

# Short range $\pi J/\psi - D\bar{D}^*$ potential

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International workshop on  
Hadron structure and interaction in dense matter

KEK Tokai campus, 11-12 Nov. 2018

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Kenji Fukukawa (Suma Gakuen), Atsushi Hosaka (RCNP, Osaka Univ.),  
in preparation

# Outline

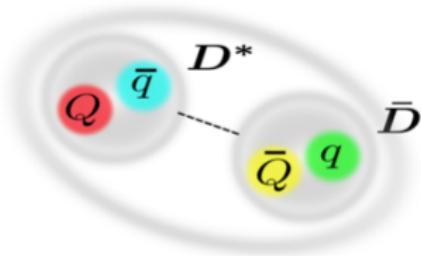
- Introduction

- Exotic hadrons
- $Z_c(3900)$

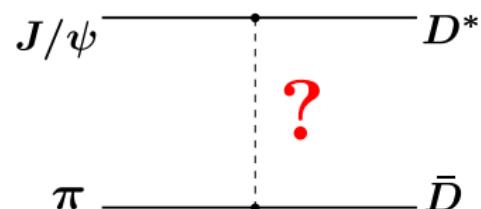
- Interaction model

- Meson exchange model
- Quark exchange model

- Summary



Exotic hadron

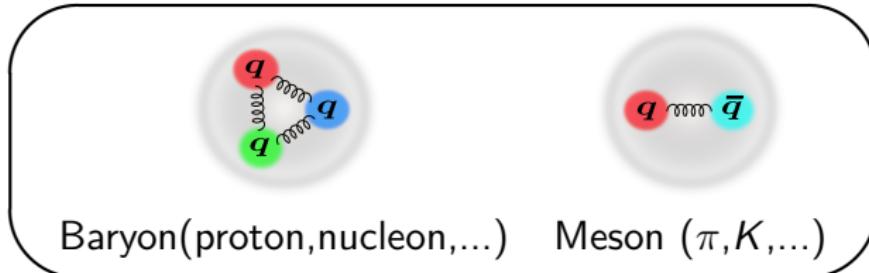


Hadron interaction

# Description of Hadron structure

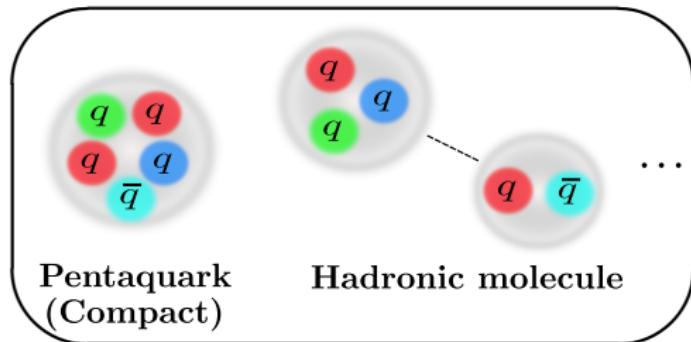
## Introduction

- Ordinary Hadrons: Baryon ( $qqq$ ) and Meson ( $q\bar{q}$ )



\* $q$ : "Constituent quark"

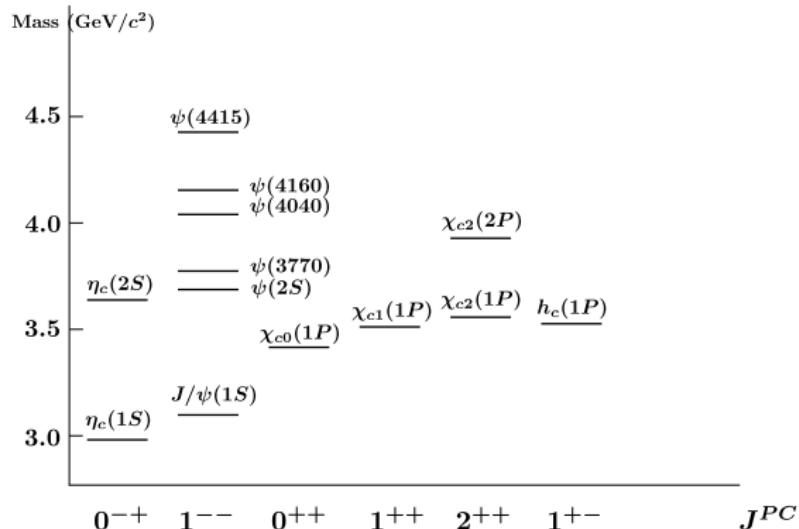
- Exotic Hadrons ( $\neq qqq, q\bar{q}$ ): **Multiquark? Multihadron?**



