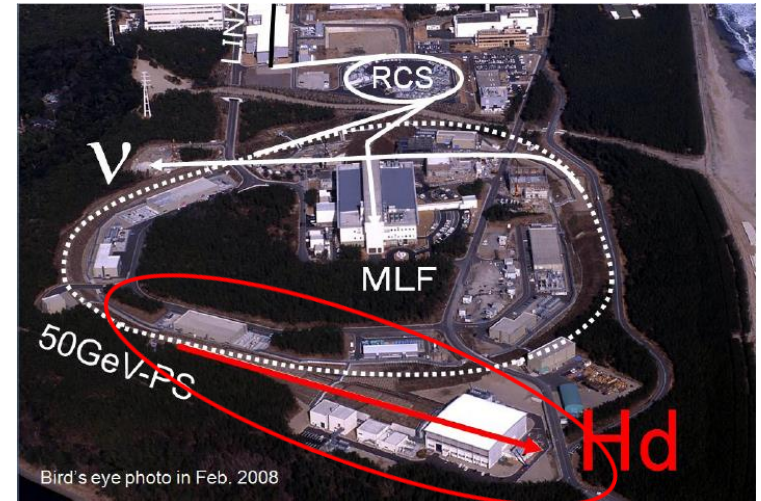
High momentum beam line at J-PARC

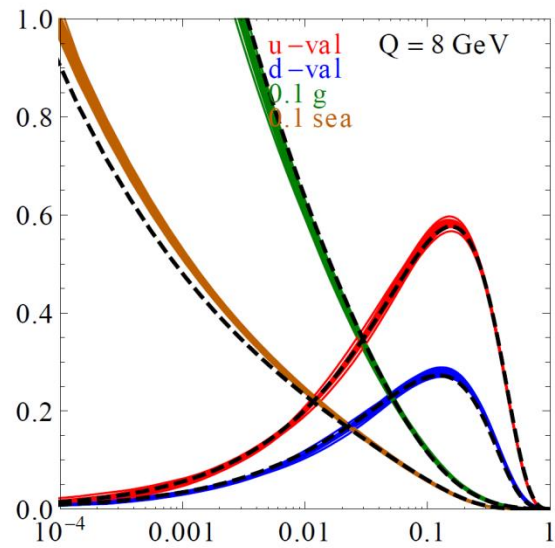
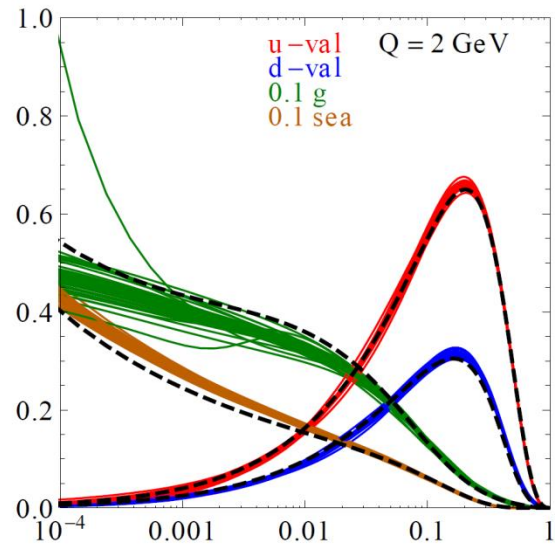
- Primary beam (proton)

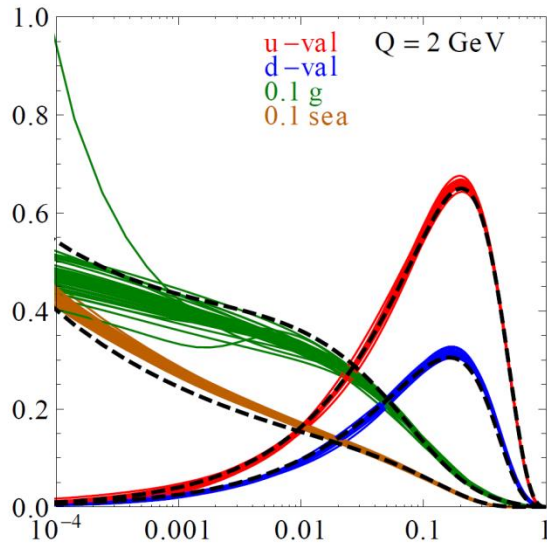
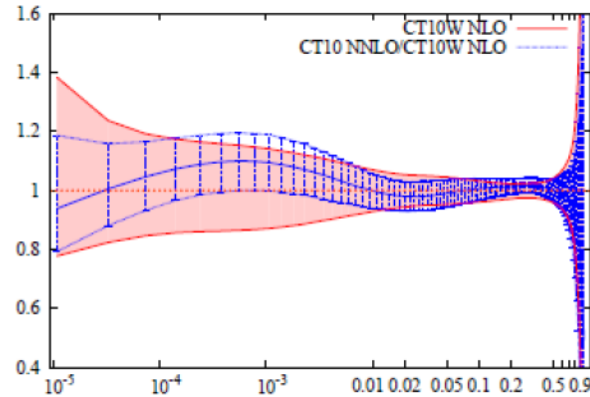
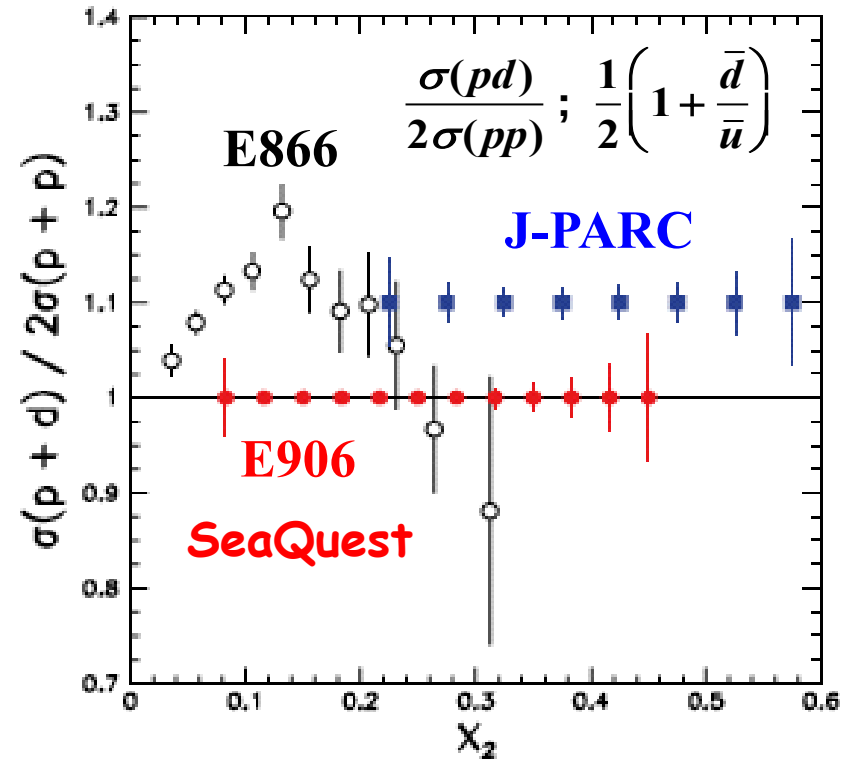
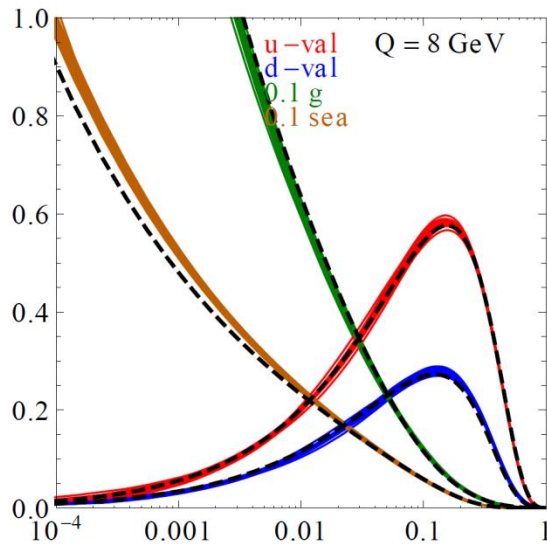
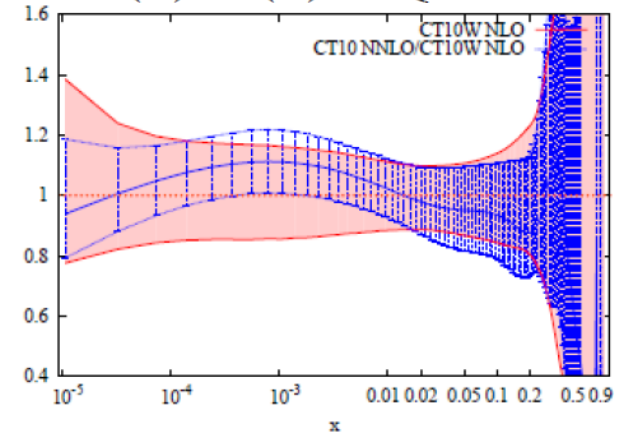
$$E = 30\text{GeV}$$

$$L = 10^{35}\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$$

Hadron Facility at J-PARC



$x f(x, Q)$ versus x 

$x f(x, Q)$ versus x  $\delta u(x) / u(x)$ at $Q=2\text{GeV}$  $\delta \bar{u}(x) / \bar{u}(x)$ at $Q=2\text{GeV}$ 

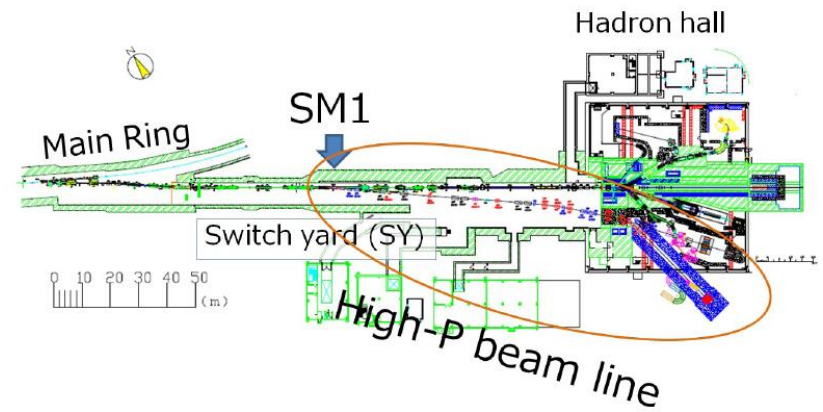
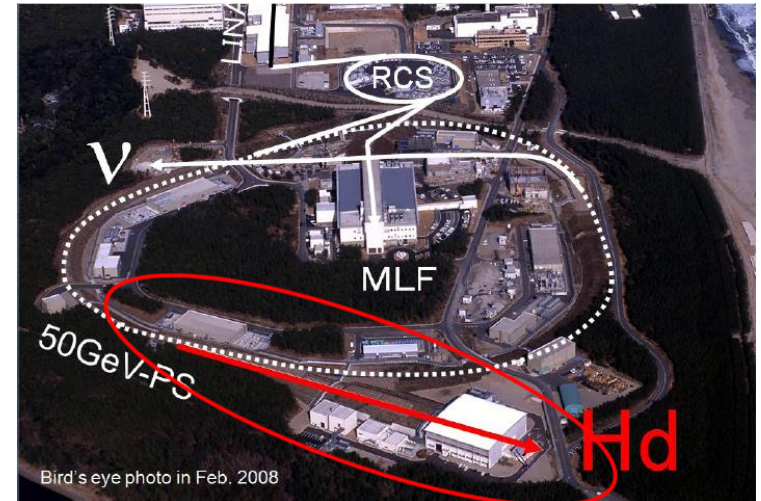
High momentum beam line at J-PARC

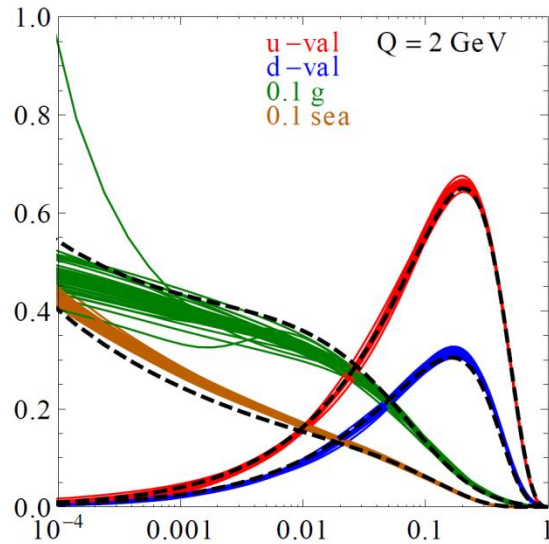
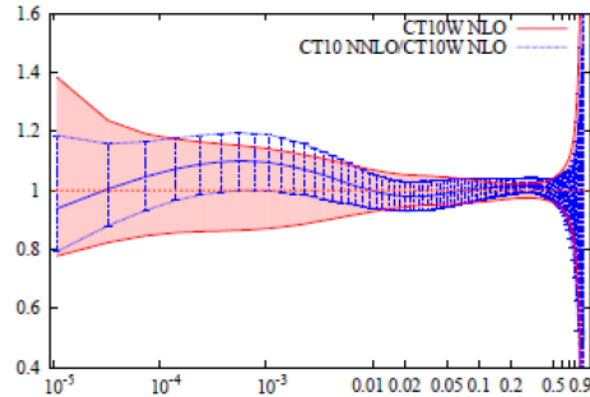
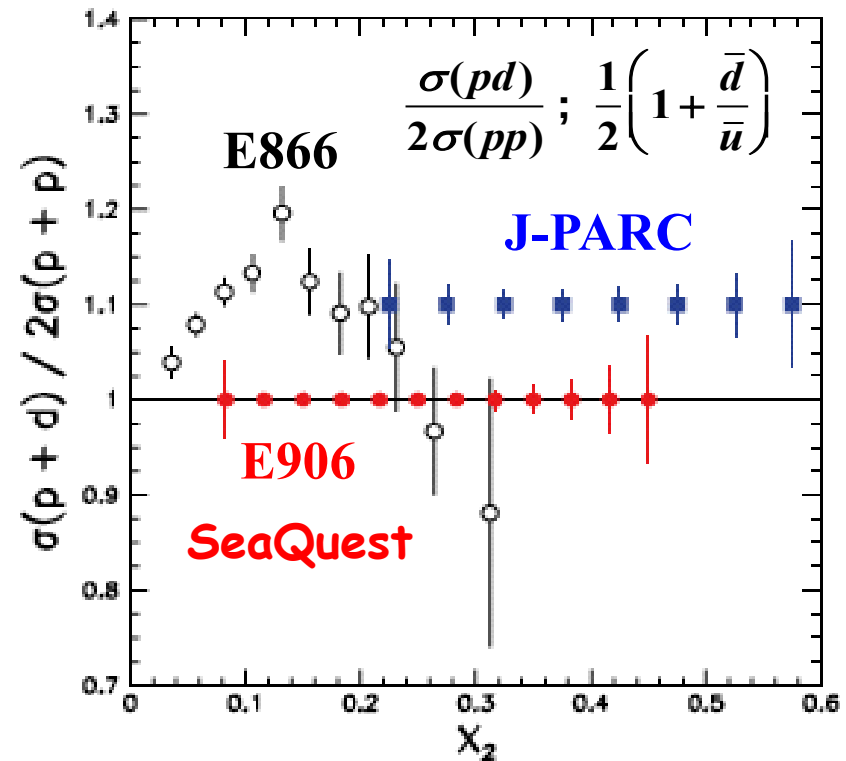
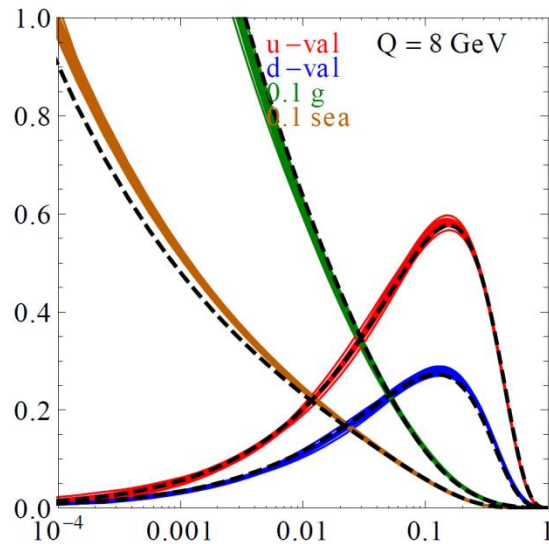
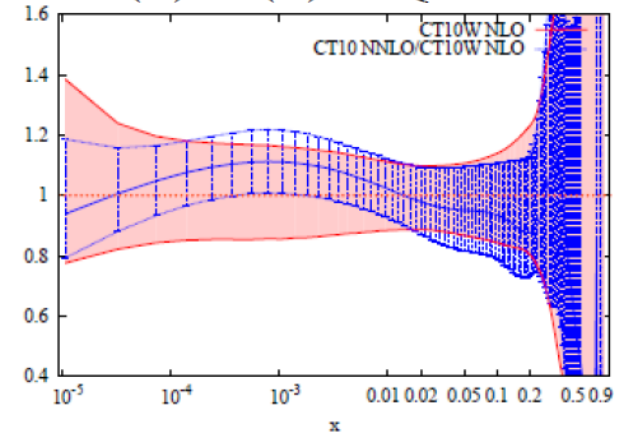
- Primary beam (proton)

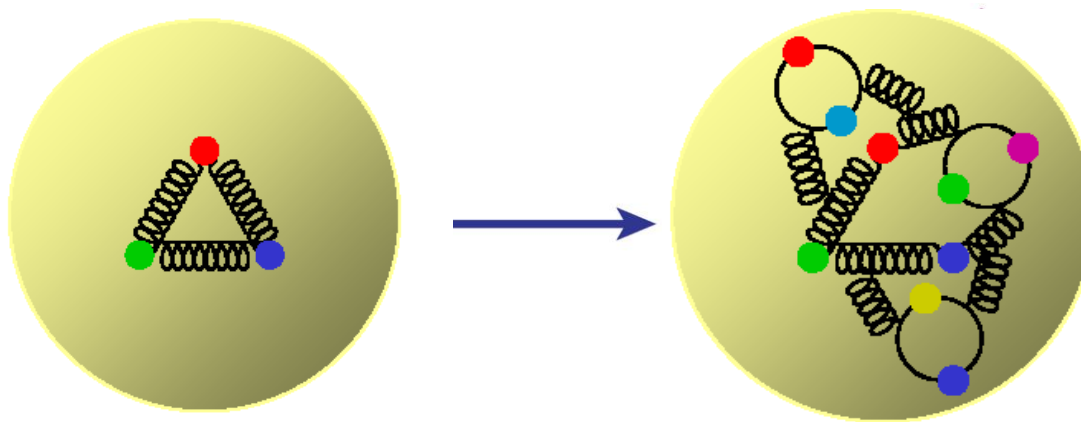
$$E = 30\text{GeV}$$

$$L = 10^{35}\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$$

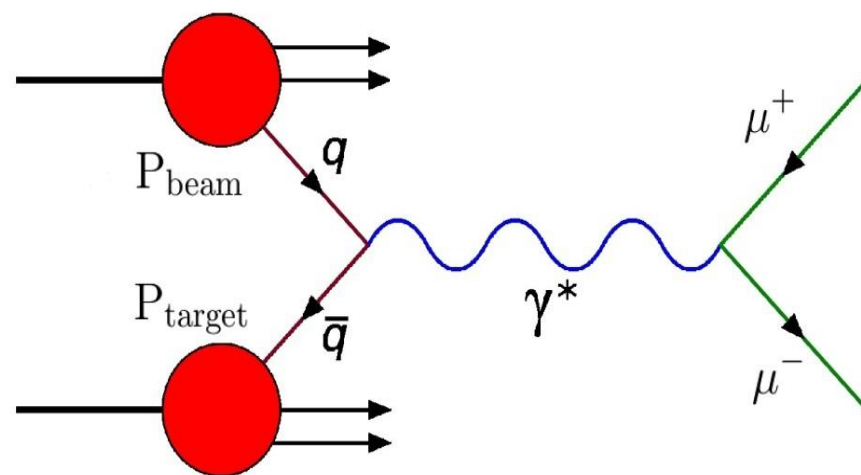
Hadron Facility at J-PARC

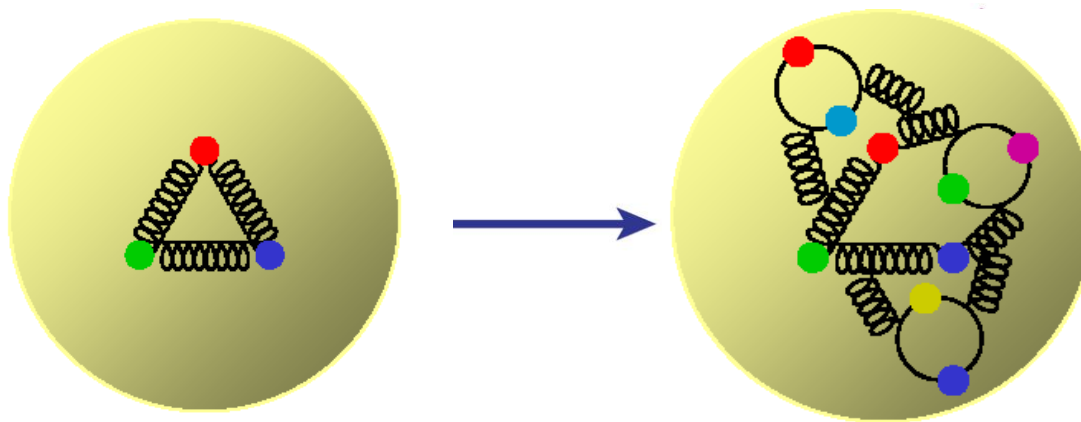


$x f(x, Q)$ versus x  $\delta u(x) / u(x)$ at $Q=2\text{GeV}$  $\delta \bar{u}(x) / \bar{u}(x)$ at $Q=2\text{GeV}$ 



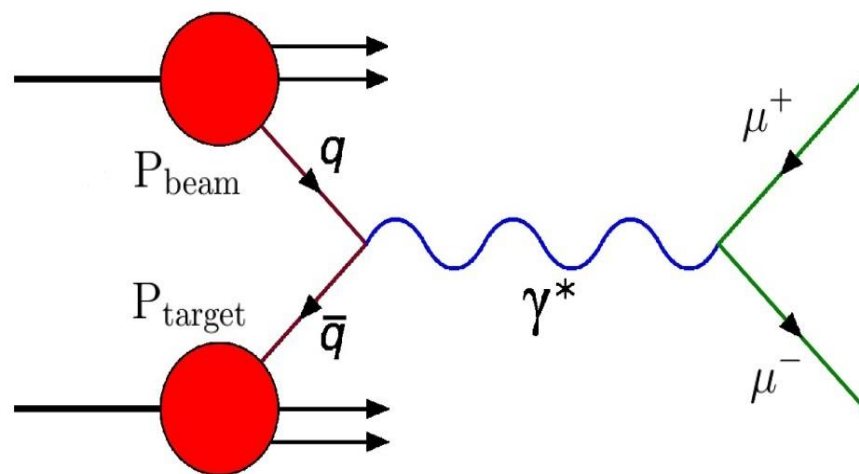
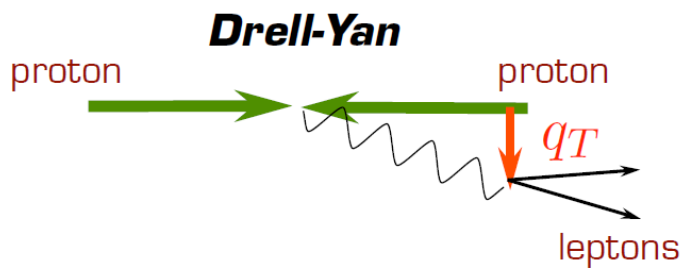
$$\int d\mathbf{z}^- e^{i\mathbf{x}p\mathbf{z}^-} \langle N(p) | \psi^\dagger(0) \psi(\mathbf{z}^-) | N(p) \rangle$$

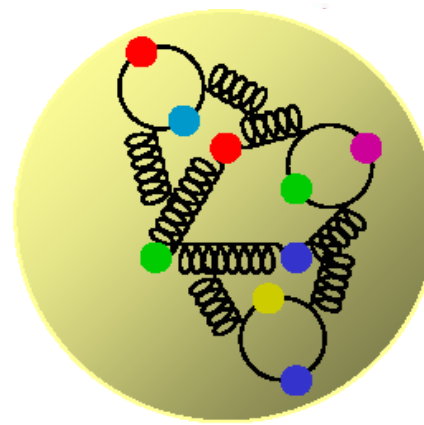
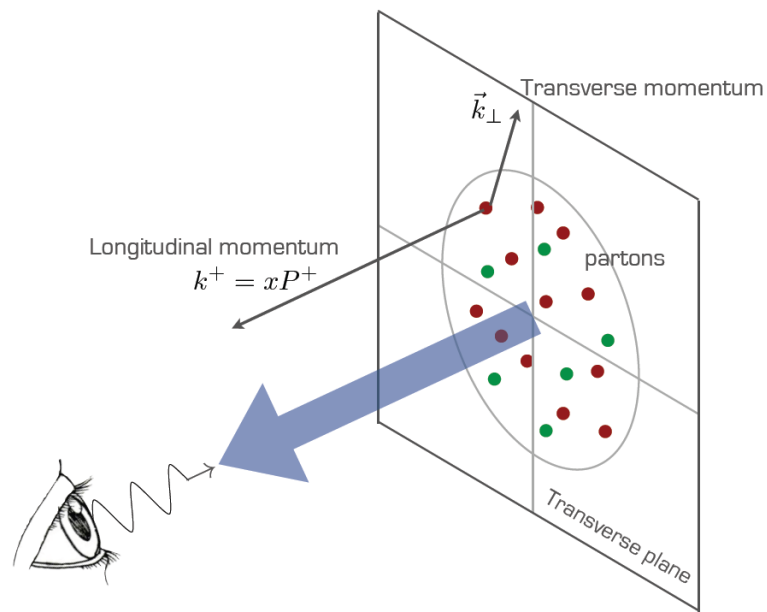




$$\int d^2z_{\perp} e^{-ik_{\perp} \cdot z_{\perp}} \int d\mathbf{z}^{-} e^{ixp\mathbf{z}} \langle N(p) | \psi^{\dagger}(0) \psi(\mathbf{z}^{-}, \mathbf{z}_{\perp}) | N(p) \rangle$$

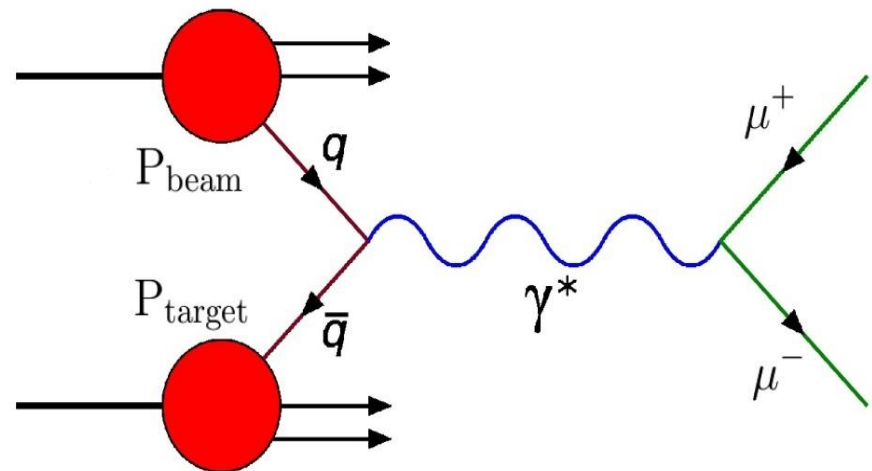
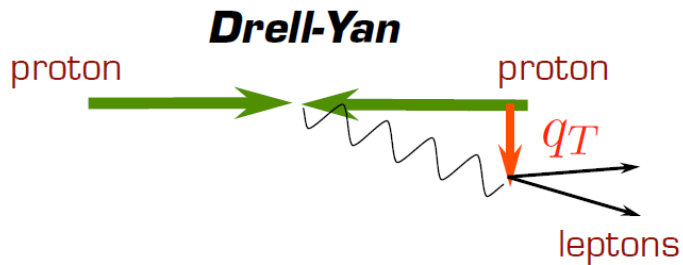
TMD

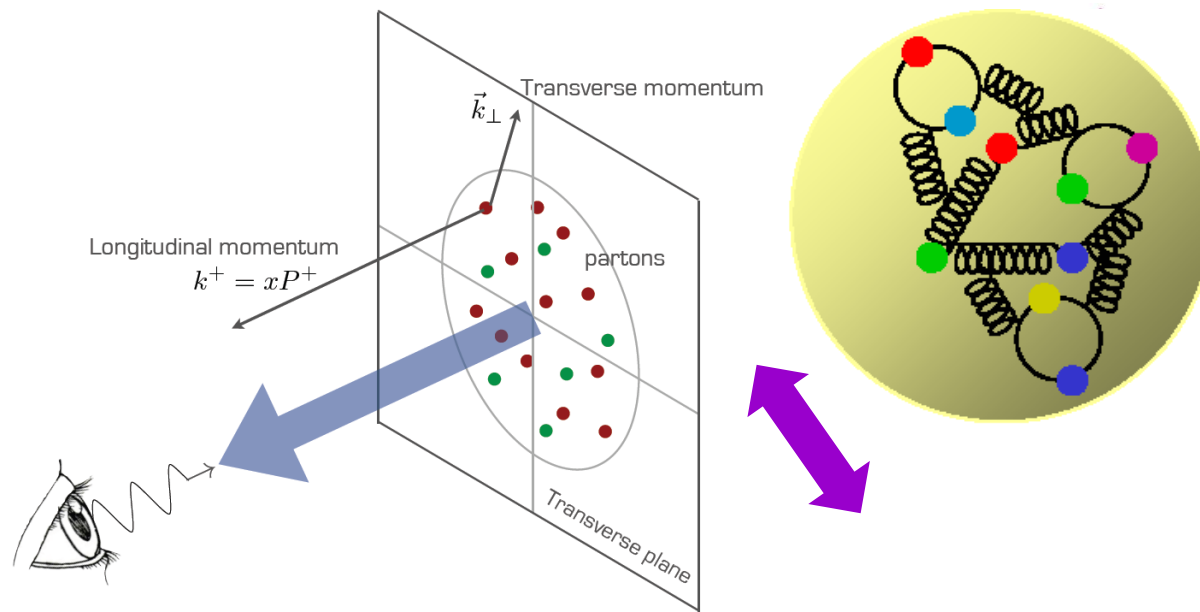




$$\int d^2z_{\perp} e^{-ik_{\perp} \cdot z_{\perp}} \int dz^- e^{ixp^+ z^-} \langle N(p) | \psi^{\dagger}(0) \psi(z^-, z_{\perp}) | N(p) \rangle$$