# Constituent quark picture and beyond

## Introduction

► e.g.  $c\bar{c}$  mesons (Charmonium)

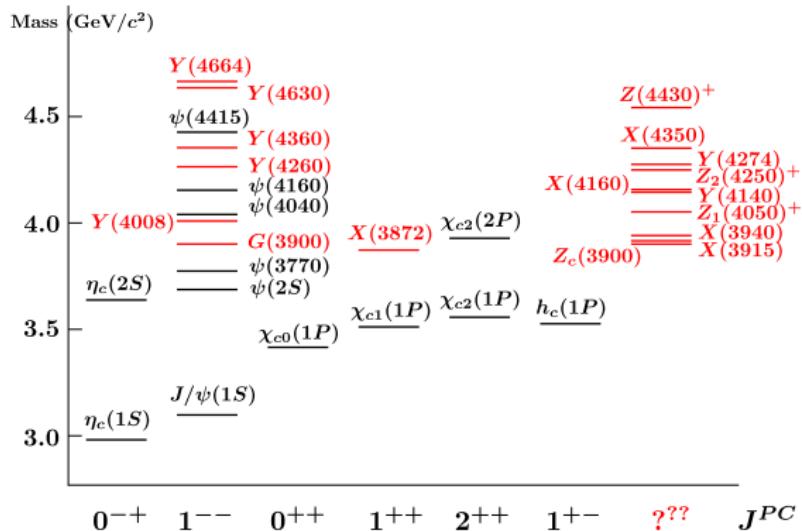


N. Brambilla, et al. Eur.Phys.J.C **71**(2011)1534, S. Godfrey and N. Isgur, PRD**32**(1985)189

# Constituent quark picture and beyond

## Introduction

▷ e.g.  $c\bar{c}$  mesons (Charmonium) and **Unexpected  $X, Y, Z$**



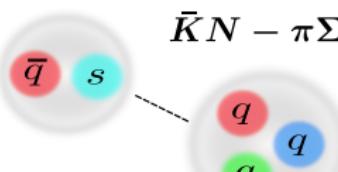
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- Exotics  $\neq c\bar{c}$  have been observed in the Experiments (BaBar, Belle, BESIII, LHCb,...)  $\Rightarrow$  **Q. Structure? Physics?**

# Many exotic candidate!! Many models!!

## Introduction

**$\Lambda(1405)$**



$\bar{K}N - \pi\Sigma$

**$XYZ$**



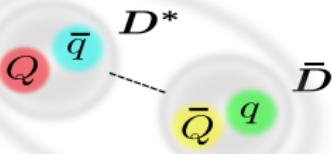
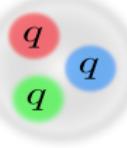
$Q\bar{Q}g$  hybrid



Tetraquark  
(Compact)

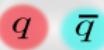
**Pentaquark  $P_c$**

$\bar{D}^{(*)}\Sigma_c^{(*)}$



Hadronic molecule

$5q$



BaBar, Belle, BESIII, LHCb, ...

T. Hyodo, D. Jido, PPNP**67**(2012)55, N. Brambilla *et al.*, Eur.Phys.J.C(b2011)71,1534

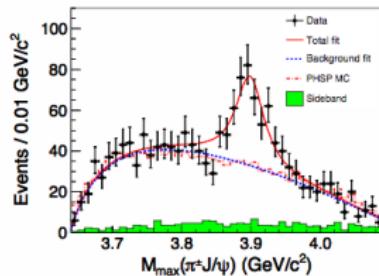
H.X.Chen, et al., Phys.Rept.**639**(2016)1,...

# Charged Charmonium: $Z_c(3900)$

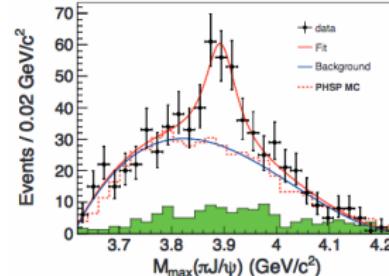
## Introduction

- Charged Charmonium??
- $Y(4260) \rightarrow Z_c(3900)\pi \rightarrow J/\psi\pi\pi$

BESIII, PRL **110**(2013)252001



Belle, PRL **110**(2013)252002



$$M = 3899.0 \pm 3.6_{sta} \pm 4.9_{sys} \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Gamma = 46 \pm 10_{sta} \pm 20_{sys} \text{ MeV}$$

$$M = 3894.5 \pm 6.6_{sta} \pm 4.5_{sys} \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Gamma = 63 \pm 24_{sta} \pm 26_{sys} \text{ MeV}$$