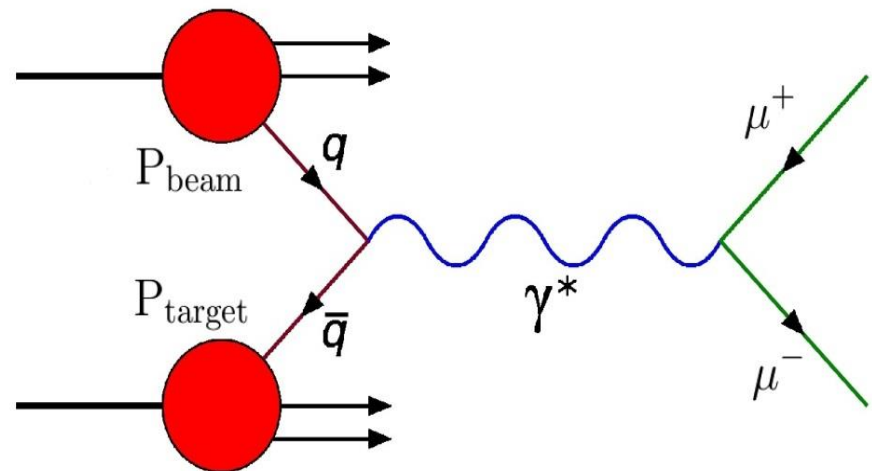
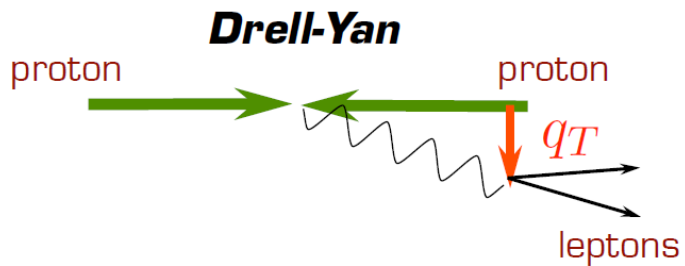
TMD





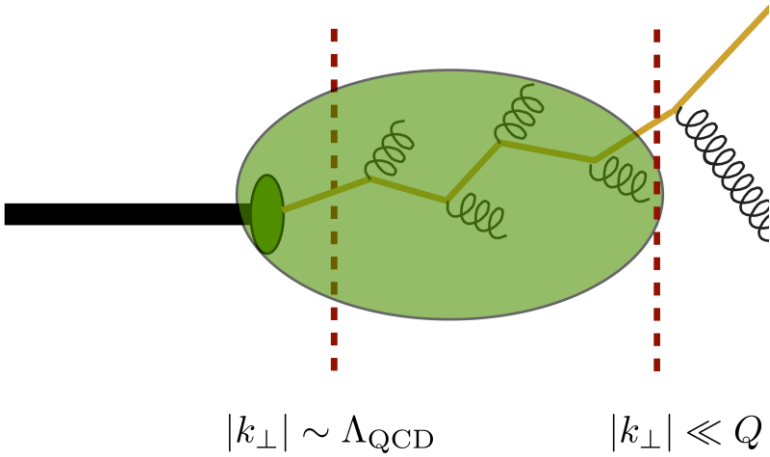
$$\int d^2z_\perp e^{-ik_\perp \cdot z_\perp} \int dz^- e^{ixp^+ z^-} \langle N(p) | \psi^\dagger(0) \psi(z^-, z_\perp) | N(p) \rangle$$

TMD



“intrinsic”
transverse
momentum

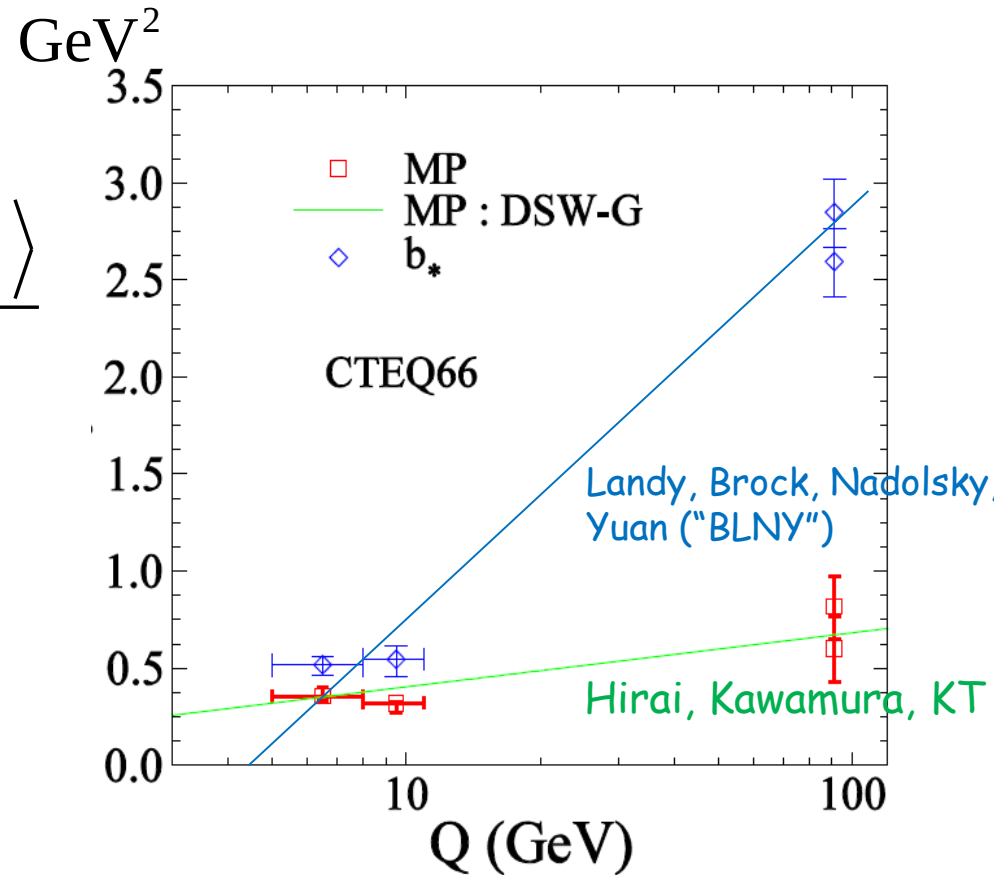
soft and collinear
gluon radiation



$$\frac{\langle k_{\perp}^2 \rangle}{2}$$

Q : dilepton mass

Global fit

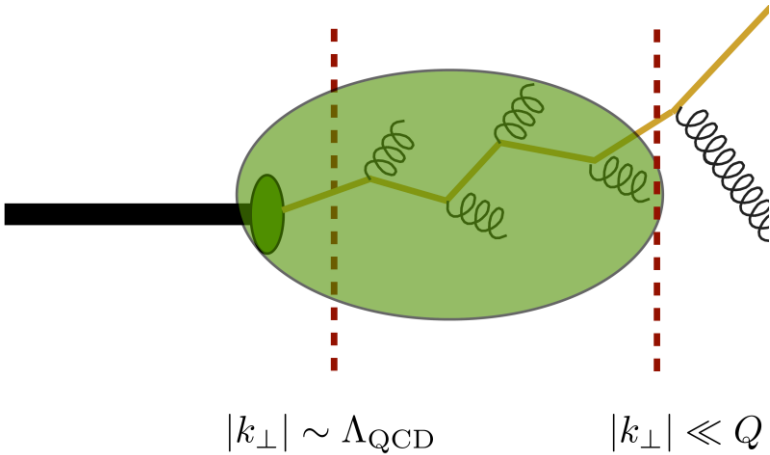


Experimental data sets

	Exp	$\sqrt{s}$ (GeV)	Target	Q range (GeV)	# of data ($p_T < 22$ GeV)
DY	R209	62	P-P	5.0 - 8.0	5
	R209	62	P-P	8.0 - 11.0	5
Z^0	CDF run-0	1800	P-Pbar	75 - 105	7
	CDF run-1	1800	P-Pbar	66 - 116	33
	D0 run-1	1800	P-Pbar	75 - 105	15

“intrinsic”
transverse
momentum

soft and collinear
gluon radiation



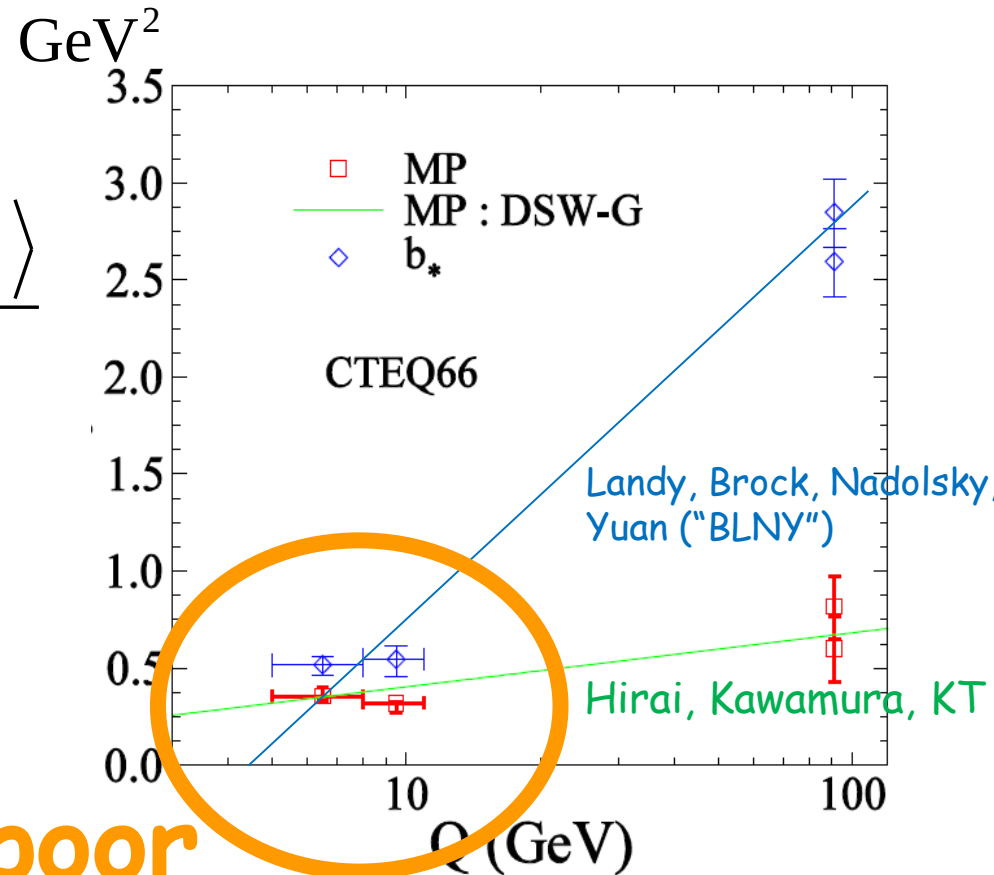
Q : dilepton mass

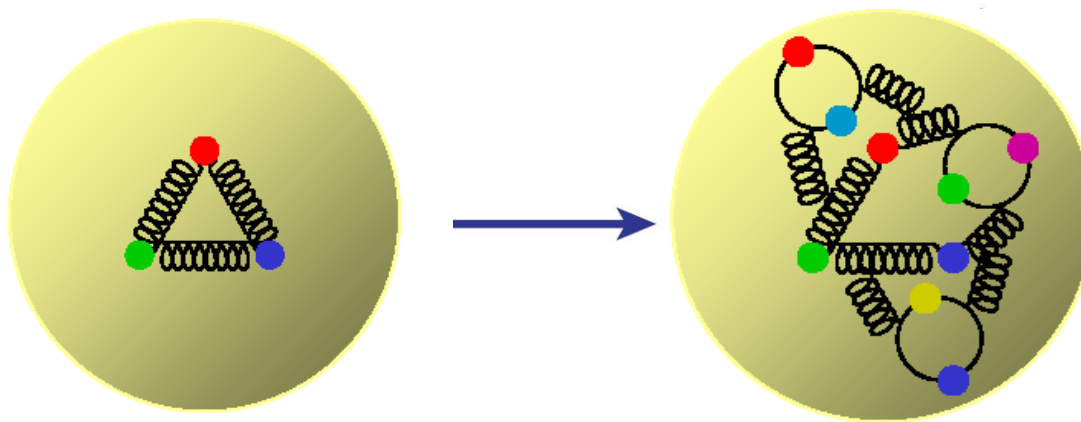
Global fit

$$\frac{\langle k_{\perp}^2 \rangle}{2}$$

Experimental data sets

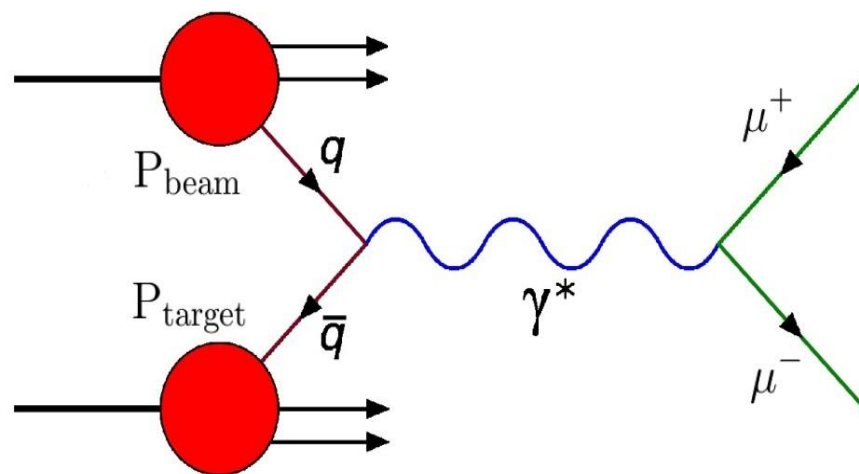
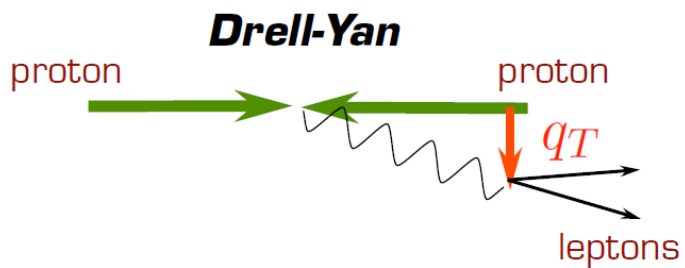
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Z^0	CDF run-0	1800	P-Pbar	75 - 105	7
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	D0 run-1	1800	P-Pbar	75 - 105	15

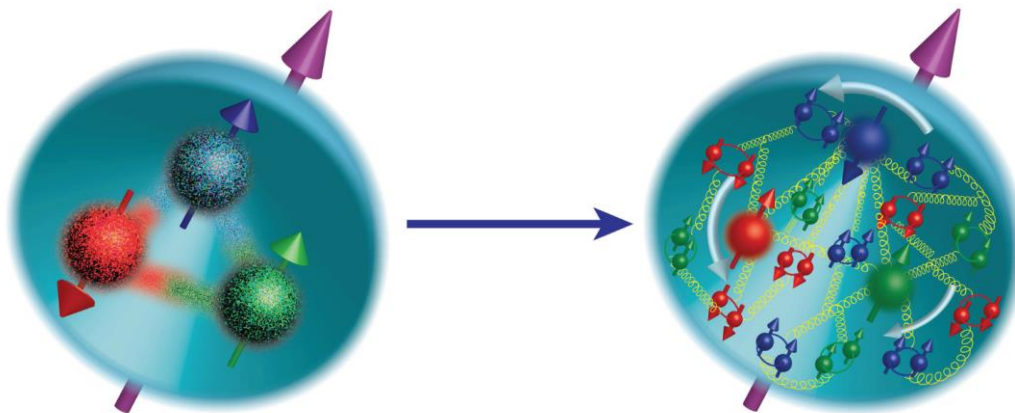




$$\int d^2z_{\perp} e^{-ik_{\perp} \cdot z_{\perp}} \int d\mathbf{z}^{-} e^{ixp\mathbf{z}} \langle N(p) | \psi^{\dagger}(0) \psi(\mathbf{z}^{-}, \mathbf{z}_{\perp}) | N(p) \rangle$$

TMD





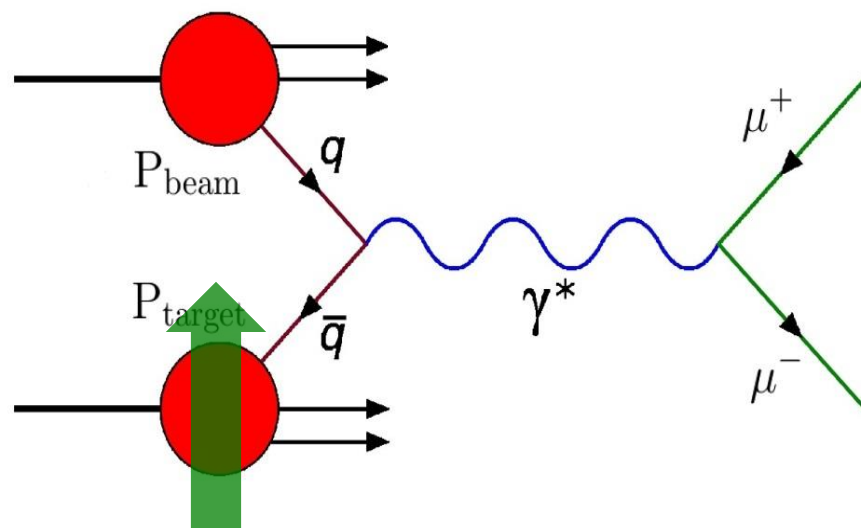
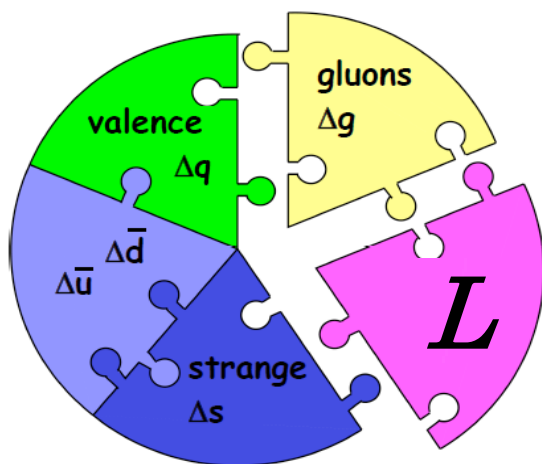
Sivers

$$f_1^\perp(x, k_\perp) \sim \int d^2 z_\perp e^{-i\mathbf{k}_\perp \cdot \mathbf{z}_\perp} \int d\mathbf{z}^- e^{i x p \mathbf{z}^-} \langle N(p, \mathbf{S}_\perp) | \psi^\dagger(0) \psi(\mathbf{z}^-, \mathbf{z}_\perp) | N(p, \mathbf{S}_\perp) \rangle$$

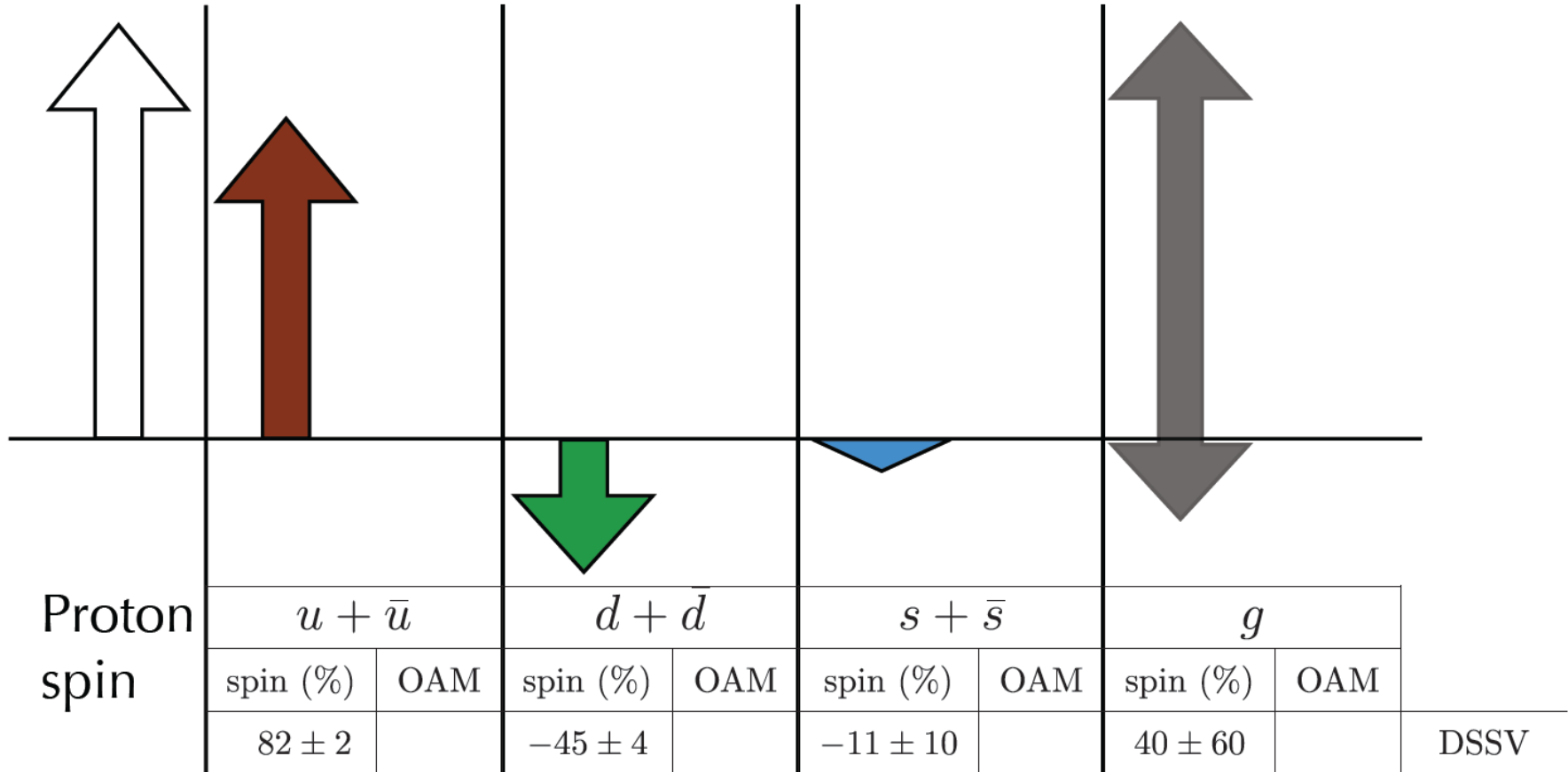


L_q

$$S = \frac{1}{2} = L + \frac{1}{2} \Delta \Sigma + \Delta G$$

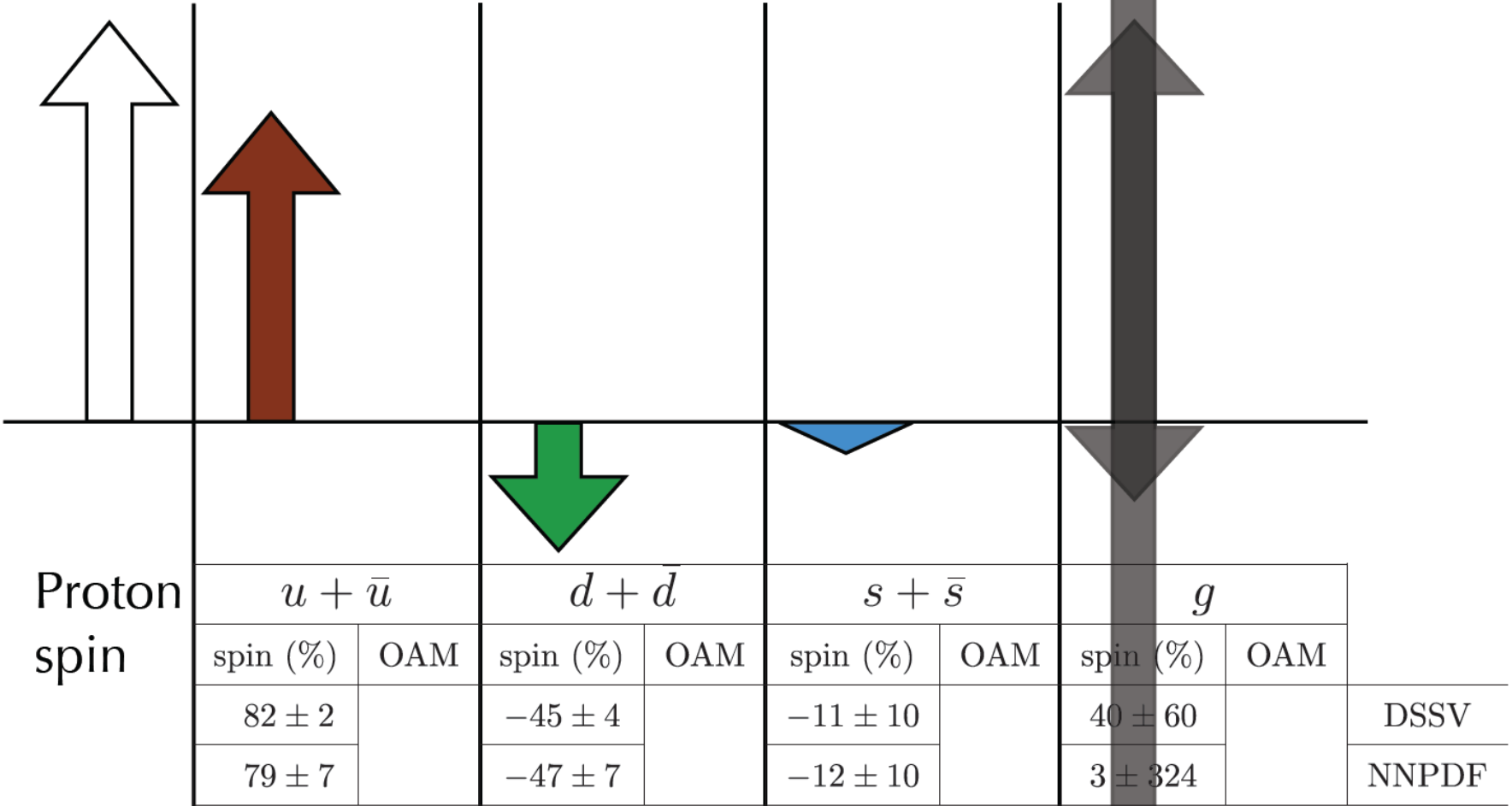


Status of spin sum rule



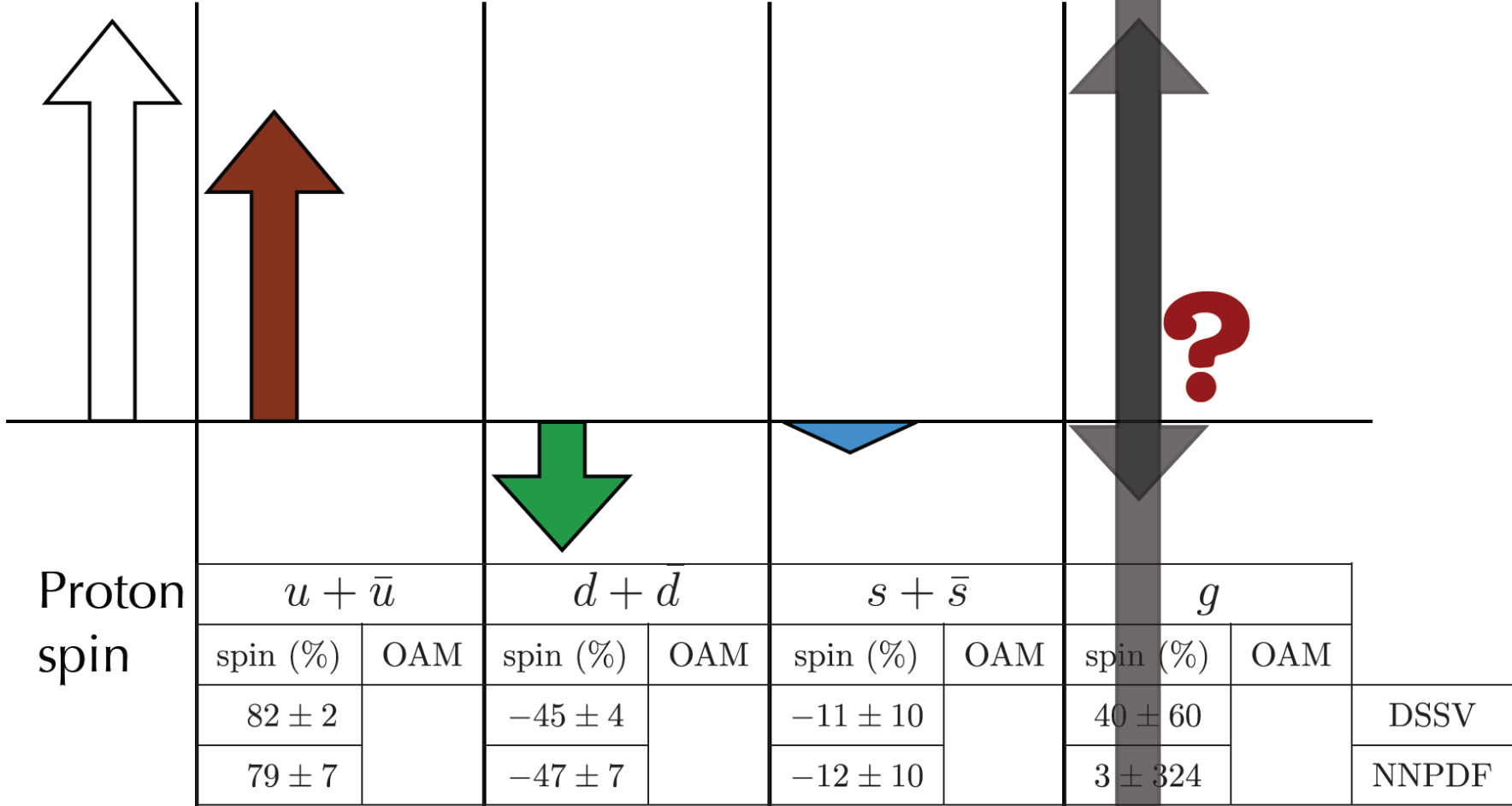
de Florian, Sassot, Stramann, Vogelsang, PRL 113 [14]
NNPDF, Ball et al. NPB 887 [14], Tab. 12, 13