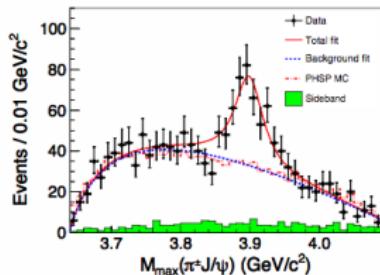
CLEO-c, PLB **727**(2013)366(2013), D0, PRD **98**(2018)052010

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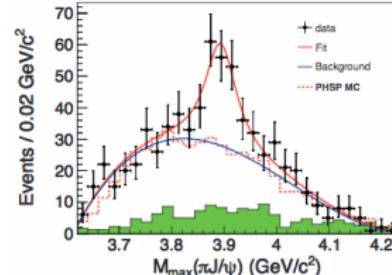
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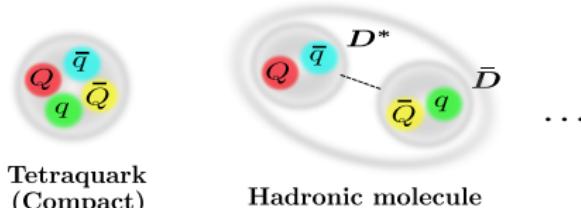
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CLEO-c, PLB **727**(2013)366(2013), D0, PRD **98**(2018)052010

- Ordinal Charmonium  $c\bar{c}$ : no electric charge.  
 $\Rightarrow Z_c^+(3900)$ : **Genuine Exotic State!**  $c\bar{c}ud\bar{d}$

# What is the structure of $Z_c(3900)$ ?

## Introduction



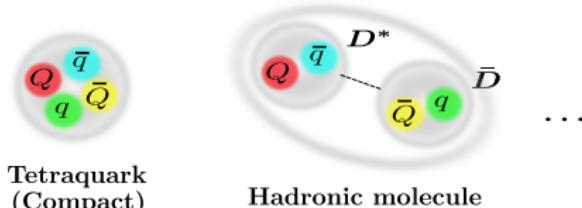
Multiquark states?

A. Hosaka *et al.* PTEP **2016** (2016) no.6, 062C01, D.-Y. Chen *et al.* PRD**88**(2013)036008,...

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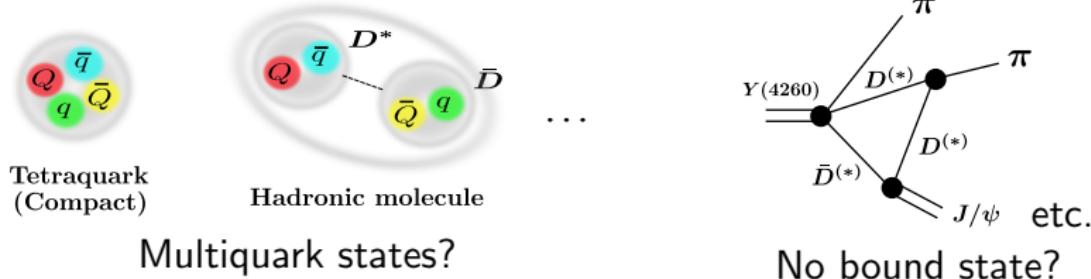
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- ⇒ Exotic state may be **a loosely bound state (resonance)** of the meson-meson.  
→ Analogous to atomic nuclei (Deuteron:  $B \sim 2.2$  MeV)

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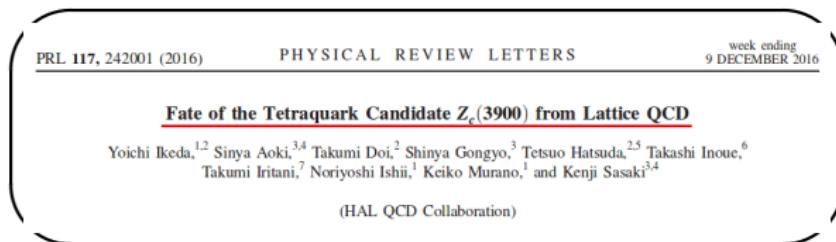
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  - Analogous to atomic nuclei (Deuteron:  $B \sim 2.2$  MeV)
- ↔ Kinematical effect? **No bound state explanation**

D.-Y. Chen, X. Liu, T. Matsuki, PRD**88**(2013)036008, J. He, D.-Y. Chen, EPJC**78**(2018)94,...