Status of spin sum rule



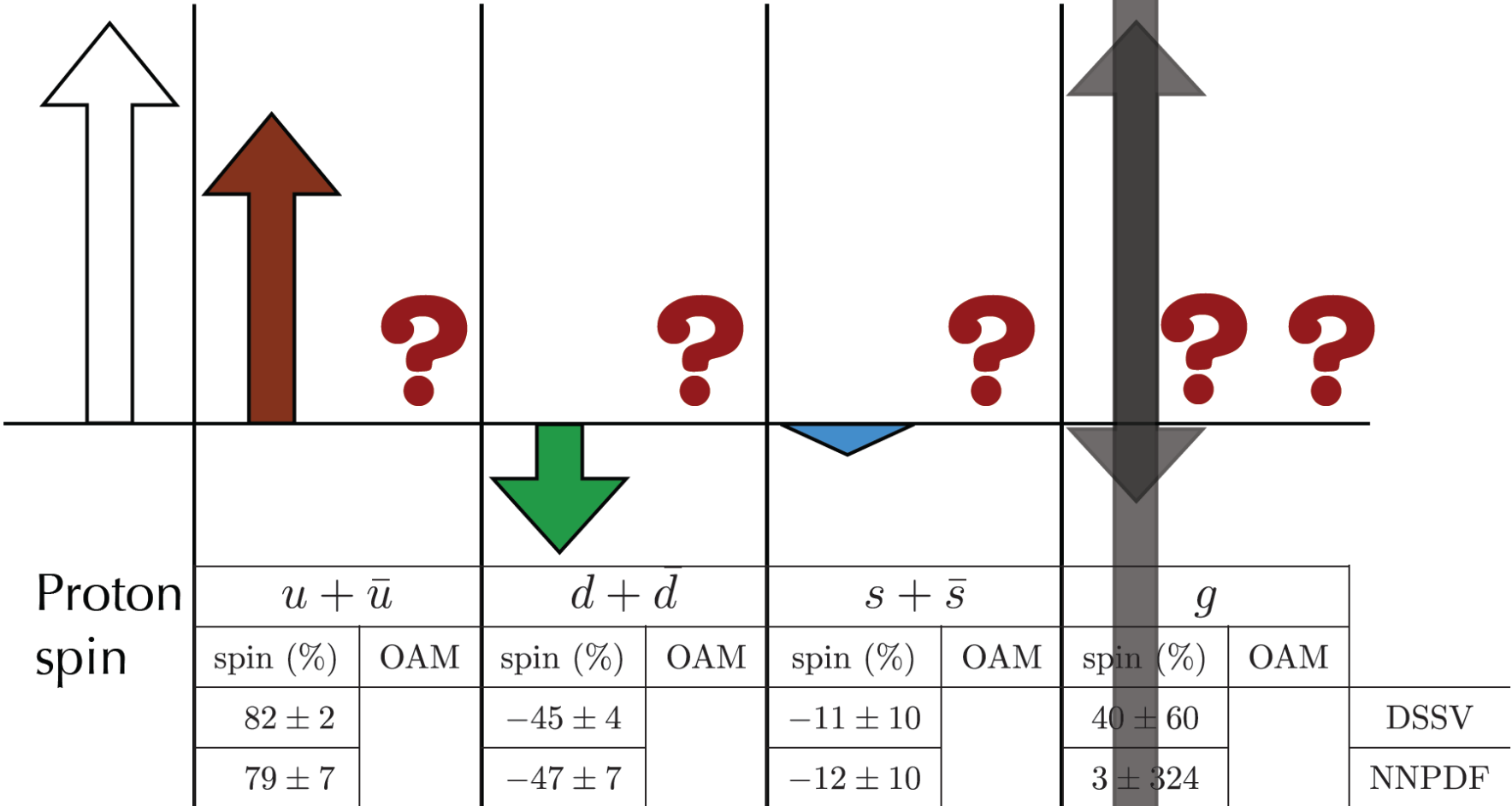
de Florian, Sassot, Stramann, Vogelsang, PRL 113 [14]
NNPDF, Ball et al. NPB 887 [14], Tab. 12, 13

Status of spin sum rule

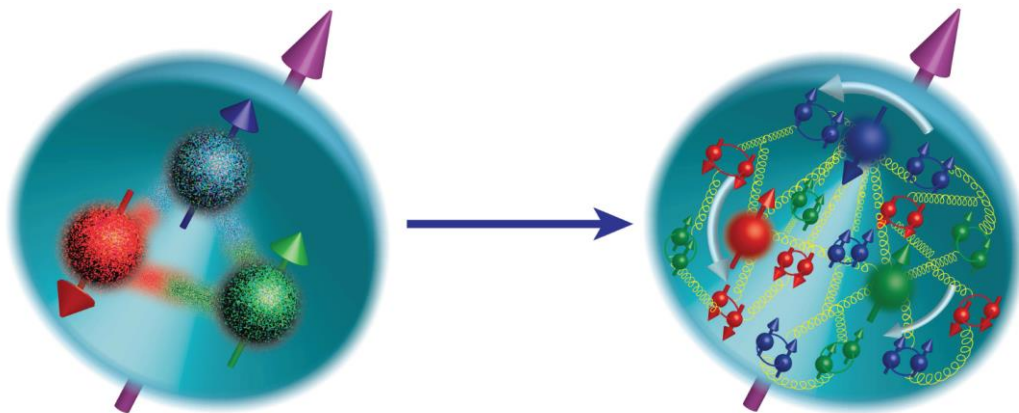


de Florian, Sassot, Stramann, Vogelsang, PRL 113 [14]
NNPDF, Ball et al. NPB 887 [14], Tab. 12, 13

Status of spin sum rule



de Florian, Sassot, Stramann, Vogelsang, PRL 113 [14]
NNPDF, Ball et al. NPB 887 [14], Tab. 12, 13

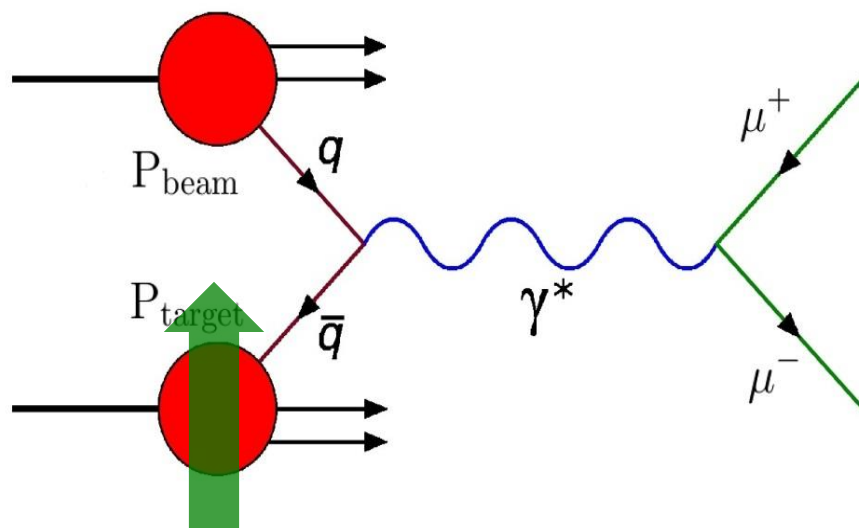
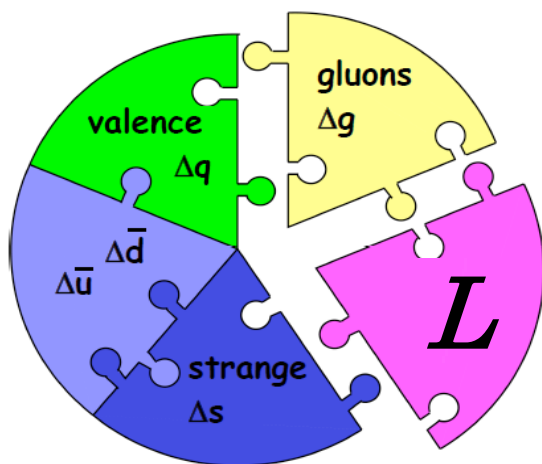


$$f_1^\perp(x, k_\perp) \sim \int d^2z_\perp e^{-i\mathbf{k}_\perp \cdot \mathbf{z}_\perp} \int d\mathbf{z}^- e^{i x p \mathbf{z}^-} \langle N(p, \mathbf{S}_\perp) | \psi^\dagger(0) \psi(\mathbf{z}^-, \mathbf{z}_\perp) | N(p, \mathbf{S}_\perp) \rangle$$



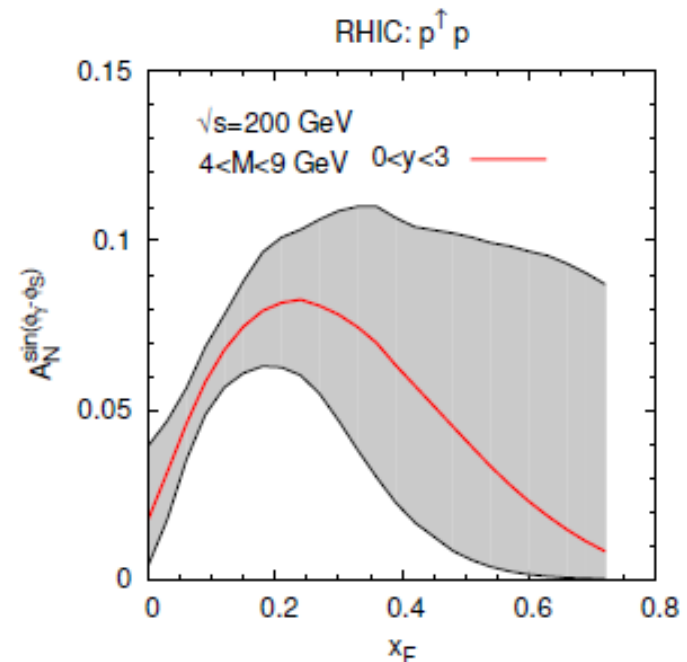
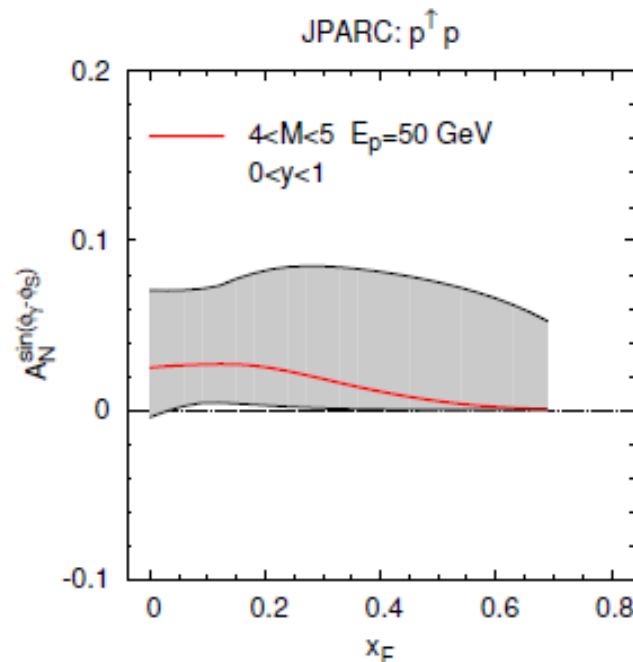
L_q

$$S = \frac{1}{2} = L + \frac{1}{2} \Delta \Sigma + \Delta G$$



Sivers effect in Drell-Yan

Experimental test of Sivers effect in Drell-Yan is highly desired ($\sin(\phi - \phi_S) f_{1T}^\perp \bar{f}_1$)



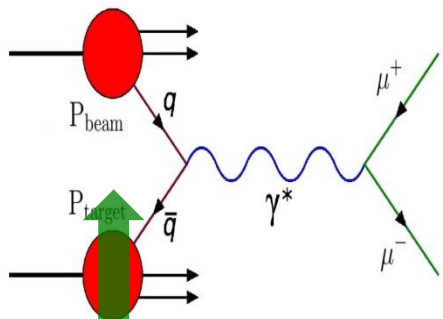
Anselmino *et al.* '09

$p^\uparrow p$ DY studies kinematically largely complementary to SIDIS data (careful about nodes)

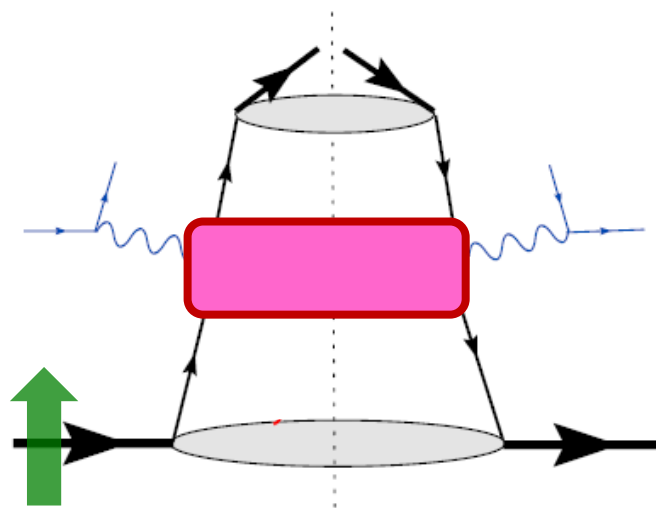
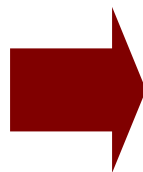
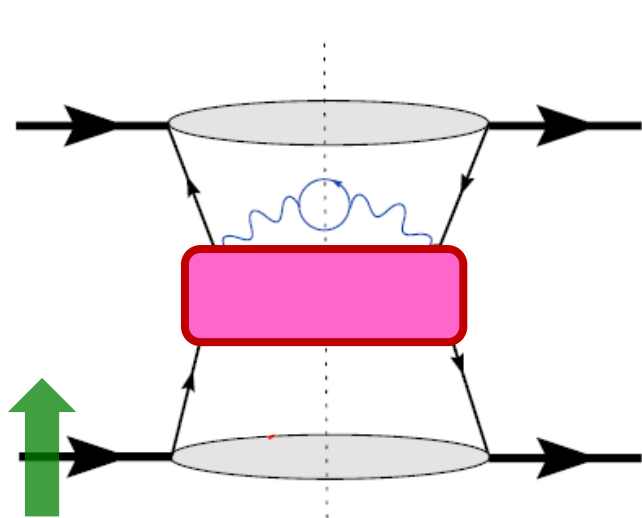
These predictions take into account the *process dependence* of the Sivers function

$$f_1^\perp(x, k_\perp) \sim \int d^2 z_\perp e^{-i\mathbf{k}_\perp \cdot \mathbf{z}_\perp} \int d\mathbf{z}^- e^{i x p \mathbf{z}^-} \langle N(p, \mathbf{S}_\perp) | \psi^\dagger(0) \psi(\mathbf{z}^-, \mathbf{z}_\perp) | N(p, \mathbf{S}_\perp) \rangle$$

Sivers



"T-odd"

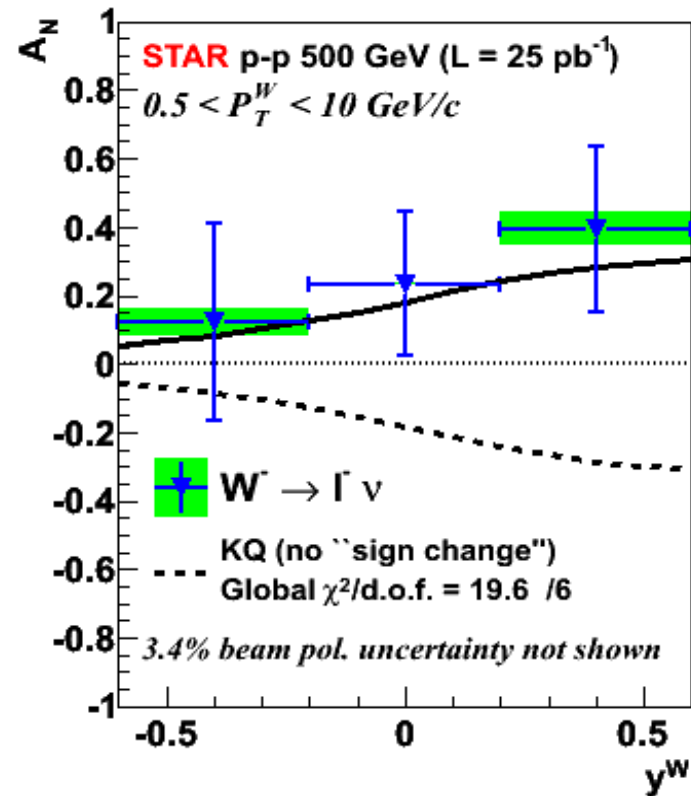
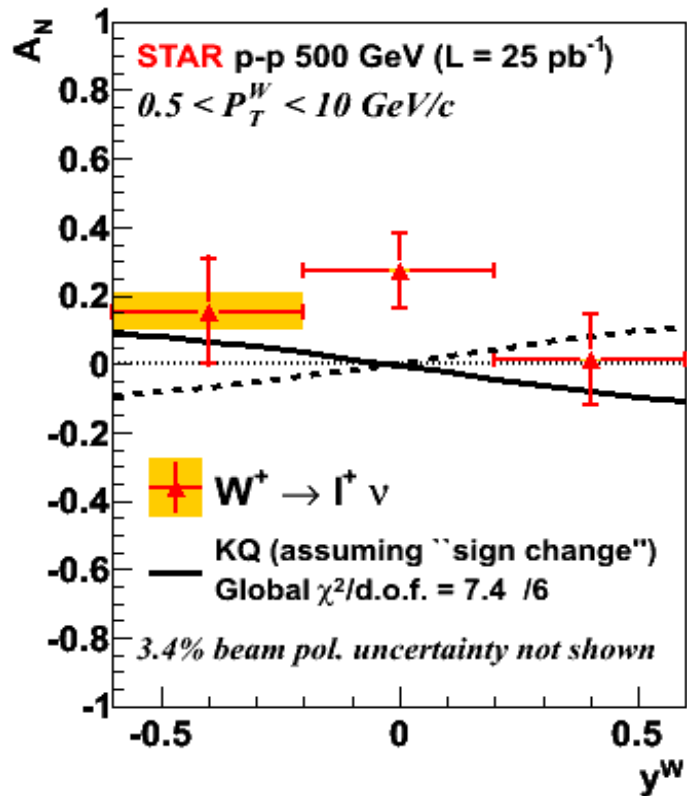


$$f_1^\perp(x, k_\perp) \Big|_{DY} = - f_1^\perp(x, k_\perp) \Big|_{SIDIS}$$

W production $p^\uparrow + p \rightarrow W^\pm$ at RHIC

Run-2009

(arXiv:1511.06003)

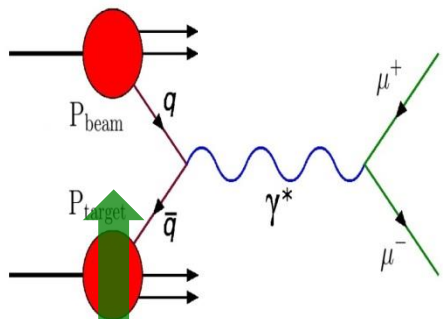


first evidence?

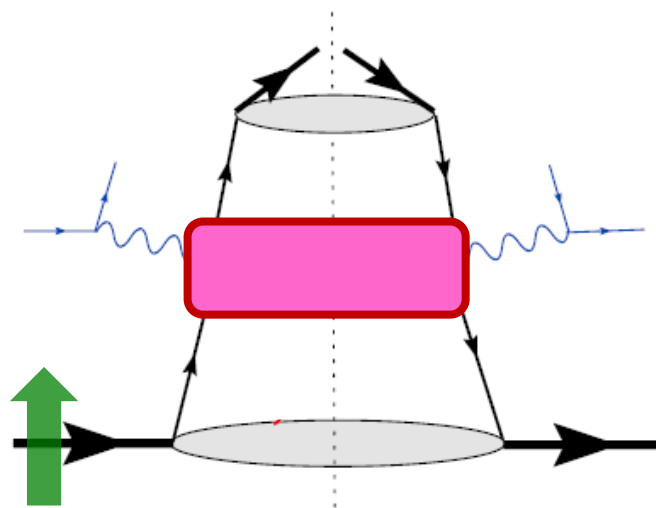
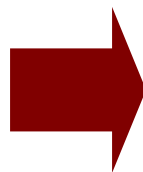
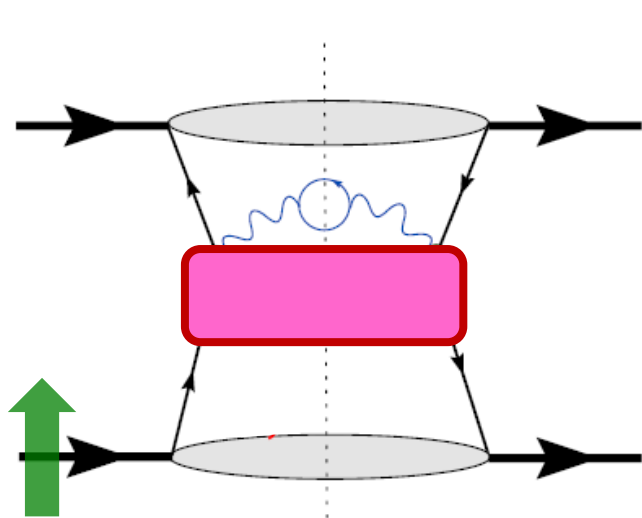
$$f_1^\perp(x, k_\perp) \Big|_{DY} = - f_1^\perp(x, k_\perp) \Big|_{SIDIS}$$

$$f_1^\perp(x, k_\perp) \sim \int d^2 z_\perp e^{-i\mathbf{k}_\perp \cdot \mathbf{z}_\perp} \int d\mathbf{z}^- e^{i x p \mathbf{z}^-} \langle N(p, \mathbf{S}_\perp) | \psi^\dagger(0) \psi(\mathbf{z}^-, \mathbf{z}_\perp) | N(p, \mathbf{S}_\perp) \rangle$$

Sivers



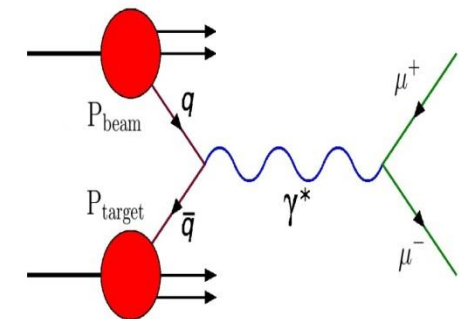
"T-odd"



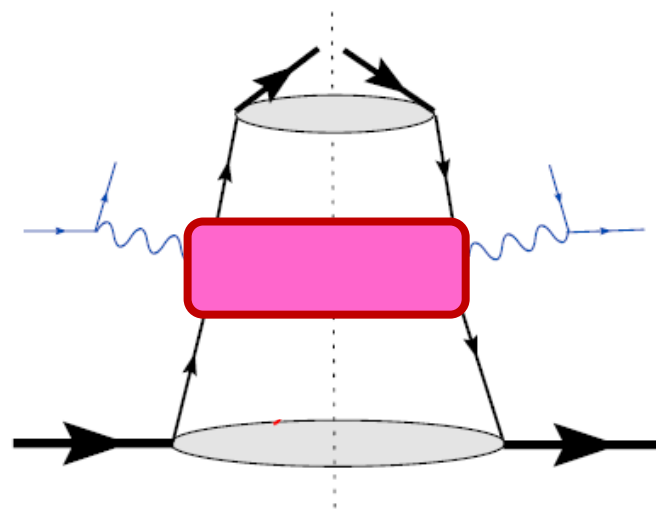
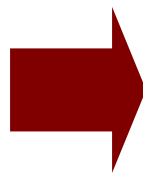
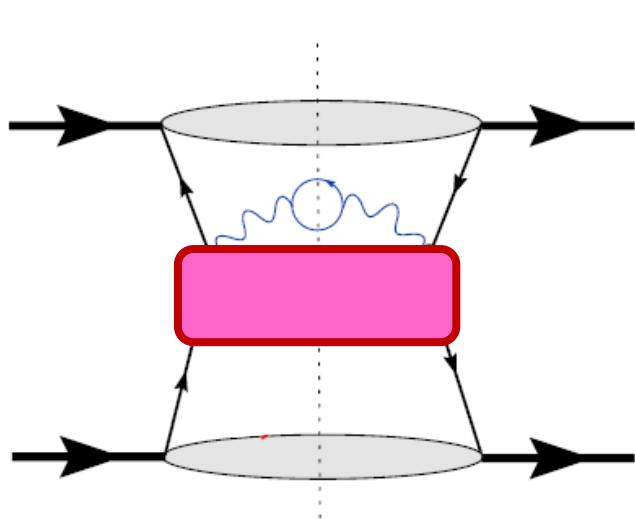
$$f_1^\perp(x, k_\perp) \Big|_{DY} = - f_1^\perp(x, k_\perp) \Big|_{SIDIS}$$

$$h_1^\perp(x, k_\perp) \sim \int d^2 z_\perp e^{-i\mathbf{k}_\perp \cdot \mathbf{z}_\perp} \int d\mathbf{z}^- e^{i x p \mathbf{z}^-} \langle N(p) | \psi^\dagger(0) \gamma^\perp \psi(\mathbf{z}^-, \mathbf{z}_\perp) | N(p) \rangle$$

Boer-Mulders



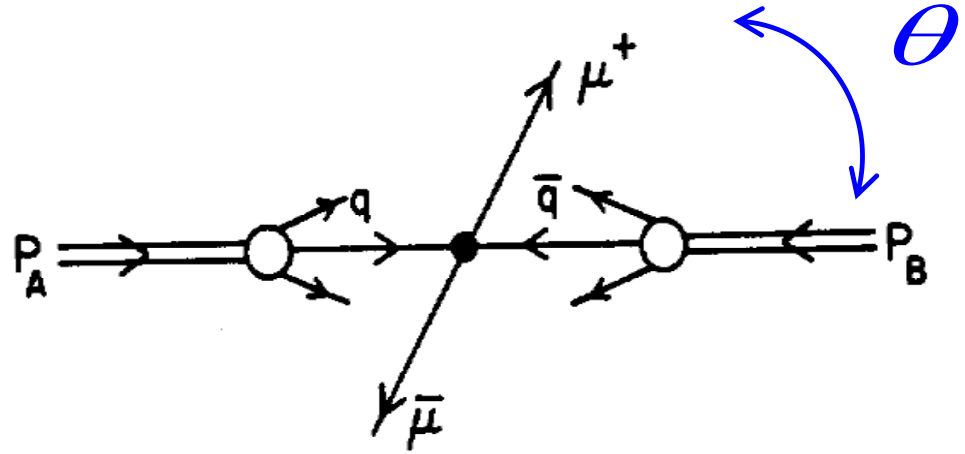
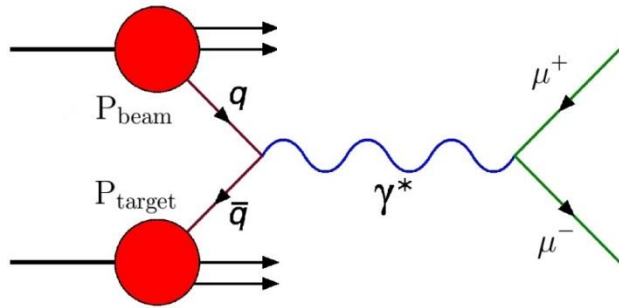
"T-odd"



$$h_1^\perp(x, k_\perp) \Big|_{DY} = - h_1^\perp(x, k_\perp) \Big|_{SIDIS}$$

$$h_1^\perp(x, k_\perp) \sim \int d^2 z_\perp e^{-i\mathbf{k}_\perp \cdot \mathbf{z}_\perp} \int d\mathbf{z}^- e^{i x p \mathbf{z}} \langle N(p) | \psi^\dagger(0) \gamma^\perp \psi(\mathbf{z}^-, \mathbf{z}_\perp) | N(p) \rangle$$

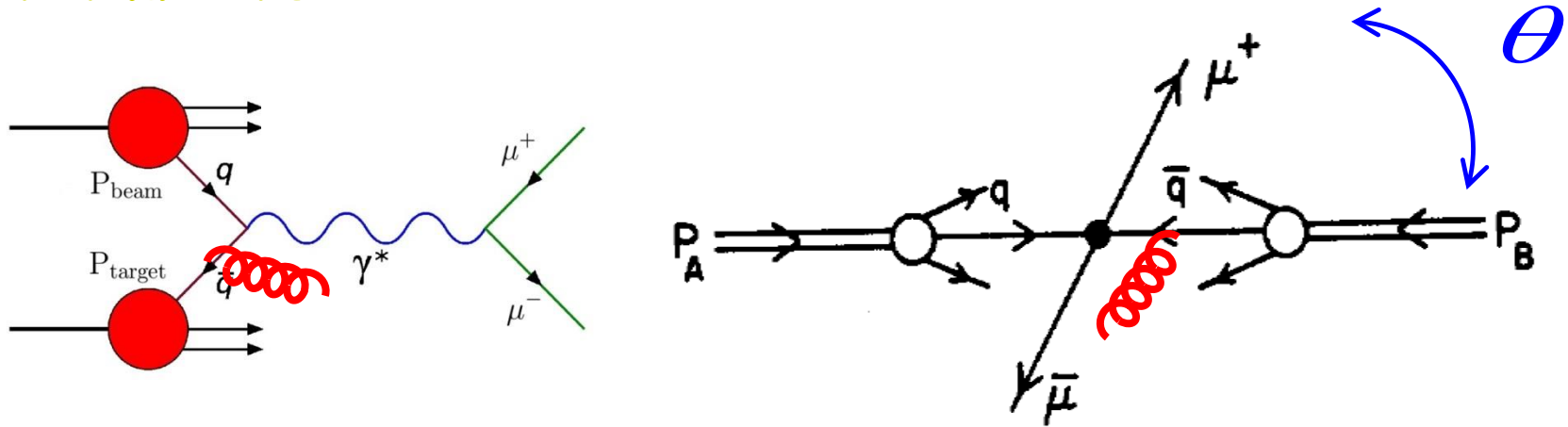
Boer-Mulders



$$\frac{1}{\sigma_0} \frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} = 1 + \lambda \cos^2 \theta + \mu \sin 2\theta \cos \phi + \frac{\nu}{2} \sin^2 \theta \cos 2\phi$$

$$h_1^\perp(x, k_\perp) \sim \int d^2 z_\perp e^{-i\mathbf{k}_\perp \cdot \mathbf{z}_\perp} \int d\mathbf{z}^- e^{i x p \mathbf{z}} \langle N(p) | \psi^\dagger(0) \gamma^\perp \psi(\mathbf{z}^-, \mathbf{z}_\perp) | N(p) \rangle$$

Boer-Mulders



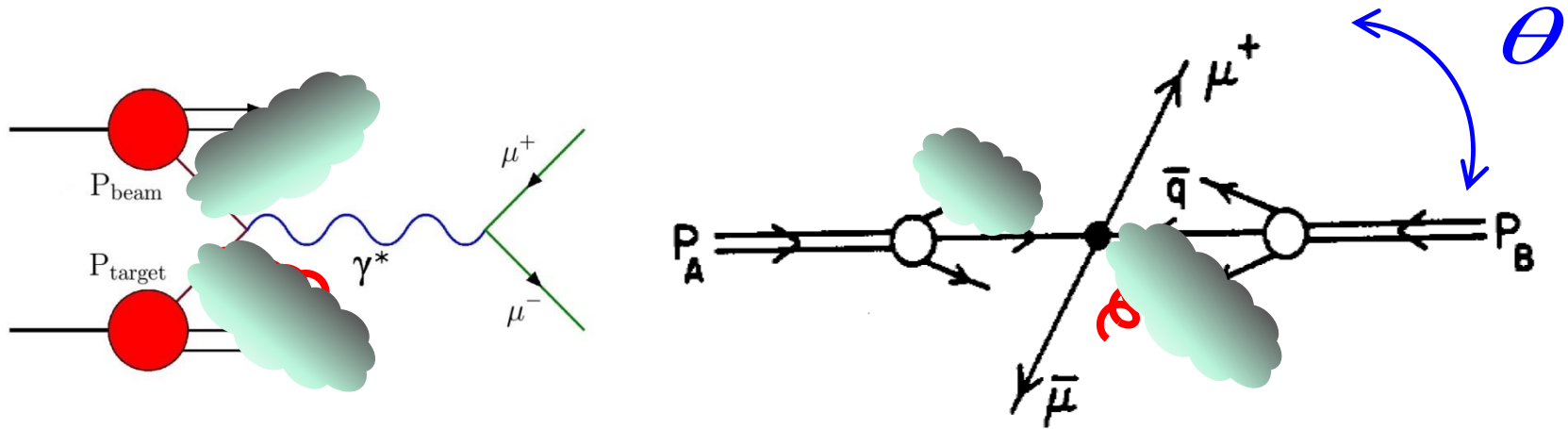
$$\frac{1}{\sigma_0} \frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} = 1 + \lambda \cos^2 \theta + \mu \sin 2\theta \cos \phi + \frac{\nu}{2} \sin^2 \theta \cos 2\phi$$

$$1 - \lambda, \quad \mu, \quad \nu \propto \alpha_s q_T$$

$$1 - \lambda - 2\nu = 0 \quad \text{Lam-Tung relation ('78)}$$

$$h_1^\perp(x, k_\perp) \sim \int d^2 z_\perp e^{-i\mathbf{k}_\perp \cdot \mathbf{z}_\perp} \int d\mathbf{z}^- e^{i x p \mathbf{z}} \langle N(p) | \psi^\dagger(0) \gamma^\perp \psi(\mathbf{z}^-, \mathbf{z}_\perp) | N(p) \rangle$$