# $Z_c(3900)$ : Lattice QCD (Numerical Experiments)

## Introduction

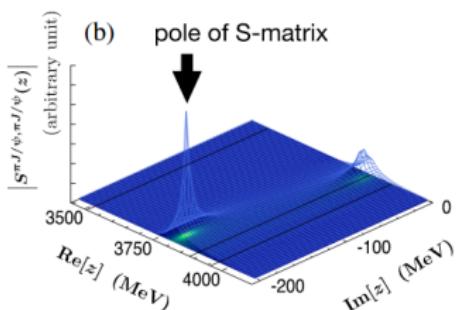
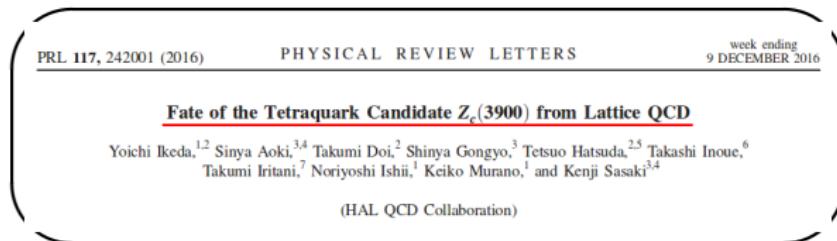
- Lattice QCD simulation by HALQCD at  $m_\pi = 410 - 700$  MeV
- ⇒ Coupled-channel  $\pi J/\psi - \rho\eta_c - D\bar{D}^*$



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⇒ **Virtual state** is obtained.

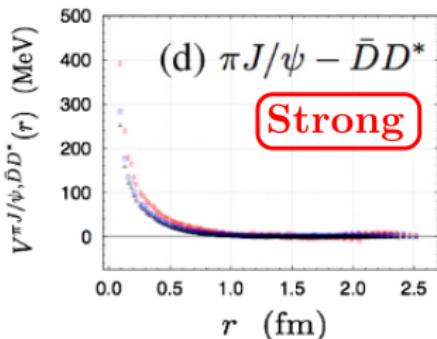
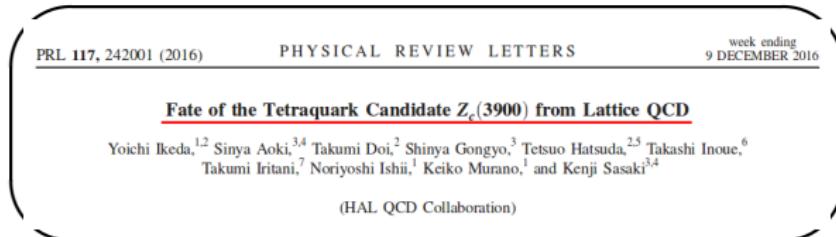
- $Z_c(3900)$  is Threshold cusp

Ikeda, et al., PRL 117(2016)242001

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- ⇒ Coupled-channel  $\pi J/\psi - \rho\eta_c - D\bar{D}^*$



- ⇒ **Virtual state** is obtained.
- $Z_c(3900)$  is Threshold cusp induced by  $\pi J/\psi - \bar{D}D^*$  potential

**Charm flavor exchange?**

Ikeda, et al., PRL 117(2016)242001

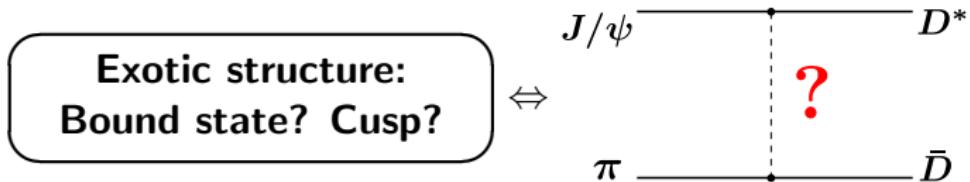
# Bound state? Threshold cusp? → Hadron int.

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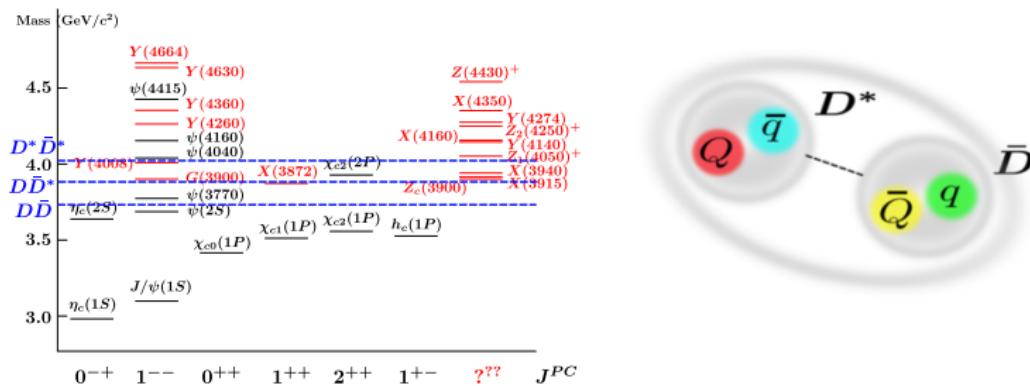
Exotic structure:  
Bound state? Cusp?