Boer-Mulders



$$\frac{1}{\sigma_0} \frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} = 1 + \lambda \cos^2 \theta + \mu \sin 2\theta \cos \phi + \frac{\nu}{2} \sin^2 \theta \cos 2\phi$$

$$\nu \gg \alpha_s q_T$$

$$1 - \lambda - 2\nu \neq 0 \quad \text{Lam-Tung relation ('78)}$$

$h_1^\perp(x, k_\perp)$ and/or novel nonpert. mechanisms

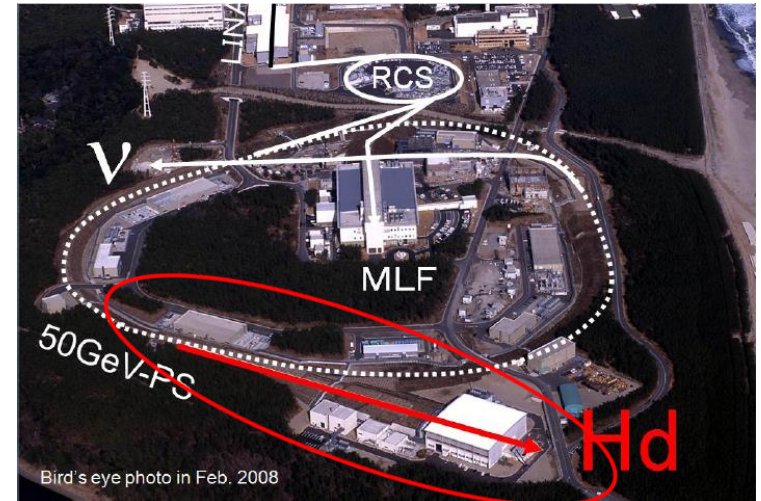
High momentum beam line at J-PARC

- Primary beam (proton)

$$E = 30\text{GeV} \ (\rightarrow 50\text{GeV?})$$

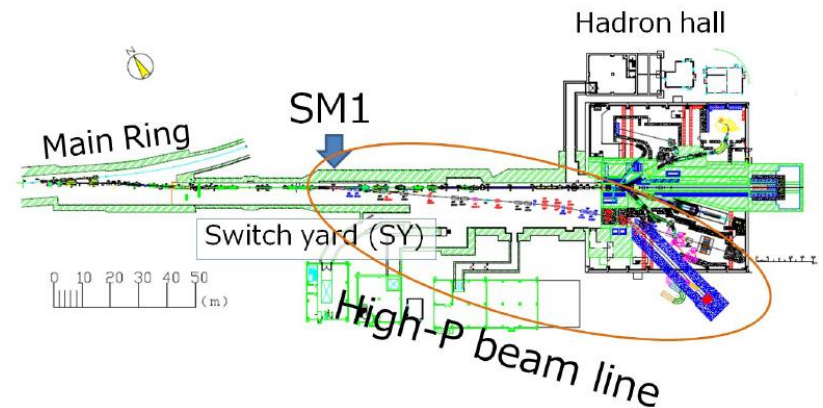
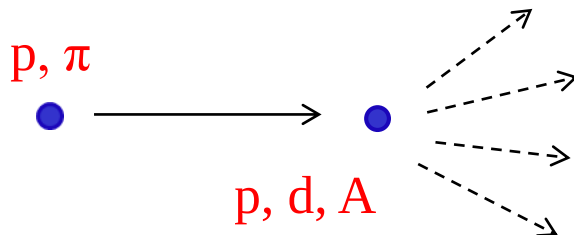
$$L = 10^{35} \text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$$

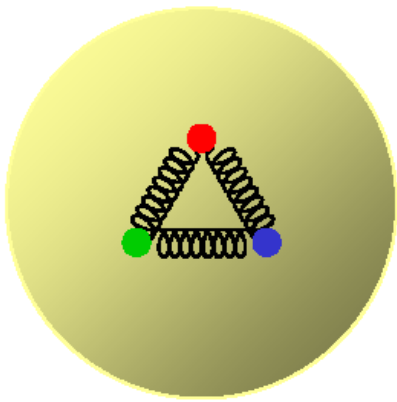
Hadron Facility at J-PARC



- Secondary beam (pion)

$$E = 15\text{-}20\text{GeV}$$

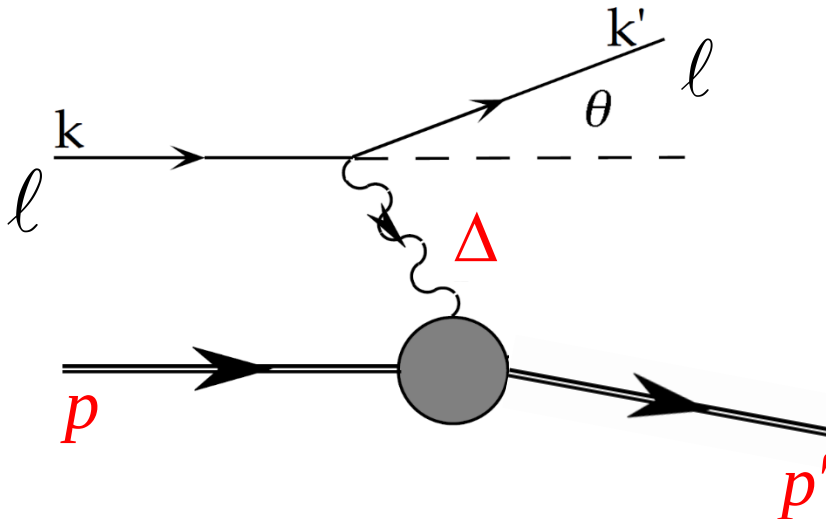


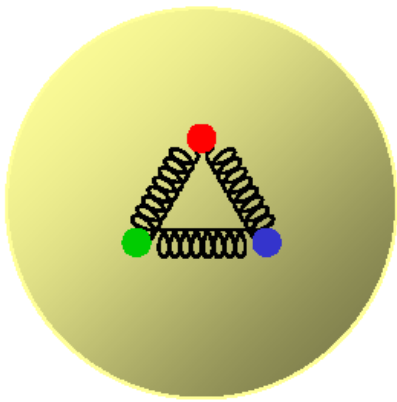


$$\langle N(\boldsymbol{p}') | \psi^\dagger(0) \psi(0) | N(\boldsymbol{p}) \rangle$$

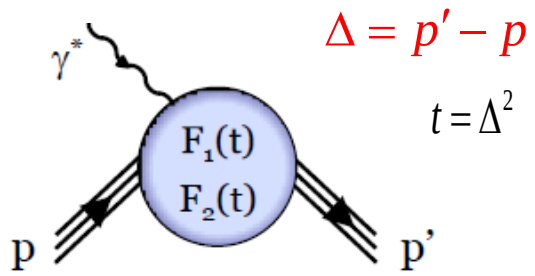
$$\langle N(\boldsymbol{p}') | \bar{\psi}(0) \gamma^\mu \psi(0) | N(\boldsymbol{p}) \rangle \sim \bar{u}(\boldsymbol{p}') \left\{ \gamma^\mu F_1(\Delta^2) + \frac{i\sigma^{\nu\mu} \Delta_\nu}{2M_N} F_2(\Delta^2) \right\} u(\boldsymbol{p})$$

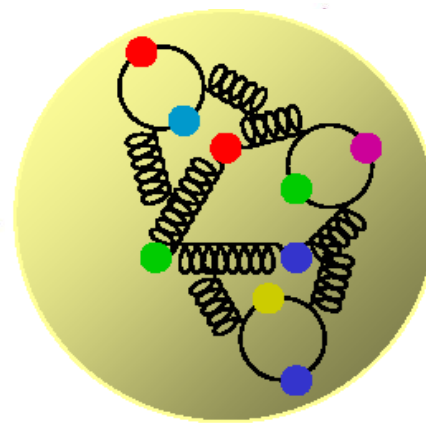
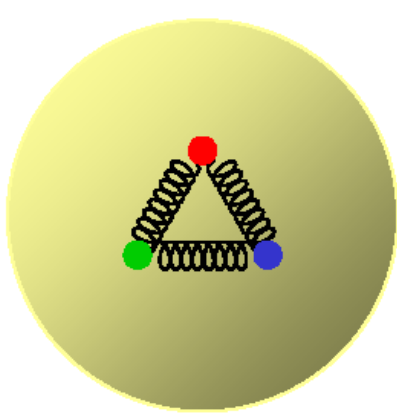
$$\Delta = \boldsymbol{p}' - \boldsymbol{p}$$



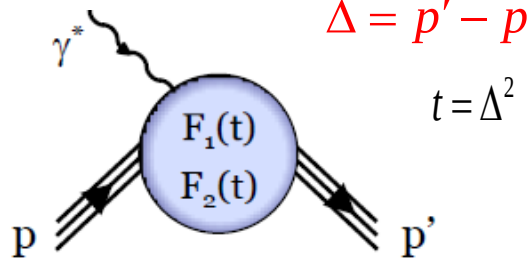


$$\langle N(\boldsymbol{p}') | \psi^\dagger(0) \psi(0) | N(\boldsymbol{p}) \rangle$$

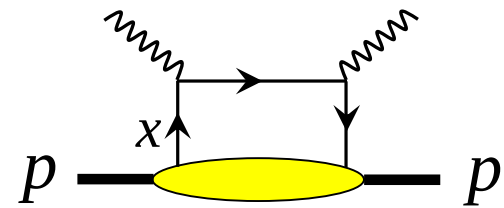


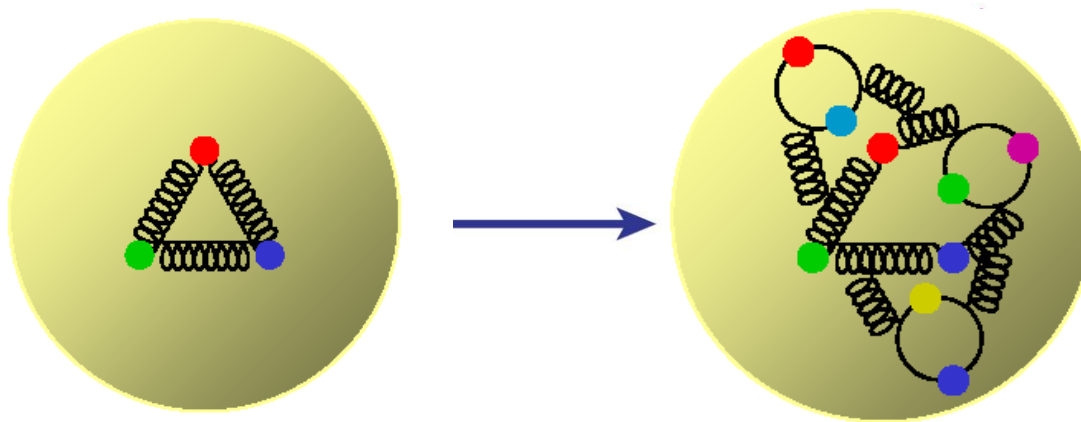


$$\langle N(\mathbf{p}') | \psi^\dagger(0) \psi(0) | N(\mathbf{p}) \rangle$$

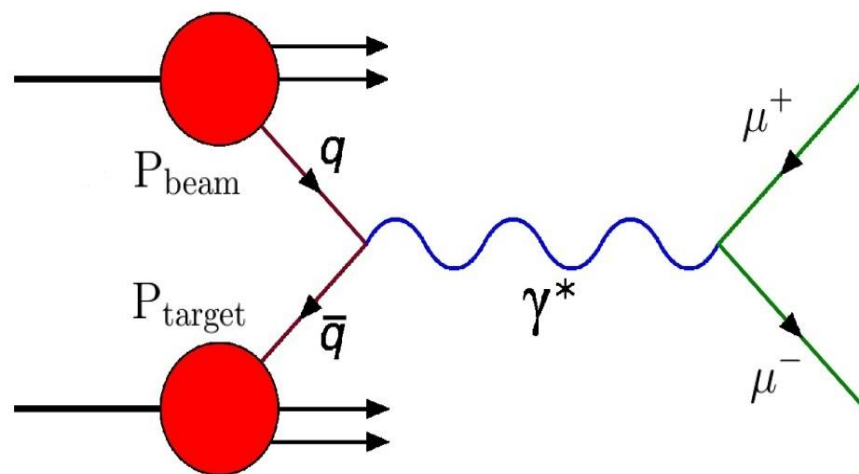
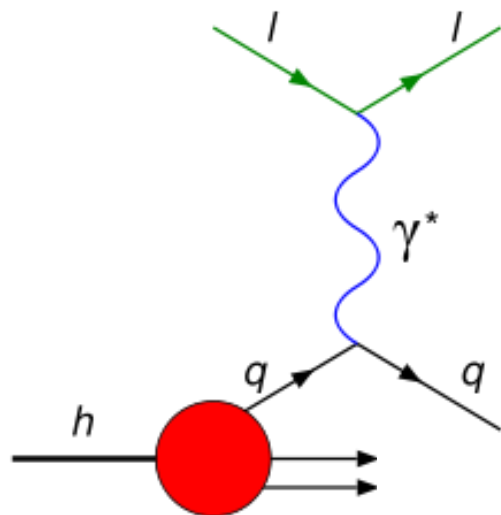


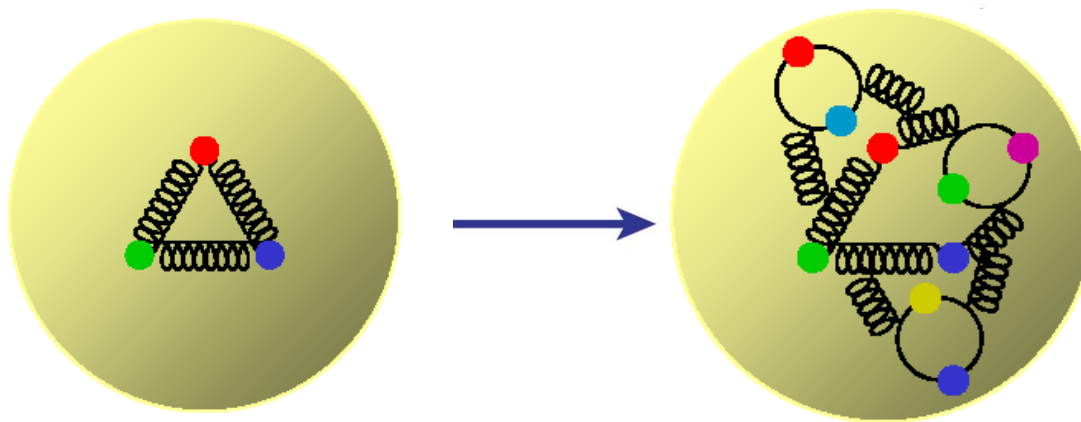
$$\int d\mathbf{z}^- e^{i\mathbf{x} \cdot \mathbf{p} \cdot \mathbf{z}^-} \langle N(p) | \psi^\dagger(0) \psi(\mathbf{z}^-) | N(p) \rangle$$



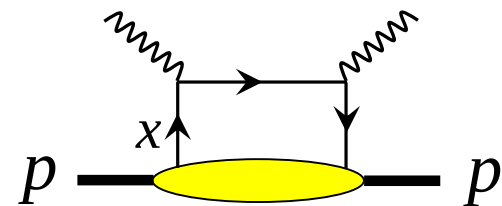


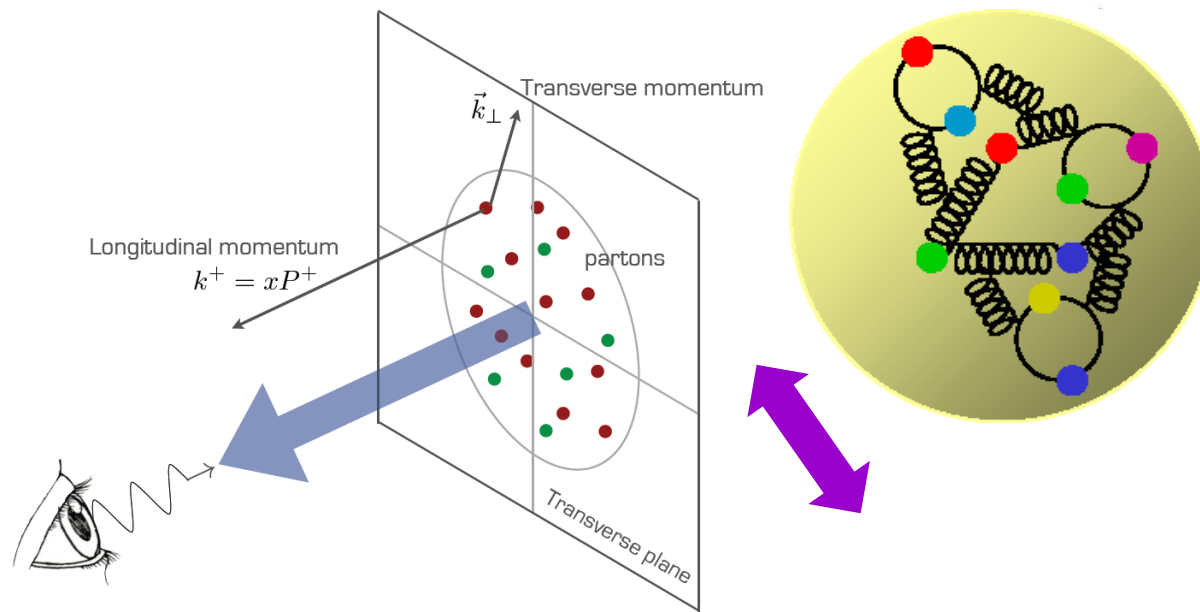
$$\int d\mathbf{z}^- e^{i\mathbf{x}p\mathbf{z}^-} \langle N(p) | \psi^\dagger(0) \psi(\mathbf{z}^-) | N(p) \rangle$$





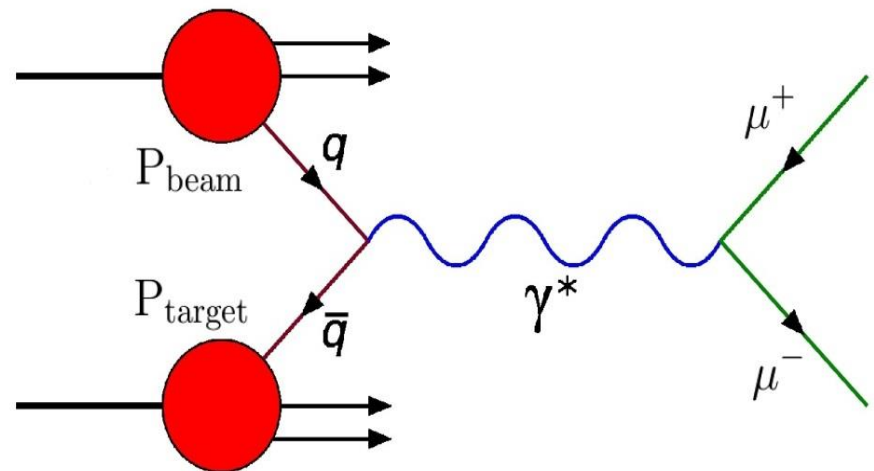
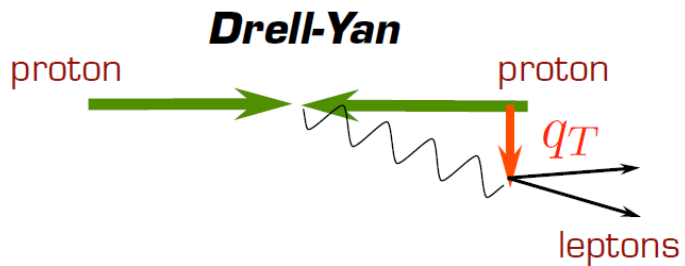
$$\int d\mathbf{z}^- e^{i\mathbf{x}p\mathbf{z}^-} \langle N(p) | \psi^\dagger(0) \psi(\mathbf{z}^-) | N(p) \rangle$$

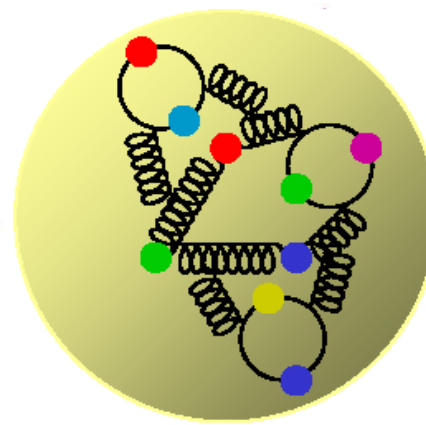
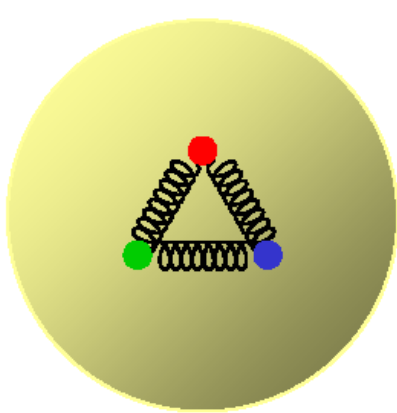




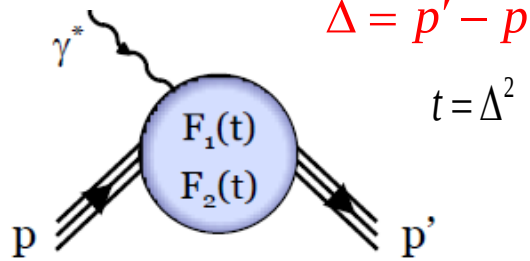
$$\int d^2z_\perp e^{-ik_\perp \cdot z_\perp} \int dZ^- e^{ixpZ^-} \langle N(p) | \psi^\dagger(0) \psi(Z^-, z_\perp) | N(p) \rangle$$

TMD

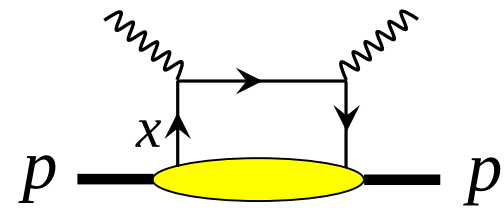


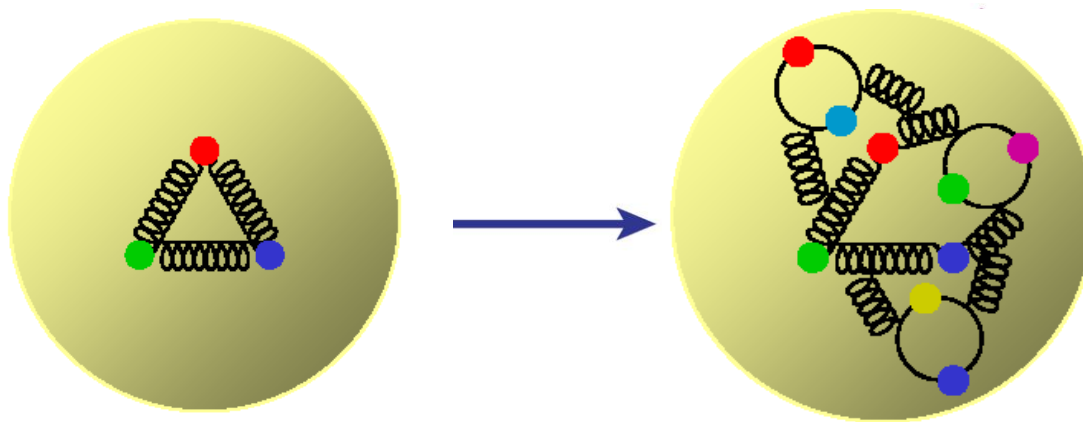


$$\langle N(\mathbf{p}') | \psi^\dagger(0) \psi(0) | N(\mathbf{p}) \rangle$$



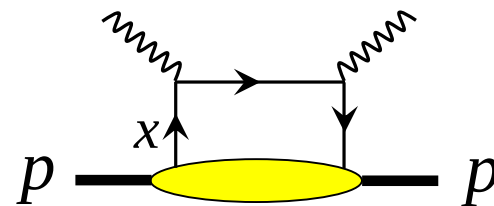
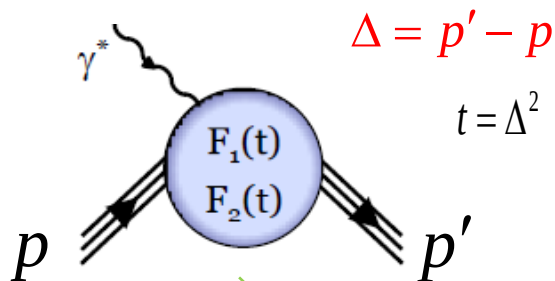
$$\int d\mathbf{z}^- e^{i\mathbf{x} \cdot \mathbf{p} \cdot \mathbf{z}^-} \langle N(p) | \psi^\dagger(0) \psi(\mathbf{z}^-) | N(p) \rangle$$



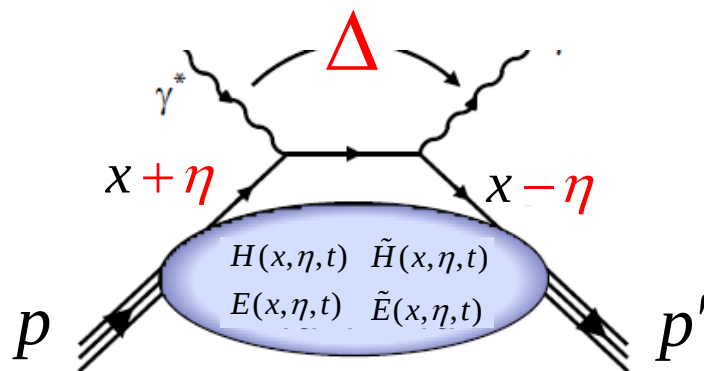


$$\langle N(\mathbf{p}') | \psi^\dagger(0) \psi(0) | N(\mathbf{p}) \rangle$$

$$\int d\mathbf{z}^- e^{i\mathbf{p}\mathbf{z}^-} \langle N(\mathbf{p}) | \psi^\dagger(0) \psi(\mathbf{z}^-) | N(\mathbf{p}) \rangle$$

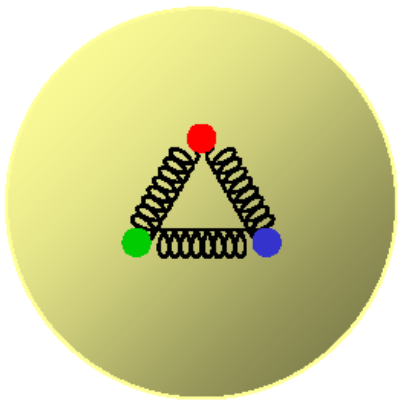


GPD



$$-2\eta\bar{P} = \Delta$$

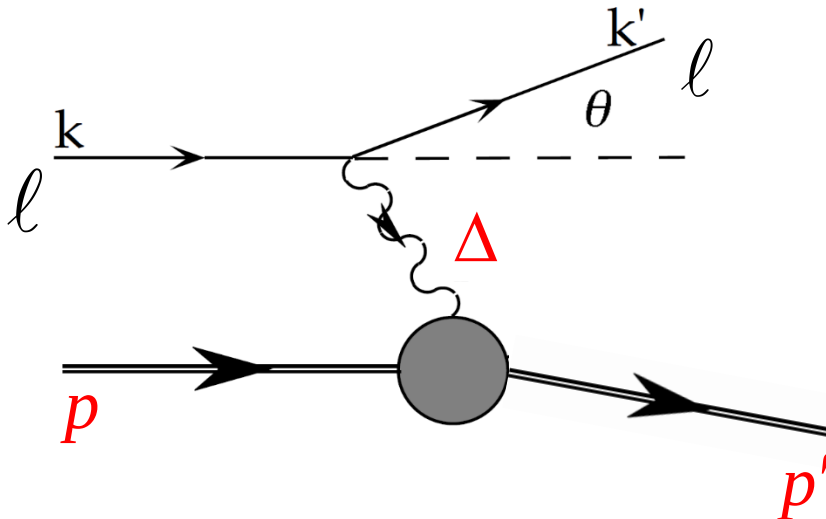
$$\int d\mathbf{z}^- e^{i(\mathbf{x} + \boldsymbol{\eta})\mathbf{p}\mathbf{z}^-} \langle N(\mathbf{p}') | \psi^\dagger(0) \psi(\mathbf{z}^-) | N(\mathbf{p}) \rangle$$



$$\langle N(\boldsymbol{p}') | \psi^\dagger(0) \psi(0) | N(\boldsymbol{p}) \rangle$$

$$\langle N(\boldsymbol{p}') | \bar{\psi}(0) \gamma^\mu \psi(0) | N(\boldsymbol{p}) \rangle \sim \bar{u}(\boldsymbol{p}') \left\{ \gamma^\mu F_1(\Delta^2) + \frac{i\sigma^{\nu\mu} \Delta_\nu}{2M_N} F_2(\Delta^2) \right\} u(\boldsymbol{p})$$

$$\Delta = \boldsymbol{p}' - \boldsymbol{p}$$

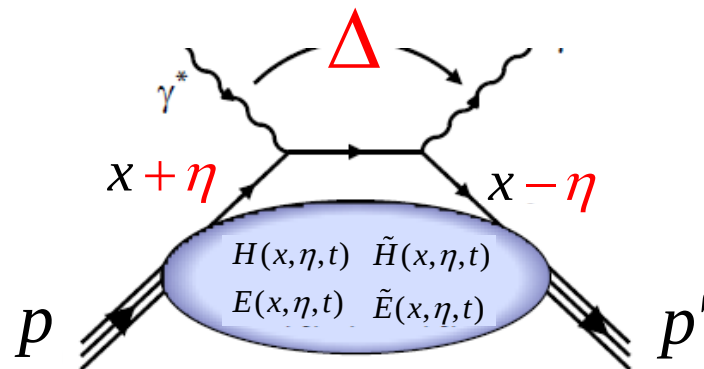


$$\bar{P} = \frac{p + p'}{2}$$

$$\int \frac{d\mathbf{z}^-}{2\pi} e^{i(\mathbf{x}+\boldsymbol{\eta})\bar{P}\mathbf{z}} \langle p' | \bar{\psi}(0) \gamma^+ \psi(\mathbf{z}^-) | p \rangle = \frac{1}{\bar{P}^+} \left[H(\mathbf{x}, \boldsymbol{\eta}, t) \bar{u}(p') \gamma^+ u(p) + E(\mathbf{x}, \boldsymbol{\eta}, t) \bar{u}(p') \frac{i\sigma^{+\alpha} (p' - p)_\alpha}{2M} u(p) \right]$$

$$\int \frac{d\mathbf{z}^-}{2\pi} e^{i(\mathbf{x}+\boldsymbol{\eta})\bar{P}\mathbf{z}} \langle p' | \bar{\psi}(0) \gamma^+ \gamma_5 \psi(\mathbf{z}^-) | p \rangle = \frac{1}{\bar{P}^+} \left[\tilde{H}(\mathbf{x}, \boldsymbol{\eta}, t) \bar{u}(p') \gamma^+ \gamma_5 u(p) + \tilde{E}(\mathbf{x}, \boldsymbol{\eta}, t) \bar{u}(p') \frac{\gamma_5 (p' - p)^+}{2M} u(p) \right]$$

GPD



$$-2\eta\bar{P} = \Delta$$

$$\int d\mathbf{z}^- e^{i(\mathbf{x}+\boldsymbol{\eta})p\mathbf{z}} \langle N(\mathbf{p}') | \psi^\dagger(0) \psi(\mathbf{z}^-) | N(\mathbf{p}) \rangle$$