# Bound state? Threshold cusp? → Hadron int.

## Introduction



- Hadron-hadron interaction is important to understand the nature of exotic states! not only  $Z_c$  but also others.



# Model of Hadron-hadron interaction

## Introduction

- **Long-range force:** one  $\pi$  exchange potential (OPEP)  
Lightest meson  $\pi$ , Importance in the nuclear force,  
**Heavy Quark Spin Symmetry** ( $0^- - 1^-$  mixing)

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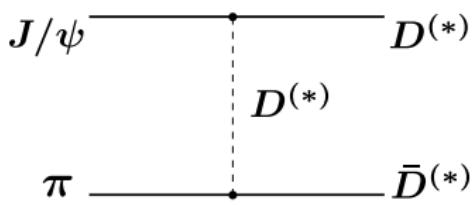
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  - ▷ How can we understand **strong  $\pi J/\psi - D\bar{D}^*$  potential?**

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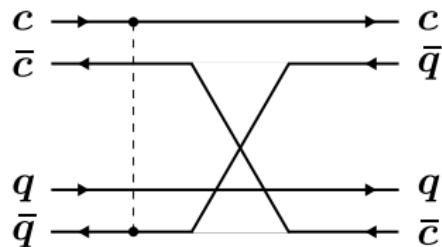
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(a)  $D^{(*)}$  meson exchange?



→ next sec.

(b) Quark exchange?



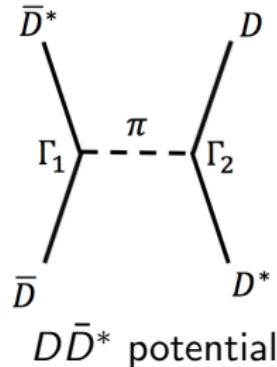
→ next next sec.

Comparison between  **$D$  exchange** and **Quark exchange**

# One pion exchange potential in $D^{(*)}\bar{D}^{(*)}$

## Meson exchange model

- One boson exchange potential (OBEP)



$DD^*\pi$  vertex induces OPEP  
( $DD\pi$  vertex violates the parity conservation)

OPEP

$$V^\pi = -\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{g_\pi}{f_\pi} \right)^2 \left[ \vec{S}_1 \cdot \vec{S}_2 C(r) + S_{12}(\hat{r}) T(r) \right] \vec{\tau}_1 \cdot \vec{\tau}_2$$

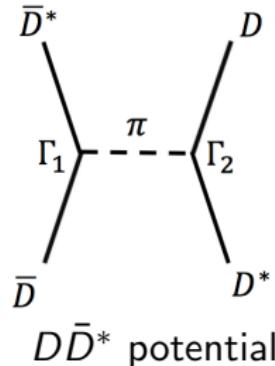
## Comments

- HQS induces  $D(0^-) - D^*(1^-)$  coupling → OPEP works!

# One pion exchange potential in $D^{(*)}\bar{D}^{(*)}$

Meson exchange model

- One boson exchange potential (OBEP) **with Tensor force!**



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OPEP

$$V^\pi = -\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{g_\pi}{f_\pi} \right)^2 \left[ \vec{S}_1 \cdot \vec{S}_2 C(r) + \mathbf{S}_{12}(\hat{r}) \mathbf{T}(r) \right] \vec{r}_1 \cdot \vec{r}_2$$

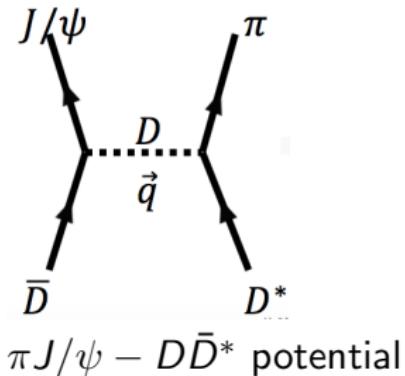
## Comments

- HQS induces  $D(0^-) - D^*(1^-)$  coupling  $\rightarrow$  OPEP works!
- Tensor force  $T(r) \Rightarrow$  **the driving force** in atomic nuclei  
 $S_{12}(\hat{r}) = 3(\vec{S}_1 \cdot \hat{r})(\vec{S}_2 \cdot \hat{r}) - \vec{S}_1 \cdot \vec{S}_2 \rightarrow S-D$  mixing

# Heavy meson exchange potential

## Meson exchange model

- $D^{(*)}$  meson exchange potential in  $\pi J/\psi - D^{(*)}\bar{D}^{(*)}$



**$D$  exchange**

$$V^D = \frac{2}{3} \frac{g_\psi g_\pi}{f_\pi \sqrt{E_\pi}} \left[ \vec{S}_1 \cdot \vec{S}_2 C(r) + S_{12}(\hat{r}) T(r) \right]$$

**$D^*$  exchange**

$$V^{D^*} = \frac{2}{3} \frac{g_\psi g_\pi}{f_\pi \sqrt{E_\pi}} \left[ 2\vec{S}_1 \cdot \vec{S}_2 C(r) - S_{12}(\hat{r}) T(r) \right]$$

$$g_\psi = 8.0 \text{ (Assuming VMD)}, \Lambda_\psi = 2.2 \text{ GeV}$$

A. Deandrea, G. Nardulli and A. D. Polosa, PRD **68**(2003)034002

## Comments

- Spin-spin ( $\vec{S}_1 \cdot \vec{S}_2$ ) and Tensor ( $S_{12}$ ) terms
- Energy-dependence ( $1/\sqrt{E_\pi}$ )

# Numerical results: Phase shift

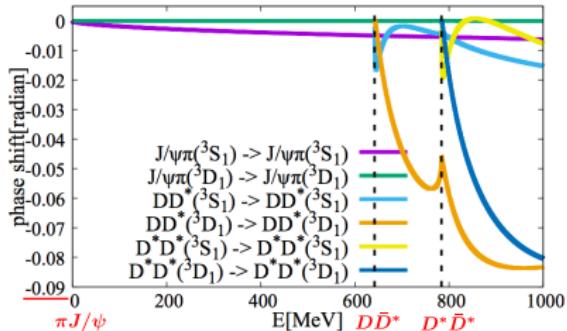
## Meson exchange model

- We found...

# Numerical results: Phase shift

## Meson exchange model

- We found... **No Bound state, No Resonance**  
Very Small phase shift  $|\delta| < 0.09$  [rad]

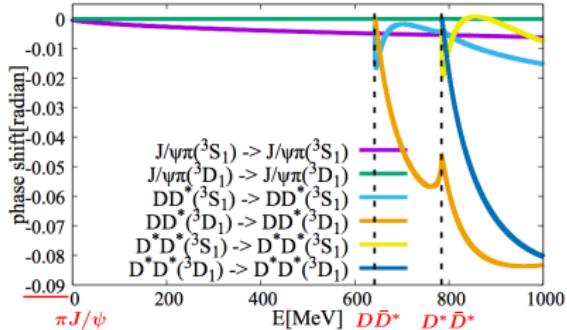


- $D^{(*)}\bar{D}^{(*)}$  channel: **Small** contribution from OPEP
- $\pi J/\psi$  channel:  $D^{(*)}$  exchange is **Negligible**

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Very Small phase shift  $|\delta| < 0.09$  [rad]



- $D^{(*)}\bar{D}^{(*)}$  channel: **Small** contribution from OPEP  
**Why?**: Isospin factor  $\vec{\tau}_1 \cdot \vec{\tau}_2$ , **-3 ( $I = 0$ )**, but  **$Z_c:+1$  ( $I = 1$ )**
- $\pi J/\psi$  channel:  $D^{(*)}$  exchange is **Negligible**  
**Why?**: Volume Integral  $V_C^D(\vec{q}^2 = 0) = 3.14 \text{ GeV}^{-2}$   
 $\leftrightarrow V_{NN}^\sigma \sim 3.00 \times 10^2 \text{ GeV}^{-2}$

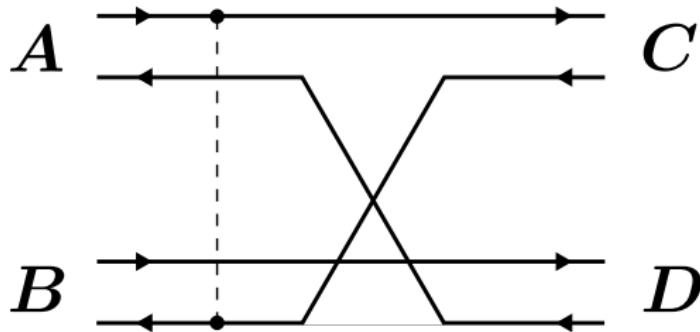
# Quark exchange model

## Quark exchange interaction

- Born-order quark-exchange diagram

T. Barnes and E. S. Swanson, PRD **46**(1992)131. Swanson, Ann. Phys. **220**(1992)73.

- $AB \rightarrow CD$  scattering  $\mathcal{M}_{fi} \propto \langle C, D | H_I | A, B \rangle$