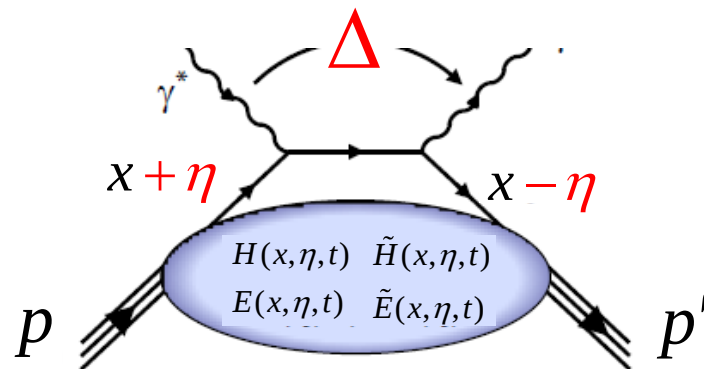
$$\bar{P} = \frac{p + p'}{2}$$

$$\int \frac{d\mathbf{z}^-}{2\pi} e^{i(\mathbf{x}+\boldsymbol{\eta})\bar{P}\mathbf{z}} \langle p' | \bar{\psi}(0) \gamma^+ \psi(\mathbf{z}^-) | p \rangle = \frac{1}{\bar{P}^+} \left[H(\mathbf{x}, \boldsymbol{\eta}, t) \bar{u}(p') \gamma^+ u(p) + E(\mathbf{x}, \boldsymbol{\eta}, t) \bar{u}(p') \frac{i\sigma^{+\alpha} (p' - p)_\alpha}{2M} u(p) \right]$$

$$\int \frac{d\mathbf{z}^-}{2\pi} e^{i(\mathbf{x}+\boldsymbol{\eta})\bar{P}\mathbf{z}} \langle p' | \bar{\psi}(0) \gamma^+ \gamma_5 \psi(\mathbf{z}^-) | p \rangle = \frac{1}{\bar{P}^+} \left[\tilde{H}(\mathbf{x}, \boldsymbol{\eta}, t) \bar{u}(p') \gamma^+ \gamma_5 u(p) + \tilde{E}(\mathbf{x}, \boldsymbol{\eta}, t) \bar{u}(p') \frac{\gamma_5 (p' - p)^+}{2M} u(p) \right]$$

$$J_q = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-1}^1 dx x (H(x, \eta, 0) + E(x, \eta, 0))$$

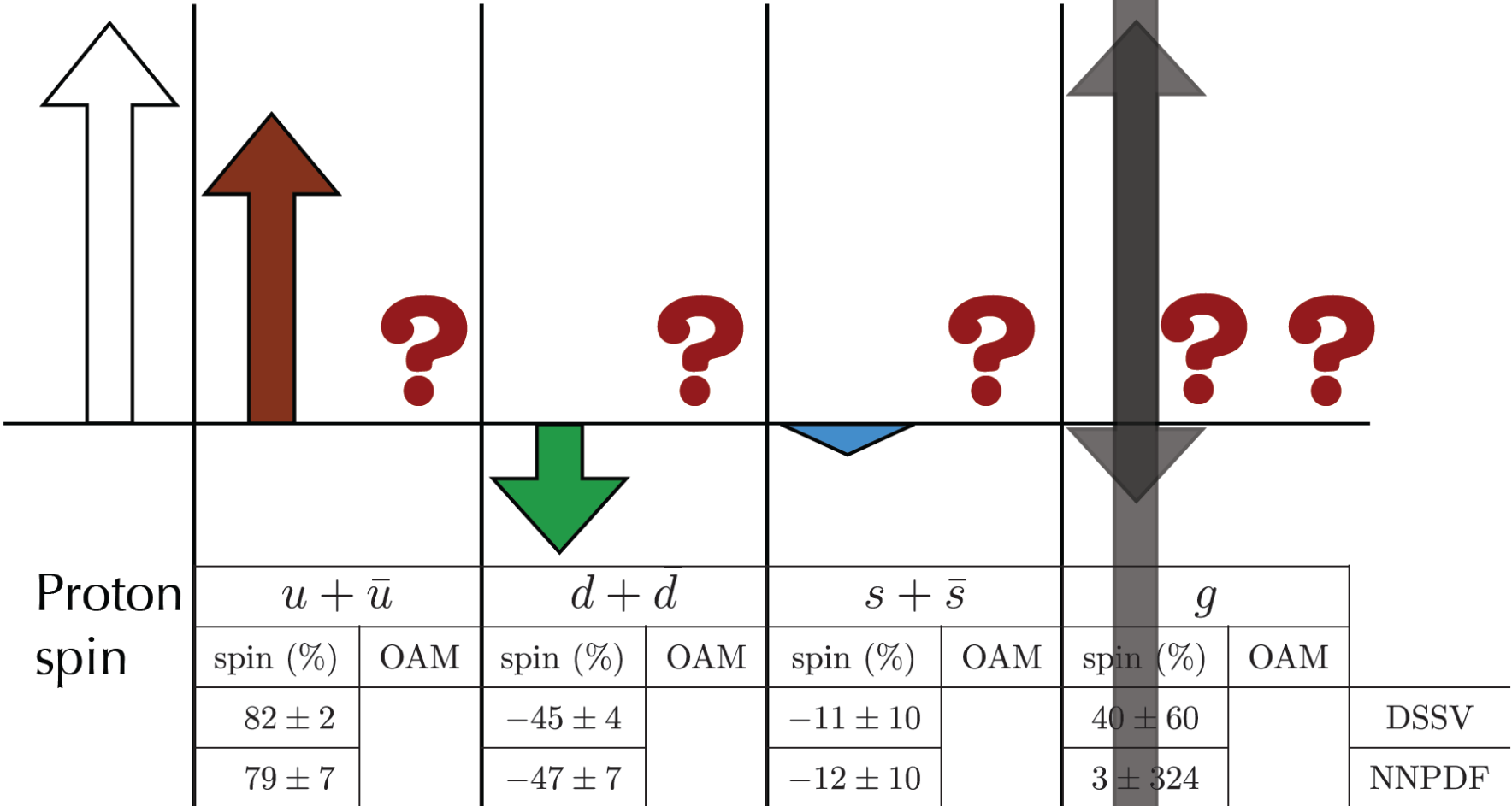
GPD



$$-2\eta\bar{P} = \Delta$$

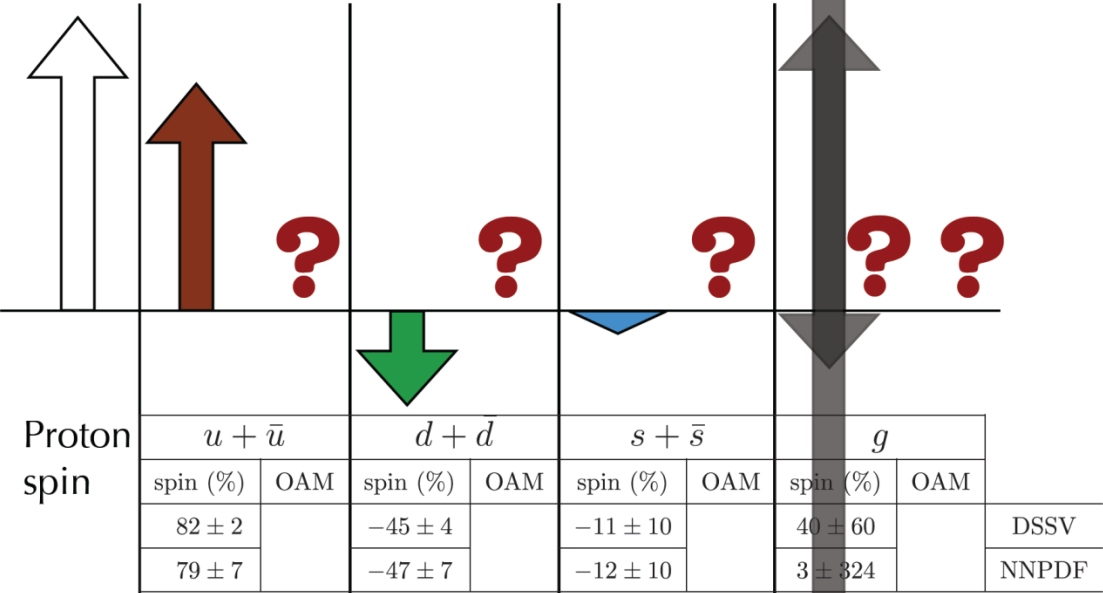
$$\int d\mathbf{z}^- e^{i(\mathbf{x}+\boldsymbol{\eta})p\mathbf{z}} \langle N(\mathbf{p}') | \psi^\dagger(0) \psi(\mathbf{z}^-) | N(\mathbf{p}) \rangle$$

Status of spin sum rule



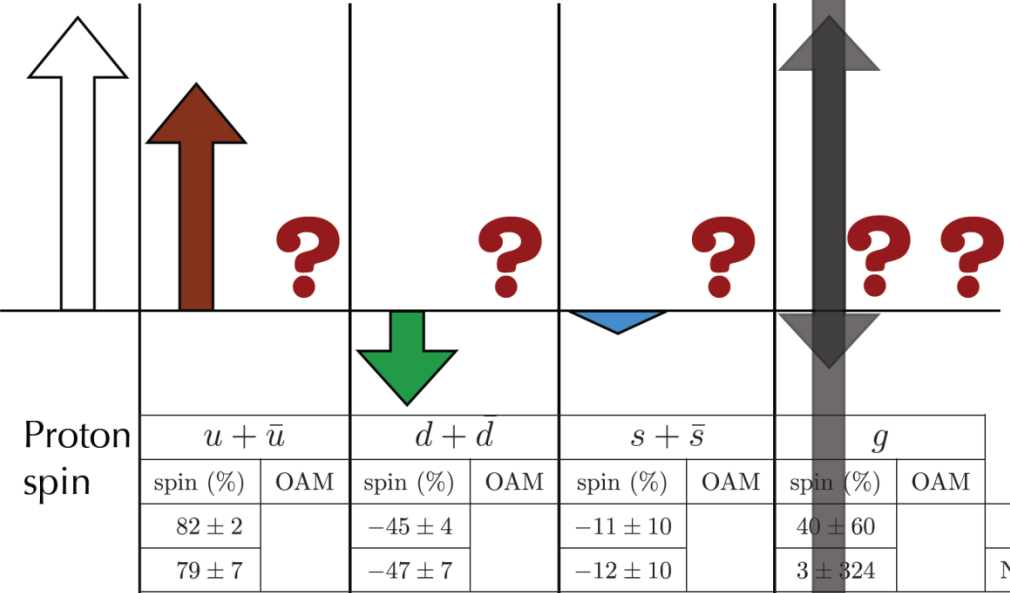
de Florian, Sassot, Stramann, Vogelsang, PRL 113 [14]
NNPDF, Ball et al. NPB 887 [14], Tab. 12, 13

Status of spin sum rule

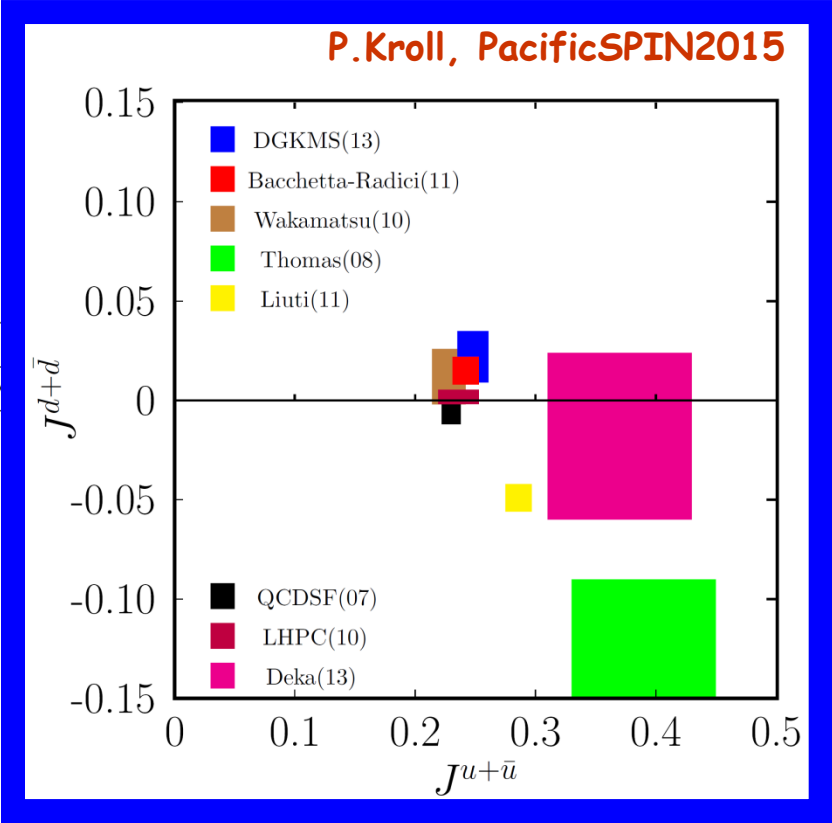


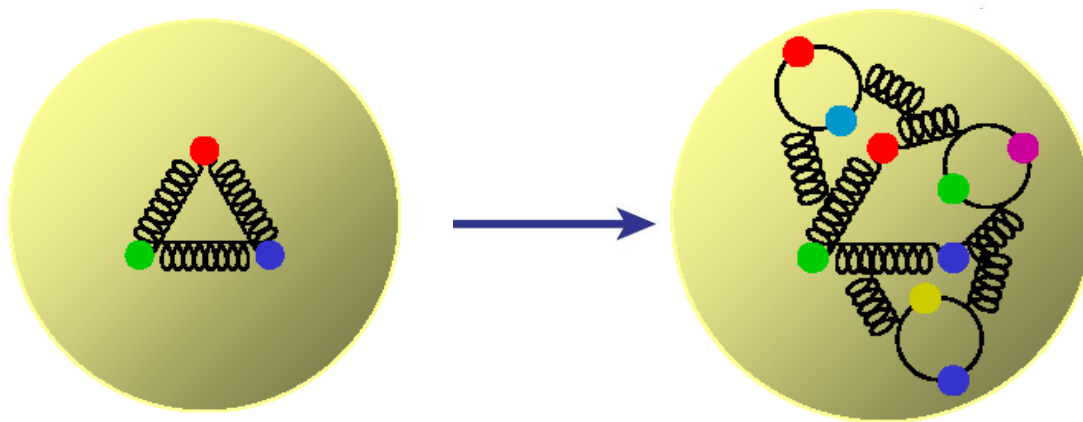
de Florian, Sassot, Stramann, Vogelsang, PRL 113 [14]
NNPDF, Ball et al. NPB 887 [14], Tab. 12, 13

Status of spin sum rule



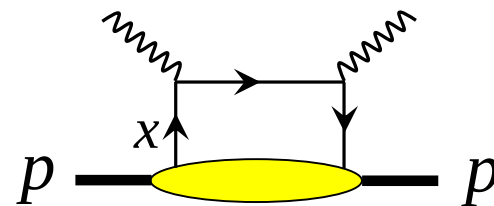
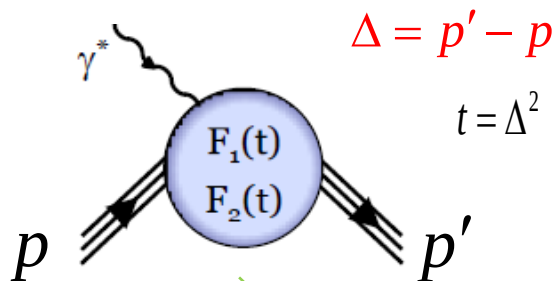
de Florian, Sassot, Stramann, Vogelsang, PRL 113 [14]
NNPDF, Ball et al. NPB 887 [14], Tab. 12, 13



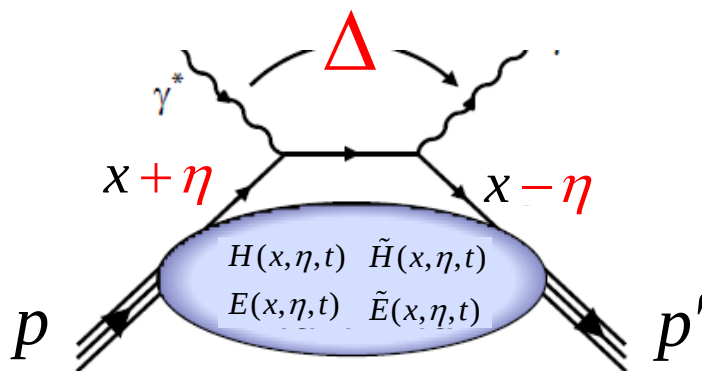


$$\langle N(\mathbf{p}') | \psi^\dagger(0) \psi(0) | N(\mathbf{p}) \rangle$$

$$\int d\mathbf{z}^- e^{i\mathbf{p}\mathbf{z}^-} \langle N(\mathbf{p}) | \psi^\dagger(0) \psi(\mathbf{z}^-) | N(\mathbf{p}) \rangle$$



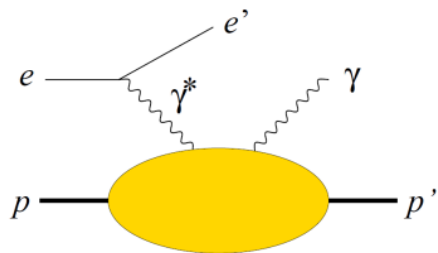
GPD



$$-2\eta\bar{P} = \Delta$$

$$\int d\mathbf{z}^- e^{i(\mathbf{x}+\boldsymbol{\eta})\mathbf{p}\mathbf{z}^-} \langle N(\mathbf{p}') | \psi^\dagger(0) \psi(\mathbf{z}^-) | N(\mathbf{p}) \rangle$$

$$\bar{P} = \frac{p + p'}{2}$$



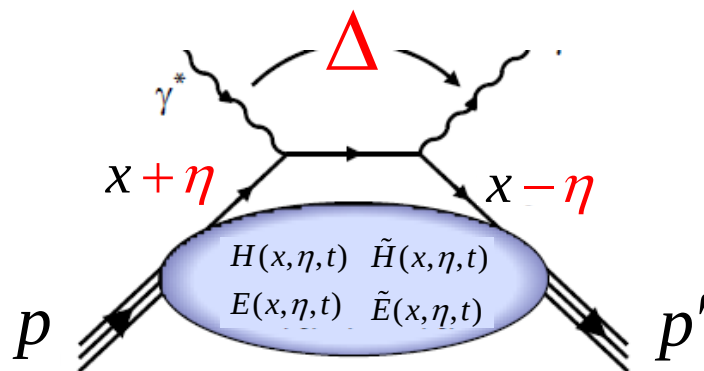
JLab, HERMES, COMPASS, ...

$$\int \frac{d\mathbf{z}^-}{2\pi} e^{i(x+\eta)\bar{P}z^-} \langle p' | \bar{\psi}(0) \gamma^+ \psi(\mathbf{z}^-) | p \rangle = \frac{1}{\bar{P}^+} \left[H(x, \eta, t) \bar{u}(p') \gamma^+ u(p) + E(x, \eta, t) \bar{u}(p') \frac{i\sigma^{+\alpha} (p' - p)_\alpha}{2M} u(p) \right]$$

$$\int \frac{d\mathbf{z}^-}{2\pi} e^{i(x+\eta)\bar{P}z^-} \langle p' | \bar{\psi}(0) \gamma^+ \gamma_5 \psi(\mathbf{z}^-) | p \rangle = \frac{1}{\bar{P}^+} \left[\tilde{H}(x, \eta, t) \bar{u}(p') \gamma^+ \gamma_5 u(p) + \tilde{E}(x, \eta, t) \bar{u}(p') \frac{\gamma_5 (p' - p)^+}{2M} u(p) \right]$$

$$J_q = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-1}^1 dx x (H(x, \eta, 0) + E(x, \eta, 0))$$

GPD



$$-2\eta\bar{P} = \Delta$$

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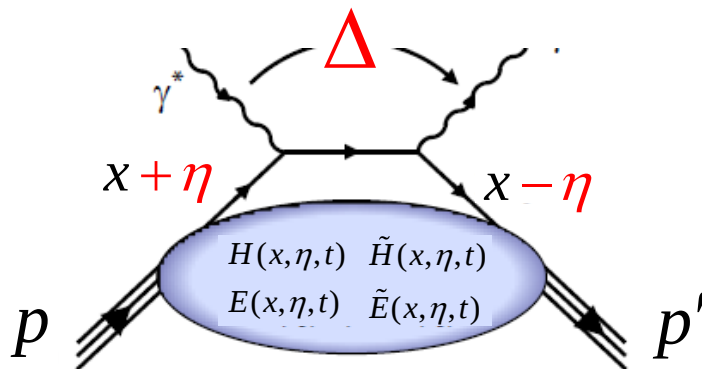
A diagram illustrating the interaction between a proton and a nucleus. A proton line, labeled p on the left and p' on the right, enters a yellow oval representing the nucleus. A wavy line representing a virtual photon, labeled γ^* , connects the proton to a green starburst labeled M . An electron line, labeled e on the left and e' on the right, also interacts with the M vertex. A red line connects the nucleus to the M vertex.

$$\int \frac{d\mathbf{z}^-}{2\pi} e^{i(\mathbf{x}+\eta)\bar{\mathbf{p}}_z} \langle p' | \bar{\psi}(0) \gamma^+ \psi(\mathbf{z}^-) | p \rangle = \frac{1}{\bar{P}^+} \left[H(\mathbf{x}, \eta, t) \bar{u}(p') \gamma^+ u(p) + E(\mathbf{x}, \eta, t) \bar{u}(p') \frac{i\sigma^{+\alpha} (p' - p)_\alpha}{2M} u(p) \right]$$

$$\int \frac{d\mathbf{z}^-}{2\pi} e^{i(x+\eta)\bar{P}\mathbf{z}^-} \langle p' | \bar{\psi}(0) \gamma^+ \gamma_5 \psi(\mathbf{z}^-) | p \rangle = \frac{1}{\bar{P}^+} \left[\tilde{H}(x, \eta, t) \bar{u}(p') \gamma^+ \gamma_5 u(p) + \tilde{E}(x, \eta, t) \bar{u}(p') \frac{\gamma_5 (p' - p)^+}{2M} u(p) \right]$$

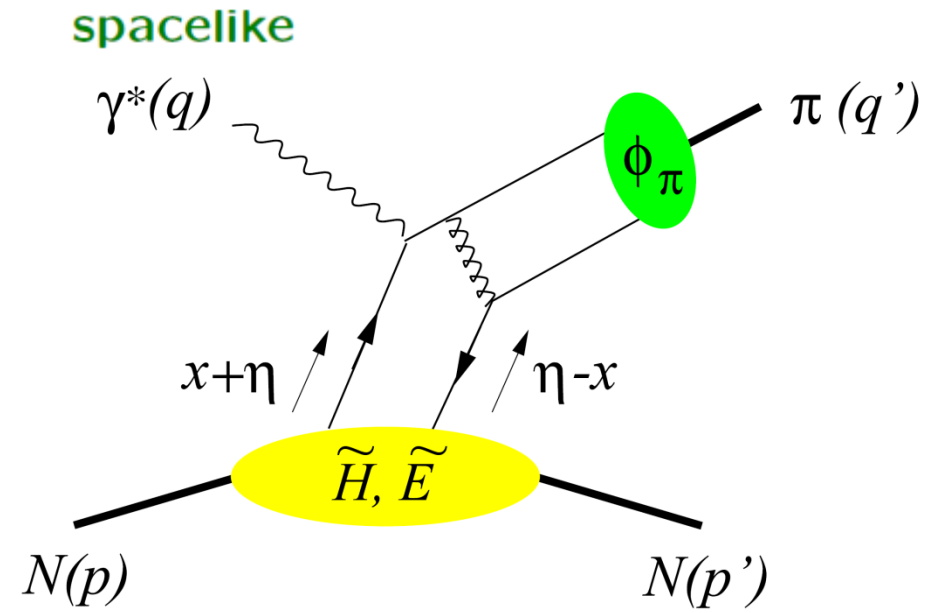
$$J_q = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-1}^1 dx x (H(x, \eta, 0) + E(x, \eta, 0))$$

GPD



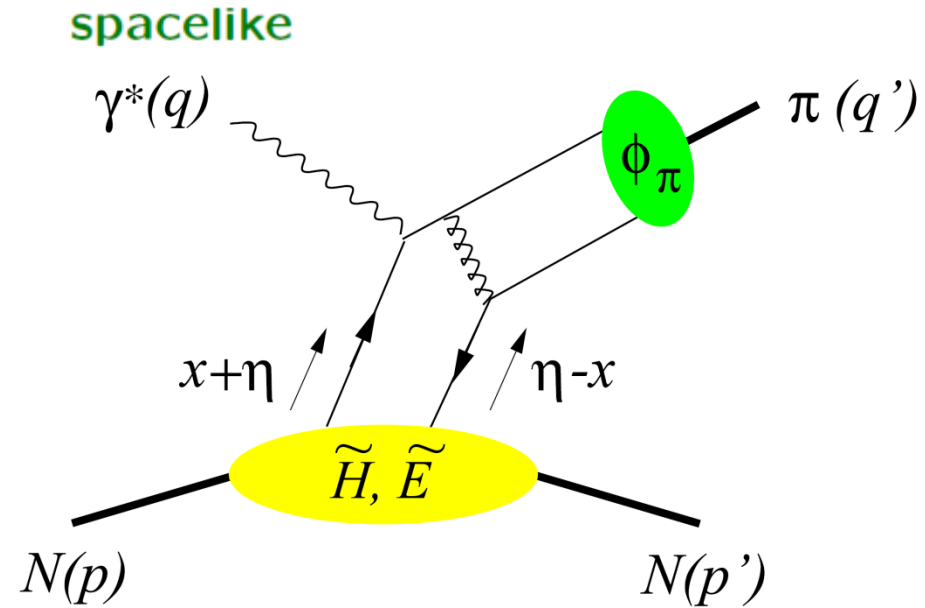
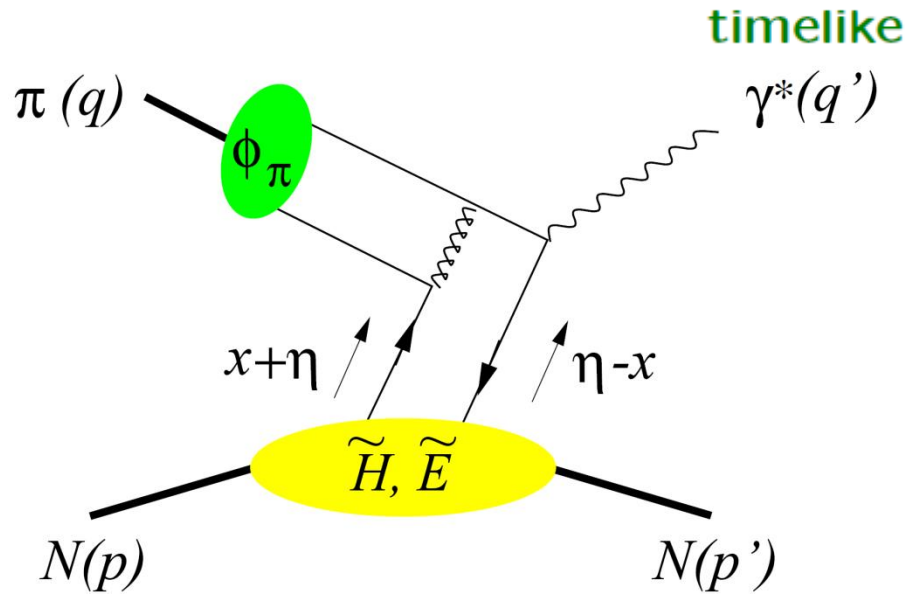
$$-2\eta\bar{P} = \Delta$$

$$\int d\mathbf{z}^- e^{i(\mathbf{x}+\boldsymbol{\eta})\mathbf{p}\mathbf{z}^-} \langle N(\mathbf{p}') | \psi^\dagger(0) \psi(\mathbf{z}^-) | N(\mathbf{p}) \rangle$$



DVMP@JLab

Pion beams reveal $\tilde{H}, \tilde{E}$ Generalized Parton distributions



DVMP@JLab

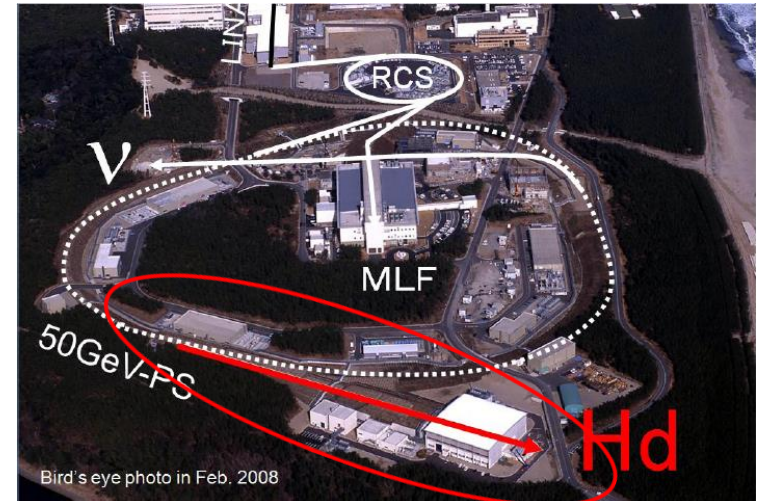
High momentum beam line at J-PARC

- Primary beam (proton)

$$E = 30\text{GeV} \ (\rightarrow 50\text{GeV?})$$

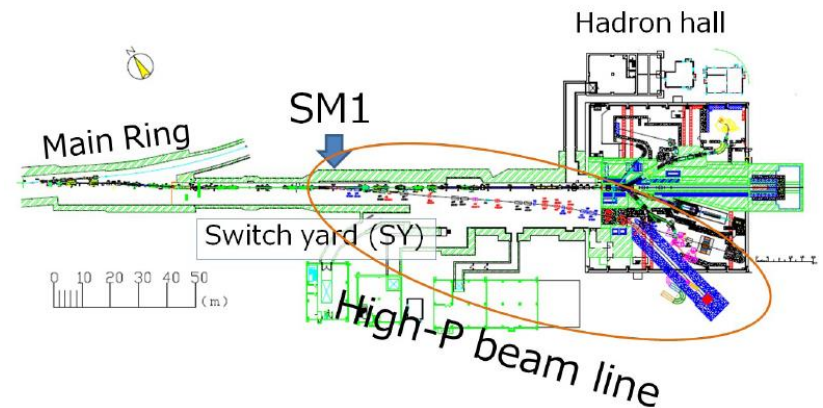
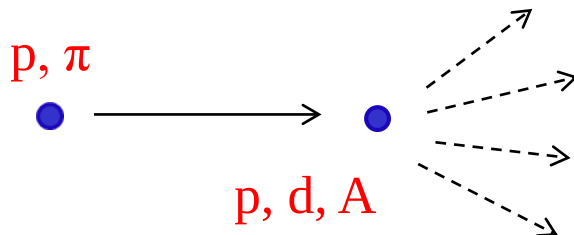
$$L = 10^{35} \text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$$