- Ingredients: Meson Wavefunctions( $A, B, C, D$ )  
Quark interaction (Quark Model)

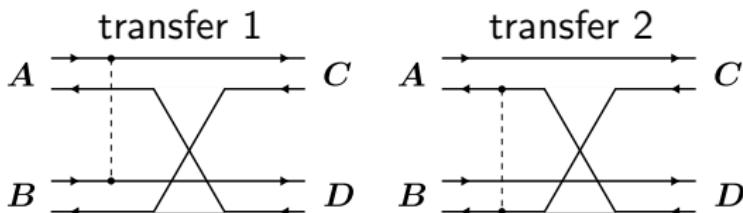
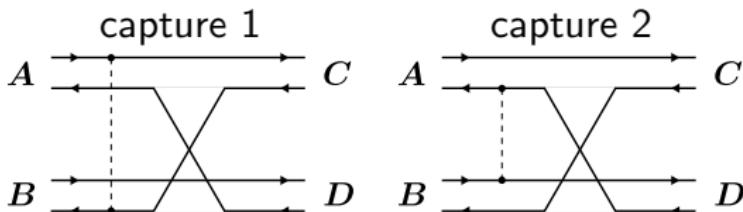
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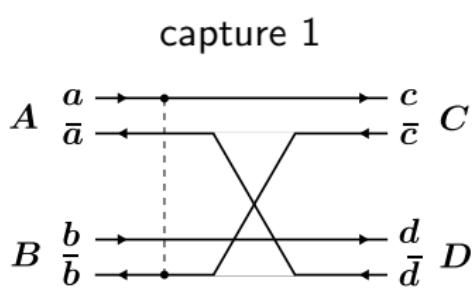
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# Scattering Amplitude

## Quark exchange interaction



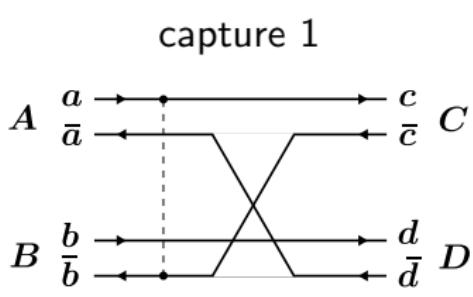
- ▶ Meson momenta:  $A, B, C, D$
- ▶ Quark momenta:  
 $a, \bar{a}, b, \bar{b}, c, \bar{c}, d, \bar{d}$
- ▶ Conservation:  
 $A + B = C + D,$   
 $\bar{a} = \bar{d}, b = d$

### Amplitude

$$\rightarrow \int \int d^3a d^3c \phi_C^*(2\vec{c} - \vec{C}) \phi_D^*(2\vec{a} - 2\vec{A} - \vec{C}) V(\vec{a} - \vec{c}) \phi_A(2\vec{a} - \vec{A}) \phi_B(2\vec{a} - \vec{A} - 2\vec{C})$$

# Scattering Amplitude

Quark exchange interaction



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- Quark Potentials (momentum space)

**Coulomb:**  $V^{Coul}(q) = -\frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi^2} \frac{1}{\vec{q}^2}$ , **Hyperfine:**  $V^{Hyp}(q) = -\frac{8\pi\alpha_h}{3m_i m_j} e^{-\vec{q}^2/4\sigma^2}$

**Linear:**  $V^{Lin}(r) = br \times e^{-\epsilon r} \rightarrow V^{Lin}(q) = b \left[ \frac{-8\pi}{(\vec{q}^2 + \epsilon^2)^2} + \frac{32\pi\epsilon^2}{(\vec{q}^2 + \epsilon^2)^3} \right]$

# Cross Section (Born term): $\pi J/\psi - D\bar{D}^*$

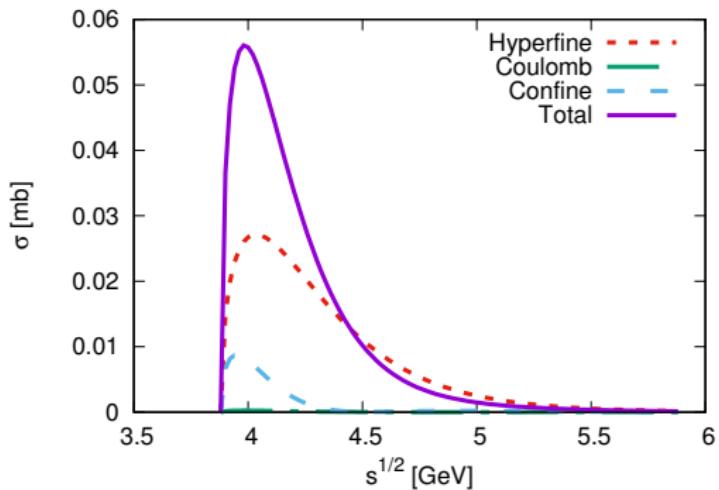
## Numerical Result

- $\pi J/\psi - D\bar{D}^*$ : Amplitude
- ⇒ Cross section  $\propto |(\text{Coulomb}) + (\text{Confine}) + (\text{Hyperfine})|^2$

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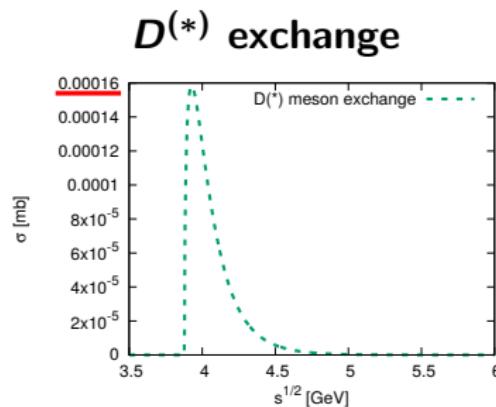
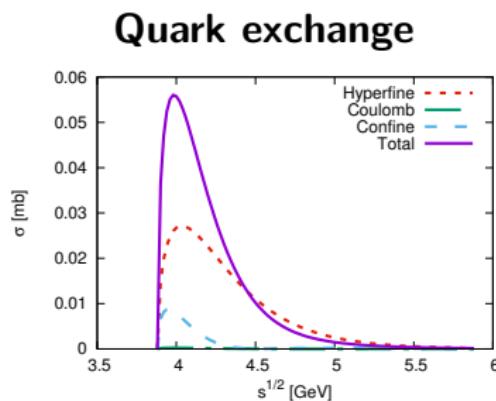


- Dominant role of the Hyperfine (Spin-spin) term  
↔ Minor role of the Coulomb term.

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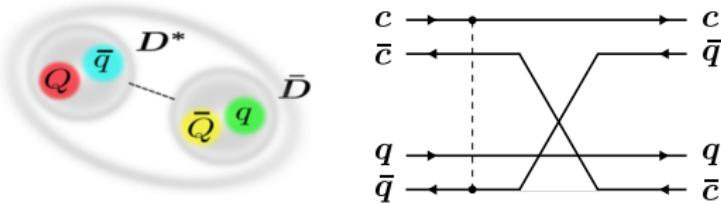
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- $\pi J/\psi - D\bar{D}^*$ : Amplitude
- ⇒ Cross section  $\propto |(\text{Coulomb}) + (\text{Confine}) + (\text{Hyperfine})|^2$



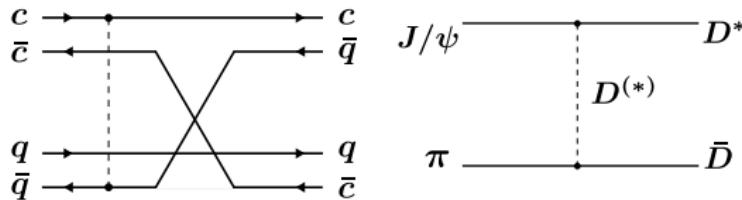
- Dominant role of the Hyperfine (Spin-spin) term  
↔ Minor role of the Coulomb term.
- Large difference between Quark exchange and  $D^{(*)}$  exchange

# Summary



- Many exotic states near the threshold.  
→ Understanding **the hadron-hadron interaction** is needed.
- Charged charmonium  $Z_c(3900)$  has been discussed as the Hadronic molecules or the threshold cusp.
- OPEP contribution is not strong.  $D^{(*)}$  meson exchange is **negligible**.
- Quark exchange interaction is introduced as Short range  $\pi J/\psi - D^{(*)}D^{(*)}$  potential.  
We find **Large difference** between results from Quark exchange and  $D^{(*)}$  meson exchange.

# Future Work



- Beyond Born-order  $\rightarrow T = V + VGT$   
     $\Rightarrow$  To compare the Exp. and Lattice result
- Introducing  $\rho\eta_c$ ,  $\psi'\pi$ , ...
- Bottom Sector:  $Z_b(10610)$  and  $Z_b(10650) \Rightarrow \pi\Upsilon - B\bar{B}^*$

**Thank you for your kind attention.**