Hadron Facility at J-PARC

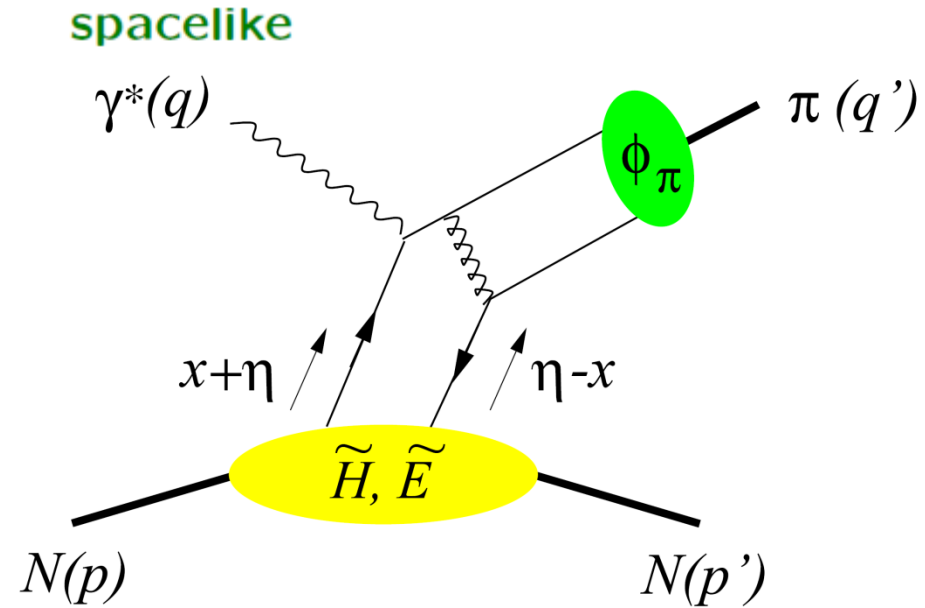
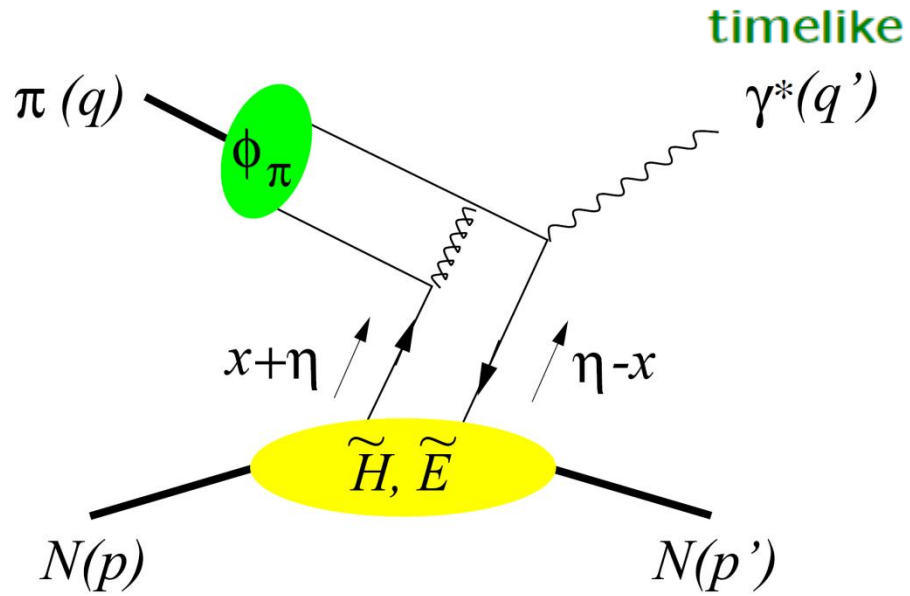


- Secondary beam (pion)

$$E = 15\text{-}20\text{GeV}$$



Pion beams reveal $\tilde{H}, \tilde{E}$ Generalized Parton distributions

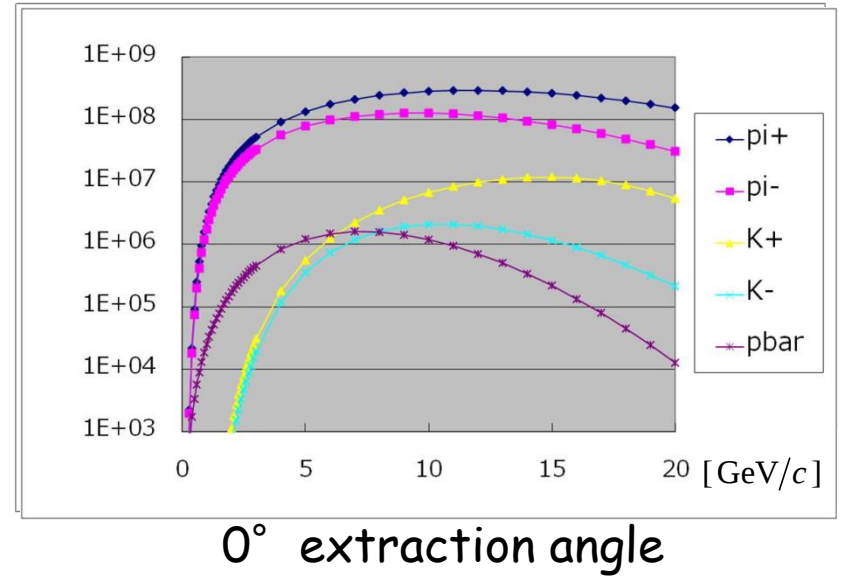


DVMP@JLab



beam loss limit @ SM1:15kW

(limited by the thickness of the tunnel wall)



0° extraction angle

High-momentum beamline

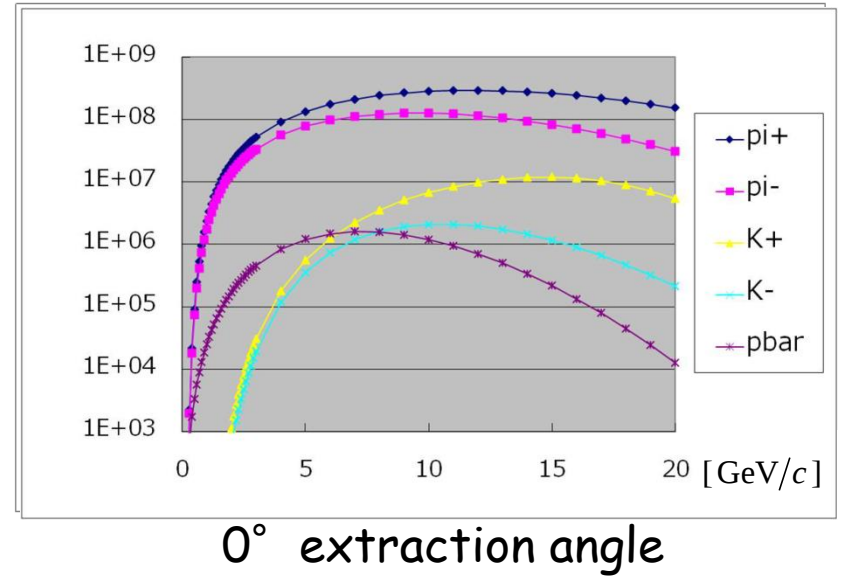
- 30 GeV proton
- ~15-20 GeV unseparated (mainly pions)

high intensity



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High-momentum beamline

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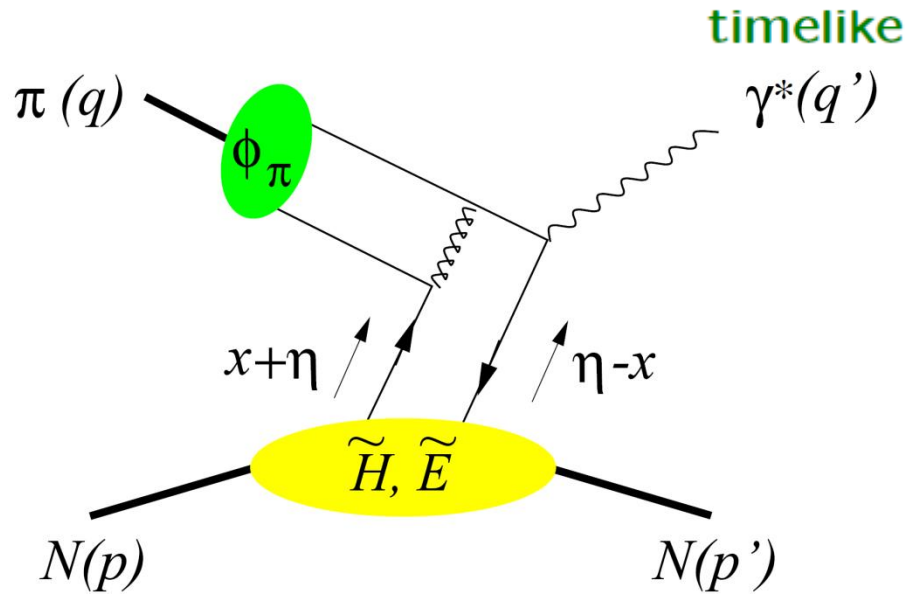
high intensity

not too high energy

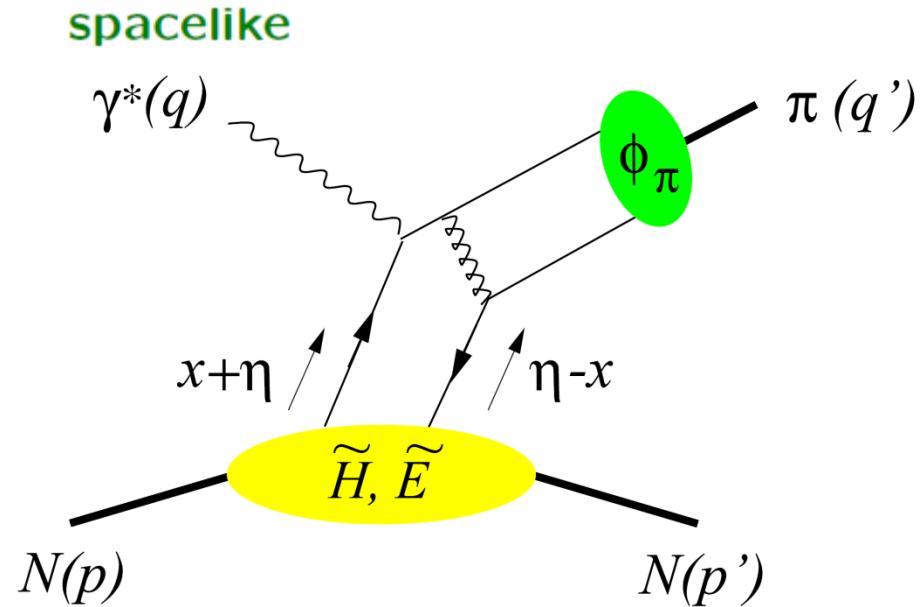
$$d\sigma \sim 1/s^a$$

best suited to study meson-induced
hard exclusive processes

Pion beams reveal $\tilde{H}, \tilde{E}$ Generalized Parton distributions

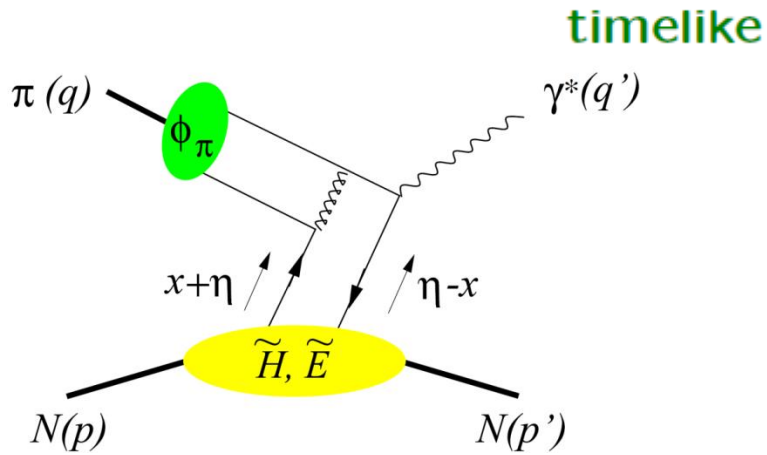


@J-PARC

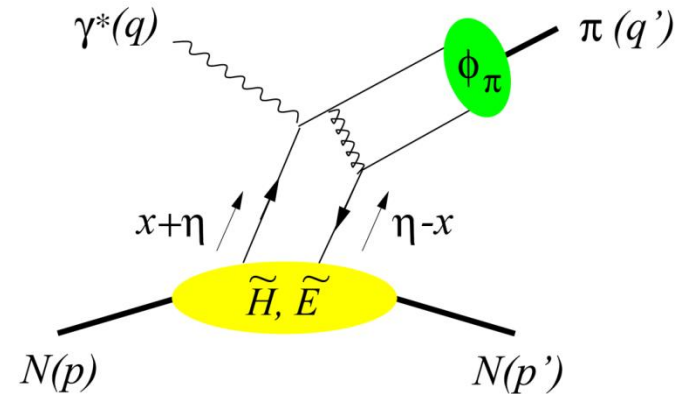


DVMP@JLab

Pion beams reveal $\tilde{H}, \tilde{E}$ Generalized Parton distributions

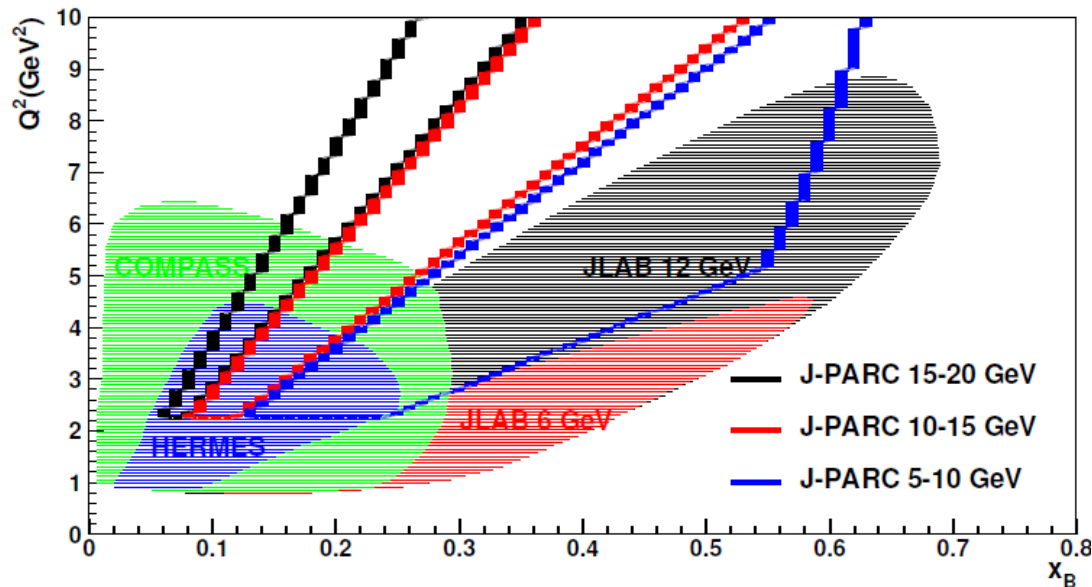


spacelike



@J-PARC

DVMP@JLab



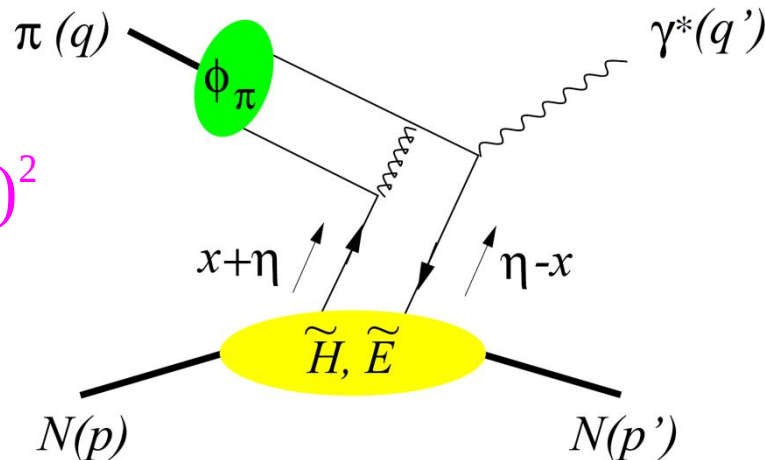
Exclusive lepton pair production in πN scattering

$$\pi^- p \rightarrow \gamma^* n \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- n$$

Berger, Diehl, Pire, PLB523(2001)265

“exclusive limit of DY”

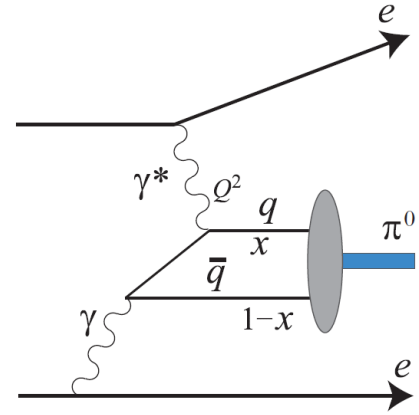
small $t = \Delta^2 = (q - q')^2$



Exclusive lepton pair production in πN scattering

$$\pi^- p \rightarrow \gamma^* n \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- n$$

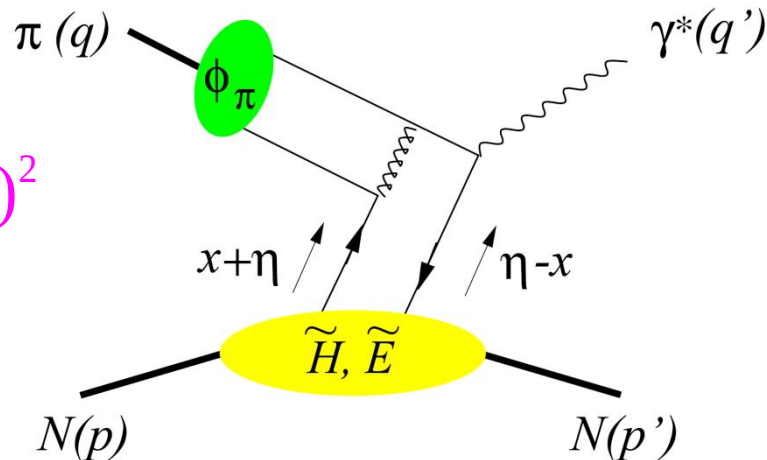
Berger, Diehl, Pire, PLB523(2001)265



@Belle, Babar

"exclusive limit of DY"

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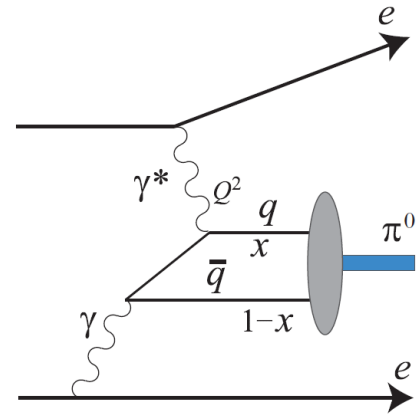
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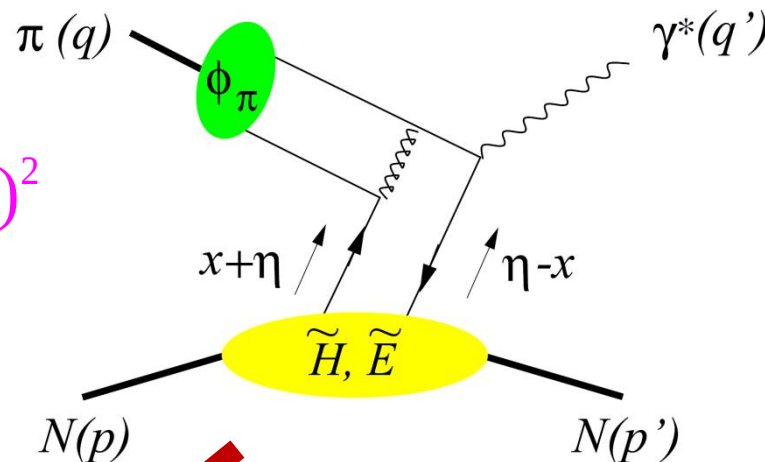
Berger, Diehl, Pire, PLB523(2001)265

@Belle, Babar

“exclusive limit of DY”



small $t = \Delta^2 = (q - q')^2$



$\Delta q(x)$ $\leftarrow t \rightarrow 0$

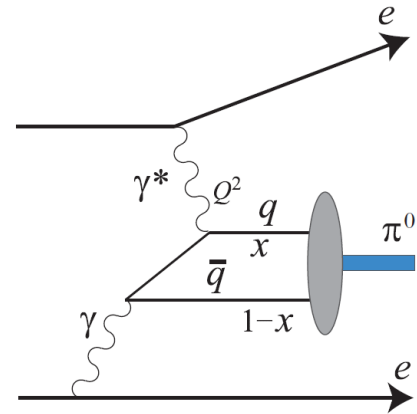
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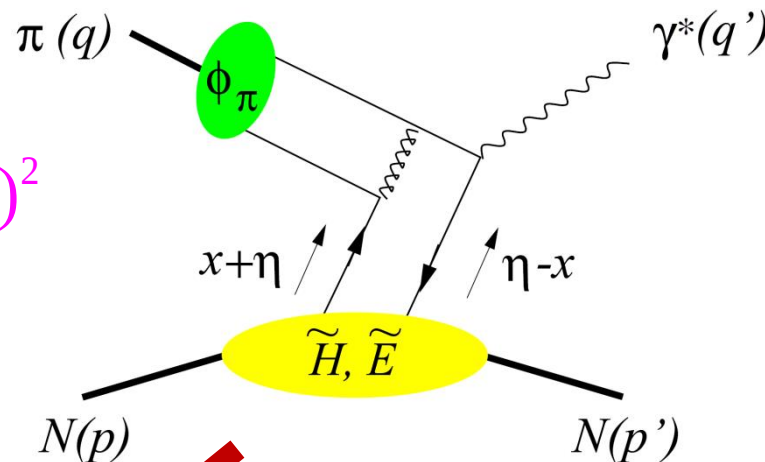
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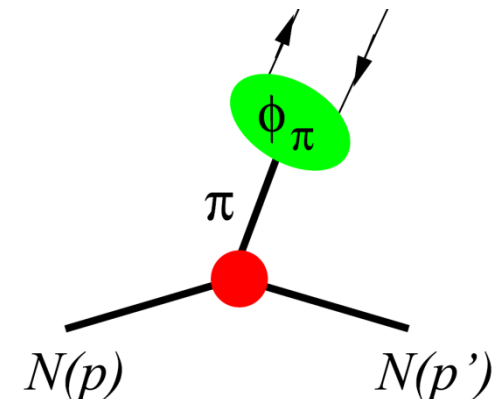
“exclusive limit of DY”



small $t = \Delta^2 = (q - q')^2$



$\Delta q(x)$ $t \rightarrow 0$



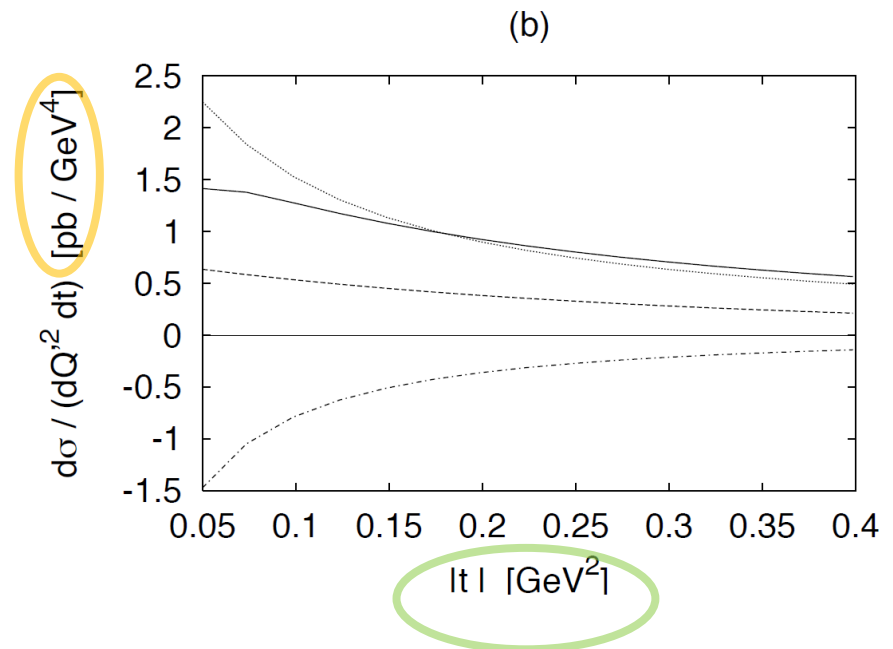
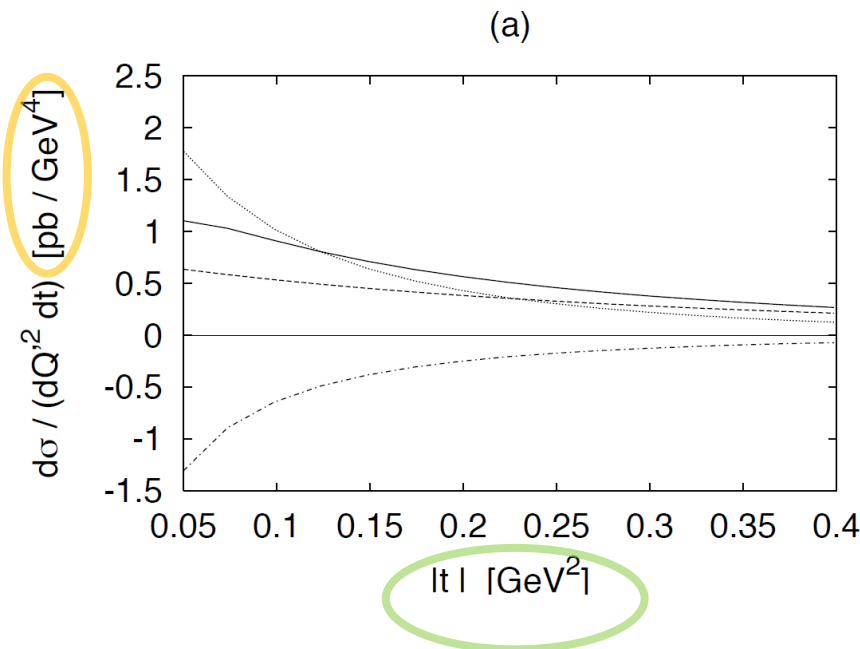
LO Estimates

Bjorken variable $\tau = \frac{Q'^2}{s-M^2}$

Berger, Diehl, Pire, PLB523(2001)265

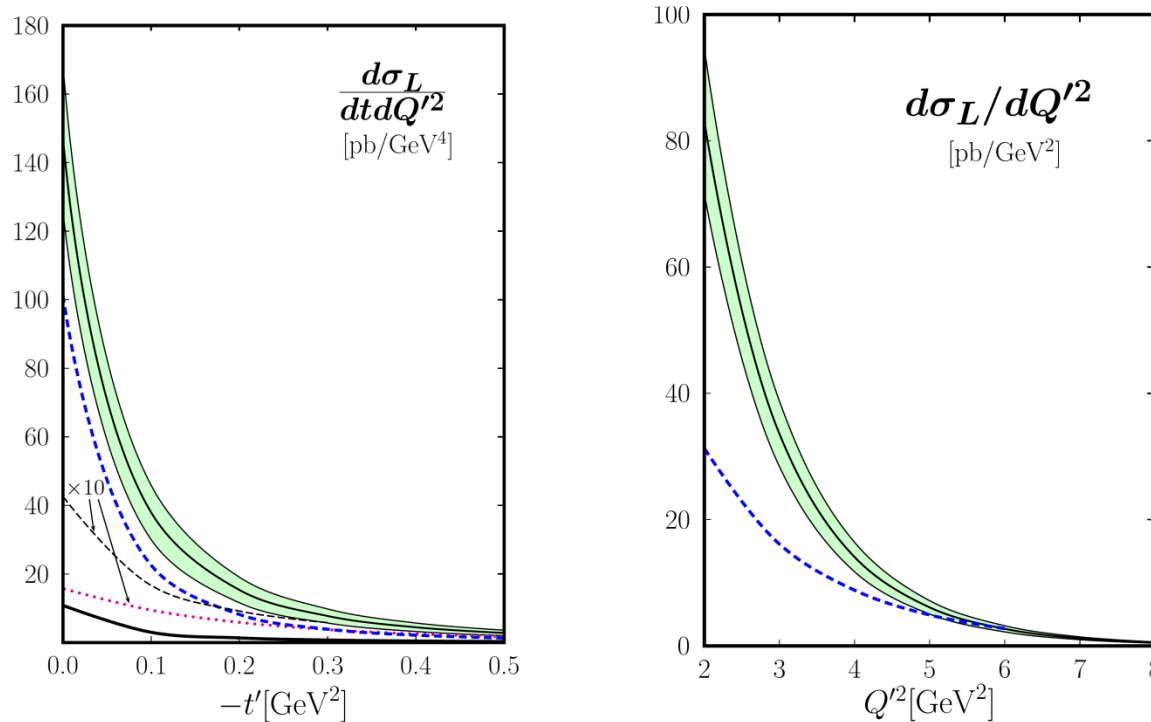
$$Q'^2 = 5 \text{ GeV}^2$$

$$\tau = 0.2$$



(dashed) = $|\tilde{\mathcal{H}}|^2$; (dash-dotted) = $\text{Re}(\tilde{\mathcal{H}}^* \tilde{\mathcal{E}})$; (dotted) = $|\tilde{\mathcal{E}}|^2$

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$Q'^2 = 4 \text{ GeV}^2$ and $s = 20(30) \text{ GeV}^2$ solid (blue dashed) lines with error bands
 solid (dotted, dashed) line: interference, $|\langle \tilde{H}^{(3)} \rangle|^2$, leading-twist contribution

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phase from disp. rel. Belicka et al(11) for $Q'^2 < 7 \text{ GeV}^2$

$$\delta = 182.6^\circ + 11.2^\circ (Q'^2 - 2 \text{ GeV}^2) - 1.67^\circ (Q'^2 - 2 \text{ GeV}^2)^2$$

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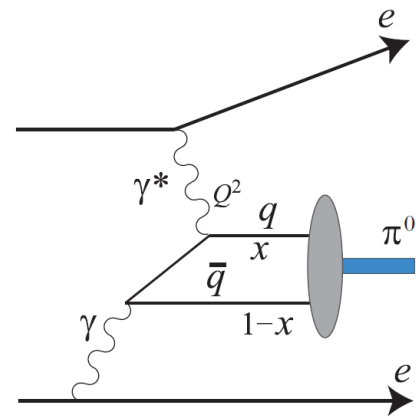
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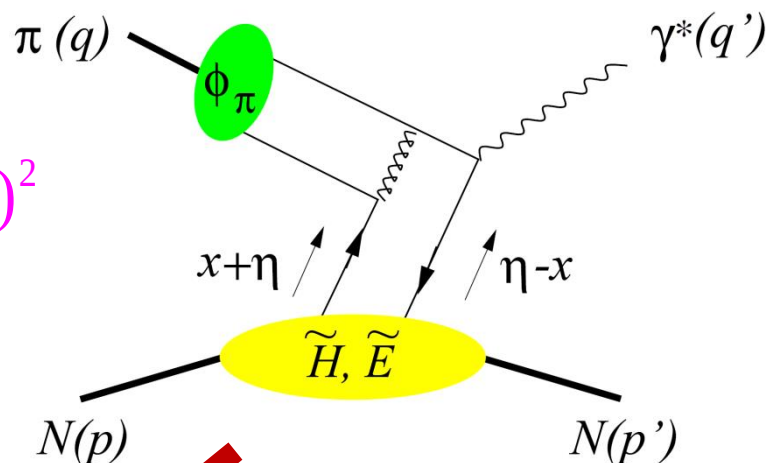
Berger, Diehl, Pire, PLB523(2001)265

@Belle, Babar

"exclusive limit of DY"

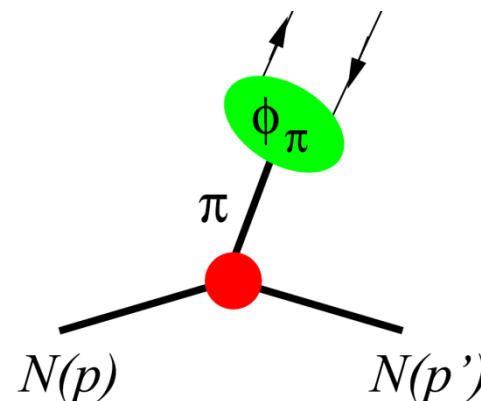


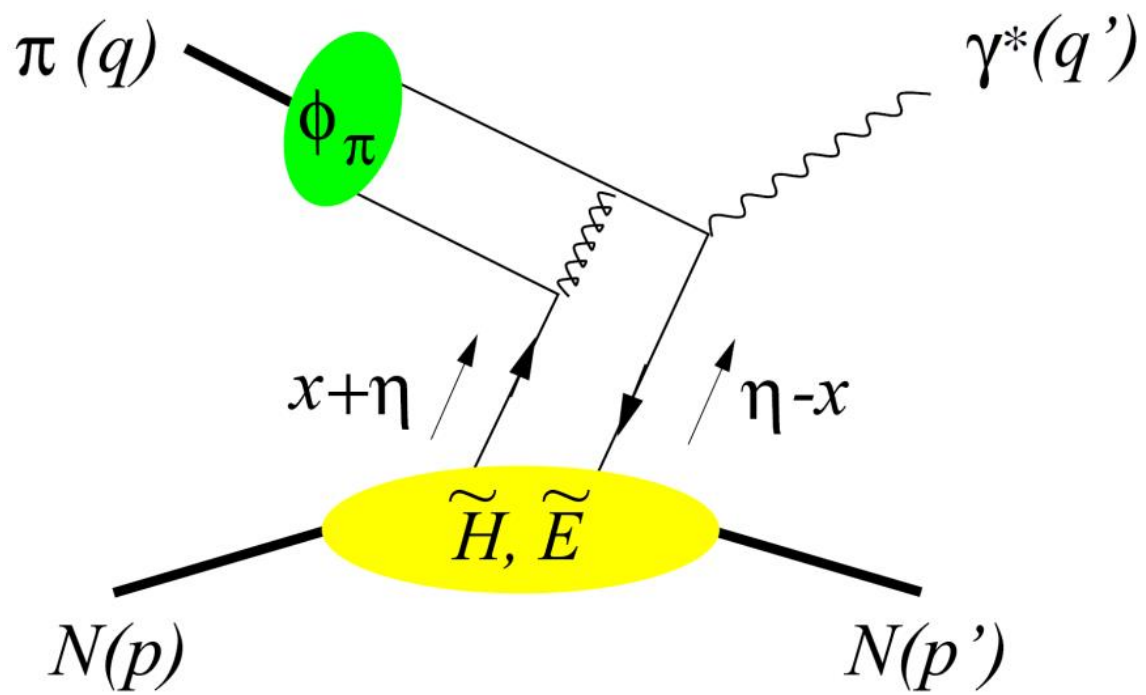
small $t = \Delta^2 = (q - q')^2$

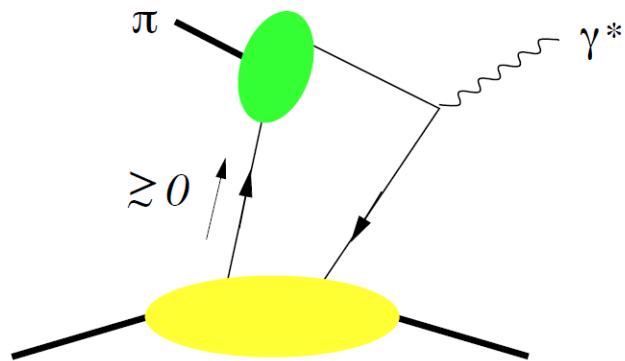
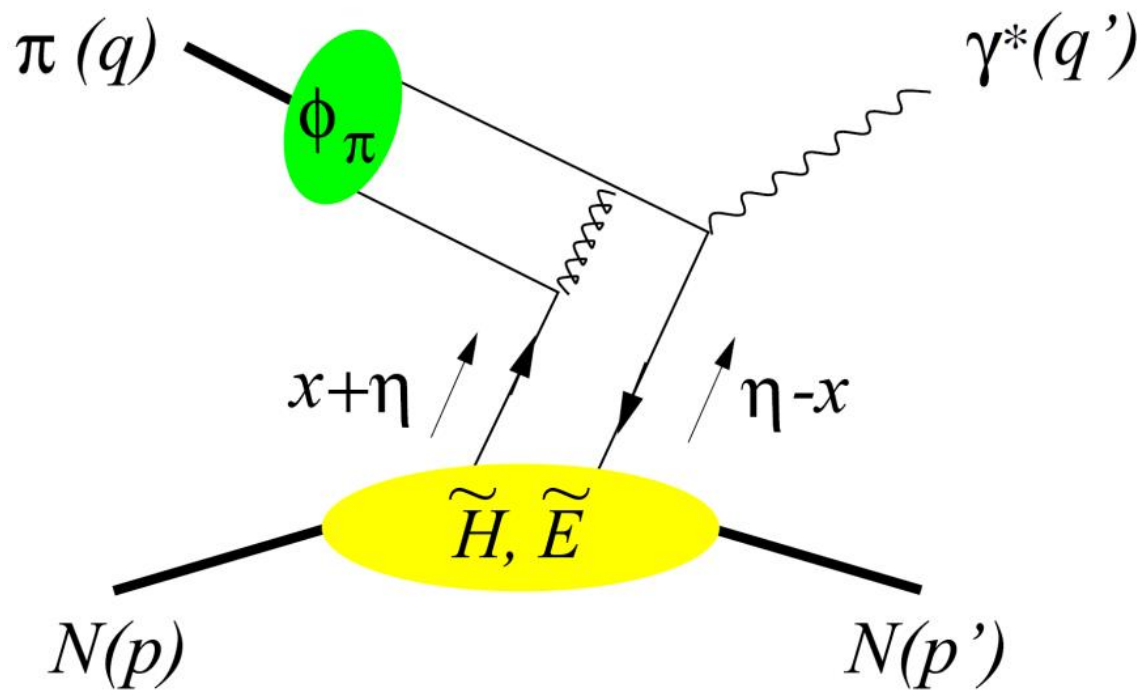


$$\Delta q(x)$$

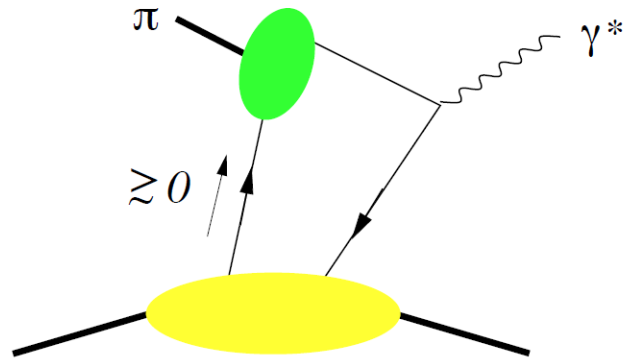
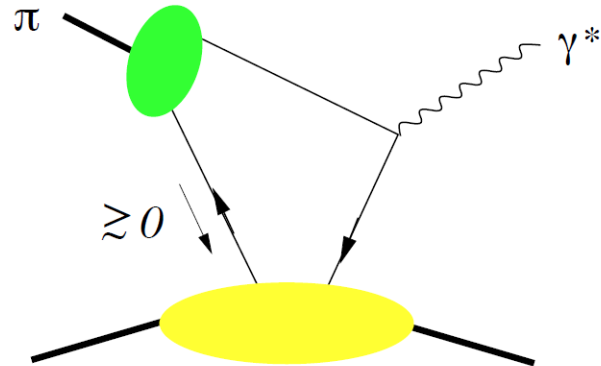
$$t \rightarrow 0$$



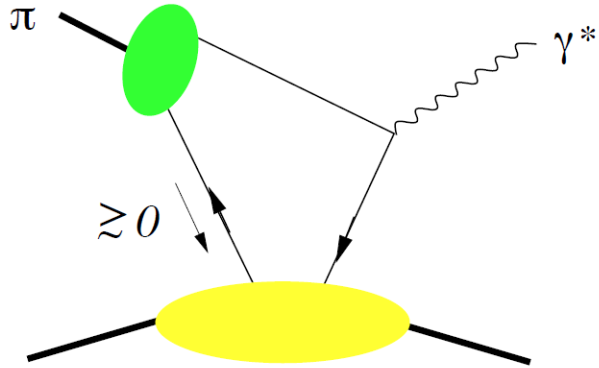




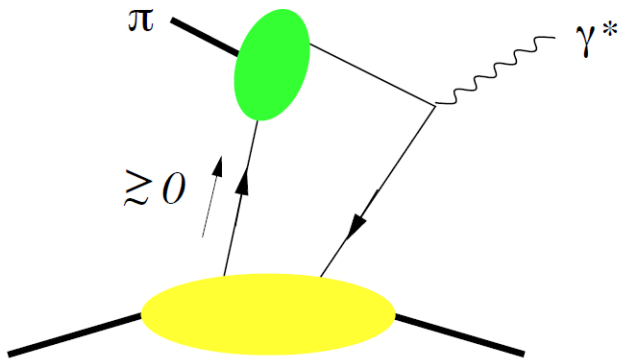
"nonfactorizable" mechanism



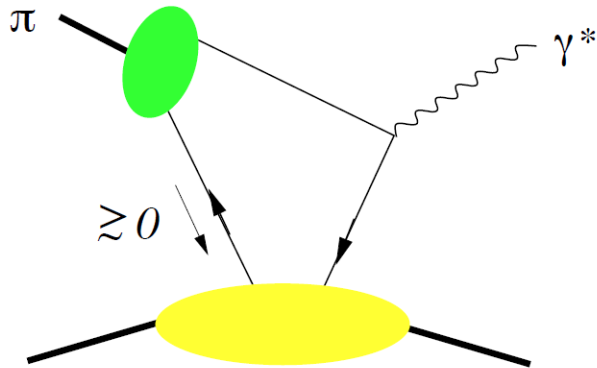
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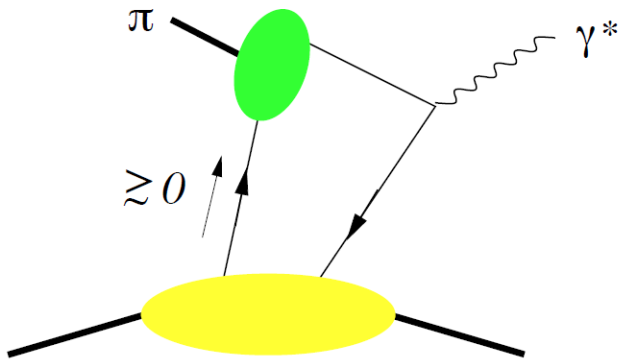
lower order in α_s



"nonfactorizable" mechanism

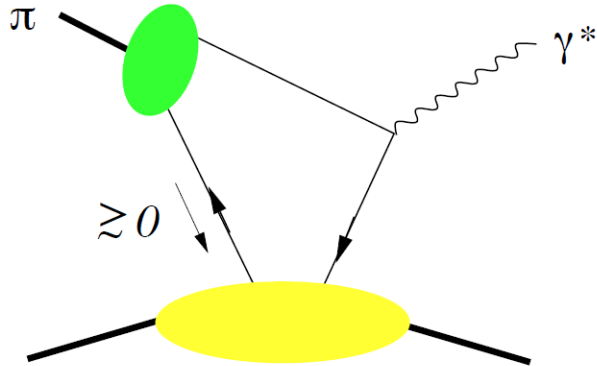


lower order in α_s

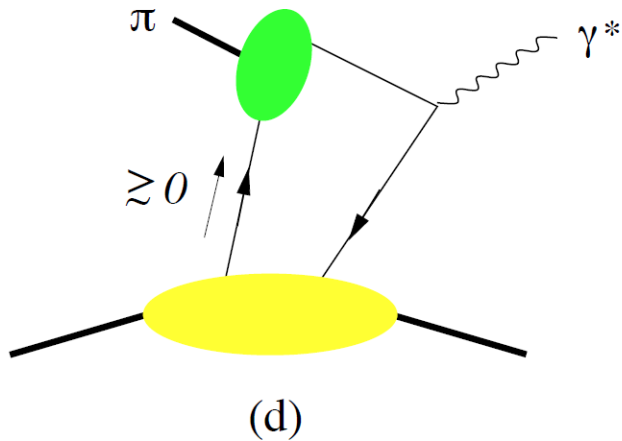


"Feynman mechanism"

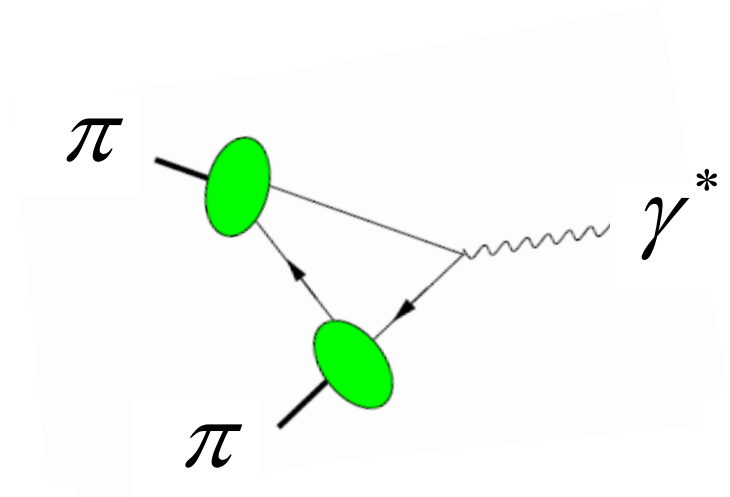
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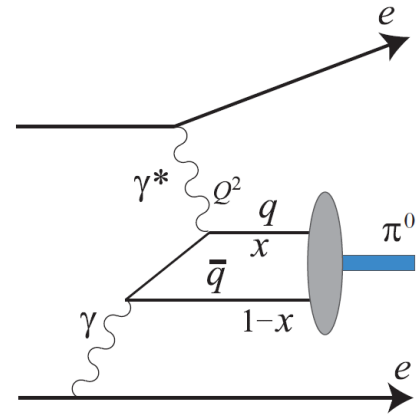
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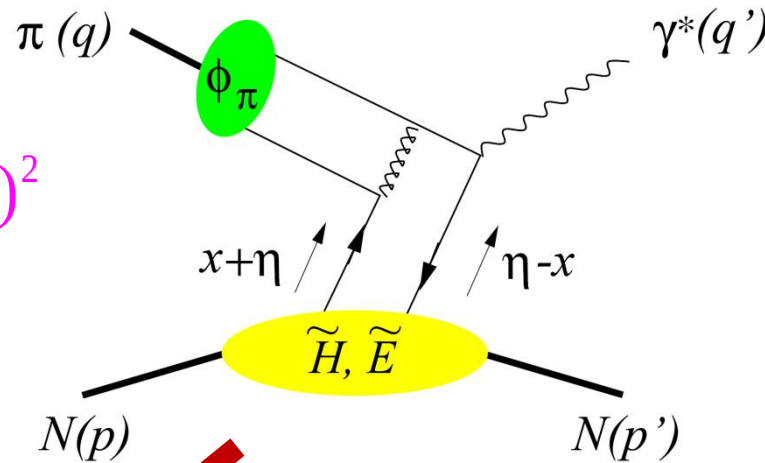
Berger, Diehl, Pire, PLB523(2001)265

@Belle, Babar

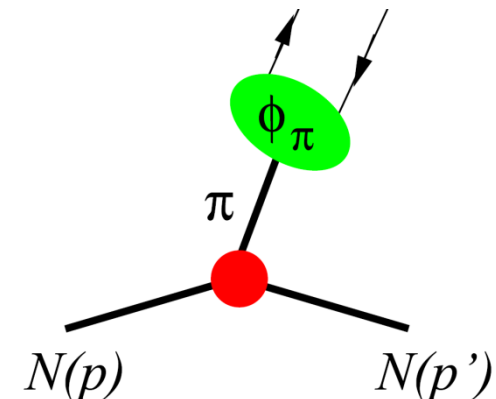
“exclusive limit of DY”



small $t = \Delta^2 = (q - q')^2$



$\Delta q(x)$ $\xrightarrow{t \rightarrow 0}$



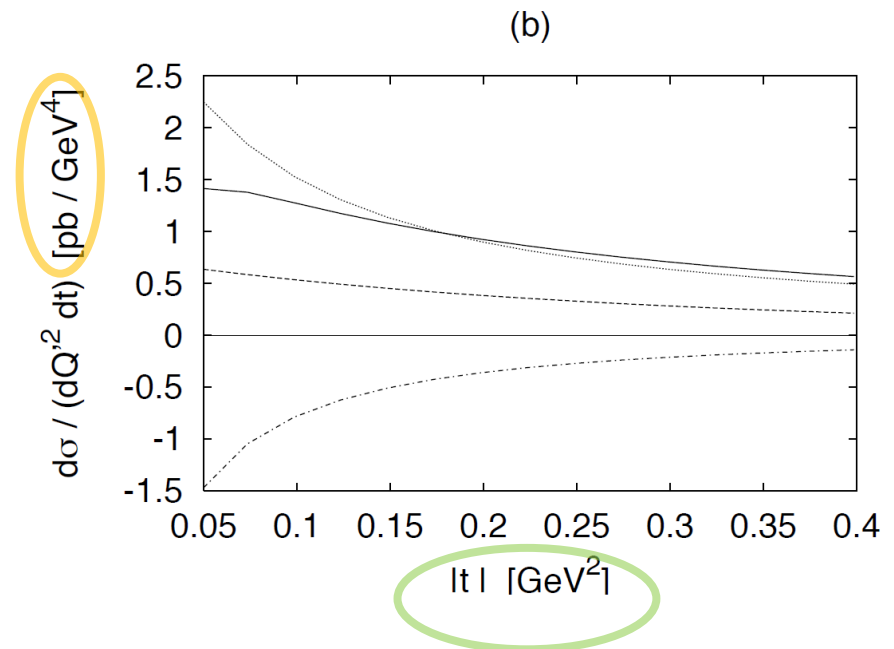
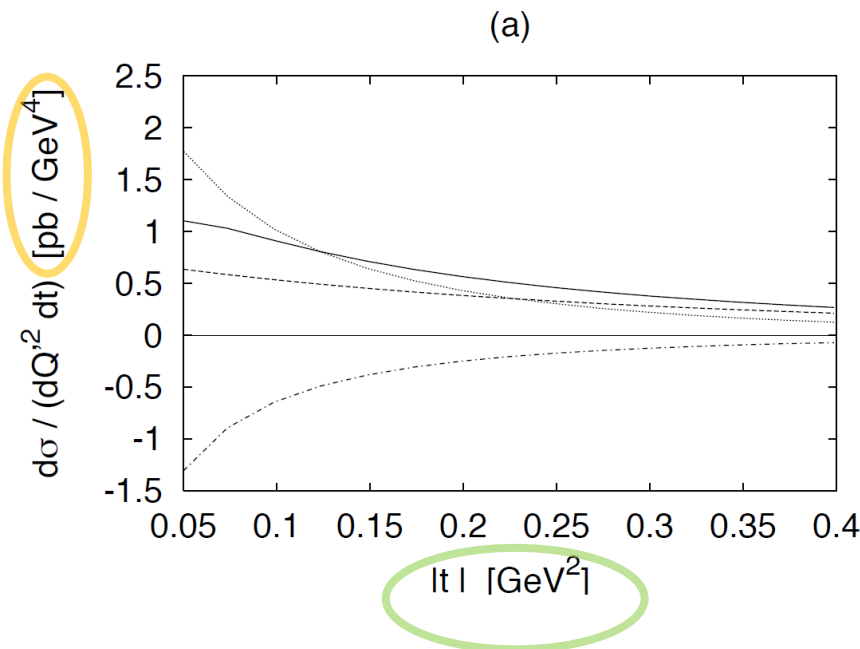
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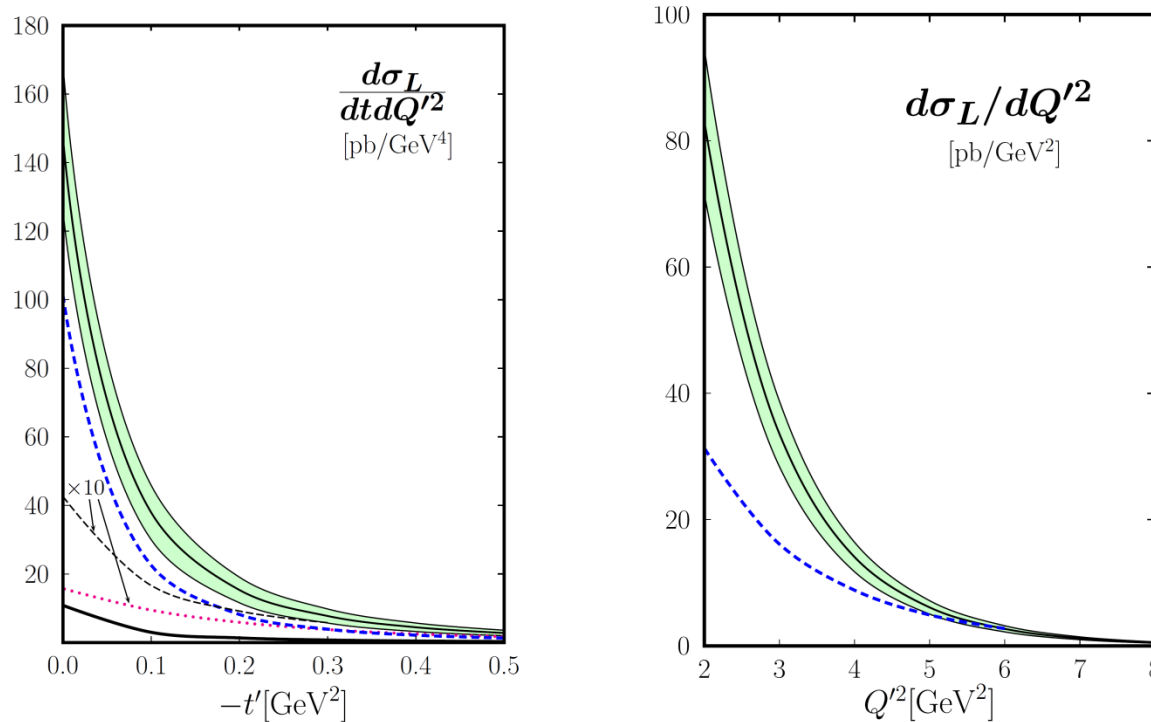
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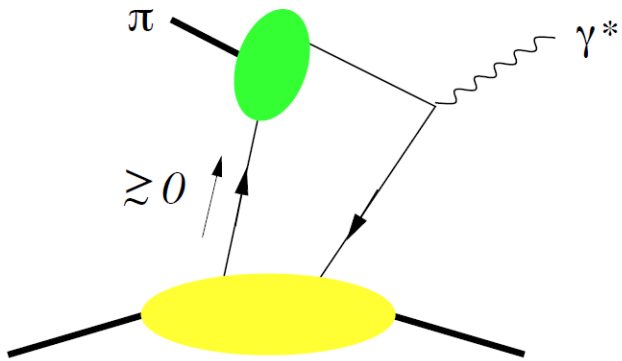
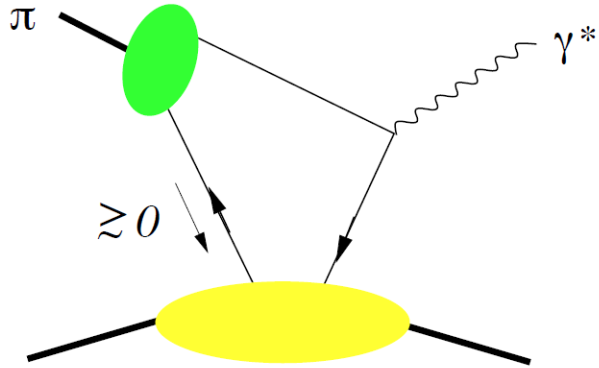
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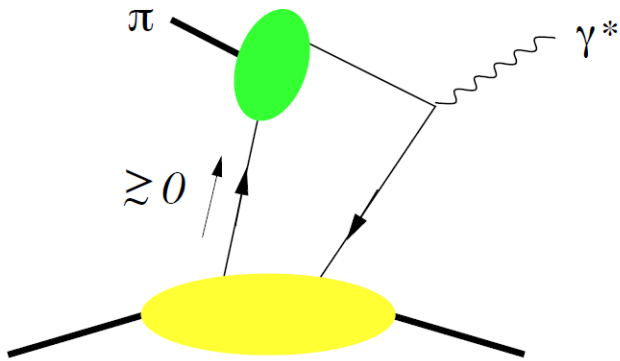
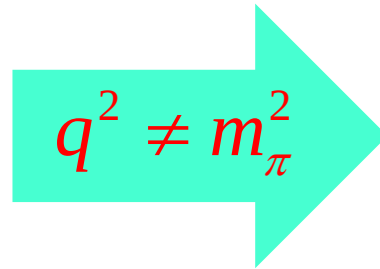
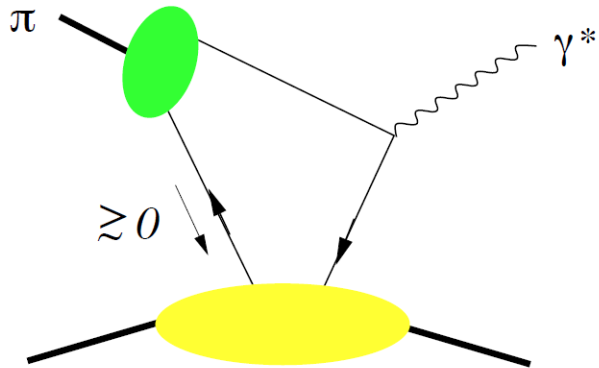
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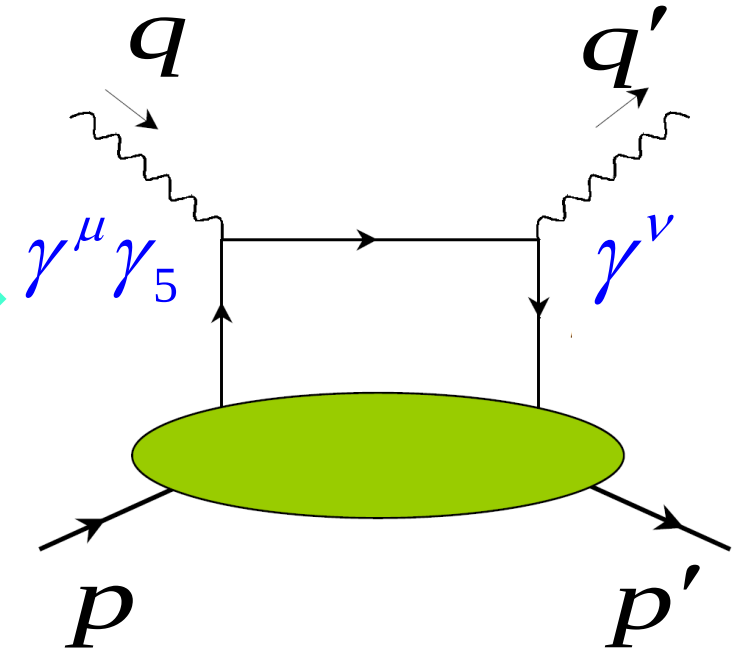
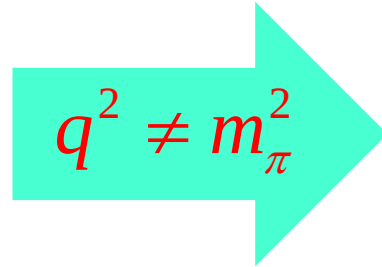
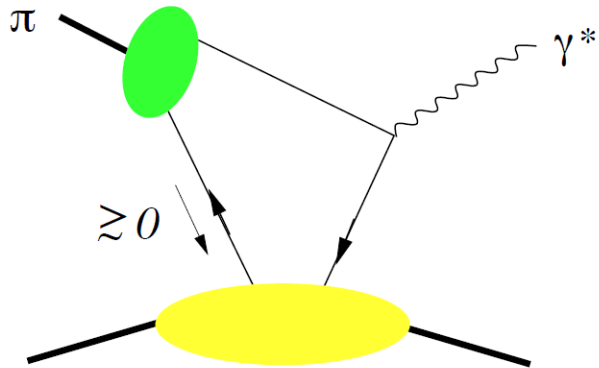
"nonfactorizable" mechanism



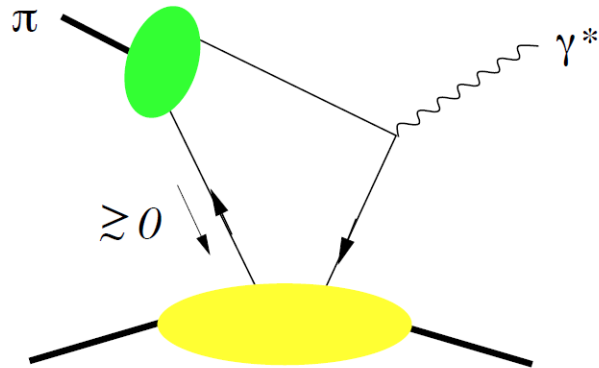
"nonfactorizable" mechanism



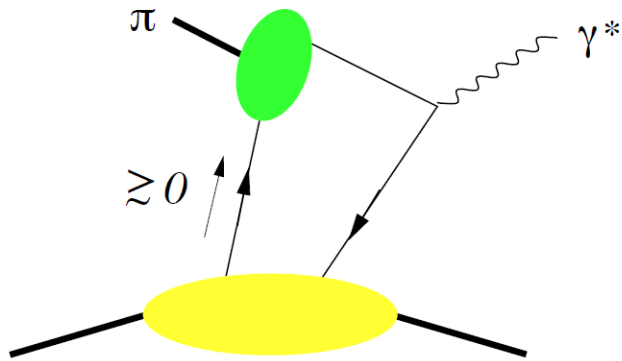
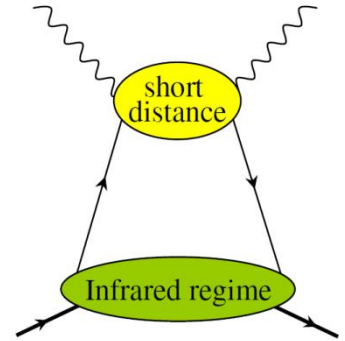
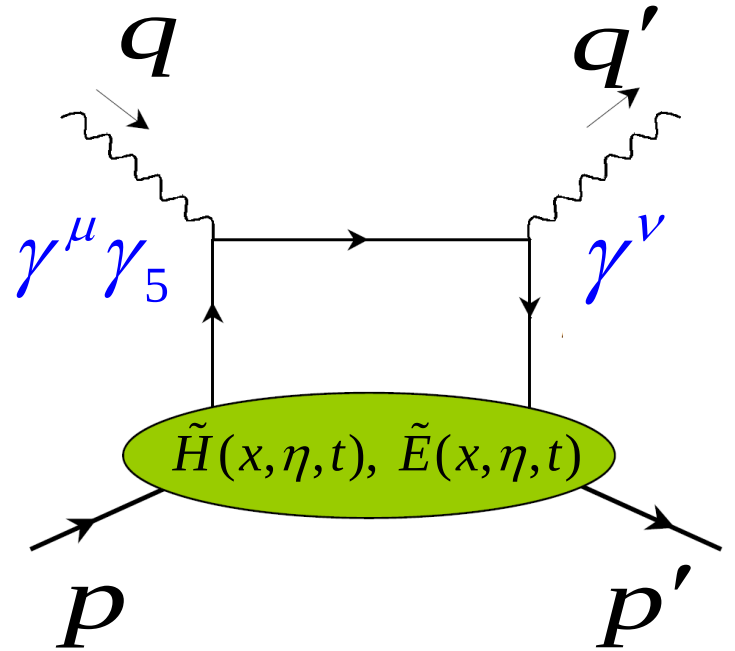
"nonfactorizable" mechanism



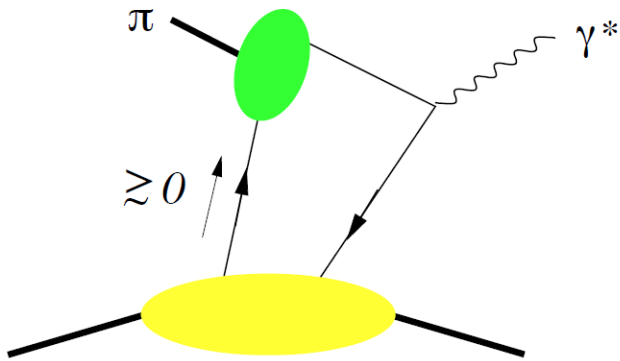
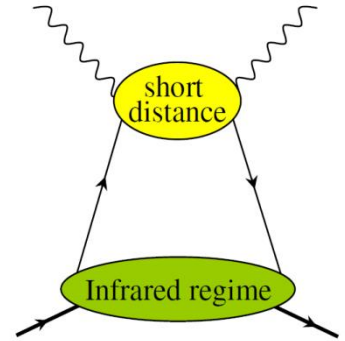
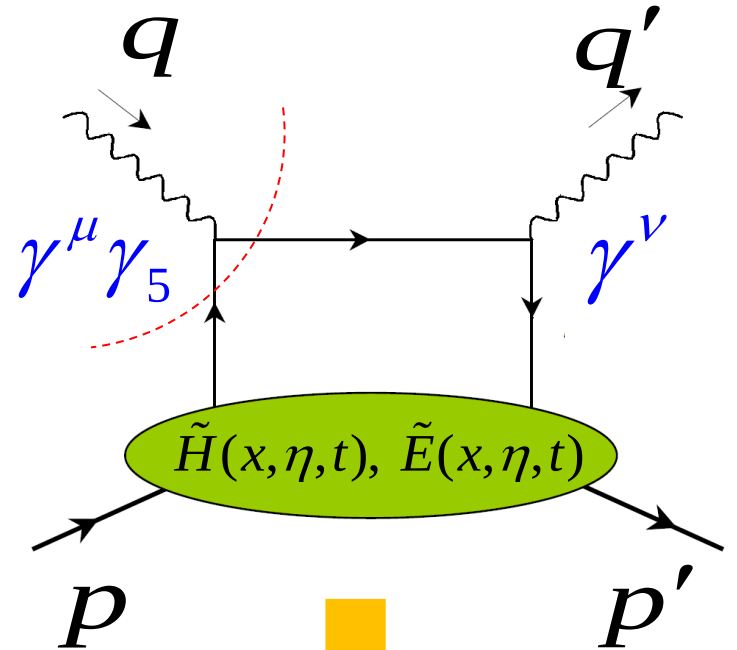
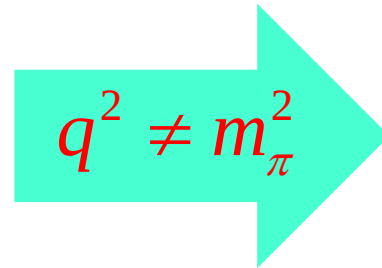
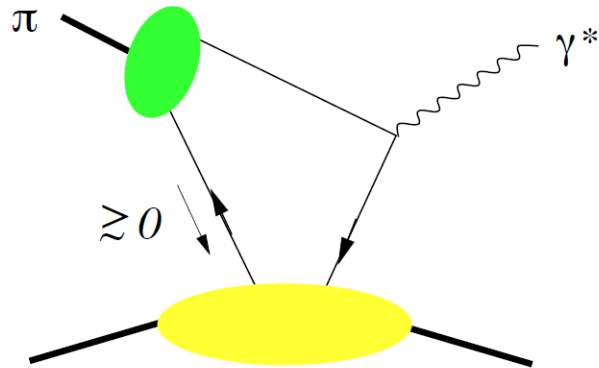
"nonfactorizable" mechanism



$$q^2 \neq m_\pi^2$$

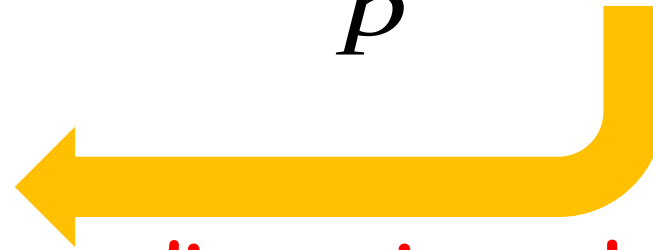
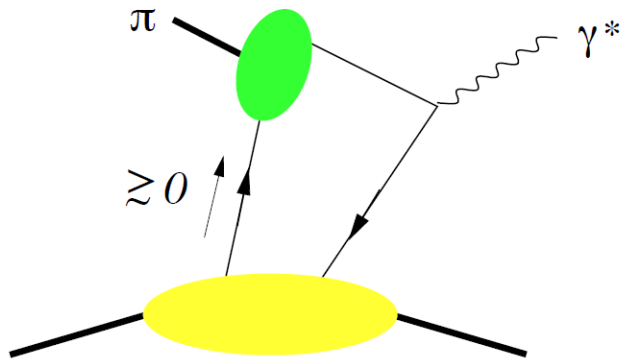
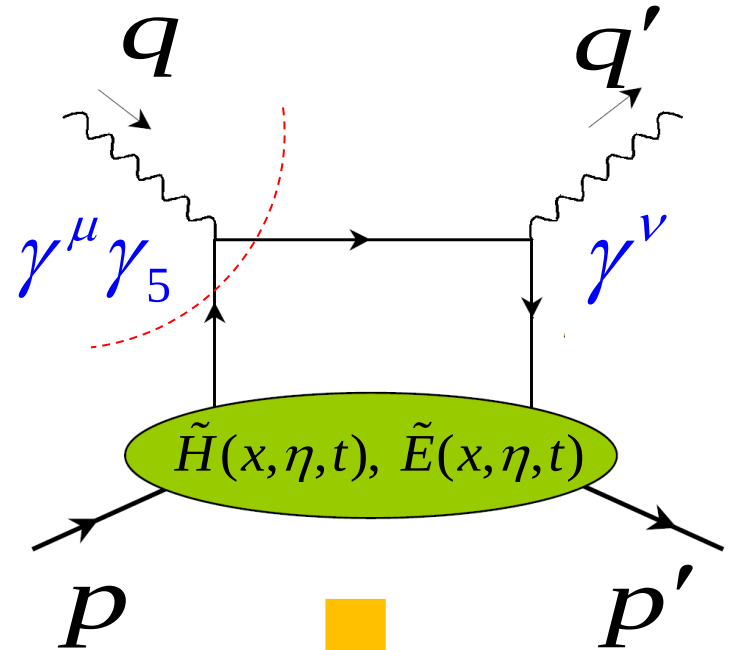
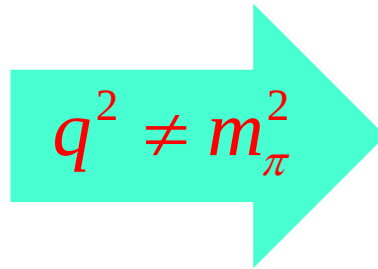
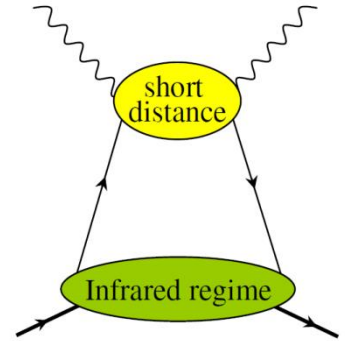
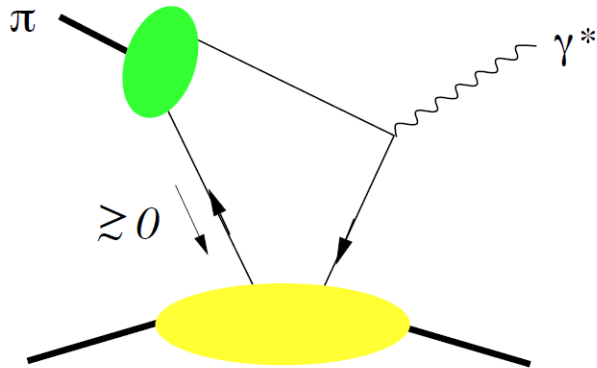


"nonfactorizable" mechanism



← dispersion relation

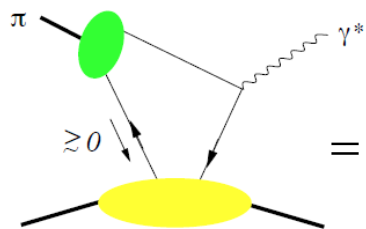
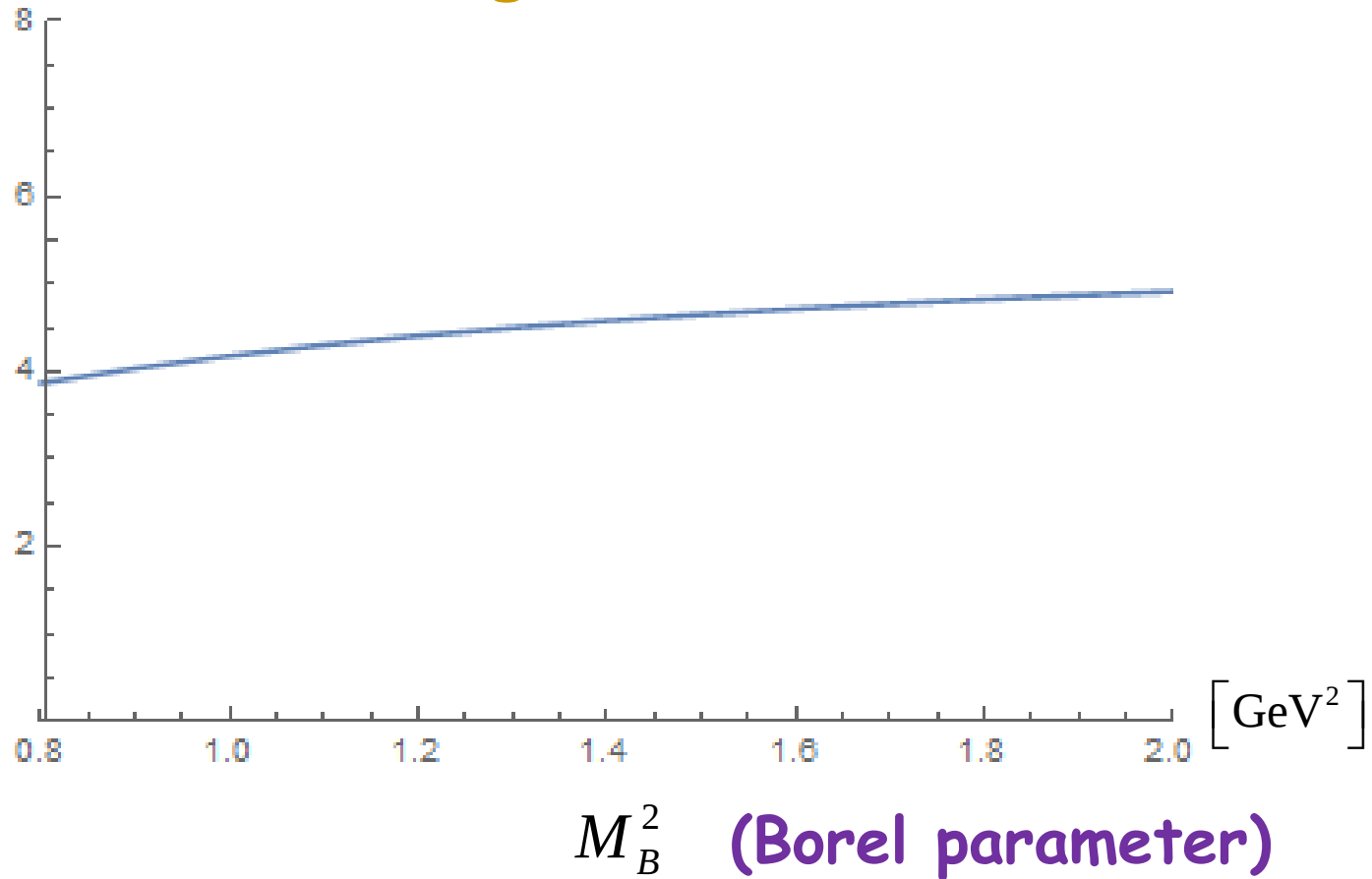
"nonfactorizable" mechanism



dispersion relation
quark-hadron duality

$$\tilde{\mathcal{H}}_{LCSR}^{du}(\eta, t)$$

“Light-cone QCD SR (LCSR)”

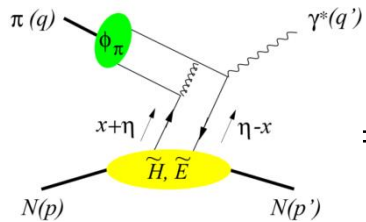
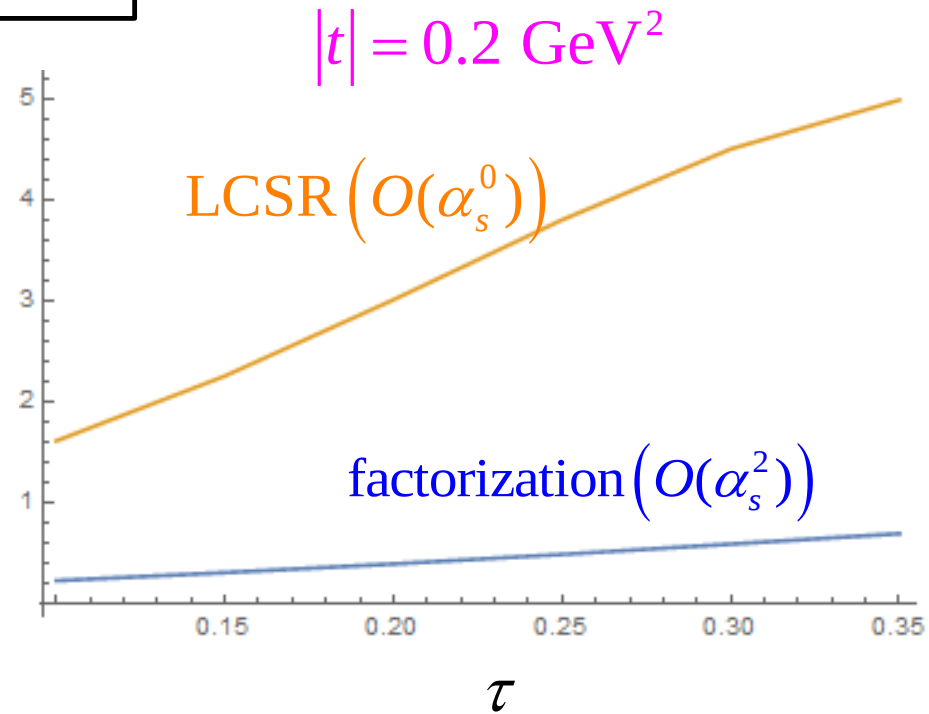
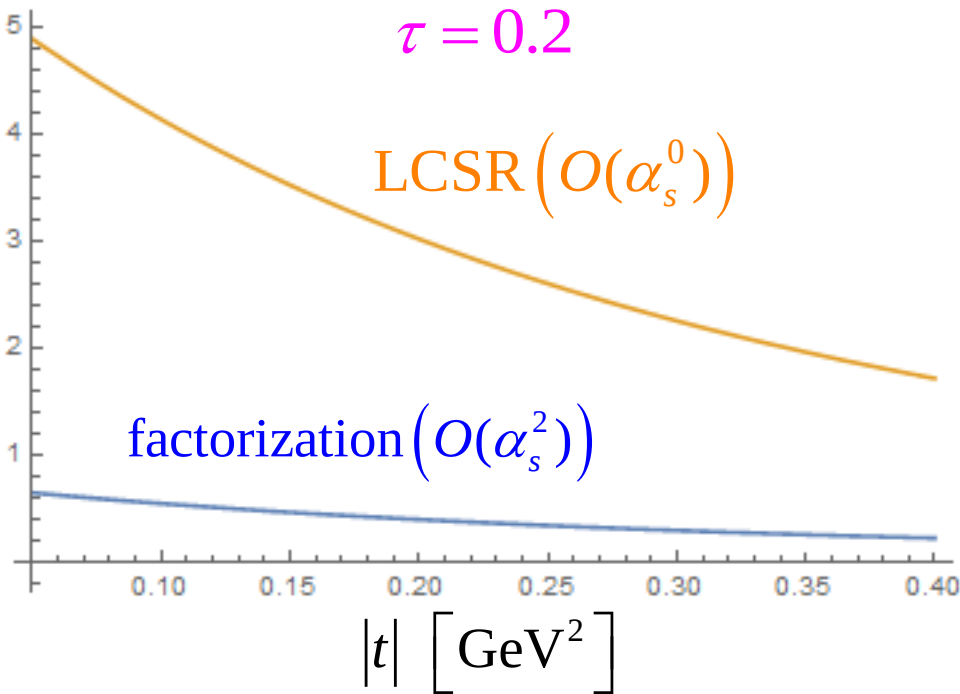


$$= -ie \frac{1}{(p+p')^+} \bar{u}(p', \lambda') \left[\gamma^+ \gamma_5 \tilde{\mathcal{H}}_{LCSR}^{du}(\eta, t) + \gamma_5 \frac{(p' - p)^+}{2M} \tilde{\mathcal{E}}_{LCSR}^{du}(\eta, t) \right] u(p, \lambda)$$

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dQ'^2 dt}(\pi^- p \rightarrow \gamma^* n) = \frac{4\pi\alpha_{\text{em}}^2}{27} \frac{\tau^2}{Q'^8} f_\pi^2 \left[(1-\eta^2) |\mathcal{H}^{du}|^2 - 2\eta^2 \text{Re}(\mathcal{H}^{du*} \mathcal{E}^{du}) - \eta^2 \frac{t}{4M^2} |\mathcal{E}^{du}|^2 \right]$$

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dQ'^2 dt} \text{ [pb/GeV}^4\text{]}$$

$$Q'^2 = 5 \text{ GeV}^2$$



$$= -ie \frac{1}{(p+p')^+} \bar{u}(p', \lambda') \left[\gamma^+ \gamma_5 \tilde{\mathcal{H}}^{du}(\eta, t) + \gamma_5 \frac{(p' - p)^+}{2M} \tilde{\mathcal{E}}^{du}(\eta, t) \right] u(p, \lambda)$$

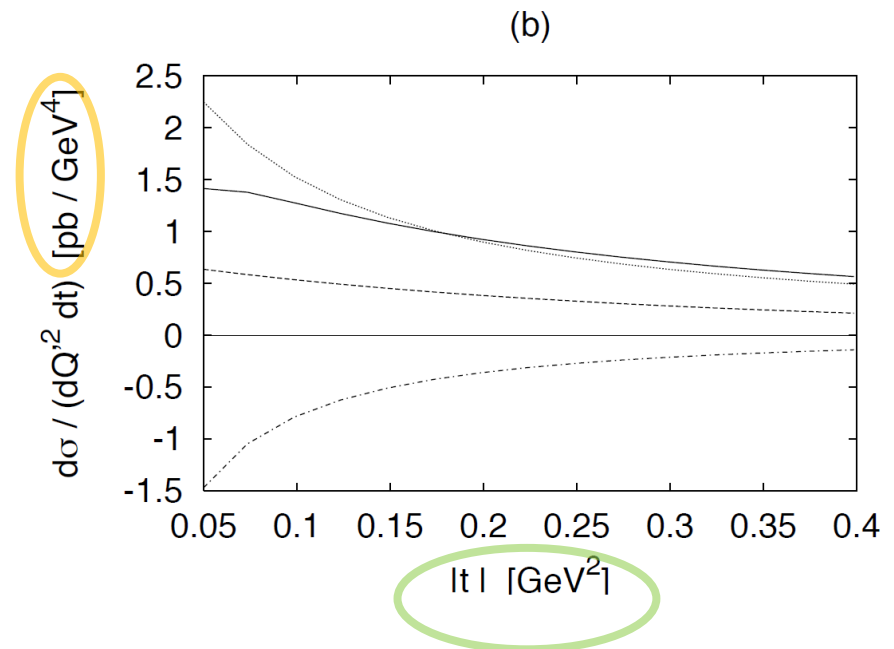
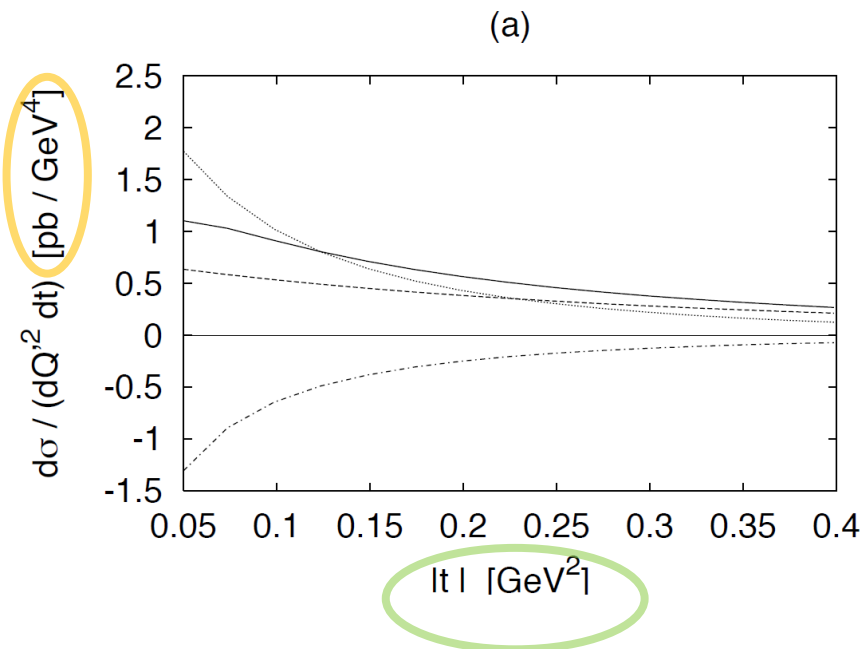
LO Estimates

Bjorken variable $\tau = \frac{Q'^2}{s-M^2}$

Berger, Diehl, Pire, PLB523(2001)265

$$Q'^2 = 5 \text{ GeV}^2$$

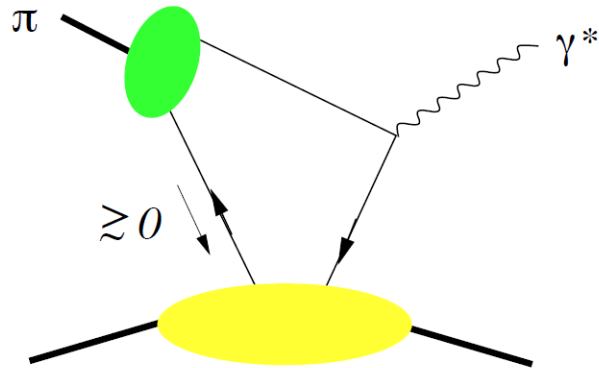
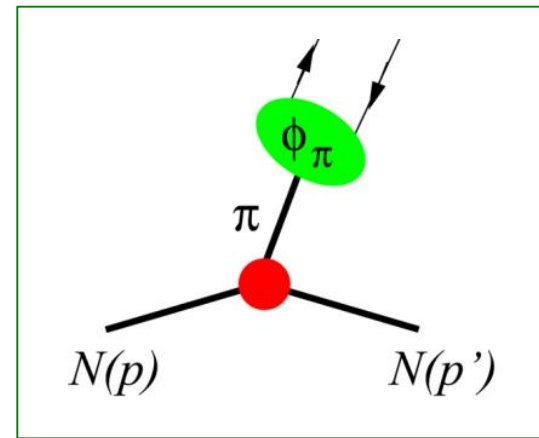
$$\tau = 0.2$$



(dashed) = $|\tilde{\mathcal{H}}|^2$; (dash-dotted) = $\text{Re}(\tilde{\mathcal{H}}^* \tilde{\mathcal{E}})$; (dotted) = $|\tilde{\mathcal{E}}|^2$

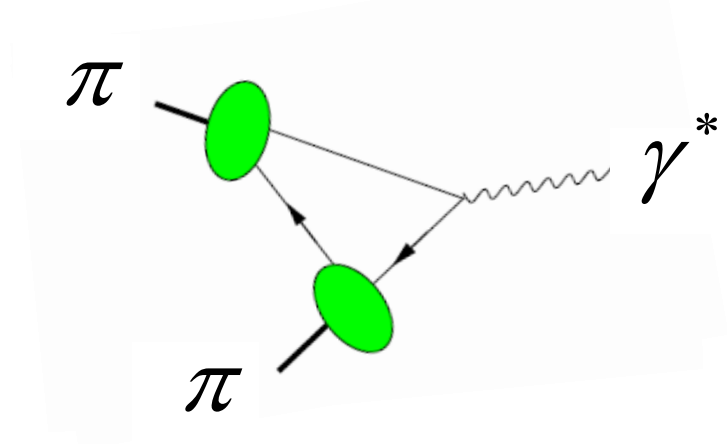
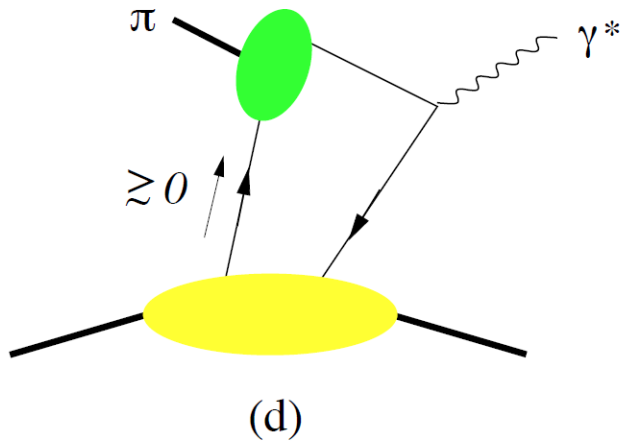
$$\frac{d\sigma}{dQ'^2 dt}(\pi^- p \rightarrow \gamma^* n) = \frac{4\pi\alpha_{\text{em}}^2}{27} \frac{\tau^2}{Q'^8} f_\pi^2 \left[(1-\eta^2) |\mathcal{H}^{du}|^2 - 2\eta^2 \text{Re}(\mathcal{H}^{du*} \mathcal{E}^{du}) - \eta^2 \frac{t}{4M^2} |\mathcal{E}^{du}|^2 \right]$$

"nonfactorizable" mechanism



lower order in α_s

"Feynman mechanism"



Summary

$p, \pi^\pm, K^\pm, \dots$ beams at J-PARC

inclusive DY

$f_q(x \sim 1), f_{\bar{q}}(x \sim 1)$

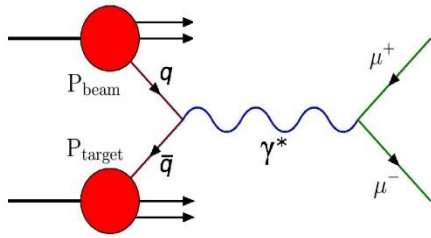
TMD

$\langle k_\perp^2 \rangle$ & resum.scheme

L_q

Sivers_{DY} = - Sivers_{SIDIS}

BM & angular distribution

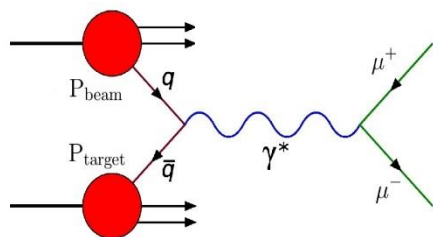


Summary

$p, \pi^\pm, K^\pm, \dots$ beams at J-PARC

inclusive DY

$f_q(x \sim 1), f_{\bar{q}}(x \sim 1)$



TMD

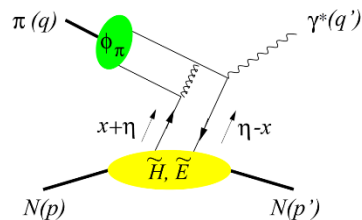
$\langle k_\perp^2 \rangle$ & resum.scheme

L_q

Sivers $_{DY} = -$ Sivers $_{SIDIS}$

BM & angular distribution

exclusive DY GPDs



feasibility study with E50 spectrometer

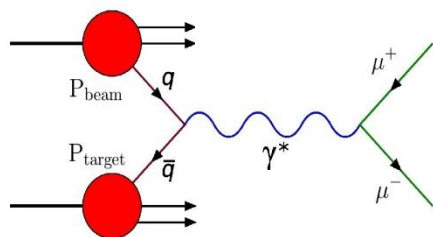
T. Sawada, W.C. Chang, S. Kumano, J.C. Peng, S. Sawada, KT

Summary

$p, \pi^\pm, K^\pm, \dots$ beams at J-PARC

inclusive DY

$f_q(x \sim 1), f_{\bar{q}}(x \sim 1)$



TMD

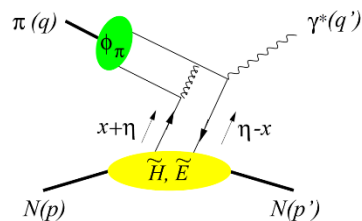
$\langle k_\perp^2 \rangle$ & resum.scheme

L_q

Sivers $_{DY} = -$ Sivers $_{SIDIS}$

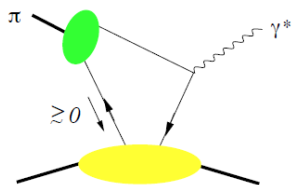
BM & angular distribution

exclusive DY GPDs



feasibility study with E50 spectrometer

T. Sawada, W.C. Chang, S. Kumano, J.C. Peng, S. Sawada, KT

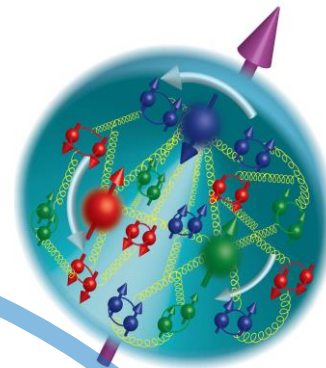


LCSR for nonfactorizable amplitude

interplay of soft/hard QCD mechanism

Summary

$p, \pi^\pm, K^\pm, \dots$ beams at J-PARC

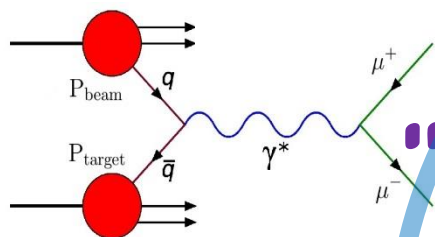


inclusive DY

$$f_q(x \sim 1), \quad f_{\bar{q}}(x \sim 1)$$

TMD

$$\langle k_\perp^2 \rangle \quad \& \quad \text{resum.scheme}$$



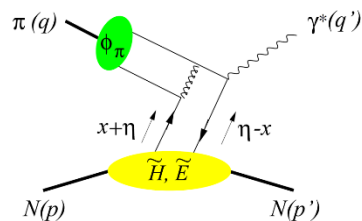
"Wigner"
3D imaging

$$L_q$$

$$\text{Sivers}|_{\text{DY}} = - \text{Sivers}|_{\text{SIDIS}}$$

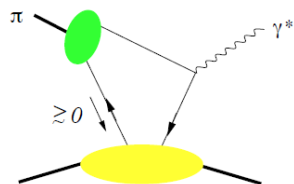
BM & angular distribution

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feasibility study with E50 spectrometer

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LCSR for nonfactorizable amplitude

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